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As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 25, 2010

Registration No. 333-163957

58-2394628

(I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

AMENDMENT NO. 7 TO

FORM S-1 REGISTRATION STATEMENT

UNDER
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

SurgiVision, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

3841

(Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number)

SurgiVision, Inc.
One Commerce Square, Suite 2550
Memphis, TN 38103
(901) 522-9300

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive office)

Kimble L. Jenkins Chief Executive Officer SurgiVision, Inc. One Commerce Square, Suite 2550 Memphis, TN 38103 (901) 522-9300

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

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Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after the effective date of this registration statement.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box.

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (check one)

Large Accelerated filer " Accelerated filer

Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered ⁽¹⁾	Proposed Maximum Offering Price per Share (2)		m Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price (2)		Amount of Registration Fee ⁽³⁾	
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share	2,875,000 shares	\$	15.00	\$	43,125,000	\$	3,075.00

- (1) Includes shares of common stock that the underwriters have an option to purchase.
- (2) This amount represents the proposed maximum aggregate offering price of the securities registered hereunder to be sold by the Registrant. These figures are estimated solely for the purpose of computing the registration fee in accordance with Rule 457(a) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.
- (3) The Registrant previously paid \$2,139.00 on December 23, 2009.

The Registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or until the registration statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to Section 8(a), may determine.

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The information in this preliminary prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This preliminary prospectus is not an offer to sell nor does it seek an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED JUNE 25, 2010



2,500,000 Shares

SurgiVision, Inc.

Common Stock

This is the initial public offering of shares of common stock of SurgiVision, Inc. We are offering 2,500,000 shares of our common stock.

No public market currently exists for our common stock. We estimate that the initial public offering price will be between \$13.00 and \$15.00 per share. We have applied for the quotation of our common stock on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "SRGV".

Investing in our common stock involves risk. See "<u>Risk Factors</u>" beginning on page 7 of this prospectus to read about factors you should consider before buying shares of our common stock.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Per Share	Total
Initial public offering price	\$	\$
Underwriting discounts and commissions	\$	\$
Proceeds, before expenses, to us	\$	\$

To the extent that the underwriters sell more than 2,500,000 shares of our common stock, the underwriters have the option to purchase up to an additional 375,000 shares from us at the initial public offering price less the underwriting discounts and commissions.

In connection with this offering, we have also agreed to issue to the underwriters warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 125,000 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$17.50 per share assuming an initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share, which is the mid-point of the range listed above. These warrants are exercisable commencing on the first

anniversary of the date of this prospectus and ending on the fifth anniversary of the date of this prospectus.

The underwriters expect to deliver the shares on or about

Canaccord Genuity

r

Rodman & Renshaw,

LLC

Prospectus dated

,2010

, 2010.

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[Images to be inserted]

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[Images to be inserted]

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No dealer, salesperson or other person is authorized to give any information or to represent anything not contained in this prospectus. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representations. This prospectus is an offer to sell only the shares of common stock offered hereby, but only under circumstances and in jurisdictions where it is lawful to do so. The information contained in this prospectus is current only as of its date.

For investors outside the United States: We have not and the underwriters have not done anything that would permit this offering or possession or distribution of this prospectus in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required, other than in the United States. Persons outside the United States who come into possession of this prospectus must inform themselves about, and observe any restrictions relating to, the offering of the shares of our common stock and the distribution of this prospectus outside the United States.

Dealer Prospectus Delivery Obligation

Through and including , 2010 (the 25th day after the date of this prospectus), all dealers effecting transactions in these securities, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to a dealer's obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as an underwriter and with respect to an unsold allotment or subscription.

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Trademarks, Trade Names and Service Marks

 $ClearConnect^{\text{\tiny{IM}}}$, $ClearPoint^{\text{\tiny{IM}}}$, $ClearTrace^{\text{\tiny{IM}}}$, $SmartFrame^{\text{\tiny{IM}}}$, $SmartGrid^{\text{\tiny{IM}}}$ and $SurgiVision^{\text{\tiny{IM}}}$ are trademarks of SurgiVision, Inc. All other trademarks, trade names and service marks referred to in this prospectus are the property of their respective owners. Siemens refers to Siemens Aktiengesellschaft, Healthcare Sector. Boston Scientific refers to Boston Scientific Corporation and its affiliates.

Industry and Market Data

The market data and other statistical information used throughout this prospectus are based on independent industry publications, government publications, reports by market research firms and other published independent sources. Some data is also based on our good faith estimates, which are derived from other relevant statistical information, as well as the independent sources listed above. Although we believe these sources are reliable, we have not independently verified the information.

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PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights the information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. Because this is only a summary, it does not contain all of the information that may be important to you. Before investing in our common stock, you should read this entire prospectus, including the information set forth under the heading "Risk Factors" and the financial statements and the notes thereto.

Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this prospectus to "SurgiVision," "we," "our," "us" and the "company" refer to SurgiVision, Inc. The historical financial statements and financial data included in this prospectus are those of SurgiVision, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiary, which was merged into SurgiVision, Inc. on June 11, 2010.

Our Business

We are a medical device company focused on the development and commercialization of technology that enables physicians to see inside the brain and heart using direct, intra-procedural magnetic resonance imaging, or MRI, guidance while performing minimally invasive procedures. Utilizing existing hospital infrastructure, we believe that our marketed products and our product candidates will deliver better patient outcomes in shorter procedure times, enhance revenue potential for both physicians and hospitals, and reduce costs to the healthcare system. For the year ended December 31, 2009, we generated revenues of \$2,600,000, incurred a net loss of approximately \$7,159,000, and received a going concern qualification from our auditors. For the three months ended March 31, 2010, we generated revenues of \$650,000 and incurred a net loss of approximately \$2,516,000.

Millions of people suffer from brain and heart diseases and disorders. While some patients can be treated with medication, some will require surgery. Current surgical interventions include both open and minimally invasive procedures. Given the option, patients, physicians and hospitals prefer minimally invasive procedures over open procedures. However, because of restricted visibility of the patient's anatomy, surgical field and instruments, minimally invasive alternatives for some procedures in the brain and heart are either unavailable or exceedingly complex.

To address these issues, we have designed two innovative platforms for use in hospitals' existing MRI suites. We call these platforms our ClearPoint system and the ClearTrace system. By combining the continuous, high resolution imaging capabilities of MRI with minimally invasive techniques, these two platforms, subject to appropriate regulatory clearance or approval, will enable physicians to:

- Guide a surgical instrument within the patient as it is advanced towards the therapeutic target;
- Deliver a planned therapy with precise visualization of a patient's anatomy, the surgical field and instruments;
- Monitor for adverse events during and immediately after the administration of the therapy; and
- Confirm the desired results of a procedure.

Our Marketed Products

Our ClearPoint system is designed to allow minimally invasive procedures in the brain to be performed in an existing MRI suite. Our ClearPoint system is an integrated system of reusable components, disposable components and intuitive, menu-driven software, which we refer to as our marketed products. Using our ClearPoint system, a physician sees and selects a neurological target, aims our targeting device and watches as the surgical instrument is advanced to the target, significantly reducing the time and complexity of the interventional procedure. Millions of people suffer from neurological disorders or diseases. Performing minimally invasive procedures in the brain presents special challenges, including a need to reach small therapeutic targets often located deep within the brain. We believe that our ClearPoint system addresses these challenges and can become the platform-of-choice for performing the next generation of minimally invasive procedures in the brain.

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On June 16, 2010, we received 510(k) clearance from the Food and Drug Administration, or the FDA, to market our ClearPoint system in the United States for general neurological interventional procedures. We are marketing our ClearPoint system to provide guidance for the placement and operation of instruments or devices during the planning and operation of neurological procedures within the MRI environment and in conjunction with MR imaging. Our ClearPoint system is intended to be used as an integral part of procedures such as biopsies and catheter and electrode insertion, which have traditionally been performed using other methods.

Our Product Candidates

The following table summarizes key information about our product candidates:

Product Candidate	Regulatory Status	Target Market	Partner Partner
ClearTrace Cardiac Intervention System	Development Stage	Initial target market is catheter-based cardiac ablation to treat cardiac arrhythmias, such as atrial fibrillation. Subsequent target markets may include precision delivery of drugs and biologics.	Siemens
SafeLead Development Program	Development Stage	Target market is implantable leads for cardiac and neurological applications.	Boston Scientific

The ClearTrace system is designed to allow catheter-based minimally invasive procedures in the heart to be performed using continuous, intra-procedural MRI guidance. We are developing the hardware and MRI software for the ClearTrace system with Siemens, the global market leader in MRI scanners. The ClearTrace system is an integrated system of reusable components, disposable catheters and intuitive, menu-driven software. The ClearTrace system will offer a novel, comprehensive solution for the planning, delivery and intra-procedural assessment of catheter-based cardiac interventions. We expect that the ClearTrace system's initial application will be catheter-based cardiac ablation to treat cardiac arrhythmias, such as atrial fibrillation. During cardiac ablation, a physician attempts to restore a normal heart rhythm by destroying small areas of heart tissue to block irregular electrical impulses that cause an irregular heartbeat, or arrhythmia. Atrial fibrillation is the most common cardiac arrhythmia, affecting over three million people in the United States alone.

Our other area of development activity is referred to as the SafeLead Development Program. Over the last ten years, we have pioneered several technologies that improve the MRI-safety profile of implantable medical leads. These leads are thin, insulated wires that are connected to implantable generators, such as a pacemaker or neurostimulator, and deliver electrical pulses or stimulation to a specific area of the body, such as the heart or the brain. During an MRI scan, these leads are susceptible to heating, which could burn and destroy adjacent tissue. Our technologies address this issue by maintaining lead temperatures well within safe levels during an MRI scan. We are working with Boston Scientific to incorporate our MRI-safety technologies into Boston Scientific's implantable leads for cardiac and neurological applications. Boston Scientific paid us licensing fees of \$13,000,000 in 2008 relating to implantable cardiac leads. In addition, under our agreements, Boston Scientific has agreed to pay us up to \$21,600,000 in future milestone-based payments as well as royalties on net sales of products that are covered by a licensed patent. We believe that our MRI-safety technologies, when integrated into Boston Scientific's implantable leads, could represent a meaningful market differentiator over existing implantable lead designs.

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Licenses and Collaborative Relationships

In addition to our internally-developed technologies and devices, we have established and intend to continue to pursue licensing and collaborative relationships with medical device companies and academic institutions to further the development and commercialization of our product platforms and core technologies. Our most significant licensing and collaborative relationships are summarized below:

- Siemens. We have entered into an agreement with Siemens to develop the hardware and MRI software systems for MRI-guided, catheter-based cardiac ablation to treat cardiac arrhythmias, such as atrial fibrillation. Under this agreement, Siemens will develop the software, and we will develop the catheters and other hardware, other than the MRI scanner and workstation. The agreement contains exclusivity provisions in the area of MRI-guided, catheter-based cardiac ablation. These provisions prohibit Siemens from marketing or offering software intended to work with other manufacturers' catheters. These provisions also prohibit us from selling or offering catheters intended to work with other manufacturers' MRI scanners.
- Boston Scientific. We have entered into a series of agreements with Boston Scientific with respect to our MRI-safety technologies. Under these agreements, Boston Scientific has the exclusive, worldwide right, but not the obligation, to use the licensed technologies in Boston Scientific's implantable leads for cardiac and neurological applications. We are working jointly with Boston Scientific to assess the potential use of our MRI-safety technologies in Boston Scientific's lead designs.
- University of California, San Francisco. We have entered into a research agreement with the University of California, San Francisco in the field of interventional MRI. Under our agreement, university personnel are conducting research activities relating to interventional MRI guidance for the performance of certain minimally invasive neurological procedures.
- The University of Utah. We have established a collaboration with The University of Utah, under which university personnel are conducting research activities and experiments to develop knowledge, techniques, methods and technologies related to MRI-guided cardiac ablation, including a specific focus on MRI-guided cardiac ablation to treat atrial fibrillation.
- The Johns Hopkins University. We have several license agreements with The Johns Hopkins University under which we have obtained exclusive licenses for various technologies relating to devices, systems and methods for performing MRI-guided interventions and MRI-safety.

Our Business Model and Strategy

Our business model is focused on producing recurring revenue from the sale of the disposable components of both the ClearPoint and ClearTrace systems. Each system's reusable components can be installed, at minimal cost to the hospital, without disrupting the hospital's routine schedule for use of its MRI scanner. Our disposable and reusable components are tightly integrated, which allows us to leverage each new installation of a ClearPoint or ClearTrace system to generate recurring sales of our disposable products. We anticipate that recurring revenues will constitute an increasing percentage of our total revenues as our installed base grows.

The key elements of our business strategy are maximizing installation and adoption of our ClearPoint system, continuing development of the ClearTrace system with Siemens, pursuing the SafeLead Development Program with Boston Scientific, and building upon our core technologies to continue to develop additional MRI-based products.

SurgiVision has a significant intellectual property portfolio in the field of MRI-guided interventions. As of April 30, 2010, our portfolio included 40 patents and 115 patent applications, both US and foreign, which we wholly-own, co-own or have licensed. In addition, we have meaningful collaborations with major industry participants and renowned academic institutions. Our technologies have been the subject of numerous peer-

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reviewed articles in medical and scientific journals. As a result of our intellectual property and collaborative relationships, we believe that we are well positioned to remain on the forefront of the emerging market for MRI-guided minimally invasive procedures.

Risks Related to Our Business

We are subject to a number of risks of which you should be aware before you decide to buy our common stock. These risks are discussed more fully in the "Risk Factors" section of this prospectus beginning on page 7 and should be read in their entirety. In general, we face risks associated with the following:

- convincing physicians and hospitals to use our ClearPoint system and achieving market acceptance for our marketed products;
- our limited commercialization history;
- the net losses that we have incurred in each year since our inception and expect to continue as we develop our business;
- there is no guarantee that we will achieve the milestones under our agreements with Boston Scientific or be entitled to the milestone payments, and, if some of the milestones relating to neurological applications are not met by December 31, 2012, we will be required to repay to Boston Scientific amounts specified in the related development agreement;
- obtaining FDA or other regulatory approvals or clearances of our product candidates;
- any failure to comply with rigorous FDA and other government regulations; and
- securing and maintaining patent or other intellectual property protection covering our marketed products and product candidates.

Corporate Information

We were incorporated in Delaware in 1998 under the name Surgi-Vision, Inc. On November 12, 2008, we changed our name to SurgiVision, Inc. We operate in only one business segment. Our principal executive office is located at One Commerce Square, Suite 2550, Memphis, TN 38103, and our telephone number is (901) 522-9300. Our principal operations are located in Irvine, California. Our website address is www.surgivision.com. We do not incorporate the information on our website into this prospectus, and you should not consider it part of this prospectus.

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Summary of the Offering

Common stock offered by us 2,500,000 shares (or 2,875,000 shares if the underwriters exercise their over-

allotment option in full). We are not registering any shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of any of our convertible securities or any shares

of common stock held by our stockholders.

Common stock to be outstanding after the

offering

 $10,\!129,\!405$ shares (or $10,\!504,\!405$ shares, if the underwriters exercise their

over allotment option in full)

Proposed Nasdaq Capital Market symbol SRGV

Use of proceeds We expect to use the net proceeds from this offering to fund our research

and development activities, sales and marketing activities and for working

capital and other general corporate purposes.

The number of shares of common stock to be outstanding after this offering is based on the number of shares outstanding as of April 30, 2010 and excludes:

- 600,625 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options issued under our stock option plans, at a weighted average exercise price of \$3.61 per share;
- 66,652 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of an option not issued under our stock option plans, at an exercise price of \$9.64 per share;
- 410,542 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants, at a weighted average exercise price of \$3.48 per share;
- 458,630 shares of common stock issuable upon the conversion of \$3,669,040 in principal amount of, and interest on, convertible promissory notes, at a conversion price of \$8.00 per share;
- 125,000 shares of our common stock that may be issued to the underwriters, upon exercise of warrants, at an exercise price of \$17.50 per share, assuming an initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share, which is the midpoint of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus;
- 25,444 shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to the placement agent warrant, at an exercise price of \$8.00 per share, assuming an initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share, which is the mid-point of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus;
- 12,500 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of a warrant to be issued in connection with this offering with an exercise price equal to the initial public offering price;
- 514,816 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of options to be issued in connection with this offering under our 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan with exercise prices equal to the initial public offering price;
- 21,429 shares of common stock to be issued in connection with this offering under our 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan assuming an initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share, which is the mid-point of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus; and
- 713,755 shares of common stock reserved for future issuance under our 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan.

Except as otherwise noted, all information in this prospectus:

- assumes no exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option; and
- gives effect to an assumed 1-for-4 reverse stock split and conversion into common stock of all outstanding shares of our preferred stock and our 10% senior unsecured convertible notes, or the bridge notes.

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Summary Financial Information

The summary financial information below should be read in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the financial statements, notes thereto and other financial information included elsewhere in this prospectus. The information presented as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2010 (as restated) and for the three months ended March 31, 2009 is derived from unaudited financial statements and includes, in the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring accruals, necessary to present fairly the information for such periods. The summary financial information for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 has been derived from our audited financial statements and the notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Three Months Ended						
	March 31,		Years Ended December 31,			
	2010	2009	2009	2008	2007	
Statement of Operations Data:						
Related party license revenue	\$ 650,000	\$ 650,000	\$ 2,600,000	\$ 1,950,000	\$ —	
Operating costs and expenses:						
Research and development costs	1,747,395	1,501,555	6,067,617	4,258,492	2,098,672	
General and administrative expenses	1,011,747	605,683	3,595,917	2,920,311	1,413,369	
Total operating expenses	2,759,142	2,107,238	9,663,534	7,178,803	3,512,041	
Other (income) expense	406,570	(32,325)	46,276	200,982	185,096	
Income tax expense			49,250			
Net loss	\$(2,515,712)	\$(1,424,913)	\$(7,159,060)	\$(5,429,785)	\$(3,697,137)	
Net loss per share (basic and diluted)	\$ (0.49)	\$ (0.27)	\$ (1.34)	\$ (1.04)	\$ (0.74)	
Weighted average shares outstanding						
(basic and diluted)	5,129,280	5,368,444	5,336,633	5,245,081	5,024,515	

The following table presents a summary of our balance sheet as of March 31, 2010:

- on an actual basis;
- on a pro forma basis to reflect an assumed 1-for-4 reverse stock split and the conversion into common stock of all outstanding shares of our preferred stock and the bridge notes; and
- on a pro forma as adjusted basis to reflect the pro forma adjustments reflected above and the sale in this offering of 2,500,000 shares of common stock at an assumed initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share, which is the mid-point of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus, after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

	As of March 31, 2010				
	Actual	Pro Forma	Pro Forma as Adjusted		
Balance Sheet Data:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,548,719	\$ 3,548,719	\$ 34,168,275		
Deferred revenue	8,546,374	8,546,374	8,546,374		
Convertible notes, net of discounts of \$1,877,444	5,693,556	2,436,730	2,436,730		
Convertible preferred stock	7,965,000	_	_		
Common stock and additional paid-in capital (less treasury stock)	25,178,772	37,214,772	67,834,328		
Accumulated deficit	(44,538,676)	(45,352,850)	(45,352,850)		
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	(11,394,904)	(8,138,078)	22,481,478		

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RISK FACTORS

Any investment in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should consider carefully the risks and uncertainties described below and all information contained in this prospectus, before you decide whether to purchase our common stock. If any of the following risks or uncertainties actually occurs, our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects would likely suffer, possibly materially. In addition, the trading price of our common stock could decline due to any of these risks or uncertainties, and you may lose part or all of your investment.

Risks Related to Our Business

We have incurred significant losses since our inception and anticipate that we may continue to incur significant losses. If we fail to generate significant revenue from sales of our marketed products, we may never achieve or sustain profitability.

As of March 31, 2010, we had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$44,539,000. The accumulated deficit has resulted principally from costs incurred in our research and development efforts and general operating expenses. We have incurred significant losses in each year since our inception in 1998. Net losses were approximately \$2,516,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2010, approximately \$7,159,000 for the year ended December 31, 2009, approximately \$5,430,000 for the year ended December 31, 2008, and approximately \$3,697,000 for the year ended December 31, 2007. We may continue to incur significant operating losses as we continue to invest capital in the sales and marketing of our marketed products, development of our product candidates and our business generally. We also expect that our general and administrative expenses will increase due to additional operational and regulatory burdens associated with operating as a public company.

As a result of the numerous risks and uncertainties associated with developing medical devices, we are unable to predict the extent of any future losses or when we will become profitable, if at all. Our profitability will depend on revenues from the sale of our marketed products. While we recently began initial marketing of our ClearPoint system in the United States, we may never achieve significant revenues. Therefore, we cannot provide any assurance that we will ever achieve profitability and, even if we achieve profitability, that we will be able to sustain or increase profitability on a quarterly or annual basis. Further, because of our limited commercialization history, we have limited insight into the trends that may emerge and affect our business. We may make errors in predicting and reacting to relevant business trends, which could harm our business and financial condition. Any failure to achieve and maintain profitability would continue to have an adverse effect on our stockholders' equity and working capital and could result in a decline in our stock price or cause us to cease operations.

Although we have obtained regulatory clearance to market our ClearPoint system in the United States, it may not achieve market acceptance or be commercially successful.

We expect sales of our ClearPoint system will account for the vast majority of our revenues for at least the next several years. Although we received regulatory clearance for our ClearPoint system and we have initiated initial marketing in the United States, our marketed products may not gain market acceptance unless we convince physicians, hospitals and patients of the benefits of our marketed products. Moreover, even if physicians and hospitals understand the benefits of our marketed products, they still may elect not to use our ClearPoint system for a variety of reasons, including:

- the shift in location of the procedure from the operating room to the MRI suite;
- the hospital's ability and willingness to satisfy the increased demand for the MRI suite;
- the cost to the hospital to purchase or otherwise use our marketed products;
- the amount of reimbursement available from third-party payors;

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- the lack of supporting clinical data; and
- the physician's familiarity, and having achieved successful results, with other devices and approaches.

We believe that the market for our ClearPoint system is fairly concentrated among a few hundred hospitals. If physicians and hospitals do not perceive our ClearPoint system as an attractive alternative to other products and procedures, we will not achieve significant market penetration or be able to generate significant revenues, if any. To the extent that our ClearPoint system is not commercially successful or is withdrawn from the market for any reason, our revenues will be adversely impacted and our business, operating results and financial condition will be harmed.

If we fail to obtain regulatory approval for our ClearPoint system in foreign jurisdictions, we will not be able to expand the commercialization of our marketed products abroad.

Currently, we market our ClearPoint system in the United States; however, we also intend to sell our ClearPoint system in the European Union. To market a product in the European Union, we must be entitled to affix a CE mark, an international symbol of adherence to quality assurance standards and compliance with applicable European Union medical device directives. A CE mark would enable us to market a product in all of the countries of the European Union, as well as in other countries, such as Switzerland and Israel, that have mutual recognition agreements with the European Union or have adopted the European Union's regulatory standards. There can be no assurance that we will receive CE marking approval for our ClearPoint system. To sell our ClearPoint system in other foreign jurisdictions, we will have to obtain separate regulatory approvals from those foreign jurisdictions as well. The regulatory approval process varies among jurisdictions and can involve substantial additional testing. Clearance or approval by the FDA does not ensure clearance or approval by regulatory authorities in other jurisdictions, and clearance or approval by one foreign regulatory authority does not ensure clearance or approval by regulatory authorities in other foreign jurisdictions. The foreign regulatory approval process may include all of the risks associated with obtaining FDA clearance or approval in addition to other risks. In addition, the time required to obtain foreign clearance or approval may differ from that required to obtain FDA clearance or approval and we may not obtain foreign regulatory clearances or approvals on a timely basis, if at all. We may not be able to file for regulatory clearance or approval and may not receive necessary clearance or approval to commercialize our ClearPoint system in any foreign market, either of which would preclude sale of our ClearPoint system in foreign jurisdictions.

We intend to apply for CE marking approval for sale of our ClearPoint system during 2010, and we have engaged KEMA as the Notified Body for our CE marking approval process. A Notified Body is a private commercial entity that is designated by the national government of a European Union member state as being competent to make independent judgments about whether a device complies with applicable regulatory requirements. The exact regulatory pathway for CE marking approval for our ClearPoint system will be the subject of discussions that we have with KEMA. At this time, we are unable to accurately predict when, if ever, CE marking for our ClearPoint system will be obtained, whether clinical trials will be required as part of the CE marking approval process or the regulatory requirements to which we would be subject after approval.

If hospitals and physicians are unable to obtain adequate coverage and reimbursement from third-party payors for procedures utilizing our ClearPoint system, our revenues and prospects for profitability will suffer.

We anticipate that our ClearPoint system components will be purchased primarily by hospitals, which bill various third-party payors, including governmental healthcare programs, such as Medicare, and private insurance plans, for procedures in which our marketed products will be used. Reimbursement is a significant factor considered by hospitals in determining whether to acquire new medical devices such as our marketed products. Therefore, our ability to successfully commercialize our ClearPoint system depends significantly on the availability of coverage and reimbursement from these third-party payors.

Medicare pays hospitals a prospectively determined amount for inpatient operating costs. The prospective payment for a patient's stay is determined by the patient's condition and other patient data and procedures

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performed during the inpatient stay using a classification system known as Medical Severity Diagnosis Related Groups, or MS-DRGs. Medicare pays a fixed amount to the hospital based on the MS-DRG into which the patient's stay is assigned, regardless of the actual cost to the hospital of furnishing the procedures, items and services provided. Therefore, a hospital must absorb the cost of our marketed products as part of the payment it receives for the procedure in which the product is used. In addition, physicians that perform procedures in hospitals are paid a set amount by Medicare for performing such services under the Medicare physician fee schedule. Medicare payment rates for both systems are established annually.

At this time, we do not know if hospitals will consider third-party reimbursement levels adequate to cover the cost of our marketed products. Furthermore, we do not know if physicians will consider third-party reimbursement levels adequate to compensate them for performing the procedures in which our marketed products are used. Failure by hospitals and physicians to receive an amount that they consider to be adequate reimbursement for procedures in which our marketed products are used will deter them from purchasing or using our marketed products and limit our sales growth.

One result of the current Medicare payment system, which is also utilized by most non-governmental third-party payors, is that a patient's treating physician orders a particular service and the hospital (or other facility in which the procedure is performed) bears the cost of delivery of the service. Hospitals have limited ability to align their financial interests with those of the treating physician because Medicare law generally prohibits hospitals from paying physicians to assist in controlling the costs of hospital services, including paying physicians to limit or reduce services to Medicare beneficiaries even if such services are medically unnecessary. As a result, hospitals have traditionally stocked supplies and products requested by physicians and have had limited ability to restrict physician choice of products and services.

The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act enacted on March 23, 2010, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 enacted on March 30, 2010, or, together, the Health Care Reform Law, includes a number of provisions that will likely result in more coordination between hospitals and physicians resulting in the alignment of financial incentives between hospitals and physicians to control hospital costs. Most significantly, the Health Care Reform Law provides for the establishment of a Medicare shared savings program whereby Medicare will share certain savings realized in the delivery of services to Medicare beneficiaries with accountable care organizations, which may be organized through various different legal structures between hospitals and physicians. We expect that the overall result of such increased coordination will be voluntary reductions in the array of choices currently available to physicians with respect to diagnostic services, medical supplies and equipment. Such a reduction in physician choices may also result in hospitals reducing the overall number of vendors from which they purchase supplies, equipment and products. The Health Care Reform Law may make it more difficult for us to become and remain an approved vendor, which could have an adverse effect on our financial results and business.

If there are changes in coverage or reimbursement from third-party payors, our revenues and prospects for profitability will suffer.

In the United States, we believe that existing billing codes apply to procedures using our ClearPoint system. Reimbursement levels for procedures using our ClearPoint system or any product that we may market in the future could be decreased or eliminated as a result of future legislation, regulation, or reimbursement policies of third-party payors. Any such decrease or elimination would adversely affect the demand for our ClearPoint system or any product that we may market in the future and our ability to sell our products on a profitable basis. For example, on July 30, 2008, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, or CMS, the federal agency that administers the Medicare Program, released a list of potential topics for national coverage determinations. This list included ablation for atrial fibrillation and specifically asked whether the evidence was adequate to demonstrate health benefits in patients who receive the procedure. On October 21, 2009, the Medicare Evidence Development and Coverage Advisory Committee held a meeting on the adequacy of the available evidence for catheter ablation for the treatment of atrial fibrillation. Although CMS has not formally opened a national coverage analysis on this topic, the agency has shown that it is interested in the clinical evidence of atrial

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fibrillation treatments and any national coverage decisions it makes could have a material effect on the ClearTrace system and our potential business in this area. Furthermore, if procedures using our ClearPoint system gain market acceptance and the number of these procedures increases, CMS, as well as other public or private payors, may establish new billing codes for those procedures that provide for a lower reimbursement amount than traditional approaches, which would adversely affect our financial results and business.

Among other things, the Health Care Reform Law will ultimately increase the overall pool of persons with access to health insurance in the United States. Although such an increase in covered lives should ultimately benefit hospitals, the Health Care Reform Law also includes a number of cuts in Medicare reimbursement to hospitals that may take effect prior to the time hospitals' realize the financial benefit of a larger pool of insured persons. Such cuts in Medicare reimbursement could adversely impact the operations and finances of hospitals, reducing their ability to purchase medical devices such as our ClearPoint system. Further, the fact that the Health Care Reform Law did not address pending reductions of Medicare physician payment rates under the sustainable growth rate formula could result in an overall reduction of physicians willing to participate in Medicare. Either of these events could adversely affect demand for our ClearPoint system, our business and our financial results.

If third-party payors deny coverage or reimbursement for procedures using our ClearPoint system, our revenues and prospects for profitability will suffer.

Notwithstanding its regulatory clearance in the United States, third-party payors may deny coverage or reimbursement if the payor determines that the use of our ClearPoint system is unnecessary, inappropriate, experimental, not cost-effective, or is used for a non-approved indication. In addition, no uniform policy of coverage and reimbursement for medical technology exists among third-party payors. Therefore, coverage and reimbursement for medical technology can differ significantly from payor to payor. Any denial of coverage or reimbursement for procedures using our ClearPoint system could have an adverse effect on our business, financial results and prospects for profitability.

If we are unable to expand our sales and marketing capabilities or enter into agreements with third parties to market and sell our ClearPoint system, we may be unable to generate material product revenue.

We do not have experience in the sales, marketing and distribution of medical devices. In order to successfully commercialize our ClearPoint system, we must expand our present sales, marketing and distribution capabilities. We currently plan to establish an internal sales force to market our ClearPoint system to physicians and hospitals in the United States. Although we anticipate a small sales force will be sufficient to cover the United States market, developing that sales force could prove time-consuming and expensive and could delay a wide product launch. We might not be able to develop successfully our sales and marketing and distribution capabilities. If we are unable to establish these capabilities, we will need to contract with third parties to market and sell our marketed products. To the extent that we enter into arrangements with third parties to perform sales, marketing and distribution services, our product revenues are likely to be lower than if we market and sell our ClearPoint system ourselves.

Our reliance on single-source suppliers could harm our ability to meet demand for our ClearPoint system in a timely manner or within budget.

Many of the components and component assemblies of our ClearPoint system are currently provided to us by single-source suppliers. We generally purchase components and component assemblies through purchase orders rather than long-term supply agreements and generally do not maintain large volumes of inventory. While alternative suppliers exist and have been identified, the disruption or termination of the supply of components and component assemblies could cause a significant increase in the costs of these components, which could affect our operating results. Our dependence on a limited number of third-party suppliers and the challenges we may face in obtaining adequate supplies involve several risks, including limited control over pricing, availability, quality and delivery schedules. A disruption or termination in the supply of components could also result in our inability to meet demand for our ClearPoint system, which could harm our ability to generate revenues, lead to

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customer dissatisfaction and damage our reputation. Furthermore, if we are required to change the supplier of a key component or component assembly of our ClearPoint system, we may be required to verify that the new supplier maintains facilities and procedures that comply with quality standards and with all applicable regulations and guidelines. The delays associated with the verification of a new supplier could delay our ability to manufacture our ClearPoint system in a timely manner or within budget.

The Health Care Reform Law and other payment and policy changes may have a material adverse effect on us.

In addition to the reimbursement changes discussed above, the Health Care Reform Law will also impose a 2.3% excise tax on the sale of any taxable human medical devices after December 31, 2012, subject to certain exclusions, by the manufacturer, producer or importer of such devices. Further, the Health Care Reform Law encourages hospitals and physicians to work collaboratively through shared savings programs, such as accountable care organizations, which may ultimately result in the reduction of medical device acquisitions and the consolidation of medical device suppliers used by hospitals. While passage of the Health Care Reform Law may ultimately expand the pool of potential end-users of our ClearPoint system, the above-discussed changes could adversely affect our financial results and business.

Further, with the increase in demand for healthcare services, we expect both a strain on the capacity of the healthcare system and more proposals by legislators, regulators and third-party payors to keep healthcare costs down. Certain proposals, if passed, could impose limitations on the prices we will be able to charge for our ClearPoint system, or the amounts of reimbursement available from governmental agencies or third-party payors. These limitations could have a material adverse effect on our financial position and results of operations.

Various healthcare reform proposals have also emerged at the state level. We cannot predict what healthcare initiatives, if any, will be implemented at the federal or state level, or the effect any future legislation or regulation will have on us. However, an expansion in government's role in the United States healthcare industry may lower reimbursements for our ClearPoint system, reduce medical procedure volumes and adversely affect our business, possibly materially.

Our future success depends on our ability to obtain regulatory clearances or approvals for our current product candidates. We cannot be certain that we will be able to do so in a timely fashion, or at all.

We do not have the necessary regulatory clearances or approvals to market the ClearTrace system in the United States or in any foreign market. In the United States, without FDA clearances or approvals, we cannot market a new medical device, or a new use of, or claim for, or significant modification to, an existing product, unless an exemption applies. To obtain FDA clearance or approval, we must first receive either premarket clearance under Section 510(k) of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act or approval of a premarket approval application, or PMA, from the FDA.

In the 510(k) clearance process, the FDA must determine that a proposed device is "substantially equivalent" to a device legally on the market, known as a "predicate" device, with respect to intended use, technology, safety and effectiveness, in order to clear the proposed device for marketing. Clinical data is sometimes required to support substantial equivalence. The 510(k) clearance process generally takes three to twelve months from submission, but can take significantly longer.

The process of obtaining PMA approval is much more costly and uncertain than the 510(k) clearance process. The PMA approval process can be lengthy and expensive and requires an applicant to demonstrate the safety and effectiveness of the device based, in part, on data obtained in clinical trials. The PMA process generally takes one to three years, or even longer, from the time the PMA application is submitted to the FDA until an approval is obtained.

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Outside the United States, the regulatory approval process varies among jurisdictions and can involve substantial additional testing. Clearance or approval by the FDA does not ensure clearance or approval by regulatory authorities in other jurisdictions, and clearance or approval by one foreign regulatory authority does not ensure clearance or approval by regulatory authorities in other foreign jurisdictions. The foreign regulatory approval process may include all of the risks associated with obtaining FDA clearance or approval in addition to other risks. In addition, the time required to obtain foreign clearance or approval may differ from that required to obtain FDA clearance or approval and we may not obtain foreign regulatory clearances or approvals on a timely basis, if at all. We may not be able to file for regulatory clearance or approval and may not receive necessary clearance or approval to commercialize our product candidates in any foreign market, either of which would preclude sale of our product candidates in foreign jurisdictions.

To market a product in the European Union, we must be entitled to affix a CE mark, an international symbol of adherence to quality assurance standards and compliance with applicable European medical device directives. CE marking approval would enable us to market a product in all of the countries of the European Union, as well as in other countries, such as Switzerland and Israel, that have mutual recognition agreements with the European Union or have adopted the European Union's regulatory standards.

The regulatory status of our current product candidates is as follows:

- ClearTrace System. We are still in the early stages of the development of the ClearTrace system and have not made any regulatory filings with the FDA or any foreign regulatory authority with respect to that system. We anticipate that the initial market for the ClearTrace system will be the European Union and we plan to seek CE marking approval for the ClearTrace system, although there can be no assurance that we will receive CE marking approval. The ClearTrace system consists of several components, including an ablation catheter. Whether as part of the regulatory process in the United States or the CE marking approval process in the European Union, we expect to conduct a clinical trial regarding the safety and effectiveness of our ablation catheter, and we expect to commence enrollment in such a clinical trial in the second half of 2011. The FDA has determined that ablation catheters specifically indicated to treat atrial fibrillation require the submission of a PMA. Therefore, in the United States, we will be required to pursue the PMA process in order to specifically indicate our ablation catheter for the treatment of atrial fibrillation.
- SafeLead Development Program. We are still in the early stages of the SafeLead Development Program. Boston Scientific is responsible for making any regulatory filings with respect to its products that incorporate our MRI-safety technologies. Boston Scientific will control the timing and manner of any regulatory filing, and will be responsible for the costs associated with any regulatory filing. We do not anticipate that we will be able to influence the process or timing in any meaningful way. No regulatory filings have been made to date with the FDA or any foreign regulatory authority.

The FDA or any applicable foreign authority may not act favorably or quickly in its review of any regulatory submission that we may file or that Boston Scientific may file in connection with the SafeLead Development Program. Additionally, we or Boston Scientific may encounter significant difficulties and costs in obtaining clearances or approvals. If we or Boston Scientific, as the case may be, are unable to obtain regulatory clearances or approvals for our product candidates, or otherwise experience delays in obtaining regulatory clearances or approvals, the commercialization of our product candidates will be delayed or prevented, which will adversely affect our ability to generate revenues. Such delay may also result in the loss of potential competitive advantages that might otherwise be attained by bringing products to market earlier than competitors. Any of these contingencies could adversely affect our business. Even if cleared or approved, our product candidates may not be cleared or approved for the indications that are necessary or desirable for successful commercialization.

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To the extent we seek a new indication for use of, or new claims for, our ClearPoint system, the FDA may not grant 510(k) clearance or PMA approval of such new use or claims, which may affect our ability to grow our business.

We received 510(k) clearance to market our ClearPoint system for use in general neurological interventional procedures. In the future, we may seek to obtain additional, more specific indications for use of our ClearPoint system beyond the general neurological intervention claim. Some of these expanded claims may require FDA 501(k) clearance. Other claims may require FDA approval of a PMA. Moreover, some specific ClearPoint system claims that we may seek may require clinical trials to support regulatory clearance or approval, and we may not successfully complete or have the funds to initiate these clinical trials. The FDA may not clear or approve these future claims or future generations of our ClearPoint system for the indications that are necessary or desirable for successful commercialization. Indeed, the FDA may refuse our requests for 510(k) clearance or PMA approval. Failure to receive clearance or approval for additional claims for our ClearPoint system would have an adverse effect on our ability to expand our business.

Clinical trials necessary to support 510(k) clearance or PMA approval for the ClearTrace system or any new indications for use for our ClearPoint system will be expensive and may require the enrollment of large numbers of suitable patients, who may be difficult to identify and recruit. Delays or failures in our clinical trials will prevent us from commercializing any modified or new product candidates and will adversely affect our business, operating results and prospects.

Initiating and completing clinical trials necessary to support a PMA for the ClearTrace system or any other product candidates that we may develop, or additional safety and efficacy data that the FDA may require for 510(k) clearance or PMA approval for any new specific indications of our ClearPoint system that we may seek, will be time consuming and expensive with an uncertain outcome. Moreover, the results of early clinical trials are not necessarily predictive of future results, and any product candidate we advance into clinical trials may not have favorable results in later clinical trials.

Conducting successful clinical trials may require the enrollment of large numbers of patients, and suitable patients may be difficult to identify and recruit. Patient enrollment in clinical trials and completion of patient participation and follow-up depends on many factors, including the size of the patient population, the nature of the trial protocol, the attractiveness of, or the discomforts and risks associated with, the treatments received by enrolled subjects, the availability of appropriate clinical trial investigators and support staff, the proximity to clinical sites of patients that are able to comply with the eligibility and exclusion criteria for participation in the clinical trial, and patient compliance. For example, patients may be discouraged from enrolling in our clinical trials if the trial protocol requires them to undergo extensive post-treatment procedures or follow-up to assess the safety and effectiveness of our product candidates or if they determine that the treatments received under the trial protocols are not attractive or involve unacceptable risks or discomforts. In addition, patients participating in clinical trials may die before completion of the trial or suffer adverse medical events unrelated to our product candidates.

Development of sufficient and appropriate clinical protocols to demonstrate safety and efficacy will be required and we may not adequately develop such protocols to support clearance or approval. Further, the FDA may require us to submit data on a greater number of patients than we originally anticipated and/or for a longer follow-up period or change the data collection requirements or data analysis applicable to our clinical trials. Delays in patient enrollment or failure of patients to continue to participate in a clinical trial may cause an increase in costs and delays in the approval and attempted commercialization of our product candidates or result in the failure of the clinical trial. Such increased costs and delays or failures could adversely affect our business, operating results and prospects.

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If the third parties on which we may need to rely to conduct any clinical trials and to assist us with pre-clinical development do not perform as contractually required or expected, we may not be able to obtain regulatory clearance or approval for the ClearTrace system or any additional claims that we may seek for our ClearPoint system.

We do not have the independent ability to conduct pre-clinical and clinical trials for our marketed products or our product candidates. To the extent that we will need to conduct such trials, we will need to rely on third parties, such as contract research organizations, medical institutions, clinical investigators and contract laboratories, to conduct such trials. If these third parties do not successfully carry out their contractual duties or regulatory obligations or meet expected deadlines, if these third parties need to be replaced, or if the quality or accuracy of the data they obtain is compromised due to the failure to adhere to our clinical protocols or regulatory requirements or for other reasons, our pre-clinical development activities or clinical trials may be extended, delayed, suspended or terminated, and we may not be able to obtain regulatory clearance or approval for a product candidate or additional claims we may seek for our marketed products on a timely basis, if at all. As such, our business, operating results and prospects may be adversely affected. Furthermore, our third-party clinical trial investigators may be delayed in conducting our clinical trials for reasons outside of their control.

The results of our clinical trials may not support our product candidate claims or any additional claims we may seek for our marketed products and may result in the discovery of adverse side effects.

Even if any clinical trial that we need to undertake is completed as planned, we cannot be certain that its results will support our product candidate claims or any new indications that we may seek for our marketed products or that the FDA or foreign authorities will agree with our conclusions regarding the results of those trials. The clinical trial process may fail to demonstrate that our marketed products or a product candidate is safe and effective for the proposed indicated use, which could cause us to stop seeking additional clearances or approvals for our ClearPoint system, abandon a product candidate and may delay development of others. Any delay or termination of our clinical trials will delay the filing of our regulatory submissions and, ultimately, our ability to commercialize a product candidate. It is also possible that patients enrolled in clinical trials will experience adverse side effects that are not currently part of the product candidate's profile.

The markets for medical devices, such as our ClearPoint system and our product candidates, are highly competitive and we may not be able to compete effectively against the larger, well-established companies in our markets or emerging and small innovative companies that may seek to obtain or increase their share of the market.

The markets for our ClearPoint system and our product candidates are intensely competitive, and many of our competitors are much larger and have substantially more financial and human resources than we do. Many have long histories and strong reputations within the industry, and a relatively small number of companies dominate these markets. Examples of such large, well-known companies include Biosense Webster Inc., a division of Johnson & Johnson, Medtronic, Inc. and St. Jude Medical Inc.

These companies enjoy significant competitive advantages over us, including:

- broad product offerings, which address the needs of physicians and hospitals in a wide range of procedures;
- greater experience in, and resources for, launching, marketing, distributing and selling products, including strong sales forces and established distribution networks;
- existing relationships with physicians and hospitals;
- more extensive intellectual property portfolios and resources for patent protection;
- greater financial and other resources for product research and development;

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- greater experience in obtaining and maintaining FDA and other regulatory clearances or approvals for products and product enhancements;
- established manufacturing operations and contract manufacturing relationships; and
- significantly greater name recognition and more recognizable trademarks.

We may not succeed in overcoming the competitive advantages of these large and established companies. Smaller or early-stage companies may also prove to be significant competitors, particularly through collaborative arrangements with large and established companies. These companies may introduce products that compete effectively against our products in terms of performance, price or both.

We could become subject to product liability claims that could be expensive, divert management's attention and harm our business.

Our business exposes us to potential product liability risks that are inherent in the manufacturing, marketing and sale of medical devices. We may be held liable if our products cause injury or death or are found otherwise unsuitable or defective during usage. Our ClearPoint system and the ClearTrace system incorporate mechanical and electrical parts, complex computer software and other sophisticated components, any of which can have defective or inferior parts or contain defects, errors or failures. Complex computer software is particularly vulnerable to errors and failures, especially when first introduced.

Because our ClearPoint system and the ClearTrace system are designed to be used to perform complex surgical procedures, defects could result in a number of complications, some of which could be serious and could harm or kill patients. The adverse publicity resulting from any of these events could cause physicians or hospitals to review and potentially terminate their relationships with us.

The medical device industry has historically been subject to extensive litigation over product liability claims. A product liability claim, regardless of its merit or eventual outcome, could result in significant legal defense costs. Although we maintain product liability insurance, the coverage is subject to deductibles and limitations, and may not be adequate to cover future claims. Additionally, we may be unable to maintain our existing product liability insurance in the future at satisfactory rates or in adequate amounts. A product liability claim, regardless of its merit or eventual outcome could result in:

- decreased demand for our marketed products;
- injury to our reputation;
- diversion of management's attention;
- significant costs of related litigation;
- payment of substantial monetary awards by us;
- product recalls or market withdrawals;
- a change in the design, manufacturing process or the indications for which our marketed products may be used;
- loss of revenue; and
- an inability to commercialize product candidates.

We may not realize the anticipated benefits from our collaborative agreement with Siemens regarding the ClearTrace system.

We have entered into a co-development agreement with Siemens to develop the hardware and MRI software necessary for the ClearTrace system. There can be no assurance that our co-development efforts will be successful or that we will complete development of the ClearTrace system hardware and MRI software. Under

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our agreement, Siemens is responsible for developing the software for the ClearTrace system, and we are responsible for developing the catheters and other hardware, other than the MRI scanner and workstation. We are obligated to pay Siemens up to approximately \$2,500,000 in milestone payments associated with Siemens' successful development of the software in accordance with our specifications. We started making these payments in the second quarter of 2009 and will continue through the third quarter of 2011. Once the software for the ClearTrace system is commercially available, Siemens is obligated to pay us a fixed amount for each software license sold by Siemens until we recoup our investment in the software. However, if Siemens does not successfully commercialize the software, or if our agreement with Siemens is terminated, we may not recover our investment in the software.

We may not realize the anticipated benefits from our collaborative agreements with Boston Scientific regarding the SafeLead Development Program.

We entered into license and development agreements with Boston Scientific with respect to our MRI-safety technologies. We are working with Boston Scientific to incorporate our MRI-safety technologies into Boston Scientific's implantable medical leads for cardiac and neurological applications. There is no assurance that our joint development efforts will be successful or that patents will issue on any patent applications we licensed to Boston Scientific, in which case we would not receive future milestone payments or royalties provided for under our agreements with Boston Scientific. Further, Boston Scientific has no obligation to include our licensed intellectual property in its product candidates. Even if Boston Scientific incorporates our licensed intellectual property into its product candidates, Boston Scientific may be unable to obtain regulatory clearance or approval or successfully commercialize the related products, in which case we would not receive royalties in the amounts that we currently anticipate.

We may be required to pay amounts to Boston Scientific under our development agreement in the neurological field if all of our development milestones under that agreement are not met by December 31, 2012.

Our development agreement with Boston Scientific in the neurological field requires specified milestones in the development of an MRI-safe implantable lead to be achieved by December 31, 2012. If the milestones are not achieved by that date, and this failure is not the result of Boston Scientific's failure to reasonably cooperate with us in pursuing the milestones, we will be required to pay Boston Scientific a sum of money equal to all milestone payments previously paid to us by Boston Scientific under the development agreement, all development expense reimbursements previously paid to us by Boston Scientific under the development agreement, and all patent prosecution costs incurred by Boston Scientific with respect to the intellectual property licensed under the related license agreement. As of March 31, 2010, the potential obligation to Boston Scientific was approximately \$750,000, plus costs incurred by Boston Scientific in prosecuting the licensed intellectual property. Our potential payment obligation to Boston Scientific under the neuro development agreement does not apply to any amounts we receive under our agreements in the cardiac field, including the \$13,000,000 of upfront licensing fees and any development milestone payments. Our agreements with Boston Scientific in the cardiac field do not impose a payment obligation on us for failure to achieve development milestones.

Boston Scientific has the right to terminate our development agreement for implantable cardiac leads under specified circumstances.

Boston Scientific has the one-time option, within 60 days after successful completion of the first lead feasibility study for cardiac applications, to cease further development work and to terminate the development agreement. If Boston Scientific elects to exercise its termination option under the development agreement, the license we granted to Boston Scientific in that field of use will automatically become non-exclusive with respect to some intellectual property, other intellectual property will be removed from the scope of the license and all rights will revert to us, and Boston Scientific will not be obligated to pay us any future royalties based on sales of its products containing our intellectual property that remains subject to the non-exclusive license.

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Risks Related to our Need for Financing

We may not be able to continue operations as a going concern and our stockholders may lose their entire investment in us.

At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, we had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$3,549,000 and \$2,569,000, respectively, and stockholders' deficit of approximately \$11,395,000 and \$9,888,000, respectively. In addition, we had a net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2010 of approximately \$2,516,000 and a net loss for the year ended December 31, 2009 of approximately \$7,159,000.

As discussed in note 3 to our financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus, our cumulative net loss since inception and the net losses we incurred in 2009, 2008 and 2007 raise substantial doubt that we will be able to continue operations as a going concern. Our independent auditors included an explanatory paragraph regarding the uncertainty of whether we will be able to continue operations as a going concern in their report on our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2009. Our ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon us generating cash flow sufficient to fund operations and reducing operating expenses. Our business plans may not be successful in addressing these issues. If we cannot continue as a going concern, our stockholders may lose their entire investment in us.

We may need additional funding to continue to commercialize our marketed products and to bring our product candidates to market and we may not be able to raise capital when needed, which would force us to delay, reduce or eliminate our product development programs or commercialization efforts.

We will require substantial future capital in order to continue to establish effective marketing and sales capabilities for our ClearPoint system and conduct the research and development and regulatory clearance and approval activities necessary to bring our product candidates to market. If we are unable to generate revenue, we do not expect our existing capital resources and the net proceeds from this offering to be sufficient to enable us to fund the completion of the development and commercialization of all of our product candidates. Excluding cash generated from sales of our marketed products, we believe that the net proceeds from this offering, our existing cash resources and interest on these funds will be sufficient to meet our projected operating requirements through the end of 2011. However, our operating plans may change, and we may need additional funds sooner than anticipated to meet our operational needs and capital requirements for product development, clinical trials, regulatory clearances and approvals, and product commercialization.

Additional funds may not be available when we need them on terms that are acceptable to us, or at all. If adequate funds are not available on a timely basis, we may terminate or delay the development of one or more of our product candidates, or delay establishment of sales and marketing capabilities or other activities necessary to commercialize our product candidates successfully.

Our future funding requirements will depend on many factors, including:

- the scope, rate of progress and cost of our research and development activities;
- the achievement of milestone events under, and other matters related to, our agreements with Boston Scientific and Siemens:
- the terms and timing of any future collaborative, licensing or other arrangements that we may establish;
- the cost and timing of clinical trials;
- the cost and timing of regulatory filings, clearances and approvals;
- the cost and timing of establishing sales, marketing and distribution capabilities and other corporate infrastructure;
- the cost of establishing product inventories;

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- the effect of competing technological and market developments; and
- the cost of filing, prosecuting, defending and enforcing any patent claims and other intellectual property rights.

Raising additional capital by issuing securities or through collaborative or licensing arrangements may cause dilution to existing stockholders, restrict our operations or require us to relinquish proprietary rights.

To the extent that we raise additional capital through the sale of equity or convertible debt securities, your ownership interest will be diluted, and the terms may include liquidation or other preferences that adversely affect your rights as a stockholder. Debt financing, if available, may involve agreements that include covenants limiting or restricting our ability to take specific actions such as incurring additional debt, making capital expenditures or declaring dividends. If we raise additional funds through collaboration or licensing arrangements with third parties, we may have to relinquish valuable rights to our technologies or products or grant licenses on terms that are not favorable to us. Any of these events could adversely affect our ability to achieve our product development and commercialization goals and have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

If we are unable to generate sufficient revenues from product sales, we may not have the funds to make required payments on certain of our convertible promissory notes.

During 2009, Boston Scientific loaned us \$3,500,000 pursuant to the terms of three convertible promissory notes. Interest on the loans accrues at 10% per annum and compounds annually. The Boston Scientific loans are secured by a first priority security interest in all of our assets. Each loan matures on the second anniversary of the date on which the funds were advanced, which will occur in October, November and December of 2011, respectively. On June 16, 2010, we received 510(k) clearance from the FDA to market our ClearPoint system in the United States. While we recently began initial marketing, we have not generated revenues from product sales. If we are unable to generate sufficient product revenues, we may not have the funds necessary to make the required interest and principal payments on the Boston Scientific loans when due. If we do not have sufficient funds to make these payments, we will seek an alternative source of funds, which may include sales of our assets or equity securities or additional borrowings. We cannot assure you that an alternative source of funds would be available on terms acceptable to us, or at all, which would have a material adverse effect on our financial condition.

Risks Related to our Intellectual Property

We are currently subject to intellectual property litigation. We may spend substantial funds to defend ourselves in the litigation and, if we are unsuccessful in our defense, we may have to change our name and incur substantial additional costs, all of which could harm our operating results.

On April 22, 2010, Surgi Vision Consultants, Inc. and Guy M. Kezirian filed a lawsuit against us in the United States District Court, Central District of California, alleging trademark infringement, unfair competition, trademark dilution and violation of the Anti-Cybersquatting Protection Act, all relating to our use of our SURGI- VISION and SURGIVISION trademarks and our www.surgivision.com domain name. The plaintiffs are seeking unspecified monetary damages and injunctive relief. This action is at a very preliminary stage. We believe that we have strong defenses to the allegations, and we intend to vigorously defend ourselves in the lawsuit to protect our rights. However, intellectual property litigation is inherently time consuming, expensive and unpredictable. If we are unsuccessful in the litigation, we may be required to change our name as well as pay monetary damages. If we are required to change our name, we may incur substantial costs and suffer from a loss of name recognition, which could harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

If we, or the third parties from whom we license intellectual property, are unable to secure and maintain patent or other intellectual property protection for the intellectual property covering our marketed products or our product candidates, our ability to compete will be harmed.

Our commercial success depends, in part, on obtaining patent and other intellectual property protection for the technologies contained in our marketed products and product candidates. The patent positions of medical

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device companies, including ours, can be highly uncertain and involve complex and evolving legal and factual questions. Our patent position is uncertain and complex, in part, because of our dependence on intellectual property that we license from others. If we, or the third parties from whom we license intellectual property, fail to obtain adequate patent or other intellectual property protection for intellectual property covering our marketed products or product candidates, or if any protection is reduced or eliminated, others could use the intellectual property covering our marketed products or product candidates, resulting in harm to our competitive business position. In addition, patent and other intellectual property protection may not provide us with a competitive advantage against competitors that devise ways of making competitive products without infringing any patents that we own or have rights to.

As of April 30, 2010, our portfolio included eight wholly-owned issued United States patents (including one design patent), 25 wholly-owned pending United States patent applications (including five provisional applications), four co-owned issued United States patents, nine co-owned pending United States patent applications, one wholly-owned issued foreign patent, 38 wholly-owned pending foreign patent applications (including seven Patent Cooperation Treaty applications), one co-owned issued foreign patent and 22 co-owned pending foreign patent applications (including one Patent Cooperation Treaty application). In addition, as of April 30, 2010, we had licensed rights to 11 United States and 15 foreign third-party issued patents, and we had licensed rights to nine United States and 12 foreign third-party pending patent applications. United States patents and patent applications may be subject to interference proceedings and United States patents may be subject to re-issue and reexamination proceedings in the United States Patent and Trademark Office. Foreign patents may be subject to opposition or comparable proceedings in the corresponding foreign patent offices. Any of these proceedings could result in either loss of the patent or denial of the patent application, or loss or reduction in the scope of one or more of the claims of the patent or patent application. Changes in either patent laws or in interpretations of patent laws may also diminish the value of our intellectual property or narrow the scope of our protection. Interference, reexamination and opposition proceedings may be costly and time consuming, and we, or the third parties from whom we license intellectual property, may be unsuccessful in such proceedings. Thus, any patents that we own or license may provide limited or no protection against competitors. In addition, our pending patent applications and those we may file in the future may not result in patents being issued or may have claims that do not cover our marketed products or product candidates. Even if any of our pending or future patent applications are issued, they may not provide us with adequate protection or any competitive advantages. Our ability to develop additional patentable technology is also uncertain.

Non-payment or delay in payment of patent fees or annuities, whether intentional or unintentional, may also result in the loss of patents or patent rights important to our business. Many countries, including certain countries in Europe, have compulsory licensing laws under which a patent owner may be compelled to grant licenses to third parties. In addition, many countries limit the enforceability of patents against third parties, including government agencies or government contractors. In these countries, the patent owner may have limited remedies, which could materially diminish the value of the patent. In addition, the laws of some foreign countries do not protect intellectual property rights to the same extent as do the laws of the United States, particularly in the field of medical devices and procedures.

Others may assert that our marketed products or product candidates infringe their intellectual property rights, which may cause us to engage in costly disputes and, if we are not successful in defending ourselves, could also cause us to pay substantial damages and prohibit us from selling our marketed products.

There may be United States and foreign patents issued to third parties that relate to our business, including MRI-guided intervention systems and the components and methods and processes related to these systems. Some of these patents may be broad enough to cover one or more aspects of our present technologies and/or may cover aspects of our future technologies. We do not know whether any of these patents, if asserted, would be held valid, enforceable and infringed.

We cannot assure that a court or administrative body would agree with any arguments or defenses we may have concerning invalidity, unenforceability or non-infringement of any third-party patent. In addition, other

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parties may have filed or may in the future file patent applications for products that are similar or identical to ours. We cannot assure that any patents issuing from applications filed by a third party will not cover our marketed products or product candidates or will not have priority over our patents or patent applications.

The medical device industry has been characterized by extensive litigation and administrative proceedings regarding patents and other intellectual property rights, and companies have employed such actions to gain a competitive advantage. If third parties assert infringement or other intellectual property claims against us, our technical and management personnel will experience a significant diversion of time and effort and we will incur large expenses defending our company. If third parties in any patent action are successful, our patent portfolio may be damaged, we may have to pay substantial damages and we may be required to stop selling our marketed products or obtain a license which, if available at all, may require us to pay substantial royalties. We cannot be certain that we will have the financial resources or the substantive arguments to defend our marketed products or product candidates from infringement or our patents from claims of invalidity or unenforceability, or to defend our marketed products or product candidates against allegations of infringement of third-party patents. In addition, any public announcements related to litigation or administrative proceedings initiated by us, or initiated or threatened against us, could cause our stock price to decline.

If we lose access to critical third-party software that is integrated into our ClearPoint system software, our costs could increase and sales of our ClearPoint system would be delayed, potentially hurting our competitive position.

We license software from a third party that is integrated into the software component of our ClearPoint system. Our license continues through July 2015. If we are unable to continue to license this third-party software, we would not be able to continue to commercialize our ClearPoint system until equivalent software could be identified, licensed or developed, and integrated into the software component of our ClearPoint system. These delays, if they occur, could harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

We may be subject to damages resulting from claims that our employees or we have wrongfully used or disclosed alleged trade secrets or other proprietary information of their former employers.

Many of our employees were previously employed at universities or other medical device companies, including competitors or potential competitors. In the future, we could be subject to claims that these employees, or we, have inadvertently or otherwise used or disclosed trade secrets or other proprietary information of their former employers. Litigation may be necessary to defend against these claims. If we fail in defending against such claims, a court could order us to pay substantial damages and prohibit us from using technologies or features that are essential to our marketed products and product candidates, if such technologies or features are found to incorporate or be derived from the trade secrets or other proprietary information of the former employers. In addition, we may lose valuable intellectual property rights or personnel. A loss of key research personnel or their work product could hamper or prevent our ability to commercialize certain product candidates, which could severely harm our business. Even if we are successful in defending against these claims, such litigation could result in substantial costs and be a distraction to our employees and management.

If the combination of patents, trade secrets and contractual provisions that we rely on to protect our intellectual property is inadequate, our ability to successfully commercialize our marketed products and product candidates will be harmed, and we may not be able to operate our business profitably.

Our success and ability to compete is dependent, in part, upon our ability to maintain the proprietary nature of our technologies. We rely on a combination of patent, copyright, trademark and trade secret law and nondisclosure agreements to protect our intellectual property. However, such methods may not be adequate to protect us or permit us to gain or maintain a competitive advantage. Our patent applications may not issue as patents in a form that will be advantageous to us, or at all. Our issued patents, and those that may issue in the future, may be challenged, invalidated or circumvented, which could limit our ability to stop competitors from marketing related products.

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To protect our proprietary rights, we may in the future need to assert claims of infringement against third parties to protect our intellectual property. There can be no assurance that we will be successful on the merits in any enforcement effort. In addition, we may not have sufficient resources to litigate, enforce or defend our intellectual property rights. Litigation to enforce our intellectual property rights in patents, copyrights or trademarks is highly unpredictable, expensive and time consuming and would divert human and monetary resources away from managing our business, all of which could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations even if we were to prevail in such litigation. In the event of an adverse judgment, a court could hold that some or all of our asserted intellectual property rights are not infringed, or that they are invalid or unenforceable, and could award attorney fees.

Despite our efforts to safeguard our unpatented and unregistered intellectual property rights, we may not be successful in doing so or the steps taken by us in this regard may not be adequate to detect or deter misappropriation of our technologies or to prevent an unauthorized third party from copying or otherwise obtaining and using our products, technologies or other information that we regard as proprietary. Additionally, third parties may be able to design around our patents. Furthermore, the laws of foreign countries may not protect our proprietary rights to the same extent as the laws of the United States. Our inability to adequately protect our intellectual property could allow our competitors and others to produce products based on our technologies, which could substantially impair our ability to compete.

We have entered into confidentiality and intellectual property assignment agreements with our employees and consultants as one of the ways we seek to protect our intellectual property and other proprietary technologies. However, these agreements may not be enforceable or may not provide meaningful protection for our trade secrets or other proprietary information in the event of unauthorized use or disclosure or other breaches of the agreements.

Our employees and consultants may unintentionally or willfully disclose our confidential information to competitors, and confidentiality agreements may not provide an adequate remedy in the event of unauthorized disclosure of confidential information. Enforcing a claim that a third party illegally obtained and is using our proprietary know-how is expensive and time-consuming, and the outcome is unpredictable. In addition, courts outside the United States are sometimes less willing to protect know-how than courts in the United States. Moreover, our competitors may independently develop equivalent knowledge, methods and know-how. Failure to obtain or maintain intellectual property protection could adversely affect our competitive business position.

We may be dependent upon one of our licenses from The Johns Hopkins University to develop and commercialize some components of the ClearTrace system.

We have entered into exclusive license agreements with The Johns Hopkins University, or Johns Hopkins, with respect to a number of technologies owned by Johns Hopkins. Under one of those agreements, which we entered into in 1998, we licensed a number of technologies relating to devices, systems and methods for performing MRI-guided interventions, particularly MRI-guided cardiac ablation procedures. Therefore, that license is important to the development of the ClearTrace system. Without that license, we may not be able to commercialize some of the components of the ClearTrace system when, and if, developed, subject to FDA clearance or approval. Johns Hopkins has the right to terminate the license under specified circumstances, including a breach by us and failure to cure such breach or in the event we file for bankruptcy. We are obligated to use commercially reasonable efforts to develop and commercialize products based on the licensed patents and patent applications. This obligation could require us to take actions related to the development of the ClearTrace system that we would otherwise not take.

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Risks Related to Regulatory Compliance

We operate in a highly-regulated industry and any failure to comply with the extensive government regulations may subject us to fines, injunctions and other penalties that could harm our business.

Our marketed products, our product candidates and operations are subject to extensive regulation by the FDA and various other federal, state and foreign governmental authorities. Government regulations and foreign requirements specific to medical devices are wide ranging and govern, among other things:

- design, development and manufacturing;
- testing, labeling and storage;
- product safety;
- marketing, sales and distribution;
- premarket clearance or approval;
- recordkeeping procedures;
- advertising and promotions;
- recalls and field corrective actions;
- post-market surveillance, including reporting of deaths or serious injuries and malfunctions that, if they were to recur, could lead to death or serious injury; and
- product export.

We are subject to ongoing FDA requirements, including: required submissions of safety and other post-market information; manufacturing facility registration and device listing requirements; compliance with FDA's medical device current Good Manufacturing Practice regulations, as codified in the Quality System Regulation, or QSR; requirements regarding field corrections and removals of our marketed products; reporting of adverse events and certain product malfunctions to the FDA; and numerous recordkeeping requirements. If we or any of our collaborators or suppliers fail to comply with applicable regulatory requirements, a regulatory agency may take action against us, including any of the following sanctions:

- untitled letters, warning letters, fines, injunctions, consent decrees and civil penalties;
- customer notifications or orders for the repair or replacement of our marketed products or refunds;
- recall, detention or seizure of our marketed products;
- operating restrictions or partial suspension or total shutdown of production;
- refusing or delaying requests for 510(k) clearances or PMA approvals of new products or modified products;
- withdrawing 510(k) clearances or PMA approvals that have already been granted; or
- refusal to grant export approval for our marketed products.

The FDA's and foreign regulatory agencies' statutes, regulations or policies may change, and additional government regulation or statutes may be enacted, which could increase post-approval regulatory requirements, or delay, suspend or prevent marketing of our marketed products. We cannot predict the likelihood, nature or extent of adverse governmental regulation that might arise from future legislative or administrative action, either in the United States or abroad.

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If we or our third-party suppliers fail to comply with the FDA's QSR or any applicable state equivalent, our manufacturing operations could be interrupted and our potential product sales and operating results could suffer.

We and some of our third-party suppliers are required to comply with the FDA's QSR, which covers the methods and documentation of the design, testing, production, control, quality assurance, labeling, packaging, sterilization, storage and shipping of our marketed products and product candidates. We and our suppliers will also be subject to the regulations of foreign jurisdictions regarding the manufacturing process if we market our products in these jurisdictions. The FDA enforces the QSR through periodic and unannounced inspections of manufacturing facilities. Our facilities have not been inspected by the FDA for QSR compliance. We anticipate that we and certain of our third-party suppliers will be subject to future inspections. The failure by us or one of our third-party suppliers to comply with applicable statutes and regulations administered by the FDA and other regulatory bodies, or the failure to timely and adequately respond to any adverse inspectional observations, could result in enforcement actions against us, which could impair our ability to produce our marketed products in a cost-effective and timely manner in order to meet our customers' demands. If we fail to comply with the FDA's QSR or any applicable state equivalent, we would be required to incur the costs and take the actions necessary to bring our operations into compliance, which may have a negative impact on our future sales and our ability to generate a profit.

Our marketed products may in the future be subject to product recalls that could harm our reputation, business operations and financial results.

The FDA and similar foreign governmental authorities have the authority to require the recall of commercialized products in the event of material deficiencies or defects in design, manufacture or labeling. In the case of the FDA, the authority to require a recall must be based on an FDA finding that there is a reasonable probability that the device would cause serious injury or death. In addition, foreign governmental bodies have the authority to require the recall of our marketed products in the event of material deficiencies or defects in design or manufacture. Manufacturers may, under their own initiative, recall a product if any material deficiency in a device is found. A government-mandated or voluntary recall by us could occur as a result of component failures, manufacturing errors, design or labeling defects or other deficiencies and issues. Recalls of any of our marketed products would divert managerial and financial resources and have an adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations. We may initiate certain voluntary recalls involving our marketed products in the future. Companies are required to maintain certain records of recalls, even if they are not reportable to the FDA. If we determine that certain of those recalls do not require notification to the FDA, the FDA may disagree with our determinations and require us to report those actions as recalls. A future recall announcement could harm our reputation with customers and negatively affect our sales. In addition, the FDA could take enforcement actions against us, which could impair our ability to produce our marketed products in a cost-effective and timely manner in order to meet our customers' demands. Regulatory investigations or product recalls could also result in our incurring substantial costs, losing revenues and implementing a change in the design, manufacturing process or the indications for which our products may be used, each of which would harm our business.

If our marketed products cause or contribute to a death or a serious injury, or malfunction in certain ways, we will be subject to medical device reporting regulations, which can result in voluntary corrective actions or agency enforcement actions.

Under the FDA's medical device reporting regulations, we are required to report to the FDA any incident in which our marketed products may have caused or contributed to a death or serious injury or in which our marketed products malfunctioned and, if the malfunction were to recur, would likely cause or contribute to death or serious injury. In the future, we may experience events that may require reporting to the FDA pursuant to the medical device reporting regulations. In addition, all manufacturers placing medical devices in European Union markets are legally bound to report any serious or potentially serious incidents involving devices they produce or sell to the relevant authority in whose jurisdiction the incident occurred. Any adverse event involving our

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marketed products could result in future voluntary corrective actions, such as recalls or customer notifications, or agency action, such as inspection, mandatory recall or other enforcement action. Any corrective action, whether voluntary or involuntary, as well as defending ourselves in a lawsuit, will require the dedication of our time and capital, distract management from operating our business, and may harm our reputation and financial results. In addition, failure to report such adverse events to appropriate government authorities on a timely basis, or at all, could result in an enforcement action against us.

We may incur significant liability if it is determined that we are promoting off-label uses of our products in violation of federal and state regulations in the United States or elsewhere.

We obtained 510(k) clearance of our ClearPoint system from the FDA for a general neurological intervention claim. This general neurological intervention indication is the same indication for use that applies to other devices that have traditionally been used in the performance of stereotactic neurological procedures, under which a physician merges pre-operative images and data with specialized surgical instruments to help guide the procedure. Our business and future growth, however, may depend substantially on the use or enhancement of our ClearPoint system in deep brain stimulation lead placement procedures. In the future, we may seek regulatory clearance or approval, as the case may be, for use of our ClearPoint system for a variety of specific neurological indications, including deep brain stimulation lead placement, to allow us to market and promote our ClearPoint system for those specific uses. Unless and until we receive regulatory clearance or approval for use of our ClearPoint system in these specific procedures, uses in procedures other than general neurological intervention procedures, such as biopsies and catheter and electrode insertion, may be considered off-label uses of our ClearPoint system.

Under the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and other similar laws, we are prohibited from labeling or promoting our ClearPoint system, or training physicians, for such off-label uses. The FDA defines labeling to include not only the physical label attached to the product, but also items accompanying the product. This definition also includes items as diverse as materials that appear on a company's website. As a result, we are not permitted to promote uses of our marketed products that are not cleared or approved, whether on our website, in product brochures or in customer communications. This prohibition means that the FDA could deem it unlawful for us to make claims about the use of our ClearPoint system specifically for deep brain stimulation lead placement procedures or proactively discuss or provide information or training on the use of our ClearPoint system specifically for deep brain stimulation lead placement procedures. However, although manufacturers are not permitted to promote for off-label uses, in their practice of medicine, physicians may lawfully choose to use medical devices for off-label uses. Therefore, a physician could use our ClearPoint system for uses not covered by the cleared labeling. This would constitute an off-label use. We expect that physicians will use our ClearPoint system for a variety of specific neurological procedures, including deep brain stimulation lead placement.

The FDA and other regulatory agencies actively enforce regulations prohibiting promotion of off-label uses and the promotion of products for which marketing clearance or approval has not been obtained. If the FDA determines that our promotional materials or training constitutes promotion of an off-label use, it could request that we modify our training or promotional materials or subject us to regulatory or enforcement actions, including the issuance of an untitled letter, a warning letter, injunction, seizure, civil fine and criminal penalties. It is also possible that other federal, state or foreign enforcement authorities might take action if they consider our promotional or training materials to constitute promotion of an unapproved use, which could result in significant fines or penalties under other statutory authorities, such as laws prohibiting false claims for reimbursement. In that event, our reputation could be damaged and market adoption of our marketed products would be impaired. Due to these legal constraints, our sales and marketing efforts will focus only on the general technical attributes and benefits of our ClearPoint system and the FDA cleared indications for use. In addition, the off-label use of our marketed products may increase the risk of injury to patients, and, in turn, the risk of product liability claims. Product liability claims are expensive to defend and could divert our management's attention and result in substantial damage awards against us.

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We may be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal and state healthcare fraud and abuse laws and regulations and could face substantial penalties if we are unable to fully comply with such laws.

Although we do not provide healthcare services or receive payments directly from Medicare, Medicaid or other third-party payors for our marketed products or the procedures in which our marketed products may be used, many state and federal healthcare laws and regulations governing financial relationships between medical device companies and healthcare providers apply to our business and we could be subject to enforcement by both the federal government, private whistleblowers and the states in which we conduct our business. The healthcare laws and regulations that may affect our ability to operate include:

- The federal healthcare programs' Anti-Kickback Statute, which prohibits, among other things, individuals or entities from knowingly and willfully soliciting, receiving, offering or providing any kickback, bribe, or other remuneration, directly or indirectly, in exchange for or to induce the purchase, lease or order, or arranging for or recommending of, any item or service for which payment may be made under a federal healthcare program such as the Medicare and Medicaid programs.
- Federal false claims laws, which prohibit, among other things, individuals or entities from knowingly presenting, or causing to be presented, claims for payment to Medicare, Medicaid, or other federally-funded healthcare programs that are false or fraudulent, or are for items or services not provided as claimed, and which may apply to entities like us to the extent that our interactions with customers may affect their billing or coding practices. Changes to the Federal false claims law enacted as part of the Health Care Reform Law will likely increase the number of whistle-blower cases brought against providers and suppliers of health care items and services.
- The federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, or HIPAA, in addition to the privacy and security rules normally associated with it, which are discussed below, established new federal crimes for knowingly and willfully executing a scheme to defraud any healthcare benefit program or making false statements in connection with the delivery of or payment for healthcare benefits, items or services.
- State and foreign law equivalents and analogues of each of the above federal laws, such as anti-kickback and false claims laws and the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, which may apply to items or services reimbursed by any third-party payor, including commercial insurers, or when physicians are employees of a foreign government entity.
- The Health Care Reform Law, which imposes certain reporting obligations on manufacturers of drugs, devices and biologics. On March 31, 2013, and on the 90th day of each calendar year thereafter, these manufacturers must report all payments or other transfers of value to or on behalf of a physician or teaching hospital by such manufacturers as well as any ownership or investment interest held by physicians in such manufacturers. The Health Care Reform Law also grants the Office of Inspector General additional authority to obtain information from any individual or entity to validate claims for payment or to evaluate the economy, efficiency or effectiveness of the Medicare and Medicaid programs, expands the permissible exclusion authority to include any false statements or misrepresentations of material facts, enhances the civil monetary penalties for false statements or misrepresentation of material facts, and enhances the Federal Sentencing Guidelines for those convicted of Federal healthcare offenses.

Recently, the medical device industry has been under heightened scrutiny as the subject of government investigations and government enforcement or private whistleblower actions under the Anti-Kickback Statute and the False Claims Act involving manufacturers who allegedly offered unlawful inducements to potential or existing customers in an attempt to procure their business, including specifically arrangements with physician consultants. For example, in 2007, four of the five major orthopedic implant manufacturers were required to pay a total of \$311 million and operate for 18 months under federal court supervision in settlement of kickback allegations concerning their physician consulting contracts.

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We have a number of agreements with physicians that may be scrutinized or be subject to reporting requirements in the future, including consulting contracts for product development in which we compensate physicians for various services, including:

- keeping us informed of new developments in their respective fields of practice;
- advising us on our research and development projects related to their respective fields;
- advising us on improvements to methods, processes and devices related to their respective fields (such as advice on the development of prototype devices);
- assisting us with the technical evaluation of our methods, processes and devices related to their respective fields; and
- advising us with respect to the commercialization of products in their respective fields.

We may enter into similar consulting agreements with physicians in the future. Likewise, we may enter into consulting agreements with physicians to provide training and other similar services on the proper use of our marketed products.

The Health Care Reform Law mandates increased transparency of arrangements between physicians and medical device companies, which we expect will increase our overall cost of compliance. We believe that this increased transparency will also result in a heightened level of government scrutiny of the relationships between physicians and medical device companies. While we believe that all of our arrangements with physicians comply with applicable law, the increased level of scrutiny, coupled with the expanded enforcement tools available to the government under the Health Care Reform Law, may increase the likelihood of a governmental investigation. If we become subject to such an investigation, our business and operations would be adversely affected even if we ultimately prevail because the cost of defending such investigation would be substantial. Moreover, companies subject to governmental investigations could lose both overall market value and market share during the course of the investigation.

In addition, we may provide customers with information on products that could be deemed to influence their coding or billing practices, and may have sales, marketing or other arrangements with hospitals and other providers that could also be the subject of scrutiny under these laws. If our operations are found to be in violation of any of the laws described above or any other governmental regulations that apply to us, we may be subject to penalties, including civil and criminal penalties, damages, fines, exclusion from the Medicare and Medicaid programs, and the curtailment or restructuring of our operations. Any penalties, damages, fines, exclusions, curtailment or restructuring of our operations could adversely affect our ability to operate our business and our financial results. The risk of our being found in violation of these laws is increased by the fact that many of these laws are broad and their provisions are open to a variety of interpretations. Any action against us for violation of these laws, even if we successfully defend against it, could cause us to incur significant legal expenses and divert our management's attention from the operation of our business. If the surgeons or other providers or entities with whom we do business are found to be non-compliant with applicable laws, they may be subject to sanctions, which could also have a negative impact on our business.

We may be subject to privacy and data protection laws governing the transmission, security and privacy of health information which may impose restrictions on technologies and subject us to penalties if we are unable to fully comply with such laws.

Numerous federal, state and international laws and regulations govern the collection, use, disclosure, storage and transmission of patient-identifiable health information. These laws include:

HIPAA and its implementing regulations, the HIPAA Privacy and Security Rules, apply to covered entities, which
include most healthcare facilities that purchase and use our products. The HIPAA Privacy and Security Rules set
forth minimum standards for safeguarding individually identifiable

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health information, imposes certain requirements relating to the privacy, security and transmission of individually identifiable health information and provides certain rights to individuals with respect to that information. HIPAA also requires covered entities to contractually bind third parties, known as business associates, in the event that they perform an activity or service for or on behalf of the covered entity that involves access to patient identifiable health information, including imposing liability on business associates of HIPAA "covered entities".

- The federal Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act, or HITECH, which was enacted in February 2009, strengthens and expands the HIPAA Privacy and Security Rules and its restrictions on use and disclosure of patient identifiable health information.
- Other federal and state laws restricting the use and protecting the privacy and security of patient information may apply, many of which are not preempted by HIPAA.
- Federal and state consumer protection laws are being applied increasingly by the United States Federal Trade Commission, or FTC, and state attorney's general to regulate the collection, use, storage and disclosure of personal or patient information, through websites or otherwise, and to regulate the presentation of website content.
- Other countries also have, or are developing, laws governing the collection, use and transmission of personal or patient information.
- Federal and state laws regulating the conduct of research with human subjects.

We are required to comply with federal and state laws governing the transmission, security and privacy of patient identifiable health information that we may obtain or have access to in connection with manufacture and sale of our marketed products. We do not believe that we are a HIPAA covered entity because we do not submit electronic claims to third-party payors, but there may be limited circumstances in which we may operate as a business associate to covered entities if we receive patient identifiable data through activities such as training providers on the use of our marketed products or investigating product performance or if our marketed products store patient identifiable health information on behalf of a healthcare provider. We may be required to make costly system modifications to comply with the HIPAA privacy and security requirements that will be imposed on us contractually through business associate agreements by covered entities and directly under HITECH provisions that became effective in February 2010. Due to the recent enactment of HITECH, we are not able to predict what the extent of the impact on our business may be. Our failure to comply may result in criminal and civil liability because the potential for enforcement action against business associates is now greater. Enforcement actions can be costly and interrupt regular operations which may adversely affect our business.

In addition, numerous other federal and state laws protect the confidentiality of patient information as well as employee personal information, including state medical privacy laws, state social security number protection laws and federal and state consumer protection laws. These various laws in many cases are not preempted by the HIPAA rules and may be subject to varying interpretations by the courts and government agencies, creating complex compliance issues for us and our customers and potentially exposing us to additional expense, adverse publicity and liability.

In connection with any clinical trials we conduct, we will be subject to state and federal privacy and human subject protection regulations. The HIPAA requirement and other human subjects research laws could create liability for us or increase our cost of doing business because we must depend on our research collaborators to comply with the applicable laws. We may adopt policies and procedures that facilitate our collaborators' compliance, but we cannot ensure that non-employee collaborators or investigators will comply with applicable laws. As a result, unauthorized uses and disclosures of research subject information in violation of the law may occur. These violations may lead to sanctions that will adversely affect our business.

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Risks Related to Facilities, Employees and Growth

We are dependent on our senior management team, engineering team, sales and marketing team and key research and physician advisors, and the loss of any of them could harm our business.

We are highly dependent on members of our senior management, in particular Kimble L. Jenkins, our President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors, and Peter G. Piferi, our Chief Operating Officer. The loss of members of our senior management team, engineering team, sales and marketing team and key research and physician advisors, or our inability to attract or retain other qualified personnel or advisors, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. We do not maintain key employee life insurance on any of our personnel other than for Mr. Jenkins and Mr. Piferi. Although we have obtained key employee insurance covering Mr. Jenkins and Mr. Piferi in the amount of \$2,000,000, this would not fully compensate us for the loss of Mr. Jenkins' or Mr. Piferi's services.

We adopted our Key Personnel Incentive Plan, which is described in more detail on page 112, to provide Dr. Paul Bottomley, who is a key research advisor, and Mr. Parag Karmarkar, who is a key member of our engineering team, the opportunity to receive incentive bonus payments based on future performance of services to us or upon a sale of our company. However, if Dr. Bottomley or Mr. Karmarkar dies, becomes disabled or is involuntarily terminated by us without cause, we nevertheless would be obligated to make the incentive bonus payments otherwise provided under the plan. The obligation to make these payments could have a material adverse effect on our financial position. We may obtain life insurance on Dr. Bottomley and Mr. Karmarkar to reduce our financial exposure in the event of a participant's death. We adopted the Cardiac EP Business Participation Plan, which is described in more detail on page 112, to provide Dr. Nassir Marrouche, who is a key product development advisor, with financial rewards in the event that we sell our business operations relating to catheter-based MRI-guided cardiac ablation to treat cardiac arrhythmias, which we refer to as our cardiac EP business operations. If we sell our cardiac EP business operations or our entire company, we will be required to make a payment to Dr. Marrouche which is calculated as a percentage of the purchase price paid for, or allocated to, our cardiac EP business operations.

We need to hire and retain additional qualified personnel to grow and manage our business. If we are unable to attract and retain qualified personnel, our business and growth could be seriously harmed.

Our performance depends on the talents and efforts of our employees. Our future success will depend on our ability to attract, retain and motivate highly skilled personnel in all areas of our organization. We plan to continue to grow our business and will need to hire additional personnel to support this growth. We believe that there are only a limited number of individuals with the requisite skills to serve in many of our key positions, and we compete for key personnel with other medical device companies, as well as universities and research institutions. It is often difficult to hire and retain these persons, and we may be unable to replace key persons if they leave or fill new positions requiring key persons with appropriate experience. If we experience difficulties locating and hiring suitable personnel in the future, our growth may be hindered. Qualified individuals are in high demand, particularly in the medical device industry, and we may incur significant costs to attract and retain them. Employees that hold shares of our common stock or options to purchase our common stock may be more likely to leave us following our initial public offering as a result of the establishment of a public market for our common stock. If we are unable to attract and retain the personnel we need to succeed, our business and growth could be harmed.

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If we do not effectively manage our growth, we may be unable to successfully develop, market and sell our products.

Our future revenue and operating results will depend on our ability to manage the anticipated growth of our business. In order to achieve our business objectives, we must continue to grow. However, continued growth presents numerous challenges, including:

- implementing appropriate operational and financial systems and controls;
- expanding our assembly capacity and increasing production through third parties;
- expanding our sales and marketing infrastructure and capabilities;
- improving our information systems;
- identifying, attracting and retaining qualified personnel in our areas of activity; and
- hiring, training, managing and supervising our personnel.

We cannot be certain that our systems, controls, infrastructure and personnel will be adequate to support our future operations. Any failure to effectively manage our growth could impede our ability to successfully develop, market and sell our products and our business will be harmed.

Our operations are vulnerable to interruption or loss due to natural disasters, power loss and other events beyond our control, which would adversely affect our business.

We will conduct a significant portion of our activities, including component processing, final assembly, packaging and distribution activities for our ClearPoint system, at a facility located in Irvine, California, which is a seismically active area that has experienced major earthquakes in the past, as well as other natural disasters, including wildfires. We have taken precautions to safeguard our facility, including obtaining business interruption insurance. However, any future natural disaster, such as an earthquake or a wildfire, could significantly disrupt our operations, and delay or prevent product assembly and shipment during the time required to repair, rebuild or replace our facility, which could be lengthy and result in significant expenses. Furthermore, the insurance coverage we maintain may not be adequate to cover our losses in any particular case or continue to be available at commercially reasonable rates and terms. In addition, our facility may be subject to shortages of electrical power, natural gas, water and other energy supplies. Any future shortage or conservation measure could disrupt our operations and cause expense, thus adversely affecting our business and financial results.

Risks Related to this Offering

An active trading market for our common stock may not develop.

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for our common stock. We have applied for listing on the Nasdaq Capital Market; however, we may not become listed and an active trading market for our shares may never develop or be sustained following this offering. Accordingly, you may not be able to sell your shares quickly or at the market price if trading in our stock is not active.

Market volatility may cause our stock price and the value of your investment to decline.

The initial public offering price for our common stock was determined through negotiations between the underwriters and us. The initial public offering price may vary from the market price of our common stock after the closing of this offering. Investors may not be able to sell their common stock at or above the initial public offering price.

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We expect that the price of our common stock will fluctuate substantially, as the market price for the common stock after this offering will be affected by a number of factors, including:

- the receipt, denial or timing of regulatory clearances or approvals of our product candidates or competing products;
- changes in policies affecting third-party coverage and reimbursement in the United States and other countries;
- ability of our marketed products or our product candidates, if they receive regulatory clearance or approval, to achieve market success;
- the performance of third-party contract manufacturers and component suppliers;
- our ability to enhance our sales and marketing capabilities;
- our ability to manufacture our marketed products to commercial standards;
- the success of any collaborations we have or may undertake with other companies;
- our ability to develop, introduce and market new or enhanced versions of our marketed products on a timely basis;
- actual or anticipated variations in our results of operations or those of our competitors;
- announcements of new products, technological innovations or product advancements by us or our competitors;
- sales of common stock or other securities by us or our stockholders in the future;
- additions or departures of key management personnel;
- disputes or other developments relating to proprietary rights, including patents, litigation matters and our ability to obtain patent protection for our technologies;
- trading volume of our common stock;
- changes in earnings estimates or recommendations by securities analysts, failure to obtain analyst coverage of our common stock or our failure to achieve analyst earnings estimates;
- developments in our industry; and
- general market conditions and other factors unrelated to our operating performance or the operating performance of our competitors.

In addition, the stock prices of many companies in the medical device industry have experienced wide fluctuations that have often been unrelated to the operating performance of these companies. We expect our stock price to be similarly volatile. These broad market fluctuations may continue and could harm our stock price. Following periods of volatility in the market price of a company's securities, stockholders have often instituted class action securities litigation against those companies. Class action securities litigation, if instituted against us, could result in substantial costs and a diversion of our management resources, which could significantly harm our business.

Securities analysts may not initiate coverage for our common stock or may issue negative reports, and this may have a negative impact on the market price of our common stock.

Securities analysts may elect not to provide research coverage of our common stock after the completion of this offering. The lack of research coverage may adversely affect the market price of our common stock. The trading market for our common stock may be affected in part by the research and reports that industry or financial analysts publish about us or our business. It may be difficult for companies such as ours, with smaller market capitalizations, to attract securities analysts that will cover our common stock. If one or more of the

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analysts who elects to cover us downgrades our stock, our stock price would likely decline rapidly. If one or more of these analysts ceases coverage of our company, we could lose visibility in the market, which in turn could cause our stock price to decline. This could have a negative effect on the market price of our stock.

Our directors, executive officers and principal stockholders and their respective affiliates will continue to have substantial control over us after this offering and could delay or prevent a change in corporate control.

After this offering, our directors, executive officers and holders of more than 5% of our common stock, together with their affiliates, will beneficially own, in the aggregate, approximately 23.4% of our outstanding common stock. As a result, these stockholders, acting together, will continue to have substantial control over the outcome of matters submitted to our stockholders for approval, including the election of directors and any merger, consolidation or sale of all or substantially all of our assets. In addition, these stockholders, acting together, will continue to have significant influence over the management and affairs of our company. Accordingly, this concentration of ownership may have the effect of:

- delaying, deferring or preventing a change in corporate control;
- impeding a merger, consolidation, takeover or other business combination involving us; or
- discouraging a potential acquirer from making a tender offer or otherwise attempting to obtain control of us.

We have not paid dividends in the past and do not expect to pay dividends in the future.

We have never declared or paid cash dividends on our capital stock. We currently intend to retain all future earnings for the operation and expansion of our business and, therefore, do not anticipate declaring or paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future. The payment of dividends will be at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend on our results of operations, capital requirements, financial condition, prospects, contractual arrangements, any limitations on payments of dividends present in any of our future debt agreements, and other factors our Board of Directors may deem relevant. If we do not pay dividends, a return on your investment will only occur if our stock price appreciates.

Anti-takeover provisions in our certificate of incorporation, bylaws and Delaware law could prevent or delay a change in control of our company.

Provisions in our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, which will be effective upon the closing of this offering, as well as provisions of Delaware law, may discourage, delay or prevent a merger, acquisition or change of control. These provisions could also discourage proxy contests and make it more difficult for stockholders to elect directors and take other corporate actions. These provisions:

- provide for a staggered Board of Directors;
- permit our Board of Directors to issue shares of preferred stock, with any rights, preferences and privileges as they may designate, including the right to approve an acquisition or other change in our control;
- provide that the authorized number of directors may be changed only by resolution of the Board of Directors;
- provide that all vacancies, including newly created directorships, may, except as otherwise required by law, be filled by the affirmative vote of a majority of directors then in office, even if less than a quorum;
- require that any action to be taken by our stockholders must be effected at a duly called annual or special meeting of stockholders and not be taken by written consent;

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- provide that stockholders seeking to present proposals before a meeting of stockholders or to nominate candidates for election as directors at a meeting of stockholders must provide notice in writing in a timely manner, and also specify requirements as to the form and content of a stockholder's notice;
- do not provide for cumulative voting rights (therefore allowing the holders of a majority of the shares of common stock entitled to vote in any election of directors to elect all of the directors standing for election, if they should so choose);
- provide that special meetings of our stockholders may be called only by the chairman of the Board of Directors, our Chief Executive Officer or by the Board of Directors pursuant to a resolution adopted by a majority of the total number of authorized directors; and
- provide that stockholders will be permitted to amend our amended and restated bylaws only upon receiving at least 66 ²/3% of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of all outstanding shares then entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class.

In addition, we are subject to Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, which generally prohibits a Delaware corporation from engaging in any broad range of business combinations with any stockholder who owns, or at any time in the last three years owned, 15% or more of our outstanding voting stock for a period of three years following the date on which the stockholder became an interested stockholder. This provision could have the effect of delaying or preventing a change of control, whether or not it is desired by or beneficial to our stockholders.

Sales of a substantial number of shares of our common stock in the public market after this offering, or the perception that they may occur, may depress the market price of our common stock.

Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market following this offering, or the perception that substantial sales may be made, could cause the market price of our common stock to decline. The lock-up agreements to be delivered by our executive officers, directors and certain of our stockholders provide that the underwriters, acting jointly and in their discretion, may release those parties, at any time, or from time to time, and without notice, from their obligation not to dispose of shares of common stock for a period of 180 days after the date of this prospectus, which period may be extended in certain limited circumstances. The underwriters do not have any pre-established conditions to waiving the terms of the lock-up agreements, and any decision by them to waive those conditions would depend on a number of factors, which may include market conditions, the performance of the common stock in the market and our financial condition at that time.

Based on the number of shares of common stock outstanding as of April 30, 2010, upon completion of this offering, 10,129,405 shares of our common stock will be outstanding. All of the shares sold in this offering will be freely transferable unless held by an affiliate of ours. Of the remaining shares, during the 90 days following the date of this prospectus, shares held by non-affiliates, or approximately % of our common stock outstanding after this offering, will be freely transferable subject to compliance with Rule 144. Beginning on the 91st day following the date of this prospectus, shares of our common stock, or approximately % of our common stock outstanding after this offering, will be freely transferable subject to compliance with Rule 144 under the Securities Act. The lockup agreements between the underwriters and our directors, executive officers and certain of our stockholders will expire 180 days after the date of this prospectus, at which time all of our shares of our common stock will be freely transferable subject to compliance with the provisions of Rule 144 under the Securities Act. See "Shares Eligible for Future Sale—Lock-up Agreements." Our affiliates must comply with the volume, manner of sale, holding period and other limitations of Rule 144. As restrictions on resale end, the market price could drop significantly if the holders of these restricted shares sell them or are perceived by the market as intending to sell them. Any substantial sale of common stock pursuant to any resale registration statements or Rule 144 may have an adverse effect on the market price of our common stock by creating an excessive supply.

We intend to file a registration statement on Form S-8 to register the 1,850,625 shares subject to outstanding options or reserved for issuance under our stock option plans. The registration statement will become effective

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when filed, and, subject to applicable lock-up agreements, if any, these shares may be resold without restriction in the public marketplace. For a more detailed description, please see the section of this prospectus entitled "Shares Eligible for Future Sale."

New investors in our common stock will experience immediate and substantial dilution after this offering.

If you purchase shares of our common stock in this offering, you will experience immediate dilution of \$11.90 per share based on the mid-point of the range on the cover of this prospectus because the price that you pay will be substantially greater than the adjusted pro forma net tangible book value per share of common stock that you acquire. This dilution is due in large part to the fact that many of our earlier investors paid substantially less than the price of the shares being sold in this offering when they purchased their shares of our capital stock. If outstanding options and warrants to purchase our common stock are exercised, you will experience additional dilution. See the section entitled "Dilution" in this prospectus for a more detailed description of this dilution.

We will incur significant increased costs as a result of operating as a public company, and our management will be required to divert attention from product development and commercialization and to devote substantial resources and time to new compliance initiatives.

As a public company, we will incur significant legal, accounting and other expenses that we did not incur as a private company. We are working with our independent legal and accounting advisors to identify those areas in which changes should be made to our financial and management control systems to manage our growth and our obligations as a public company. These areas include corporate control, disclosure controls and procedures and financial reporting and accounting systems, including requirements under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended, or the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. We will incur costs associated with our public company reporting requirements and corporate governance requirements, including requirements under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, as well as rules implemented by the SEC and the securities exchange on which our stock trades. We will need to devote a substantial amount of time to these compliance initiatives. Moreover, these rules and regulations will increase our legal and financial compliance costs and will make some activities more time-consuming and costly. For example, we expect these rules and regulations to make it more difficult and more expensive for us to obtain director and officer liability insurance, and we may be required to accept reduced policy limits and coverage or incur substantially higher costs to obtain the same or similar coverage. As a result, it may be more difficult for us to attract and retain qualified people to serve on our Board of Directors, our board committees or as executive officers.

In addition, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires, among other things, that we maintain effective internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures. In particular, for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2010, we must perform system and process evaluation and testing of our internal control over financial reporting to allow management and our independent registered public accounting firm to report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting, as required by Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. Our compliance with Section 404 will require that we incur substantial expense and expend significant management time on compliance-related issues.

We may not use the net proceeds from this offering effectively.

We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering in the manner described in "Use of Proceeds" elsewhere in this prospectus. Our use of the net proceeds of the offering in this manner will not necessarily improve our operating results or enhance the value of our common stock. The failure by our management to apply these funds effectively could result in financial losses, cause the price of our common stock to decline or delay product development.

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SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements are contained principally in the sections entitled "Prospectus Summary," "Risk Factors," "Use of Proceeds," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Business." These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performances or achievements, expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about:

- the ability to market, commercialize and achieve market acceptance for our marketed products, current product candidates or any future product candidates;
- the ability to obtain regulatory clearance or approval for our current product candidates or any future product candidates;
- the anticipated progress of our research, development and clinical trials;
- the ability to generate additional product candidates;
- the ability to protect our intellectual property and operate our business without infringing upon the intellectual property rights of others; and
- the estimates regarding the sufficiency of our cash resources.

In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as "anticipates," "believes," "could," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "may," "plans," "potential," "predicts," "projects," "should," "will," "would," and similar expressions intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these words. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from the information expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Although we believe that we have a reasonable basis for each forward-looking statement contained in this prospectus, we caution you that these statements are based on a combination of facts and factors currently known by us and our projections of the future, about which we cannot be certain.

You should refer to the section of this prospectus entitled "Risk Factors" for a discussion of important factors that may cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by our forward-looking statements. As a result of these factors, we cannot assure you that the forward-looking statements in this prospectus will prove to be accurate. Furthermore, if our forward-looking statements prove to be inaccurate, the inaccuracy may be material. In light of the significant uncertainties in these forward-looking statements, you should not regard these statements as a representation or warranty by us or any other person that we will achieve our objectives and plans in any specified time frame, or at all. We do not undertake to update any of the forward-looking statements after the date of this prospectus, except to the extent required by applicable securities laws.

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USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that our net proceeds from the sale of 2,500,000 shares of common stock in this offering will be approximately \$30,600,000 and an additional \$4,800,000 if the underwriters exercise their over-allotment option in full, based upon an assumed initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share, which is the mid-point of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus, and after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. The principal purposes of this offering are to obtain additional capital and to create a public market for our common stock.

A \$1.00 increase (decrease) in the assumed initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share would increase (decrease) the net proceeds to us from this offering by approximately \$2,325,000, assuming the number of shares offered by us, as set forth on the cover of this prospectus, remains the same and after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

We expect to use between approximately \$12,000,000 and \$16,000,000 of the net proceeds from this offering to fund our research and development activities, including payments of approximately \$2,200,000 to Siemens in connection with the development of the ClearTrace system software, which is only a portion of the estimated remaining development costs of the ClearTrace system, between approximately \$6,500,000 and \$9,500,000 to fund our sales and marketing activities and the remainder for working capital and general corporate purposes. In addition, we may use a portion of the net proceeds from this offering to acquire equipment, products or technologies, although we currently have no commitments or agreements relating to any of these types of transactions. Excluding cash generated from sales of our marketed products, we believe that the net proceeds from this offering, our existing cash resources and interest on these funds will be sufficient to meet our projected operating requirements through the end of 2011.

Pending these uses, we plan to invest the net proceeds in a variety of capital preservation instruments, including short-term, interest bearing obligations, investment grade instruments, certificates of deposit or direct or guaranteed obligations of the United States. The goal with respect to the investment of these net proceeds is capital preservation and liquidity so that such funds are readily available to fund our research and development operations.

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DIVIDEND POLICY

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our capital stock. We currently intend to retain any future earnings to fund the development and expansion of our business, and therefore we do not anticipate paying cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. Any future determination to pay dividends will be at the discretion of our Board of Directors.

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CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our capitalization as of March 31, 2010:

- on an actual basis;
- on a pro forma basis to reflect an assumed 1-for-4 reverse stock split and the conversion into common stock of all outstanding shares of our preferred stock and the bridge notes; and
- on a pro forma as adjusted basis to reflect the pro forma adjustments reflected above and the sale in this offering of 2,500,000 shares of common stock at an assumed initial offering price of \$14.00 per share, which is the mid-point of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus, after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

The information in the following table is based on shares outstanding as of March 31, 2010 and excludes:

- 600,625 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options issued under our stock option plans, at a weighted average exercise price of \$3.61 per share;
- 66,652 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options not issued under our stock option plans, at an exercise price of \$9.64 per share;
- 410,542 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants, at a weighted average exercise price of \$3.48 per share;
- 455,208 shares of common stock issuable upon the conversion of \$3,641,667 in principal amount of, and interest on, convertible promissory notes, at a conversion price of \$8.00 per share;
- 125,000 shares of our common stock that may be issued to the underwriters upon exercise of warrants, at an exercise price of \$17.50 per share, assuming an initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share, which is the mid-point of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus;
- 25,444 shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to the placement agent warrant, at an exercise price of \$8.00 per share, assuming an initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share, which is the mid-point of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus;
- 12,500 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of a warrant to be issued in connection with this offering with an exercise price equal to the initial public offering price;
- 514,816 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of options to be issued in connection with this offering under our 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan with exercise prices equal to the initial public offering price;
- 21,429 shares of common stock to be issued in connection with this offering under our 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan assuming an initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share, which is the mid-point of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus; and
- 713,755 shares of common stock reserved for future issuance under our 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan.

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You should read the information below in conjunction with the financial statements and the related notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	As of March 31, 2010				
	Actual	Pro Forma	Pro Forma As Adjusted		
Convertible notes payable, net of discounts	\$ 5,693,556	2,436,730	2,436,730		
Series A convertible preferred stock, \$0.01 par value: 8,000,000 shares authorized and 7,965,000 shares issued and outstanding, actual; and no shares authorized, issued or outstanding, pro forma and pro forma as adjusted	7.965,000	_	_		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value: 70,000,000 shares authorized; 5,455,110 shares issued and 5,129,280 shares outstanding, actual; 7,955,235 shares issued and 7,629,405 shares outstanding, pro forma; 10,455,235 shares issued and 10,129,405 shares	,,,,,,,,,,				
outstanding, pro forma as adjusted	54,551	79,552	104,552		
Additional paid-in capital	26,803,455	38,814,454	69,409,010		
Treasury stock	(1,679,234)	(1,679,234)	(1,679,234)		
Accumulated deficit	(44,538,676)	(45,352,850)	(45,352,850)		
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	(11,394,904)	(8,138,078)	22,481,478		
Total capitalization	\$ (5,701,348)	\$ (5,701,348)	\$ 24,918,208		

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DILUTION

The historical net tangible book value of our common stock as of March 31, 2010 was approximately \$(12,597,000), or \$(2.46) per share, based on the number of shares of common stock outstanding as of March 31, 2010. Historical net tangible book value per share is determined by dividing our total tangible assets less total liabilities by the actual number of outstanding shares of our common stock. The pro forma net tangible book value of our common stock as of March 31, 2010 was approximately \$(9,340,000), or \$(1.22) per share. Pro forma net tangible book value per share is determined by dividing (x) our total tangible assets less total liabilities by (y) the actual number of outstanding shares of our common stock plus the number of shares issuable upon conversion of all of our outstanding shares of preferred stock and bridge notes into common stock as if such conversion had occurred on March 31, 2010 after giving effect to an assumed 1-for-4 reverse stock split as if it had occurred prior to March 31, 2010.

After giving effect to the sale of common stock offered in this offering at the assumed public offering price of \$14.00 per share, and after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us, our pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value as of March 31, 2010 would have been approximately \$21,279,000, or \$2.10 per share of common stock. This represents an immediate increase in pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value of \$3.32 per share to existing stockholders and an immediate dilution of \$11.90 per share to new investors purchasing our common stock in this offering. The following table illustrates this per share dilution to the new investors:

Historical net tangible book value per share as of March 31, 2010	\$ (2.46)
Assumed initial public offering price	14.00
Pro forma net tangible book value per share as of March 31, 2010	(1.22)
Increase in pro forma net tangible book value per share attributable to this offering	3.32
Pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value per share after offering	2.10
Dilution per share to new investors in this offering	(11.90)

The following table summarizes, on a pro forma as adjusted basis as of March 31, 2010, the differences between the number of shares of common stock purchased from us, the total consideration and the average price per share paid by existing stockholders and by the investors participating in this offering, before deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us, at an assumed initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share, which is the mid-point of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus:

	Shares Purc	Shares Purchased		Total Consideration		
	Number	Percent	Amount	Percent	Pe	r Share
Existing stockholders	7,629,405	75.3%	\$37,574,000	51.8%	\$	4.92
New investors	2,500,000	24.7	35,000,000	48.2		14.00
Total	10,129,405	100.0%	\$72,574,000	100.0%	\$	7.16

The number of shares of common stock outstanding in the table above is based on the pro forma number of shares outstanding as of March 31, 2010 which includes the assumed conversion of all of our outstanding shares of preferred stock and bridge notes into common stock, and assumes no exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option. If the underwriters' over-allotment option is exercised in full, the number of shares of common stock held by existing stockholders will be reduced to 72.6% of the total number of shares of common stock to be outstanding after this offering, and the number of shares of common stock held by investors participating in this offering will be increased to 2,875,000 shares or 27.4% of the total number of shares of common stock to be outstanding after this offering.

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The above discussion and tables also assume no exercise of any outstanding stock options or warrants and no conversion of certain convertible promissory notes. As of March 31, 2010, there were:

- 600,625 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options issued under our stock option plans, at a weighted average exercise price of \$3.61 per share;
- 66,652 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options not issued under our stock option plans, at an exercise price of \$9.64 per share;
- 410,542 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants, at a weighted average exercise price of \$3.48 per share;
- 455,034 shares of common stock issuable upon the conversion of \$3,641,667 in principal amount of, and interest on, convertible promissory notes, at a conversion price of \$8.00 per share; and
- 25,444 shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to the placement agent warrant, at an exercise price of \$8.00 per share, assuming an initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share, which is the mid-point of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus.

The following table summarizes, as of March 31, 2010, after giving effect to the exercise of all stock options, warrants and convertible promissory notes outstanding as of March 31, 2010 as well as the assumed conversion of all of our outstanding shares of preferred stock and bridge notes into common stock, the differences between the number of shares of common stock purchased from us, the total consideration and the weighted average price per share paid by existing stockholders and by investors participating in this offering at an assumed initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share, which is the mid-point of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus, before deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses:

Shares Purc	Shares Purchased		<u>ration</u>	Average Price		
Number	Percent	Amount	Percent	Pe	r Share	
9,187,702	78.6%	\$45,656,103	56.6%	\$	4.97	
2,500,000	21.4	35,000,000	43.4		14.00	
11,687,702	100.0%	\$80,656,103	100.0%	\$	6.90	
	Number 9,187,702 2,500,000	Number Percent 9,187,702 78.6% 2,500,000 21.4 11,687,702 100.0%	Number Percent Amount 9,187,702 78.6% \$45,656,103 2,500,000 21.4 35,000,000 11,687,702 100.0% \$80,656,103	Number Percent Amount Percent 9,187,702 78.6% \$45,656,103 56.6% 2,500,000 21.4 35,000,000 43.4 11,687,702 100.0% \$80,656,103 100.0%	Number Percent Amount Percent Pe 9,187,702 78.6% \$45,656,103 56.6% \$ 2,500,000 21.4 35,000,000 43.4	

Subsequent to March 31, 2010, we adopted our 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan, under which an aggregate of 1,250,000 shares of our common stock are reserved for issuance. To the extent that any outstanding options or warrants are exercised, new options are issued and those options are exercised or we issue additional shares of common stock in the future, there may be further dilution to investors participating in this offering.

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SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

We have derived the following statement of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 and balance sheet data as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 from our audited financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. We have derived the following statement of operations data for the year ended December 31, 2006 and balance sheet data as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 from our audited financial statements not included in this prospectus. We have derived the following statement of operations data for the year ended December 31, 2005 and the balance sheet data as of December 31, 2005 from our unaudited financial statements not included in this prospectus. We derived the following selected historical financial data as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2010 (as restated) and for the three months ended March 31, 2009 from our unaudited historical financial statements and the notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus. In the opinion of management, the interim financial data set forth below include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, necessary to present fairly our financial position. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the entire fiscal year. You should read the financial data set forth below in conjunction with our financial statements and related notes and the information under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." Our historical results are not necessarily indicative of our results to be expected in any future period.

	Three Mon	ths Ended							
	Marc	h 31,		Years I	Ended Decemb	iber 31,			
	2010	2009	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005		
Statement of Operations Data:									
Related party license revenue	\$ 650,000	\$ 650,000	\$ 2,600,000	\$ 1,950,000	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —		
Operating costs and expenses:									
Research and development costs	1,747,395	1,501,555	6,067,617	4,258,492	2,098,672	620,297	288,784		
General and administrative expenses	1,011,747	605,683	3,595,917	2,920,311	1,413,369	525,323	934,395		
Gain on settlement of accounts payable						(483,917)			
Total operating expenses and costs	2,759,142	2,107,238	9,663,534	7,178,803	3,512,041	661,703	1,223,179		
Other (income) expense:									
Gain on debt extinguishment	_	_	_	_	_	_	(301, 309)		
Loss on change in fair value of derivative liability	209,350	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Interest (income) expense, net	197,220	(32,325)	46,276	200,982	185,096	132,847	29,659		
Loss before taxes	(2,515,712)	(1,424,913)	(7,109,810)	(5,429,785)	(3,697,137)	(794,550)	(951,529)		
Income tax expense	_ `	_ `	49,250	_ `					
Net loss	\$(2,515,712)	\$(1,424,913)	\$(7,159,060)	\$(5,429,785)	\$(3,697,137)	\$ (794,550)	\$ (951,529)		
Net loss per share (basic and diluted)	\$ (0.49)	\$ (0.27)	\$ (1.34)	\$ (1.04)	\$ (0.74)	\$ (0.16)	\$ (0.20)		
Weighted average shares outstanding (basic and diluted)	5,129,280	5,368,444	5,336,633	5,245,081	5,024,515	4,891,745	4,864,735		

	As of March 31, As of December 31,								
		2010	2009		2008	2007	2006		2005
Balance Sheet Data:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,548,719	\$ 2,569,129	\$	9,920,801	\$ 3,611,814	\$ 6,068,413	\$	57,026
Total assets		6,574,176	4,673,688		10,955,360	3,730,092	6,109,753		130,393
Deferred revenue		8,546,374	9,196,374		11,685,099	_	_		_
Convertible notes, net of discounts of \$1,877,444 at March									
31, 2010 and \$1,129,000 at December 31, 2009		5,963,556	2,371,000		_	_	_		_
Convertible preferred stock		7,965,000	7,965,000		7,965,000	7,965,000	7,965,000		_
Common stock		54,551	54,551		54,518	50,338	49,695		48,307
Additional paid-in capital		26,803,455	25,794,862		25,653,645	24,039,925	23,172,908	2	3,510,487
Treasury stock		(1,679,234)	(1,679,234))	_	_	_		_
Notes and subscriptions receivable, stockholder		_	_		(573,620)	(551,961)	(630,361)		(508,761)
Accumulated deficit		(44,538,676)	(42,022,964)) (34,863,904)	(29,434,119)	(25,736,982)	(2	4,942,432)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)		(11,394,904)	(9,887,785))	(1,764,361)	2,069,183	4,820,260	((1,892,399)

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read together with our financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus. This discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements that are based upon current expectations and involve risks, assumptions and uncertainties. You should review the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page 7 of this prospectus for a discussion of important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements described in the following discussion and analysis.

Overview

We are a medical device company focused on the development and commercialization of technology that enables physicians to see inside the brain and heart using direct, intra-procedural MRI guidance while performing minimally invasive surgical procedures. Utilizing existing hospital infrastructure, we believe that our marketed products and our product candidates will deliver better patient outcomes in shorter procedure times, enhance revenue potential for both physicians and hospitals, and reduce costs to the healthcare system. Our ClearPoint system is designed to allow minimally invasive procedures in the brain to be performed in the hospital's MRI suite. The ClearTrace system is designed to allow catheter-based minimally invasive procedures in the heart to be performed in the hospital's MRI suite. Finally, under our SafeLead Development Program, we are working with Boston Scientific to incorporate our MRI-safety technologies into Boston Scientific's implantable leads for cardiac and neurological applications.

On June 16, 2010 we received regulatory clearance from the FDA to market our ClearPoint system in the United States for general neurological procedures. As such, our financial statements do not reflect any revenues generated from sales of our ClearPoint system products. We do not have regulatory clearance or approval to sell the ClearTrace system and, therefore, we have not generated revenues from sales of that product candidate. In 2008, we received licensing fees totaling \$13,000,000 from Boston Scientific for our MRI-safety technologies, which we used to finance our operations and internal growth. We have also financed our operations and internal growth through private placements of securities, borrowings, and interest earned on the net proceeds from our private placements and the Boston Scientific licensing fees. Prior to 2008, we were a development stage enterprise. We have incurred significant losses since our inception in 1998 as we have devoted substantially all of our efforts to research and development. As of March 31, 2010, we had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$44,539,000. We may continue to incur significant operating losses as we commercialize our marketed products, continue to develop our product candidates, and expand our business generally. We also expect that our general and administrative expenses will increase due to additional operational and regulatory costs and burdens associated with operating as a public company.

Factors Which May Influence Future Results of Operations

The following is a description of factors which may influence our future results of operations, including significant trends and challenges that we believe are important to an understanding of our business and results of operations.

Revenues

Since inception, we have generated revenues primarily from our collaborative agreements with Boston Scientific, principally from recognition of portions of the \$13,000,000 of licensing fees, which we received in 2008. Revenues associated with these licensing fees are recognized on a straight-line basis over a five year period, which is our estimated period of continuing involvement in the development activities. Additional payments related to substantive, performance-based milestones and incentive payments that may be received under the agreement regarding implantable cardiac leads will be deferred upon receipt and achievement of the

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specified milestones and recognized over our estimated period of continuing involvement. These revenue recognition policies are more fully described in the "Critical Accounting Policies and Significant Judgments and Estimates" section below. We did not report any revenues in 2007, 2006 or 2005.

On June 16, 2010 we received 510(K) clearance from the FDA to market our ClearPoint system in the United States for general neurological procedures. Future revenues from sales of our marketed products are difficult to predict and may not be sufficient to offset our continuing and increasing research and development expenses and selling, general and administrative expenses for the next several years. We cannot sell any of our product candidates until we receive regulatory clearance or approval.

The generation of recurring revenues through sales of our disposable components is an important part of our business model for our ClearPoint system. We anticipate that recurring revenues will constitute an increasing percentage of our total revenues as we leverage each new installation of our ClearPoint system to generate recurring sales of these disposable components. With respect to a single hospital, we do not anticipate that sales of the reusable components of our ClearPoint system will generate recurring revenues.

Research and Development Expenses

Our research and development expenses consist primarily of costs associated with the conceptualization, design, testing and prototyping of our ClearPoint system products and our product candidates. This includes: the salaries, travel and benefits of research and development personnel; materials and laboratory supplies used by our research personnel; consultant costs; sponsored contract research and product development with third parties; and licensing costs. From our inception through March 31, 2010, we have incurred approximately \$26,983,000 in research and development expenses. We anticipate that research and development expenses will increase as we: (i) continue to develop enhancements to our ClearPoint system; (ii) continue our early-stage product development efforts for the ClearTrace system; (iii) commence clinical trials for the ablation catheter component of the ClearTrace system; and (iv) expand our research to apply our technologies to additional product applications.

Product development timelines, likelihood of success and total costs vary widely by product candidate. At this time, due to the risks inherent in the product clearance and approval process and given the early stage of development of our product candidates, we are unable to estimate with any certainty the costs that we will incur in the continued development of our product candidates for commercialization.

General and Administrative Expenses

Our general and administrative expenses consist primarily of: salaries, travel and benefits for administrative personnel; share-based compensation; professional fees, including fees for attorneys and outside accountants; selling costs; occupancy costs; insurance; and other general and administrative expenses, which include corporate licenses and taxes, postage, office supplies and meeting costs. Our general and administrative expenses are expected to increase due to costs associated with the commercialization of our ClearPoint system, increased headcount necessary to support our continued growth in operations, and the additional operational and regulatory burdens and costs associated with operating as a publicly traded company. In addition, we expect to incur additional costs associated with protecting our intellectual property rights as necessary to support our product offerings.

Critical Accounting Policies and Significant Judgments and Estimates

Our management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based on our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements as well as the reported expenses during the reporting periods.

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The accounting estimates that require our most significant, difficult and subjective judgments include revenue recognition, impairment of long-lived assets, computing the fair value of our derivative liability and the determination of share-based compensation. We evaluate our estimates and judgments on an ongoing basis. Actual results may differ materially from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

While our significant accounting policies are more fully described in note 2 to our financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus, we believe that the following accounting policies and estimates are most critical to a full understanding and evaluation of our reported financial results.

Revenue Recognition. We evaluate revenue recognition on an agreement by agreement basis which, as of March 31, 2010, principally involved two license agreements with Boston Scientific. Both agreements provide various revenue streams for us, including an up-front licensing fee for one of the licenses, various milestone payments, payments for research and development and consulting services, and royalties.

We evaluate the various elements of these agreements based upon GAAP for multiple element arrangements to determine whether the various elements represent separate units of accounting. This evaluation requires subjective determinations about the fair value of each element and whether delivered elements have stand alone value and, therefore, are separable from the undelivered contract elements for revenue recognition purposes. In addition, we evaluated repayment provisions associated with one of the license agreements which, under certain conditions, would require us to return payments received under the agreement. In both license agreements, we concluded that all of the contract elements should be treated as a single unit of accounting. As such, all amounts received were initially recorded as deferred revenue and thereafter recognized as revenue over our estimated period of performance on a straight-line basis. In the case of the license with possible repayment obligation provisions, revenue recognition will not occur until the repayment obligation period expires.

Note 2 to our financial statements, "Significant Accounting Policies—Revenue Recognition", more fully describes the deliverables under these license agreements including our rights, obligations and cash flows.

Inventory. Inventory is carried at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or net realizable value for products that are cleared or approved for commercial sale or for which clearance or approval is anticipated. As of March 31, 2010, all items included in inventory related to our ClearPoint system. At each reporting period in which our balance sheet reflects inventory related to product candidates that do not have regulatory clearance or approval, we evaluate the likelihood of receiving regulatory clearance or approval for these product candidates based on input from our external regulatory advisers. We also consider our anticipated selling prices based on analysis of product pricing of competitors and review of market information prepared by third party research analysts to determine net realizable value.

Valuation Allowance for Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective income tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in the period that included the enactment date.

Valuation allowances are recorded for deferred tax assets when the recoverability of such assets is not deemed more likely than not.

We have evaluated the effect of the guidance provided by GAAP regarding accounting for uncertainty in income taxes that became effective in 2009. In that regard, we have evaluated all tax positions that could have a significant effect on the financial statements and determined we have no uncertain tax positions at March 31, 2010 that could have a significant effect on our financial statements. Our tax returns after 2005 remain open for examination.

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Impairment of long-lived assets. We evaluate the recoverability of our long-lived assets (finite lived intangible assets and property and equipment) whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of long-lived assets may not be fully recoverable. When this occurs, the expected undiscounted future cash flows are compared to the net book value of the related assets. If the net book value of the related assets exceeds the expected undiscounted future cash flows of the assets, the carrying amount will be reduced to the present value of the expected future cash flows and an impairment loss would be recognized.

Share-based compensation. We account for compensation for all arrangements under which employees and others receive shares of stock or equity instruments (including options and warrants) in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718 "Compensation – Stock Compensation", or ASC Topic 718. Under ASC Topic 718, the fair value of each award is estimated and amortized as compensation expense over the requisite service period. The fair value of our share-based awards is estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes valuation model. This valuation model requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected price volatility and estimated option term. As we have been operating as a private company, we are unable to use actual price volatility and option life data as input assumptions within our Black-Scholes valuation model. Prior to October 2009, we used expected volatilities based on the historical volatility of the industry sector in which we operate, in accordance with the guidance set forth in ASC Topic 718.

Beginning in October 2009, we based our estimate of expected volatility on the average historical volatilities of publicly traded companies we deemed similar due to our lack of historical volatility data of our own. We will consistently apply this methodology until a sufficient amount of historical information regarding the volatility of our share price becomes available.

To estimate the expected term, we chose to utilize the "simplified" method for "plain vanilla" options as discussed in the Securities and Exchange Commission's Staff Accounting Bulletin 107, or SAB 107. We believe that all factors listed in SAB 107 as pre-requisites for utilizing the simplified method are true for us and for our share-based payment arrangements. We intend to utilize the simplified method for the foreseeable future until more detailed information about exercise behavior becomes available.

Our risk-free interest rates are based on a zero-coupon U.S. treasury instrument, the term of which is consistent with the expected term of the stock options. We have not paid and do not anticipate paying cash dividends on our shares of common stock; therefore, the expected dividend yield is assumed to be zero. The fair value of share-based payments are generally amortized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service periods of the awards, which are generally the vesting periods.

We believe there is a high degree of subjectivity involved when using option pricing models to estimate share-based compensation under ASC Topic 718. Currently, there is not a market-based mechanism or other practical application to verify the reliability and accuracy of the estimates stemming from these valuation models, nor is there a means to compare and adjust the estimates to actual values. Although the fair value of stock option awards is determined in accordance with ASC Topic 718 using an option pricing model, that value may not be indicative of the fair value observed in a market transaction between a willing buyer and a willing seller. If factors change and we employ different assumptions in the application of ASC Topic 718 in future periods than those currently applied under ASC Topic 718, the compensation expense we record in future periods under ASC Topic 718 may differ significantly from what we have historically reported.

Total share-based compensation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 was approximately \$54,000 and \$38,000, respectively, and for years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, it was approximately \$131,000 and \$118,000, respectively. As of March 31, 2010 there was approximately \$343,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested share-based compensation arrangements. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of approximately three years.

Research and development costs. Research and development costs consist of direct and indirect costs associated with the development of our technologies. These costs are expensed as incurred.

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Derivative Financial Instruments. We account for derivative instruments in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 815, which establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments and hedging activities, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other financial instruments or contracts and requires recognition of all derivatives on the balance sheet at fair value. We calculate the fair value of these instruments using the Black-Scholes valuation model. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recorded each period as a gain or loss in the statement of operations unless the derivative qualifies for hedge accounting. At March 31, 2010 and at December 31, 2009 and 2008, we did not have any derivative instruments that were designated as hedges.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 (as restated) to the Three Months Ended March 31, 2009

	Mar	March 31,		
	2010	2009	Change	
Revenues	\$ 650,000	\$ 650,000	0%	
Research and development costs	1,747,000	1,502,000	16	
General and administrative expenses	1,012,000	606,000	67	
Other (income) expense, net	407,000	(32,000)	_	

Revenues. Revenues were \$650,000 for both the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009. Revenues for both periods relate solely to our licensing and development agreements with Boston Scientific.

Research and development costs. Research and development expense was approximately \$1,747,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2010, compared to approximately \$1,502,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009, an increase of approximately 16%. This increase was due mostly to an increase of approximately \$219,000 in third party research and development related services and an increase in regulatory filing costs related to our ClearPoint system of approximately \$104,000. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in materials and supplies for product candidate testing and prototyping of approximately \$68,000 related primarily to the timing of development activities associated with our ClearPoint system.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses were approximately \$1,012,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2010, compared to approximately \$606,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009, an increase of approximately 67%. The increase was due primarily to: (i) an increase of approximately \$170,000 in patent filing and prosecution costs related primarily to intellectual property associated with our ClearPoint system; (ii) an increase of approximately \$112,000 related to accruals for annual bonuses; and (iii) an increase of approximately \$77,000 in sales and marketing costs incurred in preparation of the anticipated commercial launch of our ClearPoint system.

Other (income) expense, net. Net other expense was approximately \$407,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2010, compared to other income of approximately \$32,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009. A loss of approximately \$209,000 related to the change in fair value of our derivative liability was recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2010. Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2010 was approximately \$201,000, while no interest expense was incurred during the same period in 2009. Interest expense of approximately \$153,000 relates to the accretion of a discount and accrued interest on related party convertible notes payable with a principal balance of \$3,500,000. All other interest expense relates to the bridge notes that were issued in March 2010. Interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2010 decreased by approximately \$29,000 compared to the same period in 2009 due to lower average cash balances and lower interest rates.

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Comparison of the Year Ended December 31, 2009 to the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Dece	December 31,		
	2009	2008	Change	
Revenues	\$2,600,000	\$1,950,000	33%	
Research and development costs	6,068,000	4,258,000	43	
General and administrative expenses	3,596,000	2,920,000	23	
Interest expense, net	46,000	201,000	(77)	

Revenues. Revenues were approximately \$2,600,000 for the year ended December 31, 2009 compared to approximately \$1,950,000 for the year ended December 31, 2008, an increase of approximately 33%. Revenues for both periods relate solely to our licensing and development agreements with Boston Scientific. The increase in revenues resulted from the recognition of a full twelve months of licensing fee revenues during the year ended December 31, 2009 compared to the recognition of only nine months of licensing fee revenues for the year ended December 31, 2008.

Research and development costs. Research and development expense was approximately \$6,068,000 for the year ended December 31, 2009, compared to approximately \$4,258,000 for the year ended December 31, 2008, an increase of approximately 43%. This increase was due primarily to: (i) an increase of approximately \$1,177,000 related to the employment of additional research and development personnel; (ii) an increase of approximately \$746,000 related to the use of third-parties for research and development services; and (iii) an increase of approximately \$441,000 for materials and supplies necessary for product candidate testing and prototyping, depreciation and miscellaneous research and development expenses. The increase in research and development expenses was offset by decreases in engineering design costs and software development costs of approximately \$356,000 and \$301,000, respectively.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expense was approximately \$3,596,000 for the year ended December 31, 2009 compared to approximately \$2,920,000 for the year ended December 31, 2008, an increase of approximately 23%. The increase was due primarily to: (i) an increase of approximately \$527,000 in corporate and operations personnel costs; (ii) an increase of approximately \$263,000 in sales and marketing costs incurred in preparation of the anticipated commercial launch of our ClearPoint system; and (iii) an increase of approximately \$129,000 in occupancy costs. Increases in corporate and operating personnel costs were caused mostly by additional hires. The increase in occupancy costs was associated with a full year of lease expense for the year ended December 31, 2009 for both our Irvine, California and Memphis, Tennessee offices as compared to only occupying these offices a portion of the year during 2008. Increases in general and administrative expenses were partially offset by an approximate \$360,000 reduction in professional fees during the year ended December 31, 2009 related to the timing of patent filings.

Interest expense, net. Net interest expense was approximately \$46,000 for the year ended December 31, 2009 compared to net interest expense of approximately \$201,000 for the year ended December 31, 2008, a decrease of approximately 77%. Interest expense decreased for the year ended December 31, 2009 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2008 as a result of the amortization of a debt discount related to a convertible note converted in June 2008 of approximately \$395,000 as compared to amortization of debt discount of approximately \$98,000 since inception of the related party convertible note payable in October 2009 through December 31, 2009. Interest income in 2009 decreased from 2008 by approximately \$50,000 due to lower average cash balances.

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Comparison of the Year Ended December 31, 2008 to the Year Ended December 31, 2007

	Dece	December 31,			
	2008	2007	Change		
Revenues	\$1,950,000	s —			
Research and development costs	4,258,000	2,099,000	103%		
General and administrative expenses	2,920,000	1,413,000	107		
Interest expense, net	201,000	185,000	9		

Revenues. Revenues for the year ended December 31, 2008 were approximately \$1,950,000, compared to zero for the year ended December 31, 2007. The increase in revenues resulted primarily from the recognition of revenues from the licensing fees received under one of our agreements with Boston Scientific.

Research and development costs. Research and development expense for the year ended December 31, 2008 was approximately \$4,258,000, compared to \$2,099,000 for the year ended December 31, 2007, an increase of approximately 103%. This increase was due primarily to: (i) an increase of approximately \$474,000 related to the employment of additional research and development personnel; (ii) an increase of approximately \$959,000 related to engineering, design and documentation, materials, third party contract research associated with the development of our ClearPoint system; (iii) an increase of approximately \$263,000 related to sponsored research programs; (iv) an increase of \$313,000 in payments related to the acquisition of licenses; and (v) an increase of approximately \$119,000 related to the use of consultants.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expense for the year ended December 31, 2008 was approximately \$2,920,000 compared to \$1,413,000 for the year ended December 31, 2007, an increase of 107%. This increase was due primarily to: (i) an increase of approximately \$540,000 in corporate personnel expense relating to the employment of additional administrative personnel; (ii) an increase of approximately \$110,000 in occupancy expense primarily related to rent expense and leasehold improvements at our facility in Irvine, California; (iii) an increase of approximately \$690,000 in professional fees, primarily legal fees, incurred for patent costs; (iv) an increase of approximately \$94,000 in travel related costs; and (v) an increase of approximately \$58,000 related to depreciation expense on property additions.

Interest expense, net. Net interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2008 was approximately \$201,000 compared to \$185,000 for the year ended December 31, 2007, an increase of approximately 9%. The difference in net interest expense is a result of the change in the amount of interest income we earned. Although our average cash balances in 2008 were higher than that of 2007, the decline in rate of interest that we earned on our cash balances decreased significantly as we focused on preservation and safeguarding of cash rather than maximizing interest income, resulting in approximately \$16,000 less in interest income in 2008 as compared to 2007. The interest expense for both 2007 and 2008 were the same amount, approximately \$395,000, representing the charge to interest expense for the amortization of the value of warrants granted in connection with a note to Boston Scientific. The value assigned to the warrants was recorded as a discount to the note at the time of issuance and was amortized over the period of time that the note was outstanding.

Determination of Fair Market Value of Our Common Stock

The exercise prices of options granted were set by our Board of Directors. Our Board of Directors sets the exercise prices of options based on its determination of the fair market value of our common stock at the time of the grants, which determination is made in accordance with federal tax rules, which require reasonable application of a reasonable valuation method.

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We performed valuations of our common stock contemporaneously with the granting of stock options. We believe that all of our stock options have been granted with exercise prices that are equal to or greater than the fair market value of our common stock on the date of grant. From January 1, 2009 through March 31, 2010, we have granted the following compensatory stock options:

Fair

				ran	
			Fair	Value	
			Value of	of	
	Number of	Exercise	Common	Option	Intrinsic
Grant date	Options	Price	Stock(1)	Grant ⁽²⁾	Value ⁽³⁾
March 17, 2009	2,500	\$ 9.64	\$ 9.64	\$ 2.68	\$ 10,900
August 20, 2009	9,250	9.64	9.64	2.68	40,330
December 10, 2009	15,000	9.64	9.64	3.24	65,400
December 22, 2009	66,652	9.64	9.64	2.76	290,603

- (1) All fair market valuations were determined by our board of directors in consultation with management at the date of each stock option grant.
- (2) As determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model at the date of each stock option grant.
- (3) Intrinsic value reflects the amount by which \$14.00, which is the mid-point of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus, exceeds the exercise price of the outstanding stock options.

At March 31, 2010, we had 667,277 compensatory stock options outstanding with an intrinsic value of \$6,531,928. Intrinsic value reflects the amount by which \$14.00, which is the mid-point of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus, exceeds the exercise price of the outstanding stock options.

Significant factors, assumptions and methodologies used in determining fair value of our common stock on the grant dates of stock option awards made subsequent to January 1, 2009

We granted compensatory stock options on four dates between January 1, 2009 and March 31, 2010. In the absence of a public trading market for our common stock, we determined a reasonable estimate of the then current fair value of our common stock based upon multiple valuation criteria and contemporaneous analyses. Our Board of Directors exercised judgment in evaluating and assessing the fair value of our common stock on each grant date. Set forth below are significant factors considered, assumptions made and methodologies used in determining fair value on each grant date.

Valuation Methodologies for March 17, 2009 and August 20, 2009 Grants

General. The fair values for the March 17, 2009 and August 20, 2009 grants each utilized, in part, two alternative valuation approaches. The first approach, referred to as the income approach, is a valuation technique that provides an estimation of the fair value of a business based upon the cash flows that it can be expected to generate over time. The second approach, referred to as the market approach, is a valuation technique that provides an estimation of fair value based on recent transactions that have occurred in our stock, our industry or in related industries.

Income Approach. The income approach we utilized begins with an estimation of the annual cash flows that a business is expected to generate over a discrete projection period. The estimated cash flows for each of the years in the period are then converted to their present value equivalent using a discount rate considered appropriate given the risk of achieving the projected cash flows. We selected a discount rate of 35%. In selecting the discount rate, we looked at what we believe are current rates of return expected by investors in various investments with different risk characteristics and we established the discount rate based on what we believed to be the most comparable rate of return range. The present value of the estimated cash flows are then added to the present value equivalent of the residual value of the business at the end of the projection period to arrive at an estimate of fair value. Such an approach necessarily relies on estimations of future cash flows that are inherently uncertain, as well as a determination of an appropriate discount rate in order to derive present value equivalents of both the projected cash flows and the residual value of the business at the end of the period. The use of different estimations of future cash flows or a different rate of return could result in a different indication of fair value.

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Market Approach. The market approach utilized recent sales of our common stock in privately negotiated transactions between our stockholders.

Determination of Value. In determining a value, we considered the indications of value from both the income approach and the market approach.

- Weighting. Application of the market approach resulted in a higher indication of value than the income approach. We applied a 20% weighting to the income approach and an 80% weighting to the market approach in deriving a final indication of value. We chose to apply only a 20% weighting to the income approach because the assumptions underlying the income approach are subject to significant volatility. We chose to apply an 80% weighting to the market approach because of the isolated and limited nature of the private transactions in our stock.
- Discount for Lack of Control. The discount for lack of control, otherwise known as a discount for minority interest, reflects a reduction in value due to the absence of elements of control that do not accrue to a minority stockholder. We selected a lack of control discount of 30%, based on a review of premiums paid in transactions to acquire control of public companies that ranged from 20% to 50%. The lack of control discount took into account the rights, privileges and preferences held by our preferred stockholders.
- Discount for Lack of Marketability. A discount for lack of marketability is applied to a minority interest in the equity of a privately-held company due to the fact that a stockholder in a privately-held company has no ready market for his or her interest other than by a private sale to another stockholder or willing buyer. We selected a lack of marketability discount of 35% based on restricted stock studies, studies of private placements of stock in public companies and studies of initial public offerings that primarily observed discounts ranging from 30% to 40%. We chose the mid-point of that range in valuing our common stock due to the historical lack of dividends being paid, restrictions on transferability, and the high volatility of our peer group.

Fair Value at March 17, 2009. To determine the fair value of our common stock on March 17, 2009 of \$9.64 per share, our primary considerations included:

- an August 21, 2008 valuation prepared by an unrelated valuation specialist utilizing the valuation methods described above;
- our historical operating and financial results, current cash position and estimated time that our current cash position would fund our operations;
- the liquidation preference and other rights, privileges and preferences associated with our preferred stock;
- our stage of development and business strategy, including the status and estimated timing of clearance of our 510(k) submissions with the FDA for the ClearPoint system and the likelihood and timing of product launch; and
- prevailing economic conditions and outlook at the time.

Fair Value at August 20, 2009. To determine the fair value of our common stock on August 20, 2009 of \$9.64 per share, our primary considerations included:

- the August 21, 2008 valuation and the other factors considered in the March 17, 2009 fair value determination noted above;
- the declining cash balances of the company;
- continued uncertainty regarding FDA clearance of the pending 510(k) submissions for our ClearPoint system;
- the determination by our Board of Directors that no event had occurred which, in their judgment, resulted in either a higher or lower value of our common stock than the March 17, 2009 grants; and

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• the lack of free accessibility as of such date to the equity capital markets, creating difficulties in marketability and liquidity.

Valuation Methodology for December 10, 2009 and December 22, 2009 Grants

General. Because we began the process of preparing for our initial public offering in the fourth quarter of 2009, we amended our process to estimate the value of our common stock to utilize a probability-weighted expected return method, or "PWER method", as detailed in a practice aid issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants entitled "Valuation of Privately Held Company Equity Securities Issued as Compensation". A PWER method analysis consists of the following five steps:

- Identifying the most likely liquidity events for the company, including when they are expected to occur, the probability of each occurring, and the equity values of the company for each. Scenarios considered can be broken down into four general categories: a strategic sale or merger; an initial public offering; the dissolution of the company; and the company's private enterprise value (with no liquidity event);
- Determining the value of the common stock for, and as of, each of the liquidity events considered;
- Determining the present value of the common stock for each liquidity scenario;
- Applying the probabilities assigned to each scenario to the present value of the common stock for each scenario to determine the probability-weighted value as of the valuation date; and
- Performing a check-to-value analysis to determine the reasonableness of the value of the common stock and the assumptions relied on.

Using this valuation methodology, we estimated the value of our common stock based upon an analysis of future values of the company assuming various liquidity events as described below.

Identifying Most Likely Liquidity Events. We determined that there were four likely liquidity events:

- a sale of our intellectual property in a liquidation scenario;
- completing an initial public offering of our common stock with FDA clearance for our ClearPoint system;
- · completing an initial public offering of our common stock without FDA clearance for our ClearPoint system; and
- a sale of the company as a going concern.

Determining the Value of Common Stock Under Each Liquidity Scenario. The value resulting from a sale of our intellectual property was based upon management's expectations as of the valuation date. The value resulting from both initial public offering liquidity events was based upon preliminary discussions of value with the underwriter. The value resulting from a sale of the company was based on conversations with investment bankers, potential buyers and management's expectations as of the valuation date.

Determining Present Value. We selected a discount rate of 35%. In selecting the discount rate, we looked at what we believe are current rates of return expected by investors in various investments with different risk characteristics and we established the discount rate based on what we believe to be the most comparable rate of return range.

Weighting of Each Scenario. The significant drivers and weightings for our December 10, 2009 and December 22, 2009 valuations were:

- sale of intellectual property in a liquidation scenario, 5%;
- initial public offering with FDA clearance for our ClearPoint system, 75%;

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- initial public offering without FDA clearance for our ClearPoint system, 0%; and
- sale of the company as a going concern, 20%.

We assigned only a 5% weighting to a sale of intellectual property in a liquidation scenario because we viewed a liquidation sale as unlikely to occur. We assigned a 75% weighting to the initial public offering with FDA clearance for our ClearPoint system because we deemed that scenario to be the most likely liquidity event. We assigned a 0% weighting to an initial public offering without FDA clearance for our ClearPoint system because we believed we would have FDA clearance of our ClearPoint system prior to completing the initial public offering. We assigned a 20% weighting to a sale of the company, as we believed it was the second most likely liquidity event.

Discount for Lack of Control. The discount for lack of control, otherwise known as a discount for minority interest, reflects a reduction in value due to the absence of elements of control that do not accrue to minority stockholder. We selected a lack of control discount of 20%, based on a review of premiums paid in transactions to acquire control of public companies that ranged from 20% to 50%.

Discount for Lack of Marketability. A discount for lack of marketability is applied to a minority interest in the equity of a privately-held company due to the fact that a stockholder in a privately-held company has no ready market for his or her interest other than by a private sale to another stockholder or willing buyer. Restricted stock studies, studies of private placements of stock in public companies and studies of initial public offerings primarily observed discounts ranging from 30% to 40%. However, we selected a lack of marketability discount of 20% because we had commenced the initial public offering process.

Fair Value at December 10, 2009. To determine the fair value of our common stock on December 10, 2009 of \$9.64 per share, our primary considerations included:

- a November 17, 2009 valuation prepared by an unrelated valuation specialist utilizing the PWER method described above;
- the determination by our Board of Directors that no event had occurred which, in their judgment, resulted in either a higher or lower value of our common stock than the March 17, 2009 grants in 2009;
- our historical operating and financial results, current cash position and estimated time that our current cash position would fund our operations; and
- uncertainty regarding FDA clearance of the final 510(k) submission for our ClearPoint system.

Fair Value at December 22, 2009. To determine the fair value of our common stock on December 22, 2009 of \$9.64 per share, our primary considerations included:

- a December 21, 2009 valuation prepared by an unrelated valuation specialist utilizing the PWER method described above;
- the determination by our Board of Directors that no event had occurred which, in their judgment, resulted in either a higher or lower value of our common stock than the March 17, 2009 grants in 2009;
- our historical operating and financial results, current cash position and estimated time that our current cash position would fund our operations; and
- uncertainty regarding FDA clearance of the final 510(k) submission for our ClearPoint system.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We received \$13,000,000 in licensing fees in 2008 under one of our agreements with Boston Scientific. We recognize revenue from these licensing fees over the estimated time period to complete our development work under the agreement. In addition, we are entitled to receive up to \$21,600,000 in future milestone-based

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payments, subject to our achievement of the milestones stipulated in the agreements and the issuance of certain patents licensed to Boston Scientific, of which there can be no assurance. In addition to payments received from Boston Scientific, we have financed our operations and internal growth almost exclusively through private placements of preferred stock and borrowings. We have incurred significant losses since our inception in 1998. As of March 31, 2010, we had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$44,539,000. Our accumulated deficit resulted principally from research and development activities and the costs to support such efforts as recorded in general and administrative costs.

During 2009, Boston Scientific loaned us \$3,500,000 pursuant to the terms of three convertible promissory notes. Interest on the loans accrues at 10% per annum and compounds annually. The Boston Scientific loans are secured by a first priority security interest in all of our assets. Each loan matures on the second anniversary of the date on which the funds were advanced. In addition, we will be required to prepay all or a portion of loans upon the consummation of any qualified financing, which is any equity financing in which shares of our preferred stock are issued in exchange for cash proceeds. Upon consummation of a qualified financing from Medtronic, Inc., St. Jude Medical, Inc., or Johnson & Johnson, or any of their respective subsidiaries or affiliates, up to 100% of the cash proceeds from such qualified financing must be used to prepay the outstanding principal of the loans and accrued interest thereon. Upon consummation of a qualified financing from any other investor, up to 25% of the cash proceeds from such qualified financing shall be applied by us to prepay the outstanding principal of the loans and accrued interest thereon. We can prepay each loan at any time prior to its respective maturity date. At the option of Boston Scientific, these loans are convertible into one share of our common stock for every \$8.00 of principal and interest outstanding at the time of conversion. To the extent that Boston Scientific has not exercised its conversion right prior to the completion of this offering, Boston Scientific will no longer have the right to convert the notes into shares of stock.

In March 2010, we issued 10% senior unsecured convertible notes, or the bridge notes, in the aggregate principal amount of \$4,071,000 in a private placement, or the bridge financing. Upon consummation of this offering, the bridge notes will automatically convert into shares of our common stock at the lesser of \$8.00 per share or 80% of the public offering price, but the conversion price cannot be lower than \$4.00 per share. The bridge notes mature two years from the date of issuance, unless earlier converted, and accrue interest at the rate of 10% per annum. All accrued interest will be paid in cash and will not be converted into shares of our common stock. We incurred approximately \$293,000 of expenses related to the bridge financing, including legal fees and placement agent fees. In addition, we issued warrants to the placement agent exercisable for 25,444 shares of our common stock at a price equal to the lesser of \$8.00 per share or 80% of the public offering price of our common stock in this offering, but the exercise price cannot be lower than \$4.00 per share. We intend to use the proceeds of the bridge financing for working capital and general corporate purposes.

Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities. Net cash flows from operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 and the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 was approximately \$(2,632,000), \$(2,419,000), \$(9,479,000), \$7,256,000, and \$(2,994,000), respectively. The use of cash in the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 and the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2007 resulted primarily from funding research and development activities and from incurring supporting general and administrative expenses. The positive net cash for the year ended December 31, 2008 resulted from the \$13,000,000 in licensing fees under one of our agreements with Boston Scientific.

Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities. Net cash flows from investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 and the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 was approximately \$(33,000), \$(154,000), \$(282,000), \$(947,000), and \$(62,000), respectively. Net cash used in investing activities for each of the periods was primarily related to the purchase of property and equipment and the acquisition of intellectual property licenses.

Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities. Net cash flows from financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 and the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 was approximately \$3,645,000, \$(1,000,000), \$2,409,000, zero, and \$600,000, respectively. Net cash flows from financing activities

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for the year ended December 31, 2007 was attributable to borrowings under related party notes and the issuance of preferred stock. Net cash flows from financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2009 related primarily to the proceeds from our issuance of related party convertible notes payable, less the issuance of notes receivable and the purchase of treasury stock. Cash flows from financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2010 related primarily to proceeds from our issuance of the bridge notes.

Operating Capital and Capital Expenditure Requirements. To date, we have not achieved profitability. We anticipate that we may continue to incur substantial net losses for the next several years as we commercialize our ClearPoint system products, continue to develop our product candidates, expand our corporate infrastructure and pursue additional applications for our technology platforms.

As of March 31, 2010, we had approximately \$3,549,000 in cash and cash equivalents. Our cash balances are held in a variety of interest bearing instruments, including interest bearing demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Cash in excess of immediate requirements is invested primarily with a view to liquidity and capital preservation. We do not expect to generate product revenue from sales of our ClearPoint system products until the second half of 2010. Excluding any cash generated from sales of our ClearPoint system products, we believe the net proceeds from this offering together with our cash and cash equivalents and interest income we earn on these balances will be sufficient to meet our anticipated cash requirements through the end of 2011. If our available cash and cash equivalents and net proceeds from this offering are insufficient to satisfy our liquidity requirements, we may seek to sell additional equity or debt securities or enter into a credit facility. The sale of additional equity and debt securities may result in dilution to our stockholders. If we raise additional funds through the issuance of debt securities, these securities could have rights senior to those of our common stock and could contain covenants that would restrict our operations. We may require additional capital beyond our currently forecasted amounts. Any such required additional capital may not be available on reasonable terms, if at all. If we are unable to obtain additional financing, we may be required to reduce the scope of, delay, or eliminate some or all of, our planned research, development and commercialization activities, which could materially harm our business.

Our forecast of the period of time through which our financial resources will be adequate to support our operations, the cost to commercialize our marketed products and the costs to complete development of our product candidates are forward-looking statements and involve risks and uncertainties, and actual results could vary materially and negatively as a result of a number of factors, including the factors discussed in the "Risk Factors" section of this prospectus. We have based these estimates on assumptions that may prove to be wrong, and we could deplete our available capital resources sooner than we currently expect.

Because of the numerous risks and uncertainties associated with the development and commercialization of medical devices, we are unable to estimate the exact amounts of capital outlays and operating expenditures necessary to successfully commercialize our marketed products and complete the development of our product candidates. Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including but not limited to the following:

- the cost and timing of establishing sales, marketing and distribution capabilities and other corporate infrastructure;
- the cost of establishing inventories;
- the effect of competing technological and market developments;
- the scope, rate of progress and cost of our research and development activities;
- the achievement of milestone events under, and other matters related to, our agreements with Boston Scientific and Siemens;
- the terms and timing of any future collaborative, licensing or other arrangements that we may establish;

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- the cost and timing of clinical trials;
- the cost and timing of regulatory filings, clearances and approvals, and
- the cost of filing, prosecuting, defending and enforcing any patent claims and other intellectual property rights.

The following table summarizes our outstanding future contractual obligations as of December 31, 2009 and the effect those obligations are expected to have on our liquidity and cash flows in future periods:

	Payments Due by Period						
	·	Less than 1					
	Total	year	1-3 years	3-5 years	After 5 years		
Operating Lease Obligations	\$ 579,000	\$ 168,000	\$ 290,000	\$121,000	\$ —		
Long-Term Debt Obligations	3,500,000	_	3,500,000	_	_		
Shared Research Obligations	1,094,000	907,000	187,000	_	_		
Co-Development Obligations	2,326,000	1,257,000	1,069,000		_		
Software License Obligations	1,575,000	525,000	1,050,000	_	_		
Minimum Royalty Payment Obligations	1,575,000	45,000	140,000	190,000	1,020,000		
Total	\$10,649,000	\$2,902,000	\$6,236,000	\$311,000	\$1,020,000		

Our long-term commitments under operating leases shown above consist of payments relating to our facilities under leases that as of December 31, 2009 expire in 2011, 2012 and 2014. Our long-term debt obligations consist of the principal amounts owed under our convertible promissory notes issued to Boston Scientific. Shared research obligations consist of amounts payable under research agreements with certain universities. Co-development obligations consist of the payment obligations to Siemens in connection with the ClearTrace system software development. Software license obligations represent minimum purchase commitments under a master service and license agreement for the license of software code that is used in our ClearPoint system. Minimum royalty payment obligations consist of the minimum royalty payments due to a licensor.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Our exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates to our cash equivalents on deposit in demand deposit accounts and certificates of deposit. The primary objective of our cash investment activities is to preserve principal while at the same time maximizing the income we receive from our invested cash without significantly increasing risk of loss. We do not currently use derivative financial instruments. Our cash and investments policy emphasizes liquidity and preservation of principal over other portfolio considerations. We have operated solely in the United States. Accordingly, we do not have any material exposure to foreign currency rate fluctuations.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Since our inception, we have not engaged in any off-balance sheet arrangements, including the use of structured finance, special purpose entities or variable interest entities.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2009, the FASB issued ASU No. 2009-04, *Accounting for Redeemable Equity Instruments—Amendment to Section 480-10-S99*, or ASU No. 2009-04. This ASU represents an update to Section 480-10-S99, *Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity*, per Emerging Issues Task Force Topic D-98, "Classification and Measurement of Redeemable Securities." The adoption of ASU 2009-04 did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

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In August 2009, the FASB issued ASU No. 2009-05, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820)—Measuring Liabilities at Fair Value, or ASU No. 2009-05. This ASU amends Subtopic 820-10, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures—Overall, to provide guidance on the fair value measurement of liabilities. The adoption of ASU 2009-05 did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In October 2009, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2009-13, or ASU 2009-13, which addresses the accounting for multiple-deliverable arrangements to enable vendors to account for products or services (deliverables) separately rather than as a combined unit. ASU 2009-13 is effective prospectively for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified beginning in fiscal years on or after June 15, 2010. Early adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of this standard will have on our financial statements, if any.

In February 2010, the FASB issued authoritative guidance that amends the disclosure requirements related to subsequent events. This guidance includes the definition of a Securities and Exchange Commission filer, removes the definition of a public entity, redefines the reissuance disclosure requirements and allows companies to omit the disclosure of the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated. This guidance is effective for financial statements issued for interim and annual periods ending after February 2010. This guidance did not materially impact our results of operations or financial position, but did require changes to the disclosures in our financial statements.

In April 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2010-17, or ASU 2010-17, which provides guidance on defining a milestone and determining when it may be appropriate to apply the milestone method of revenue recognition for research or development arrangements that contain payment provisions contingent upon achieving specified events. ASU 2010-17 is effective for milestones achieved in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010. Early adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of this standard will have on our financial statements, if any.

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BUSINESS

Overview

We are a medical device company focused on the development and commercialization of technology that enables physicians to see inside the brain and heart using direct, intra-procedural MRI guidance while performing minimally invasive surgical procedures. Since our inception in 1998, we have focused on research and product development in the field of interventional MRI. From 1998 to 2002, we deployed significant resources to fund our efforts to develop the foundational capabilities for enabling MRI-guided interventions and to build an intellectual property position. In 2003, our focus shifted to identifying and building out commercial applications for the technologies we developed in prior years.

We have two core product platforms, the ClearPoint system and the ClearTrace system, both of which are designed to enable minimally invasive surgical procedures to be performed in a hospital's existing MRI suite. We developed our ClearPoint system to perform interventional applications in the brain. We are developing the ClearTrace system to perform interventional applications in the heart. In addition, we are also focused on developing our MRI-safety technologies through the SafeLead Development Program.

We believe that our marketed products and our product candidates, subject to appropriate regulatory clearance and approval, will deliver better patient outcomes, enhance revenue potential for both physicians and hospitals, and reduce costs to the healthcare system as described in more detail below:

- Better Patient Outcomes. We believe that if a physician can see the surgical field, the surgical instruments and the patient's anatomy at the same time and in the same "imaging space," the physician can more efficiently perform a surgical intervention in the brain or heart. Our marketed products and our product candidates, subject to appropriate regulatory clearance or approval, are designed to enable physicians to identify the target site, guide the surgical instrument to the site, deliver the therapy, monitor for adverse events and complications and confirm the desired results of the procedure, all under continuous, intra-procedural, high resolution MR imaging. We believe that these capabilities will translate directly into better clinical outcomes for the patients undergoing the procedures due to improved efficiency, the potential for the reduction of adverse events and side effects, as well as the potential for faster recovery times.
- Enhance Revenue Potential. Our marketed products and our product candidates are designed to enable certain procedures to be performed in the hospital's existing MRI suite. In the case of our ClearPoint system, we believe this would make the operating room available for other procedures to be performed. The additional procedures would result in additional revenue for the hospital. In addition, we believe that use of our marketed products and our product candidates, subject to appropriate regulatory clearance and approval, will reduce the amount of time needed to perform the procedures for which they are designed. As a result, we believe that our marketed products and our product candidates will improve the overall economics of the procedures for both the performing physician and the hospital. With respect to the physician, we anticipate that the physician will receive the same fee payment for performing a procedure using our marketed products or our product candidates as for performing the procedure using conventional means. However, as we believe the procedure will take less time to perform with the use of our marketed products or our product candidates, the physician's fee should be higher, when measured on a per hour basis. Likewise, if procedure times are shorter, the physician could perform more procedures. With respect to the hospital, we believe that shorter procedure times could lead to more efficient use of hospital resources and could increase the hospital's capacity for more procedures.
- Reduce Costs to the Healthcare System. As discussed above, we believe that use of our marketed products and our product candidates could result in better patient outcomes along with more efficient utilization of physician and hospital time and resources. If patient outcomes and procedure efficiencies are improved by use of our marketed products and our product candidates, we believe that the result will be a reduction in overall healthcare costs. If higher success rates are achieved by use of our

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marketed products and our product candidates, we believe this would mitigate the need for follow-up procedures to be performed on the same patient simply to achieve the original desired clinical result. As a result, the costs associated with follow-up procedures, such as in-patient hospital stays and physician fees, would not be incurred. Similarly, if the risk for complications during the procedure is reduced, the expected costs associated with the procedure also should be reduced.

Millions of people suffer from brain and heart diseases and disorders. While some patients can be treated with medication, some will require surgery. Current surgical interventions include both open and minimally invasive procedures. Given the option, patients, physicians and hospitals alike prefer minimally invasive procedures over open procedures. Despite the many benefits of minimally invasive procedures, they can still present significant limitations, most notably restricted vision of the patient's anatomy, the surgical field and instruments. Because of this restricted visibility, some minimally invasive procedures in the brain and heart are lengthy, difficult on patients, and require substantial physician and hospital resources. As a result, there is a need for a new and improved platform for those procedures in the brain and heart.

Utilizing the superior imaging capabilities of MRI, our marketed products and our product candidates, subject to appropriate FDA clearance or approval, are designed to enable physicians to:

- Guide a surgical instrument within the patient as it is advanced towards the therapeutic target;
- Deliver a planned therapy with precise visualization of a patient's anatomy, the surgical field and instruments;
- Monitor for adverse events during and immediately after the administration of the therapy; and
- *Confirm* the desired results of a procedure.

Our ClearPoint system is designed to allow minimally invasive procedures in the brain to be performed in the hospital's existing MRI suite. On June 16, 2010, we received 510(k) clearance from the FDA to market our ClearPoint system in the United States for general neurological interventional procedures. We are marketing our ClearPoint system to provide guidance for the placement and operation of instruments or devices during the planning and operation of neurological procedures within the MRI environment and in conjunction with MR imaging. Our ClearPoint system is intended to be used as an integral part of procedures such as biopsies and catheter and electrode insertion, which have traditionally been performed using other methods. In the future, we may seek additional regulatory clearance or approval for use of our ClearPoint system for more specific neurological indications to allow us to market and promote our ClearPoint system for those specific uses.

We believe that one of the more valuable future applications for our ClearPoint system could be use in MRI-guided deep brain stimulation lead placement. A deep brain stimulation lead is a thin, insulated wire with exposed electrodes that is implanted in a specific area of the brain and connected to an electronic device that is implanted in the chest. Deep brain stimulation is an approved therapy for treating the symptoms of movement disorders like Parkinson's disease and psychological disorders like treatment resistant obsessive compulsive disorder. Despite its approval for the treatment of these disorders, we believe that patient and physician adoption of deep brain stimulation therapy has been slowed significantly due to the arduous and time-consuming nature of the standard procedure by which deep brain stimulation leads are implanted in the patient's brain. Using our ClearPoint system, a physician could see and select a neurological target, aim our targeting device and watch as the surgical instrument is advanced to the target, which we believe would significantly reduce the time and complexity of the lead implantation procedure.

The ClearTrace system is a product candidate designed to allow catheter-based minimally invasive procedures in the heart to be performed using continuous, intra-procedural MRI guidance. Some catheter-based cardiac interventions, such as stent placement, do not require detailed visualization of the cardiac tissue. However, we believe that other procedures, such as cardiac ablation to treat arrhythmias, would significantly benefit from continuous high resolution imaging of cardiac tissue and the surgical instruments. During cardiac

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ablation, a physician attempts to restore a normal heart rhythm by destroying small areas of heart tissue to block irregular electrical impulses that cause an irregular heart beat, or arrhythmia. We expect that the ClearTrace system's initial application will be for catheter-based cardiac ablation to treat cardiac arrhythmias, such as atrial fibrillation. Atrial fibrillation is the most common cardiac arrhythmia affecting over three million people in the United States alone. In May 2009, we entered into an exclusive co-development agreement with Siemens, the global market leader in MRI scanners, for the development and commercialization of the hardware and MRI software necessary for the ClearTrace system. Because of Siemens' market-leading position, we believe that our exclusive relationship secures a strategic market position for the ClearTrace system. Our development activities on the ClearTrace system are ongoing. We have not made any filings seeking regulatory clearance or approval for the ClearTrace system. We anticipate that the initial market for the ClearTrace system will be the European Union.

Our other area of development is referred to as the SafeLead Development Program. Over the last ten years, we have pioneered several technologies that improve the MRI-safety profile of implantable medical leads. These leads are thin, insulated wires that are connected to implantable generators, such as a pacemaker or neurostimulator, and deliver electrical pulses or stimulation to a specific area of the body, such as the heart or the brain. During an MRI scan, these leads are susceptible to heating, which could burn and destroy adjacent tissue. Our technologies address this issue by maintaining lead temperatures well within safe levels during an MRI scan. In March 2008, we entered into an exclusive licensing and development agreement with Boston Scientific for the incorporation of our MRI-safety technologies into Boston Scientific's implantable cardiac leads. We previously entered into a similar arrangement with Boston Scientific with respect to its products for neurological applications. Under our agreements with Boston Scientific, we received licensing fees of \$13,000,000 in 2008 and we are entitled to receive up to approximately \$21,600,000 in future milestone-based payments, subject to our achievement of the milestones stipulated in the agreements and the issuance of certain patents licensed to Boston Scientific. Boston Scientific has also agreed to pay us royalties on net sales of products that incorporate our licensed intellectual property. We believe that our MRI-safety technologies, when integrated into Boston Scientific's implantable leads, could represent a meaningful market differentiator over existing implantable lead designs.

Our ClearPoint system and the ClearTrace system are integrated systems of reusable components, disposable components and intuitive, menu-driven software. Our business model for both the ClearPoint and ClearTrace systems is focused on producing high margin revenue from recurring sales of the disposable components. We intend to make our reusable components available to hospitals at lower margins. In addition, the reusable components can be installed at minimal cost to the hospital, without disrupting the hospital's routine schedule for use of its MRI scanner. We do not expect that the cost of the reusable components of our ClearPoint system and the ClearTrace system or the cost of installation of such reusable components will negatively impact the adoption rate of our systems among hospitals.

We have a significant intellectual property portfolio in the field of MRI-guided interventions. In addition, we have meaningful collaborations with major industry participants and renowned academic institutions. Our technologies have been the subject of numerous peer-reviewed articles in medical and scientific journals. As a result of our intellectual property and collaborative relationships, we believe that we are well positioned to remain on the forefront of the emerging market of MRI-guided minimally invasive surgical procedures.

Industry Background

Development of Minimally Invasive Surgical Procedures

Over the past few decades, one of the most significant medical trends has been the development of minimally invasive surgical methods and techniques. As its name implies, a minimally invasive procedure is a less invasive approach than open surgery. Minimally invasive procedures typically have involved use of laparoscopic devices, catheter-based devices or remote-control manipulation of instruments once inside the body.

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Compared to open surgical techniques, minimally invasive techniques offer potentially superior benefits for patients, physicians and hospitals:

- For the patient, these techniques result in reduced procedure-related pain, minimal scarring and reduced pain at the incision site, shorter post-operative hospital stays and faster recovery times;
- For the physician, these techniques reduce procedure-related complications and have the potential to reduce risks associated with more invasive procedures; and
- For the hospital, these procedures result in reduced hospital stays with faster recovery times, lower rates of complications, and reduced costs.

Procedures commonly performed using minimally invasive techniques include knee surgery, gastric surgery, cardiovascular balloon angioplasty, stent placement and tumor biopsy. In the United States alone, approximately 4.9 million minimally invasive surgical procedures are performed annually.

One of the ongoing challenges of minimally invasive procedures is the physician's ability to "see" what he or she is doing inside a patient's body. Technological advances in imaging modalities that permit a physician to see inside a human body have enabled the development and growth of minimally invasive surgical procedures. One such imaging modality is endoscopy, which involves examining the inside of a person's body using a long, thin, flexible tube with a light and a video camera, which displays images of the inside of the patient's body on a screen. The development of endoscopic visualization techniques reinvented the manner in which knee surgery was performed. Another imaging modality is fluoroscopy, which uses a continuous X-ray beam to create a sequence of images that are projected onto a television-like monitor. Fluoroscopic imaging enabled revolutionary improvements in the treatment of cardiovascular disease by guiding balloon angioplasty procedures and the placement of cardiac stents. The development of endoscopic and fluoroscopic techniques have dramatically increased the number of procedures performed when compared to the number of open procedures previously performed. While endoscopic and fluoroscopic imaging techniques are optimal for some minimally invasive procedures, we believe that many procedures in the brain and heart would benefit from a different imaging platform.

Magnetic Resonance Imaging

MRI is a widely practiced imaging technique that uses spatially varying magnetic fields to produce images of the human anatomy. Hydrogen nuclei, present in molecules throughout the body, are slightly magnetic. When placed in large external magnetic fields, they can be induced to emit or resonate radio frequency signals. These radio frequency signals are used to construct images of human anatomy, including high resolution images of soft tissue.

MRI has important and advantageous properties that differentiate it from other imaging methods. MRI scans can provide images of any part of the body, in any plane of view, and offer more detailed information than other modalities, including fluoroscopy and computed tomography. Some of the unique advantages of MRI include:

- no harmful ionizing radiation exposure for either the patient or the physician;
- soft tissue imaging that enables superior tissue visualization and enhanced differentiation between healthy and diseased tissues;
- unlimited orientation and positioning of the imaging plane;
- ability to directly acquire volumetric (three dimensional) data sets; and
- ability to evaluate both the structure and certain functions of internal organs.

MRI scanners are available in a number of different configurations and field strengths, which refers to the strength of the magnet used to create the magnetic field. Magnetic field strength is measured in Tesla, or T. The most common field strength for MRI scanners is 1.5T. Most MRI scans are performed using 1.5T MRI scanners.

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Higher field strength scanners such as 3T MRI scanners have been introduced in clinical practice and are in the early stages of commercial market adoption. These 3T MRI scanners provide faster scanner speeds and even higher resolution images than 1.5T MRI scanners.

The SurgiVision Solution

The last 20 years have witnessed significant advances in minimally invasive surgical techniques. However, we believe that some minimally invasive procedures within the brain and heart have been slow to develop and gain wide acceptance largely because of the inherent limitations of traditional imaging methods such as endoscopy or fluoroscopy. Neither of these imaging methods provides the physician with sufficient visualization of the brain or heart tissue to perform the next generation of minimally invasive neurological and cardiac procedures. Utilizing the power of MRI, our marketed products and our product candidates provide that capability. Our marketed products and our product candidates, subject to appropriate regulatory clearance or approval, are designed to enable physicians to:

- Guide the surgical instrument within the patient as it is advanced towards the therapeutic target. For example, a physician will be able to watch a probe as it moves through the brain towards its target point or visualize and steer a catheter into a chamber of the heart.
- *Deliver* the planned therapy with continuous high resolution visualization of a patient's anatomy, the surgical field and instruments. For example, a physician will be able to visualize ablation lesions in the heart as the physician creates them.
- *Monitor* for adverse events during and immediately after the administration of the therapy. For example, if a blood vessel in the brain is ruptured, hemorrhage will be visible within seconds and remedial action can be undertaken immediately.
- *Confirm* the desired results of a procedure. For example, a physician will be able to confirm, with specificity, correct anatomical placement of a device or delivery of a therapy in the brain or heart.

We believe the combination of MRI's continuous, high resolution imaging capabilities with minimally invasive surgical techniques will create an innovative platform for performing the next generation of procedures in the brain and heart.

Our Marketed Products

ClearPoint Neuro Intervention System

General

Our ClearPoint system is designed to allow minimally invasive procedures in the brain to be performed in the hospital's existing MRI suite. Our research efforts for our ClearPoint system began in 2003. On June 16, 2010, we received 510(k) clearance from the FDA to market our ClearPoint system in the United States for general neurological interventional procedures. We are marketing our ClearPoint system to provide guidance for the placement and operation of instruments or devices during the planning and operation of neurological procedures within the MRI environment and in conjunction with MR imaging. Our ClearPoint system is intended for use with 1.5T MRI scanners, and it is intended to be used as an integral part of procedures such as biopsies and catheter and electrode insertions, which have traditionally been performed using other methods. In the future, we may seek additional regulatory clearance or approval for use of our ClearPoint system for more specific neurological indications to allow us to market and promote our ClearPoint system for those specific uses. Such additional regulatory clearances or approvals may require us to perform clinical studies.

We believe that one of the more valuable future applications for our ClearPoint system could be MRI-guided deep brain stimulation lead placement. Deep brain stimulation is an approved therapy for treating the symptoms of movement disorders such as Parkinson's disease and psychological disorders like treatment

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resistant obsessive compulsive disorder. Despite its approval for the treatment of such disorders, we believe that patient and physician adoption of deep brain stimulation therapy has been slowed significantly due to the arduous and time-consuming nature of the standard procedure by which deep brain stimulation leads are implanted in the patient's brain. Using our ClearPoint system, a physician could see and select a neurological target, aim our targeting device and watch as the surgical instrument is advanced to the target, which we believe would significantly reduce the time and complexity of the interventional procedure.

Another future ClearPoint system application could be the delivery of drugs and biologic agents to precision targets in the brain to treat a variety of neurological diseases and conditions, including brain tumors. We believe that many therapies are currently not available because the drugs and biologic agents cannot be delivered effectively to their neurological targets. Delivery challenges include penetration of the blood-brain barrier, which is a protective barrier between brain tissue and circulating blood preventing some substances from entering the brain, and the risk of serious side effects which can occur if the drugs or biologics are unintentionally delivered to the tissue that surrounds the intended target site. We believe that our ClearPoint system could address these significant issues.

Components

Our ClearPoint system is an integrated system of reusable components, disposable components and intuitive, menudriven software. Pictures of some of our ClearPoint system components are included on the inside front cover of this prospectus.

Reusable Components. Our reusable components consist primarily of an imaging head coil, head fixation frame, computer workstation and in-room monitor. The architecture of our imaging head coil allows for surgical access to the patient while maintaining high quality imaging capability. The head fixation frame is integrated with the head coil and is designed to optimize the placement of the head coil in proximity to the patient's head. Our ClearPoint system software is installed on a computer workstation networked with an MRI scanner, for which we use a commercially available laptop computer. The inroom monitor allows the physician to view the display of our ClearPoint system workstation from the scanner room while performing the procedure.

Disposable Components. Our hardware components consist primarily of our SmartFrame device, a hand controller and a surgical kit. Our SmartFrame device is an adjustable trajectory frame that attaches to the patient's skull and that holds the targeting cannula. The hand controller attaches to our SmartFrame device, and it is used by the physician to adjust the roll, pitch and X and Y orientation of the targeting cannula. The surgical kit includes all other accessory components necessary for the MRI-guided neurological procedure, such as our SmartGrid patch, which is an MRI-visible marking grid, and customized surgical draping.

Software. Our ClearPoint system software guides the physician in surgical planning, device alignment, navigation to the target and procedure monitoring. The software receives standard images from the MRI scanner via a network connection to the scanner. The software leads the physician through a series of predefined steps, including MR image acquisition, establishment of image orientation landmarks, target identification and selection, trajectory planning, entry point planning and marking, targeting cannula orientation and refinement, and confirmation that the desired anatomical target(s) have been reached. The software uses image segmentation algorithms to help locate and identify our SmartFrame device and its targeting cannula, the probe and the anatomical structures of the brain. The software also performs geometric computations to provide the physician with information regarding the positioning of instruments inserted into the patient's brain relative to the target anatomical structures. At the completion of the procedure, the software generates an automated report that includes the key metrics from the procedure. Our ClearPoint system software will be included as part of the initial installation of our ClearPoint system pursuant to an end-user license agreement.

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Current Neurological Interventions

Performing minimally invasive interventions in the brain presents special challenges, including a need to reach small therapeutic targets often located deep within the brain. To reach these targets, the physician must act with precision to avoid damaging adjacent areas that are responsible for important neurological functions, such as memory or speech, or penetrating blood vessels which can lead to a life-threatening hemorrhage. To overcome these obstacles, the medical community has developed complicated surgical techniques, commonly referred to as stereotaxy, under which a physician merges pre-operative images and data with specialized surgical instruments to help guide the surgical intervention. Despite years of development and clinical experience, conventional stereotactic procedures remain complicated and time-consuming for many neurological interventions and can be extremely difficult on the patient.

In spite of their shortcomings, current stereotaxy-based approaches are commonly used to perform neurological interventions. These procedures include pre-operative biopsy and the insertion of catheters or electrodes in the brain. In 2007, industry analysts estimated that over 130,000 minimally invasive neurological interventions would be performed in the United States in 2008, including approximately 17,000 biopsies, 75,000 catheter insertions, and 8,000 electrode insertions. We believe our ClearPoint system is an innovative new approach to perform a subset of these neurological procedures.

Our ClearPoint System Solution

The design of our ClearPoint system significantly simplifies how neurological interventions are performed. Our solution, unlike some conventional approaches, begins with the patient in an MRI suite under general anesthesia and without interruption to the patient's prescription drug regimen. Once placed in the MRI scanner, the patient's head is immobilized in our imaging head coil and integrated head fixation frame with the patient's head accessible to the surgeon. The physician then places our MRI-visible SmartGrid patch onto the patient's head where the physician expects to enter the skull.

The patient is then moved to the center of the scanner and images are taken of the patient's brain that include the target area and our SmartGrid patch. Once the imaging is complete, the images are transferred to our ClearPoint system workstation so that the physician can determine the specific target site within the brain and the optimal trajectory path for the placement of the interventional device. With the trajectory path established, our ClearPoint system software will identify the specific location on our SmartGrid patch that corresponds with where the planned trajectory intersects the skull. The physician will then mark the skull using our custom marking tool. At the site of the mark, the physician will create a small 14 millimeter hole, which is called a burn hole, in the patient's skull.

The SmartFrame device is centered and attached over the burr hole. The target and planned trajectory is reconfirmed by the physician using our ClearPoint system workstation. Using the hand controller, the physician positions the MRI-visible SmartFrame device to align the instrument with the planned trajectory. During this process, the software estimates a number of turns and direction of turn on each of the hand controller's color coded thumbwheels to align the instrument to the planned trajectory.

Once our SmartFrame device has been aligned to the proper trajectory, the depth dimension is calculated by the software. Immediately before insertion and partway through insertion, scans are taken to ensure that the stylet is correctly tracking along the planned trajectory. The surgeon continues advancing the stylet towards the target site until it "snaps" into place on the SmartFrame device indicating that the stylet has reached the proper depth. At this time, images are taken at the target site to insure the peel away sheath and stylet are in the proper location relative to the desired target. Once proper location is confirmed, the stylet is removed, leaving behind a channel to the target site created by the peel away sheath. Now the interventional device can be inserted and the peel away sheath is removed.

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Potential Future Applications for our ClearPoint System

Deep Brain Stimulation

Deep brain stimulation is a therapy that uses mild electrical pulses from an implanted device to stimulate the brain. A deep brain stimulation system looks and operates much like a cardiac pacemaker, except that instead of sending pulses to the heart, it delivers electrical stimulation to a precisely targeted area in the brain. Several types of medications are available as the first line of treatment for these conditions. However, over time, these medications often become less effective at controlling symptoms and may begin to cause side effects. For those patients who fail to respond to, or have developed side effects from, standard drug therapies, deep brain stimulation can be an appropriate therapy.

To date, more than 60,000 people worldwide have undergone a deep brain stimulation procedure. The FDA has approved the use of deep brain stimulation for the treatment of Parkinson's disease and essential tremor. The FDA has also approved the use of deep brain stimulation for the treatment of dystonia and obsessive compulsive disorder pursuant to humanitarian device exemptions. We believe that the market for deep brain stimulation therapy is sizable because of the number of people suffering from these diseases or disorders for whom deep brain stimulation may be an appropriate treatment. FDA approval is currently being sought for the use of deep brain stimulation to treat epilepsy. Deep brain stimulation is also being investigated as a therapy for treatment-resistant major depression. We believe that the market for deep brain stimulation is growing because FDA approval is being sought and investigations are being conducted for these additional uses of deep brain stimulation therapy. The diseases and disorders, patient populations, potential deep brain stimulation candidates and status of FDA approval are described in the following table:

United States Deep Brain Stimulation Market

		Potential	
Indication	Patient Population	DBS Candidates ⁽¹⁾	FDA Approval
Parkinson's Disease	1,500,000	150,000	Approved
Essential Tremor	4,000,000	75,000	Approved
Dystonia	250,000	25,000	Approved(2)
Obsessive Compulsive Disorder	3,300,000	330,000	Approved(2)
Epilepsy	2,300,000	460,000	Pending
Treatment-Resistant Major Depression	6,000,000	1,200,000	$Unknown^{(3)}$
Subtotal	17,350,000	2,240,000	

- (1) The number of potential deep brain stimulation candidates are based on publicly available industry research reports and third-party corporate presentations.
- (2) Pursuant to a Humanitarian Device Exemption—Efficacy has not been established.
- (3) Although this indication is being actively investigated for deep brain stimulation therapy, no submissions have been filed with the FDA seeking approval and there can be no assurance that approval will ever be sought or received.

Conventional Deep Brain Stimulation Lead Placement Procedure

Despite the large potential market for deep brain stimulation and many years of research experience with deep brain stimulation technology, we believe that the conventional deep brain stimulation lead placement procedure has led to an under-developed market. The current approach for implantation of deep brain stimulation leads is a complex and lengthy procedure that is performed in an operating room. We believe that many patients identified by their physicians as candidates for deep brain stimulation therapy elect not to proceed with the treatment because of the arduous aspects of the procedure, namely:

- The patient is awake for his or her own brain surgery;
- The patient's head is affixed to a large, metal frame by skull pins;

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- A Parkinson's patient must stop taking medication prior to the procedure, which can result in uncontrolled body tremors during the procedure; and
- The procedure can last more than six hours.

The standard deep brain stimulation lead implantation approach is based on a technique called frame-based stereotaxy. In this method, a large, metal stereotactic frame is fixed to the patient's skull, using skull pins, to provide a fixed and common coordinate system. After the frame is attached to the patient's skull, the patient is then imaged pre-operatively in order to obtain images showing both the stereotactic frame axes and the anatomical structures of the patient's brain. These pre-operative images are then loaded into a surgical planning workstation. Surgical planning software is used to identify the neurological target for the deep brain stimulation therapy, as well as to define a trajectory path for the deep brain stimulation lead from the skull, through the brain tissue, and to the target. The planned trajectory and target location is then calculated in relation to the frame axes and then used to guide the surgery.

Successful deep brain stimulation therapy requires a high degree of accuracy in the placement of deep brain stimulation leads within specific deep brain structures. Because frame-based stereotaxy relies on pre-operative images, and not intraprocedural images, errors in the alignment of the pre-operative images with the patient's brain anatomy can, and often do, occur as a consequence of brain shift, variation in patient hydration, registration errors or misalignment of the frame. As a result, the physician often must undertake additional steps to further refine the process of locating the patient's neurological targets. These steps include physiological "mapping" of the brain and require an additional procedural step called microelectrode recording, which is a tedious and time-consuming process during which small probes containing microelectrodes are inserted into the deep brain structures usually multiple times. As these microelectrode recording probes are passed through brain tissue, they pick up electrical activity. The microelectrode recording system then converts the electrical activity into audible tones. In hearing these various audible tones, a trained neurologist or neurophysiologist can distinguish different regions of the brain. Based on these tones, locations are mapped against the pre-operative images and used to refine and adjust the neurological target as depicted on those pre-operative images. New coordinates are then calculated and a new trajectory is planned. To further confirm locations in the brain, various physiologic responses are induced or monitored with the microelectrodes. These physiological mapping steps require the patient to be awake and off medications.

A ClearPoint System Procedure

We believe that deep brain stimulation therapy would benefit from simplified lead implantation methodologies and that our ClearPoint system represents a dramatic improvement over the current approach. We believe that a deep brain stimulation lead implantation procedure utilizing our ClearPoint system would have the following attributes:

- the patient will not need to be awake and can be under general anesthesia and remain on his or her medication;
- the procedure will be performed in a standard 1.5T MRI scanner;
- intra-procedural MRI-guidance will be used to:
 - see and select the target site;
 - plan the path to the target site;
 - guide an instrument to the target site;
 - monitor for any adverse events or complications that might occur during the procedure; and
 - confirm that the target site has been reached; and
- the procedure is designed to be completed in approximately two to three hours.

We believe that the process of a deep brain stimulation lead implantation procedure utilizing our ClearPoint system would be substantially similar to the process described above in "—Our ClearPoint System Solution" on page 63.

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Precision Delivery of Drugs and Biologics

Another potential future ClearPoint system application could be the delivery of drugs and biologic agents to precision targets in the brain. Recently, drug companies and researchers have identified various compounds that may treat a number of neurological diseases, including movement and psychiatric disorders and brain tumors. Based on peer reviewed articles in medical and scientific journals, we believe that some of these therapies are currently not available because the drugs and biologic agents cannot be delivered effectively to their neurological targets. Delivery challenges include penetration of the blood-brain barrier and the risk of serious side effects which can occur if the drugs and biologics are unintentionally delivered to the tissue that surrounds the intended target site. We believe our ClearPoint system could address these significant issues.

We are presently conducting animal studies in close collaboration with renowned researchers in the field. These preliminary studies are demonstrating our ClearPoint system's capability to allow the physician to identify a precise neurological target area, guide an injection catheter into the target area, and watch the dispersion of the material within the target area as it is injected. We believe these capabilities for precision delivery are unique and remove a major barrier that has been preventing promising therapies from reaching the market.

Regulatory Status

On June 16, 2010, we received 510(k) clearance from the FDA to market our ClearPoint system in the United States for use in general neurological interventions, which is the same indication for use that applies to other devices that have traditionally been used in the performance of stereotactic neurological procedures. We are marketing our ClearPoint system to provide guidance for the placement and operation of instruments or devices during the planning and operation of neurological procedures within the MRI environment and in conjunction with MR imaging. Our ClearPoint system is intended for use with 1.5T MRI scanners, and it is intended to be used as an integral part of procedures such as biopsies and catheter and electrode insertion, which have traditionally been performed using other methods. In the future, we may seek additional regulatory clearance or approval for use of our ClearPoint system for more specific neurological indications, such as deep brain stimulation lead placement or precision delivery of drugs or biologics, to allow us to market and promote our ClearPoint system for those specific uses. Any such additional regulatory clearances or approvals may require us to perform clinical studies.

Unless and until we receive regulatory clearance or approval for use of our ClearPoint system for specific indications, uses in procedures other than general neurological interventions, such as biopsies and catheter and electrode insertion, may be considered off-label uses of our ClearPoint system, in which case we would be prohibited from promoting our system, or training physicians, for those specific uses. However, in their practice of medicine, physicians may lawfully choose to use medical devices for off-label uses. Therefore, a physician may use our ClearPoint system for uses not covered by the cleared labeling. We expect that physicians will use our ClearPoint system for a variety of specific neurological procedures, including deep brain stimulation lead placement.

To market our ClearPoint system in the European Union, we must be entitled to affix a CE mark, an international symbol of adherence to quality assurance standards and compliance with applicable European Union medical device directives. We intend to apply for CE marking approval for sale of our ClearPoint system during 2010. We have engaged KEMA as the Notified Body for our CE marking approval process. A Notified Body is a private commercial entity that is designated by the national government of a European Union member state as being competent to make independent judgments about whether a device complies with applicable regulatory requirements. The exact regulatory pathway for CE marking approval will be the subject of discussions that we have with KEMA. At this time, we are unable to accurately predict when, if ever, CE marking will be obtained, whether clinical trials will be required as part of the CE marking approval process or the regulatory requirements to which we would be subject after approval.

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Our Product Candidates

The following table summarizes key information about our product candidates in development:

Product Candidates	Regulatory Status	Target Market	Development Partner
ClearTrace Cardiac Intervention System	Development Stage	Initial target market is catheter-based cardiac ablation to treat cardiac arrhythmias, such as atrial fibrillation. Subsequent target markets may include precision delivery of drugs and biologics.	Siemens
SafeLead Development Program ⁽¹⁾	Development Stage(2)	Target market is implantable leads for cardiac and neurological applications.	Boston Scientific

- (1) The SafeLead Development Program is a collaborative effort with Boston Scientific to incorporate our MRI-safety technologies into Boston Scientific's implantable lead designs.
- (2) Boston Scientific is responsible for any regulatory filings with respect to its implantable leads.

The ClearTrace Cardiac Intervention System

General

The ClearTrace system is a product candidate designed to allow catheter-based minimally invasive procedures in the heart to be performed using continuous, intra-procedural MRI guidance. Catheter-based cardiac interventions performed in a fluoroscopy suite, generally referred to as a Cath Lab, have been the standard of care for the treatment of many cardiac disorders, such as cardiovascular disease. Some of these procedures, such as stent placement, are well suited for fluoroscopic imaging because they do not require continuous, detailed visualization of the cardiac tissue. However, other procedures are not well suited for fluoroscopy because of the clinical need for continuous, high resolution imaging of the cardiac anatomy along with the interventional instruments. One example of such a procedure is cardiac ablation to treat cardiac arrhythmias, such as atrial fibrillation, which is typically performed in a specialized suite referred to as an EP Lab. Another example is the precision delivery of biologics, including stem cells and gene therapies, directly into the wall of the heart, which represents a promising therapy being researched for the treatment of heart failure.

The ClearTrace system will be similar to the conventional Cath Lab or EP Lab, but with two critical distinctions. First, unlike the Cath Lab or EP Lab, the ClearTrace system will provide a continuous, four dimensional imaging environment (the fourth dimension being time), which will include detailed visualization of cardiac tissue, along with the cardiac catheters used to deliver the therapy. We believe that this capability is required for the next generation of interventional cardiac therapies. Second, the ClearTrace system will eliminate all radiation exposure for both the patient and physician from the X-ray utilized in current procedures. Under current catheter-based treatments utilizing fluoroscopy, radiation exposure can exceed 45 minutes. We believe that the attributes of the ClearTrace system position it to be the therapy of choice for cardiac ablation procedures to treat cardiac arrhythmias, including atrial fibrillation, and the ideal platform for delivering future biologic therapies to treat heart failure and other similar cardiac disorders. The ClearTrace system is designed for procedures that initially will be performed using a 3T MRI scanner.

We began preliminary research for an MRI-guided cardiac ablation procedure shortly following our inception in 1998. As a culmination of our research efforts, in May 2009, we entered into an exclusive co-development agreement with Siemens, the global market leader in MRI scanners, for the development and commercialization of the hardware and MRI software necessary for the ClearTrace system. Under the terms of this agreement, we are working together with Siemens on the development of the ClearTrace software and the integration of system components. Once product development is completed, we will work together with Siemens on the commercial launch and field support of the ClearTrace system. Because of Siemens' market-leading position, we believe that our exclusive relationship secures a strategic market position for the ClearTrace system.

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Components

The ClearTrace system is an integrated system of reusable components, disposable components and intuitive, menudriven software.

Reusable Components. Our primary reusable component is our ClearConnect system, which is an MRI-compatible hardware and cable management system to safely enable MRI-guided cardiac ablation procedures in a Siemens 3T MRI scanner.

Disposable Components. Our disposable components consist primarily of a septal puncture kit, mapping catheter, a coronary sinus catheter and ablation catheter. Our septal puncture kit consists of a septal puncture needle, a dialator and sheath and will be used to perform an MRI-guided puncture of the septum of the heart to allow movement between the right atrium and left atrium. Our mapping catheter will be used for MRI-guided collection of intracardiac electrocardiogram signals and will include analog/digital filtering to enable electrocardiogram collection during scanning. Our coronary sinus catheter will be used to collect additional electrocardiogram signals and to provide cardiac pacing and defibrillation, as needed during the procedure. Our ablation catheter will be used to perform MRI-guided delivery of ablative energy to create cardiac lesions. All catheters and components will be MRI-compatible and tightly integrated with the MRI scanner.

Software. The ClearTrace system includes intuitive, menu-driven software to assist the physician in: surgical planning; creating three dimensional volumes of cardiac chambers; navigating our ClearTrace catheters within the cardiac chambers; visualizing lesions as they are formed; tracking of prior lesion locations; evaluating ablated cardiac tissue; and monitoring for possible adverse events. Under our co-development agreement, Siemens is responsible for developing the ClearTrace system software to our specifications. The ClearTrace system software will be integrated with our disposable components.

Current Atrial Fibrillation Treatments

Cardiac arrhythmia is an abnormal beating of the heart that can result in insufficient blood flow, which may cause dizziness, inadequate function of important organs in the body, stroke and even death. Atrial fibrillation affects over three million people in the United States alone, making it the most common form of cardiac arrhythmia. Atrial fibrillation is characterized by the irregular fluttering and/or very rapid beating of the atria resulting from the malfunctioning of the electrical conduction system in the walls of the atria. Atrial fibrillation is a leading cause of stroke among persons 65 years or older and it is associated with increased risk of morbidity and mortality as well as a reduced quality of life.

Most atrial fibrillation treatments are palliative and do not cure atrial fibrillation. The most common are anti-arrhythmic and anticoagulant drugs. However, anti-arrhythmic drug therapy often becomes less effective over time, with approximately half of the patients developing resistance to the drugs. In addition, anti-arrhythmic drugs have potentially severe side effects, including pulmonary fibrosis, impaired liver function, thyroid problems and the development of worse and even life-threatening ventricular arrhythmias.

One highly effective, curative therapy for atrial fibrillation used today is an open-heart operation, commonly known as the surgical "Cox-Maze" procedure, which has reported success rates as high as 96%. During this open heart procedure, the physician makes a series of cuts in a specific "maze-like" formation along the inside walls of the left atrium with a scalpel, and then sutures these cuts back together. The scars create an uninterrupted conduction block containing the chaotic electrical impulses that cause atrial fibrillation, thereby returning the heart to a normal rhythm. The open heart Cox-Maze procedure is usually done in tandem with another open heart procedure, such as a valve replacement or coronary artery bypass, because this operation is traumatic to the patient, very expensive, and typically associated with long hospital stays and a three to six month recovery time.

Because of the effectiveness of the Cox-Maze method, the medical community has been working for years to develop a less invasive approach that generates comparable clinical outcomes. The current minimally invasive

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approach is performed in the EP Lab with the physician relying upon flouroscopic imaging to guide a catheter through a blood vessel into the right atrium, puncturing the septum and advancing the catheter into the left atrium of the heart. The physician then delivers energy through the catheter to create lesions and destroy the target tissue. During the procedure, the physician is assisted in guiding and positioning the catheter primarily by fluoroscopic imaging. However, fluoroscopic imaging has significant limitations, namely it does not permit the physician to see the cardiac anatomy and tissue, the location of the catheter in relation to the cardiac tissue, or the intra-procedural creation of the lesions necessary to create the conduction block. Furthermore, the use of fluoroscopy exposes both patient and physician to dangerous radiation for an extended period of time.

The open Cox-Maze procedure has been considered the gold standard for surgical treatment of atrial fibrillation with reported success rates as high as 96%. However, because the Cox-Maze procedure is highly invasive, it is infrequently used as a stand alone therapy to treat atrial fibrillation. The current catheter-based approach is promising due to its less invasive nature, but the approach has been hampered by disappointing success rates, some as low as 50% to 75%. We believe that the success rate of the current catheter-based approach is dramatically lower because the physician cannot see the cardiac tissue.

The ClearTrace System Solution

The ClearTrace system represents a new paradigm in performing cardiac interventions by using MRI to allow the physician to see the cardiac tissue, as if performing an open heart Cox-Maze procedure, but with a minimally invasive approach. The ClearTrace system offers a novel, comprehensive solution for the planning, delivering and intra-procedural assessment of catheter-based cardiac interventions. The following discussion outlines the key steps in performing a ClearTrace system procedure to treat atrial fibrillation.

At the start of a ClearTrace procedure, a MRI scan is performed of the patient's heart and surrounding vasculature. Using the images from the scan, the ClearTrace system software generates a three dimensional volumetric model of the patient's cardiac chambers that the physician will use as a guide while performing the procedure. Additional MRI images and patient data can be mapped onto the surface of the three dimensional model as needed by the physician. Referencing the three dimensional model and surface mapped image data and using real time MRI scans of the patient's heart, the physician plans the cardiac ablation procedure.

The ClearTrace coronary sinus catheter is then advanced through a blood vessel under MRI guidance and placed in the coronary sinus to collect electrocardiogram signals and to provide cardiac pacing and defibrillation, as may be needed during the procedure. The remaining ClearTrace catheters are then advanced through a blood vessel under MRI guidance into the right atrium of the heart. Using the ClearTrace system plan, the physician will advance the catheters through the targeted site on the septum and into the left atrium. Referencing the ablation plan, and with continuous intra-procedural visualization of the catheters and patient anatomy, the physician will advance the catheters to the site of the first planned ablation. With the ClearTrace ablation catheter in the correct location, the physician will begin applying energy to the tip of the catheter to create a lesion.

During ablation, the ClearTrace system will present intra-procedural MR images that will allow the physician to see the changes in the tissue caused by the ablative energy, giving the physician the visualization capabilities similar to what he or she has in the open heart Cox-Maze procedure. The physician will then repeat the process of creating and visualizing lesions within the left atrium until the ablation plan has been completed. The physician will complete the procedure by taking a final scan to confirm the proper placement of all lesions.

By allowing the physician to see the lesions during the procedure, we believe the physician can make better decisions about where to ablate, what amount of energy to apply and how long to apply the energy. We believe this improved decision making capability will result in improved outcomes and reduced adverse events. In addition to the ability to visualize the changes in the cardiac tissue, the physician will also be able to use a loop catheter to measure electrical signals from the inside surface of the left atrium to further guide and confirm the effectiveness of the ablation process.

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Other Potential Applications

We believe the ClearTrace system's unique ability to provide continuous, high resolution imaging of the cardiac anatomy, including the walls of the heart, during an interventional procedure will be valuable in treating other cardiac disorders. For example, we believe the ClearTrace system could serve as an ideal platform for delivering drugs and biologics directly into the heart wall. The medical community is developing novel compounds that have the potential to address significant cardiac disorders, such as heart failure. However, some of these compounds must be injected directly into the heart wall with precision placement at the boundary of healthy and diseased tissue. Using the ClearTrace system, a physician will be able to navigate within the heart to the boundary between healthy and diseased tissue, place the catheter tip on the boundary, inject the compound and watch the dispersion of the compound into the heart wall.

Regulatory Status

We are still in the early stages of the development of the ClearTrace system, and we have made no filings seeking appropriate regulatory approval or clearance for the ClearTrace system in the United States or in any foreign jurisdiction. In the United States, we believe that most components of the ClearTrace system will be Class II medical devices and will fall under the FDA's 510(k) regulatory process. However, the ablation catheter component will be a Class III medical device and will require FDA approval of a PMA. We anticipate that the initial market for the ClearTrace system will be the European Union, and we plan to seek CE marking approval for the ClearTrace system. Whether as part of the PMA process in the United States or the CE marking approval process in the European Union, we expect to conduct a clinical trial regarding the safety and effectiveness of our ablation catheter, and we expect to commence enrollment in such a clinical trial in the second half of 2011.

SafeLead Development Program

Our other area of development is referred to as the SafeLead Development Program. Over the last ten years, we have pioneered several technologies that improve the MRI-safety profile of implantable medical leads. These leads are thin, insulated wires that are connected to implantable generators, such as a pacemaker or neurostimulator, and deliver electrical pulses or stimulation to a specific area of the body, such as the heart or the brain. The current market for active implantable cardiac and neurological devices exceeds \$11 billion in annual revenues with more than 500,000 devices implanted per year.

It is estimated that between 50% and 75% of patients with an implantable device are expected to need an MRI scan during the lifetime of their devices. However, implantable medical leads are susceptible to heating in the MRI environment. An MRI scanner transmits radio frequency energy during the scanning process. Because the implantable lead contains metallic wire, which acts like an antenna, some of the radio frequency energy transmitted by the MRI scanner is absorbed by the lead. This could cause the lead to heat. The extent to which an implantable lead may heat can depend on many factors, such as the lead itself, the position of the patient in the MRI scanner, the clinical scanning sequence used and the location and trajectory of the lead in the patient. Scientific studies have shown that implantable leads may heat during an MRI scan to temperatures that can burn or destroy tissue. If that happens in the heart or brain, the patient could suffer a stroke, paralysis or even death. As a result, people with active implantable devices are prohibited from undergoing an MRI scan.

Our technologies address this issue by maintaining lead temperatures well within safe levels during an MRI scan. Current safety standards for active implantable medical devices require that MRI-related heating may not exceed one degree Celsius in the brain and two degrees Celsius in the heart. Our testing has shown that our technologies limit lead heating to less than one degree Celsius. Therefore, we believe our MRI-safety technologies will permit a patient with an implantable medical device to undergo an MRI scan. Manufacturers' studies have shown that cardiologists identify "MRI compatibility" as one of the main features that would drive a change in brand preference.

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While we have been developing our MRI-safety technologies underlying the SafeLead Development Program for the last ten years, the SafeLead Development Program commenced in December 2005 when we signed our first agreements with Boston Scientific for the incorporation of our MRI-safety technologies into Boston Scientific's implantable leads for neurological applications. In March 2008, we entered into similar agreements with Boston Scientific for the incorporation of our MRI-safety technologies into Boston Scientific's implantable cardiac leads. In connection with the cardiac agreements, we received licensing fees of \$13,000,000 in 2008. In addition, we are entitled to receive up to \$21,600,000 in future milestone-payments under both the cardiac and neuro agreements, subject to our achievement of the milestones stipulated in the agreements and the issuance of certain patents licensed to Boston Scientific. Boston Scientific has also agreed to pay us royalties on net sales of products that are covered by a licensed patent. We believe our safety technologies, if integrated into Boston Scientific's implantable leads, could represent a meaningful market differentiator over existing implantable lead designs.

The SafeLead Development Program is still in its developmental stages and no regulatory filings have been made with the FDA or any foreign authority. Boston Scientific is responsible for making any regulatory filings with respect to its products that incorporate our MRI-safety technologies. Boston Scientific will control the timing and manner of any regulatory filing, and will be responsible for the costs associated with any regulatory filing. We do not anticipate that we will be able to influence the process or timing in any meaningful way. In the United States, we believe that any Boston Scientific product incorporating our MRI-safety technologies will be a Class III medical device and require a PMA submission.

Our Strategy

Our key objective is to develop and commercialize medical systems to enable minimally invasive surgical procedures to be performed under direct, intra-procedural MRI guidance. Key elements of our strategy to achieve this objective are to:

- Maximize installation and adoption of our ClearPoint system. We are focusing our initial marketing efforts on key physicians and hospitals to adopt use of our ClearPoint system for general neurological interventional procedures. Our strategy is to convince those physicians that our ClearPoint system offers a better procedural solution to their patients. With the physicians serving as our internal champions, we will work with the physicians to encourage hospitals to install our ClearPoint system in their existing MRI suites. In hospitals where our ClearPoint system has been installed, we will focus on selling our disposable components to generate recurring revenue.
- Continue development of the ClearTrace system with Siemens. We will continue to co-develop the ClearTrace system with Siemens. Together, we will work to generate awareness among leading physicians of the benefits of an MRI-guided approach to cardiac ablation for the treatment of cardiac arrhythmias, such as atrial fibrillation. Upon regulatory approval, we will work with Siemens to promote installation of the MRI software and our reusable components for the ClearTrace system within Siemens' MRI customer base. In hospitals where the ClearTrace system has been installed, we will focus on selling our disposable components to generate recurring revenue.
- Pursue SafeLead Development Program with Boston Scientific. We will continue collaboration with Boston Scientific with respect to the incorporation of our MRI-safety technologies into Boston Scientific's implantable leads for cardiac and neurological applications.
- Build upon our core technologies to continue to develop MRI-based products. Our research and development efforts to date have focused on developing novel MRI-related technologies. We have significant intellectual property protection in this particular area. As the field of MRI-guided interventions grows, we intend to develop future enhancements to our ClearPoint system and the ClearTrace system, as well as researching opportunities for new products.

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Licenses and Collaborative Relationships

In addition to our internally-developed technologies and devices, we have established and intend to continue to pursue licenses and collaborative relationships with medical device companies and academic institutions to further the development and commercialization of our core technologies and product platforms.

Siemens

In May 2009, we entered into a cooperation and development agreement with Siemens to develop the hardware and MRI software systems for MRI-guided, catheter-based ablation to treat cardiac arrhythmias, such as atrial fibrillation. Under this agreement, Siemens is responsible for developing the software in accordance with our specifications, and we are responsible for developing the catheters and other hardware, other than the MRI scanner and workstation, necessary for the MRI-guided cardiac ablation procedures and for the integration work necessary to combine the software, catheters and other hardware to create the ClearTrace system. We are obligated to pay Siemens up to approximately \$2,500,000 in milestone-based payments associated with Siemens' successful development of the software. These payments started in the second quarter of 2009 and will continue through the third quarter of 2011. Once the software is commercially available, Siemens will pay to us a fixed amount for each software license sold by Siemens until we recoup our investment. The term of the agreement will expire once (i) all software, catheter and other hardware development and integration work has been successfully completed, (ii) requisite regulatory clearances or approvals have been obtained in at least the United States, Canada and Europe, and (iii) the product has been clinically released in at least the United States, Canada and Europe. The agreement provides for exclusivity for a period of five years following the date of regulatory clearance and/or approval, determined on a country-by-country basis. During the exclusivity period, Siemens may not market or offer software that is intended to work with a third party's catheters to conduct an MRI-guided cardiac ablation procedure, and we may not sell or offer any catheters that are intended to be used with an MRI scanner manufactured by a third party to conduct an MRI-guided cardiac ablation procedure. For two years after the exclusivity period ends, neither we nor Siemens may enter into an agreement or relationship with a third party that excludes or prevents the use of our devices with Siemens' MRI systems, and vice versa, in the field of MRI-guided cardiac ablation procedures. Prior to or upon expiration of the term of the cooperation and development agreement, we anticipate entering into a separate sales and marketing agreement with Siemens.

Boston Scientific

We have entered into development and license agreements with affiliates of Boston Scientific. We are working together with Boston Scientific in the application of our technologies for potential use in Boston Scientific's active implantable devices.

Neuro. In December 2005, we entered into a development agreement and license agreement with Boston Scientific in the neurological field:

• System and Lead Development and Transfer Agreement. We are working jointly with Boston Scientific to design and develop MRI-compatible and MRI-safe implantable leads for neurological applications, such as implantable deep brain stimulation leads. Under the development agreement, we could receive up to \$1,600,000 in future milestone-based payments associated with successful development and regulatory approval of the leads. In addition, we could receive over \$500,000 in incentive payments for incremental development work Boston Scientific may request. However, if our development milestones are not completed by December 31, 2012, the development agreement requires us to repay Boston Scientific certain amounts, including any milestone payments previously paid to us by Boston Scientific under this agreement and any patent prosecution costs incurred by Boston Scientific with respect to the intellectual property licensed to Boston Scientific pursuant to the technology license agreement described below. As of March 31, 2010, the potential obligation to Boston Scientific was approximately \$750,000, plus costs incurred by Boston Scientific in prosecuting the licensed intellectual property.

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• Technology License Agreement. Under the license agreement, we granted Boston Scientific an exclusive worldwide license with respect to certain of our owned or licensed intellectual property in the neurological field to make, use, import, lease and sell neuro-related leads, neuro-related lead extensions, and neuro-related lead-type devices, such as implantable pulse generators. The license included a sublicense of applicable intellectual property that we licensed from Johns Hopkins. Boston Scientific has agreed to pay us royalties on net sales of products that are covered by a licensed patent; however, Boston Scientific has no obligation to include the licensed intellectual property in its products or product candidates. Pursuant to the system and lead development and transfer agreement described above, Boston Scientific is responsible for patent prosecution of the licensed intellectual property and the payment of costs associated with patent prosecution.

Cardiac. In March 2008, we entered into a development agreement and license agreement with Boston Scientific in the field of implantable medical leads for cardiac applications.

- Development Agreement. Under the development agreement, we are working jointly with Boston Scientific to assess the feasibility of and, upon successful completion of feasibility studies, to design and develop three different MRI-compatible, MRI-safe implantable leads, a lead intended for bradycardia, a lead intended for tachycardia and a lead intended for heart failure. We could receive up to \$20,000,000 in future milestone-based payments associated with the successful development and regulatory approval of those implantable lead types. No earned milestone payments will be made unless and until the applicable lead is covered by an issued patent licensed to Boston Scientific pursuant to the technology license agreement described below. The development agreement is scheduled to expire upon FDA approval of a design for each of the three different lead types. However, Boston Scientific has the one-time option, within 60 days after successful completion of the first lead feasibility study, to cease further development and to terminate the development agreement.
- Technology License Agreement. Under the license agreement, we granted Boston Scientific an exclusive worldwide license with respect to certain of our owned or licensed intellectual property in the field of implantable medical leads for cardiac applications to make, have made, use, promote, market, import, distribute, lease, sell, offer for sale and commercialize products in that particular field of use. The license included a sublicense of applicable intellectual property that we licensed from Johns Hopkins. We received licensing fees of \$13,000,000 in 2008. Boston Scientific has also agreed to pay us royalties on net sales of products that are covered by a licensed patent; however, Boston Scientific has no obligation to include our licensed intellectual property in its products or product candidates. Boston Scientific is responsible for patent prosecution of the licensed intellectual property and the payment of costs associated with patent prosecution. If Boston Scientific elects to exercise its termination option under the development agreement described above, the license we granted Boston Scientific will automatically become non-exclusive with respect to some intellectual property, other intellectual property will be removed the scope of the license and revert to us, and Boston Scientific will not be obligated to pay us future royalties or sublicense revenues based on sales of products covered by any issued patent that remains subject to the non-exclusive license.

University of California, San Francisco

In August 2007, we entered into a research agreement with the University of California, San Francisco, or UCSF, which has been amended from time to time since that date. Under our agreement, UCSF personnel are conducting research activities relating to interventional MRI guidance for the performance of certain minimally invasive neurological procedures. We agreed to make periodic payments to UCSF to fund its research. In addition, to further support UCSF's research activities, we agreed to make an in-kind contribution to UCSF of some of the reusable components of our ClearPoint system and other MRI-related equipment. In return for supporting UCSF's research, we received the first option to license, exclusively or non-exclusively, any intellectual property conceived or created by UCSF personnel under the research project. Our agreement with UCSF will terminate November 1, 2011, unless UCSF and we agree to extend the term.

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The University of Utah

In July 2007, we entered into a research agreement with The University of Utah, or Utah, which has been amended from time to time since that date. Under the agreement, Utah personnel are conducting research activities and experiments to develop knowledge, techniques, methods and technologies related to MRI-guided cardiac ablation, including a specific focus on MRI-guided cardiac ablation to treat atrial fibrillation. We agreed to make periodic payments to Utah to fund its research activities. In return, Utah granted us a non-exclusive, worldwide license to any intellectual property created or conceived by Utah personnel in the performance of the research. In addition, we also received the first option to license exclusively any such intellectual property. Our agreement with Utah will terminate December 31, 2010, unless Utah and we agree to extend the term.

The Johns Hopkins University

We have in place five exclusive license agreements with Johns Hopkins. For additional information regarding these licenses, see "Business – Intellectual Property."

Sales and Marketing

Commercializing our ClearPoint system involves marketing to:

- physicians, who care for patients suffering from neurological disorders, including neurosurgeons, who perform the neurological procedures, and neurologists, who interact with patients prior to and following the therapy and who refer patients to therapy;
- · hospitals involved in the treatment of neurological disorders and the opinion leaders at these hospitals; and
- patients who suffer from neurological disorders.

There are approximately 3,500 neurosurgeons in the United States. Similar to many fields of medicine, some neurosurgeons elect to focus on a particular specialty within the neurological field. For example, some neurosurgeons focus their practice on spine surgeries, others more on open craniotomy surgeries and others more on minimally invasive approaches, such as functional neurosurgery. We believe our ClearPoint system is most applicable to those functional neurosurgeons, of whom there are approximately 300 in the United States. Part of our business objective is to encourage adoption of our ClearPoint system by functional neurosurgeons by securing placement of our system within their hospitals. We believe that our ClearPoint system represents an attractive platform for the functional neurosurgery team within a hospital to perform various general neurological interventions.

We are expanding our existing sales and marketing capabilities to build a small, highly focused sales force to market our ClearPoint system products in the United States. Given the number of functional neurosurgeons in the United States, we believe a small, direct sales force will be sufficient and effective for us to reach our target market. Our initial, controlled commercial launch of our ClearPoint system is being coordinated primarily by our Vice President, Sales, our Vice President, Product Management and our two Clinical Engineering Managers, one of whom is located on the east coast of the United States and the other of whom is located on the west coast of the United States. We have not finalized a sales and marketing plan to commercialize our ClearPoint system outside the United States; however, any such plan could involve the establishment of collaborations with third-parties.

Given the stage of development of the ClearTrace system, we have not developed a sales and marketing plan to commercialize ClearTrace either inside or outside the United States. We will not develop a sales and marketing plan to commercialize any of our SafeLead Development Program technologies as Boston Scientific is in control of the commercialization of those technologies for its implantable medical leads.

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Research and Development

Continued innovation through research and development is critical to our future success. As of April 30, 2010, our research and development team, which is based primarily in our Irvine, California facility, consisted of 11 employees. We have assembled an experienced team with recognized expertise in both the development of medical devices and advanced MRI technologies, including interventional MRI microcoils and catheters. We believe that our current research and development team is sufficient for our current needs; however, we may increase the size of our team depending on the progress of our ongoing research and development efforts.

Our principal research and development goals are:

- to complete development of the ClearTrace system in cooperation with Siemens;
- to continue to enhance our ClearPoint system; and
- to provide technical support and expertise in the area of MRI safety to Boston Scientific under our SafeLead Development Program.

We have historically spent a significant portion of our capital resources on research and development. Our research and development expenses were approximately \$2,099,000, \$4,258,000 and \$6,068,000 for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009, respectively. Our research and development expenses were approximately \$1,747,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2010.

Manufacturing and Assembly

Our ClearPoint system includes off-the-shelf components, custom-made components produced to our proprietary specifications by various third parties and components that we assemble in our Irvine, California facility. We use third parties to manufacture these components to utilize their individual expertise, minimize our capital investment and help control costs. We purchase most custom-made components of our ClearPoint system from a single source due to quality considerations, lower costs and constraints resulting from regulatory requirements; however, we believe alternative sources are available, if needed. Generally, we purchase our components through purchase orders and do not have long-term contracts with most of our suppliers.

Our Irvine, California facility is structured to complete component processing, final assembly, packaging and distribution activities for our ClearPoint system. The assembly process is performed in a controlled environment as required for medical device assembly by applicable regulation. Our operations are subject to extensive regulation by the FDA under its QSR, which requires that manufacturers have a quality management system for the design and production of medical devices. In addition, in the event we expand our business outside the United States, we will also become subject to international regulatory requirements.

Our Irvine, California facility is FDA-registered, and we believe it is compliant with the FDA's QSR. We have instituted a quality management system, under which we have established policies and procedures that control and direct our operations with respect to design, procurement, manufacture, inspection, testing, installation, data analysis, training and marketing. We review and internally audit our compliance with these policies and procedures, which provides a means for continued evaluation and improvement. As required by our quality management system, we undertake an assessment and qualification process for each third-party manufacturer or supplier that we use. Typically, our third-party manufacturers and suppliers are certified to ISO standard 9001 and/or 13485. We also periodically perform audit procedures on our third-party manufacturers and suppliers to monitor their activities for compliance with our quality management system. Our facility and the facilities of the third-party manufacturers and suppliers we use are subject to periodic inspections by regulatory authorities, including the FDA and other governmental agencies.

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Intellectual Property

We believe that in order to maintain a competitive advantage in the marketplace, we must develop and maintain the proprietary aspects of our technologies. We rely on a combination of patent, trademark, trade secret, copyright and other intellectual property rights and measures to protect our intellectual property.

Our patent portfolio includes rights to patents and patent applications that we own, whether wholly-owned or co-owned, or license from others. We seek patent protection in the United States and internationally for our products and technologies where and when we believe it is appropriate. United States patents are granted generally for a term of 20 years from the earliest effective priority date of the patent application. The actual protection afforded by a foreign patent, which can vary from country to country, depends on the type of patent, the scope of its claims and the availability of legal remedies in the country.

We also rely on other forms of intellectual property rights and measures, including trade secrets and nondisclosure agreements, to maintain and protect proprietary aspects of our products and technologies. We require our employees and consultants to execute confidentiality agreements in connection with their employment or consulting relationships with us. We also require our employees and consultants to disclose and assign to us all inventions conceived during the term of their employment or engagement while using our property or which relate to our business.

Owned Patents and Patent Applications

As of April 30, 2010, we wholly owned eight issued United States patents (including one design patent), 25 pending United States patent applications (including five provisional applications), one issued foreign patent and 38 pending foreign patent applications (including seven Patent Cooperation Treaty applications). In addition, as of April 30, 2010, we co-owned with third-parties a total of four issued United States patents, nine pending United States patent applications, one issued foreign patent and 22 pending foreign patent applications (including one Patent Cooperation Treaty application).

Of those co-owned patents and patent applications, as of April 30, 2010, three issued United States patents, one pending United States patent application, one issued foreign patent and four pending foreign patent applications were co-owned by us and Johns Hopkins, one issued United States patent, seven pending United States patent applications and 17 pending foreign patent applications (including one Patent Cooperation Treaty application) were co-owned by us and Boston Scientific, and one pending United States patent application and one pending foreign patent application were co-owned by us and other third parties.

We have licensing and cross-licensing arrangements in place with Boston Scientific with respect to the patent and patent applications we co-own with them. As a result of those arrangements, we have exclusive rights to all fields outside neuromodulation and implantable medical leads for cardiac applications, and we have licensed the fields of neuromodulation and implantable medical leads for cardiac applications to Boston Scientific. Our owned, issued patents expire at various dates beginning in 2020.

Patents and Patent Applications Licensed from Third-Parties

As of April 30, 2010, we had licensed rights to 11 United States and 15 foreign third-party issued patents, and we had licensed rights to nine United States and 12 foreign third-party pending patent applications. Our licensed, issued patents expire at various dates beginning in 2015.

License Arrangements

License Arrangements with The Johns Hopkins University

Our principal licensing arrangement is with Johns Hopkins. Shortly following our formation in 1998, we entered into a license agreement with Johns Hopkins pursuant to which we obtained an exclusive, worldwide license to a number of technologies owned by Johns Hopkins relating to devices, systems and methods for

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performing MRI-guided interventions, such as MRI-guided cardiac ablation procedures. The field of use for this exclusive license covers diagnostic or therapeutic methods, processes or devices using an intravascular, intralumen or intratissue miniature magnetic resonance coil detection probe. We are obligated to pay Johns Hopkins an annual maintenance fee, and we are also obligated to pay a royalty to Johns Hopkins based on the sale of products or provision of services covered by licensed patent. To the extent we sublicense any licensed intellectual property to a third-party, we agreed to pay Johns Hopkins a percentage of revenue we receive as a result of the sublicense. Under our license agreements with Boston Scientific, we sublicensed intellectual property that is licensed from Johns Hopkins. Therefore, we are obligated to pay Johns Hopkins a percentage of any revenue we receive from sales by Boston Scientific of products covered by a sublicensed patent. This license agreement with Johns Hopkins will terminate upon the expiration of the last to expire of the licensed patents.

In December 2006, we entered into a second license agreement with Johns Hopkins under which we obtained an exclusive, worldwide license to certain MRI-safety technologies owned by Johns Hopkins. Under the agreement, we are obligated to pay a royalty to Johns Hopkins based on the sale of products or provision of services covered by a licensed patent, subject to a minimum annual payment. Likewise, to the extent we sublicense any intellectual property to a third party, we agreed to pay Johns Hopkins a percentage of revenue we receive as a result of the sublicense. Under our license agreements with Boston Scientific, we sublicensed intellectual property that is licensed from Johns Hopkins. Therefore, we are obligated to pay Johns Hopkins a percentage of any revenue we receive from sales by Boston Scientific of products covered by a sublicensed patent. This license agreement with Johns Hopkins will terminate upon the expiration of the last to expire of the licensed patents.

We entered into three additional exclusive license agreements with Johns Hopkins in June 2008 as described below. Our development efforts with respect to the technologies we licensed under those agreements are at a very early stage.

- Under the first agreement, we obtained an exclusive, worldwide license to certain catheter technology owned by Johns Hopkins. Under this agreement, we are obligated to pay a royalty to Johns Hopkins based on the sale of products or provision of services incorporating the licensed technology and a license fee. Likewise, to the extent we sublicense any licensed technology to a third party, we agreed to pay Johns Hopkins a percentage of revenue we receive as a result of a sublicense of the licensed technology. This license agreement with Johns Hopkins will terminate upon the expiration of the last licensed patent or, if no patent issues, on June 30, 2028.
- Under the second agreement, we obtained an exclusive, worldwide license to certain technology owned by Johns Hopkins relating to catheter-based MRI probes. Under this agreement, we are obligated to pay a royalty to Johns Hopkins based on the sale of products or provision of services incorporating the licensed technology and a contingent license fee in the event a United States patent issues for the licensed technology. Likewise, to the extent we sublicense any licensed technology to a third party, we agreed to pay Johns Hopkins a percentage of revenue we receive as a result of a sublicense of the licensed technology. This license agreement with Johns Hopkins will terminate upon the expiration of the last licensed patent or, if no patent issues, on June 30, 2028. In addition, Johns Hopkins has the option to terminate the license in the event that a commercial sale of a licensed product or a licensed service does not occur by June 30, 2012.
- Under the third agreement, we obtained an exclusive, worldwide license to certain technology owned by Johns Hopkins to measure the amount of radio frequency absorption in the human body during an MRI scan. Under this agreement, we are obligated to pay a royalty to Johns Hopkins based on the sale of products or provision of services incorporating the licensed technology. Likewise, to the extent we sublicense any licensed technology to a third party, we agreed to pay Johns Hopkins a percentage of revenue we receive as a result of a sublicense of the licensed technology. This license agreement with Johns Hopkins will terminate upon the expiration of the last licensed patent or, if no patent issues, on June 30, 2028.

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License Arrangements with Cedara Software Corp.

In July 2007, we entered into a master service and license agreement with Cedara Software Corp. (d/b/a Merge OEM), or Cedara, for Cedara to develop on our behalf, based on our detailed specifications, a customized software solution for our ClearPoint system. Cedara is in the business of providing software development and engineering services on a contract basis to a number of companies. In developing our ClearPoint system software, Cedara utilized certain of its own pre-existing software code. Under our agreement with Cedara, we received a non-exclusive, worldwide license to that code as an integrated component of our ClearPoint system software. In return, we agreed to pay Cedara a license fee for each copy of our ClearPoint system software that we distribute. Except for Cedara's pre-existing software code, the work performed by Cedara was a "work-made-for-hire" and we exclusively own our ClearPoint system software. The agreement provides for annual minimum licensing fees. Our license from Cedara continues through July 2015, absent a mutual extension of the license term. If necessary, we could replace the licensed Cedara code.

License Arrangements with the National Institutes of Health

In April 2009, we entered into a patent license agreement with the National Institutes of Health, or NIH, that covers techniques for three dimensional renderings of the patient's anatomy from MRI data in real time. The techniques underlying this patent may be used in the development of the ClearTrace system. Under the terms of this agreement, we have a non-exclusive license to a pending United States patent application within the field of devices and systems for MRI-guided medical procedures. Our licensed territory includes Australia, Canada, China, Europe, Israel, Japan and the United States, although there is no patent or patent application pending for the licensed intellectual property outside the United States. Pursuant to this agreement, we are obligated to make royalty payments to NIH based on the sale of products and the practice of processes covered by the licensed intellectual property, whether by us or any sublicensee. In addition, NIH is entitled to receive a single milestone payment in the event we receive a regulatory clearance or approval of a product or process covered by the licensed intellectual property.

Competition

General

The length of time required for products to be developed and to receive regulatory and, in some cases, reimbursement clearance or approval is an important competitive factor. However, even if we are successful in obtaining regulatory clearances or approvals, the medical device industry is characterized by rapid and significant technological change. Thus, the development by others of new treatment methods, including novel drugs, medical devices or surgical techniques could render our product candidates non-competitive or obsolete. As a result, product development involves a high degree of risk and there can be no assurance that our current or new product development efforts will result in any commercially successful products.

ClearPoint System

Our success depends on convincing hospitals, neurosurgeons, neurologists and patients to utilize our ClearPoint system. Currently, we are not aware of any other company that offers a direct MRI-guided stereotactic system for neurological interventions, although two companies, Monteris Medical Inc. and Visualase, Inc., do offer devices for laser ablation under direct MRI guidance. However, we do face competition from companies, such as BrainLAB AG, Elekta AB, FHC Inc. and Medtronic, Inc., which offer instruments and systems for use in conventional stereotactic neurological procedures, such as surgical navigation workstations and frame-based and frameless stereotactic systems. Additionally, we could also face competition from other medical device and pharmaceutical companies that have the technology, experience and capital resources to develop alternative therapy methods, including MRI-guided technologies. Many of our competitors have substantially greater financial, manufacturing, marketing and technical resources than we have.

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ClearTrace System

Our success depends on convincing hospitals, physicians and patients to utilize the ClearTrace system for performing cardiac ablation procedures. While we are not aware of any companies that currently offer a direct MRI-guided cardiac ablation system, companies such as GE Healthcare, Imricor Medical Systems, Inc. and Philips Healthcare may be in the process of developing such a system. We are not aware of any potential competitive advantages or disadvantages relative to any such system that may be under development; however, if any of these companies develops, obtains regulatory clearance or approval and achieves commercial success for a direct MRI-guided cardiac ablation system, the ClearTrace system could be rendered non-competitive or obsolete.

We also will face competition from companies who are engaged in the development and marketing of conventional catheter-based cardiac ablation systems and devices. These products include mapping systems using contact mapping, single-point spatial mapping and non-contact, multi-site electrical mapping technologies and ablation systems using radio frequency, ultrasound, laser and cryoablation technologies. These products evolve rapidly, and their manufacturers are constantly attempting to make them easier to use or more efficacious in performing procedures. Today, the vast majority of minimally invasive catheter-based cardiac ablation procedures are performed with these products. Because these products are currently in use while the ClearTrace system remains under development, physician preferences will have to shift for the ClearTrace system to gain market acceptance. We believe that the primary factors which will drive physician preference will be the relative success rates and ease of the procedure for physicians with respect to the ClearTrace system compared to the alternative technologies available.

We are aware of two companies, Hansen Medical, Inc. and Stereotaxis, Inc., that market systems to remotely control catheters during interventional cardiac ablation and other procedures using either robotic or magnetic steering. The nature of these systems potentially could provide better control over the catheter compared to manual manipulation by the physician; however, these systems do not provide the physician with detailed intra-procedural visualization of the cardiac tissue. Also, other manufacturers are attempting to market devices that access the exterior of the heart wall through an endoscopic surgical technique called thoracoscopy to treat atrial fibrillation. Because this procedure was developed recently, the clinical advantages and disadvantages of this approach compared to a catheter-based approach inside the heart have not been established. Therefore, we are not aware of any competitive advantages or disadvantages of this procedure relative to the anticipated ClearTrace system procedure.

Additionally, we will face competition from large companies who are engaged in the development and marketing of products for other treatments of cardiac arrhythmias, such as atrial fibrillation. Their products include drugs, implantable devices, such as implantable defibrillators and pacemakers, and the devices used in open-heart surgery. While both current drug therapy and implantable cardiac devices can be effective in treating the symptoms of atrial fibrillation, they do not provide a cure for the underlying disease. Open-heart surgery, such as the Cox-Maze procedure, can provide a cure for atrial fibrillation and reported success rates have been very high; however, it is an invasive surgical procedure that is traumatic to the patient, very expensive and typically associated with long hospital stays and recovery times.

Many of our potential competitors have an established presence in the field of cardiac electrophysiology, including cardiac ablation, such as Biosense Webster Inc., a division of Johnson & Johnson, Boston Scientific, Medtronic, Inc. and St. Jude Medical, Inc. These potential competitors have substantially greater financial and other resources than we do, including larger research and development staffs and more experience and greater capabilities in conducting research and development activities, testing products in clinical trials, obtaining regulatory clearances or approvals, and manufacturing, marketing and distributing products.

SafeLead Development Program

Because manufacturers studies have indicated that cardiologists identify "MRI-compatibility" of implantable medical leads as one of the main features that would drive a change in brand preference, we believe that other medical device companies are developing proprietary MRI-safe lead designs. For example, in some

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European countries, Medtronic is currently marketing a device called an "MR-conditional" pacemaker system, including a pacemaker and implantable leads, which is designed for use with MRI under certain conditions specified in product labeling. This product is relatively new to the market and therefore we are not able to determine the degree to which it has achieved market acceptance. We are working together with Boston Scientific to incorporate our MRI-safety technologies into Boston Scientific's implantable leads for cardiac and neurological applications. These development efforts for the SafeLead Development Program are ongoing and therefore we are unable to describe the way in which the Boston Scientific implantable leads will differ from the Medtronic leads. We believe that any Boston Scientific device developed from the SafeLead Development Program will compete with similar devices that may be commercialized by other manufacturers.

Regulatory Requirements of the United States Food and Drug Administration

Our research, development and clinical programs, as well as our manufacturing and marketing operations, are subject to extensive regulation in the United States and other countries. Most notably, all of our products sold in the United States are subject to regulation as medical devices under the federal Food Drug and Cosmetic Act, as implemented and enforced by the FDA. The FDA governs the following activities that we perform or that are performed on our behalf, to ensure that the medical products we manufacture, promote and distribute domestically or exported internationally are safe and effective for their intended uses:

- product design, preclinical and clinical development and manufacture;
- product premarket clearance and approval;
- product safety, testing, labeling and storage;
- record keeping procedures;
- product marketing, sales and distribution; and
- post-marketing surveillance, complaint handling, medical device reporting, reporting of deaths, serious injuries or device malfunctions and repair or recall of products.

FDA Premarket Clearance and Approval Requirements

Unless an exemption applies, each medical device we wish to commercially distribute in the United States will require either premarket notification, or 510(k) clearance, or approval of a premarket approval application, or PMA, from the FDA. The FDA classifies medical devices into one of three classes. Class I devices, considered to have the lowest risk, are those for which safety and effectiveness can be assured by adherence to the FDA's general regulatory controls for medical devices, which include compliance with the applicable portions of the FDA's QSR, facility registration and product listing, reporting of adverse medical events, and appropriate, truthful and non-misleading labeling, advertising, and promotional materials (General Controls). Class II devices are subject to the FDA's General Controls, and any other special controls as deemed necessary by the FDA to ensure the safety and effectiveness of the device (Special Controls). Manufacturers of most Class II and some Class I devices are required to submit to the FDA a premarket notification under Section 510(k) of the FDCA requesting permission to commercially distribute the device. This process is generally known as 510(k) clearance. Devices deemed by the FDA to pose the greatest risks, such as life-sustaining, life-supporting or implantable devices, or devices that have a new intended use, or use advanced technology that is not substantially equivalent to that of a legally marketed device, are placed in Class III, requiring approval of a PMA.

510(k) Clearance Pathway

When a 510(k) clearance is required, we will be required to submit a 510(k) application demonstrating that our proposed device is substantially equivalent to a previously cleared 510(k) device or a device that was in commercial distribution before May 28, 1976 for which the FDA has not yet called for the submission of PMAs. By regulation, the FDA is required to clear or deny a 510(k) premarket notification within 90 days of submission of the application. As a practical matter, clearance may take longer. The FDA may require further information, including clinical data, to make a determination regarding substantial equivalence.

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Once filed, the FDA has 90 days in which to review the 510(k) application and respond. Typically, the FDA's response after reviewing a 510(k) application is a request for additional data or clarification. Depending on the complexity of the application and the amount of data required, the process may be lengthened by several months or more. If additional data, including clinical data, are needed to support our claims, the 510(k) application process may be significantly lengthened.

If the FDA issues an order declaring the device to be Not Substantially Equivalent, or NSE, the device is placed into a Class III or PMA category. At that time, a company can request a de novo classification of the product. De novo generally applies where there is no predicate device and the FDA believes the device is sufficiently safe so that no PMA should be required. The request must be in writing and sent within 30 days from the receipt of the NSE determination. The request should include a description of the device, labeling for the device, reasons for the recommended classification and information to support the recommendation. The de novo process has a 60 day review period. If the FDA classifies the device into Class II, a company will then receive an approval order to market the device. This device type can then be used as a predicate device for future 510(k) submissions. However, if the FDA subsequently determines that the device will remain in the Class III category, the device cannot be marketed until the company has obtained an approved PMA. If we are required to follow a de novo process, an additional 60 to 90 days or more will be added on to the original 90 days required for the initial 510(k) review.

Any modification to a 510(k)-cleared device that would constitute a major change in its intended use, or any change that could significantly affect the safety or effectiveness of the device, requires a new 510(k) clearance and may even, in some circumstances, require a PMA, if the change raises complex or novel scientific issues or the product has a new intended use. The FDA requires every manufacturer to make the determination regarding the need for a new 510(k) submission in the first instance, but the FDA may review any manufacturer's decision. If the FDA were to disagree with any of our determinations that changes did not require a new 510(k) submission, it could require us to cease marketing and distribution and/or recall the modified device until 510(k) clearance or PMA approval is obtained. If the FDA requires us to seek 510(k) clearance or PMA approval for any modifications, we may be required to cease marketing and/or recall the modified device, if already in distribution, until 510(k) clearance or PMA approval is obtained and we could be subject to significant regulatory fines or penalties.

PMA Approval Pathway

A PMA must be submitted to the FDA if the device cannot be cleared through the 510(k) process, or is not otherwise exempt from the FDA's premarket clearance and approval requirements. A PMA must generally be supported by extensive data, including, but not limited to, technical, preclinical, clinical trials, manufacturing and labeling, to demonstrate to the FDA's satisfaction the safety and effectiveness of the device for its intended use. During the review period, the FDA will typically request additional information or clarification of the information already provided. Also, an advisory panel of experts from outside the FDA may be convened to review and evaluate the application and provide recommendations to the FDA as to the approvability of the device. The FDA may or may not accept the panel's recommendation. In addition, the FDA will generally conduct a pre-approval inspection of our or our third-party manufacturers' or suppliers' manufacturing facility or facilities to ensure compliance with the QSR. Once a PMA is approved, the FDA may require that certain conditions of approval, such as conducting a post market clinical trial, be met.

New PMAs or PMA supplements are required for modifications that affect the safety or effectiveness of the device, including, for example, certain types of modifications to the device's indication for use, manufacturing process, labeling and design. PMA supplements often require submission of the same type of information as a PMA, except that the supplement is limited to information needed to support any changes from the device covered by the original PMA and may not require as extensive clinical data or the convening of an advisory panel. We have not submitted any of our product candidates for a PMA approval. However, we may in the future develop devices that will require the approval of a PMA, or seek to add new indications for use of existing

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products that require the approval of a PMA. There is no guarantee that the FDA will grant PMA approval of these specific indications for use or for our future products and failure to obtain necessary approvals for our future products would adversely affect our ability to grow our business.

Clinical Trials

Clinical trials are generally required to support a PMA application and are sometimes required for 510(k) clearance. Such trials generally require an application for an investigational device exemption, or IDE, which is approved in advance by the FDA for a specified number of patients and study sites, unless the product is deemed a non-significant risk device eligible for more abbreviated IDE requirements. A significant risk device is one that presents a potential for serious risk to the health, safety, or welfare of a patient and either is implanted, used in supporting or sustaining human life, substantially important in diagnosing, curing, mitigating, or treating disease or otherwise preventing impairment of human health, or otherwise presents a potential for serious risk to a subject. Clinical trials are subject to extensive monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements. Clinical trials must be conducted under the oversight of an institutional review board, or IRB, for the relevant clinical trial sites and must comply with FDA regulations, including, but not limited to, those relating to good clinical practices. To conduct a clinical trial, we also are required to obtain the patient's informed consent in a form and substance that complies with both FDA requirements and state and federal privacy and human subject protection regulations. We, the FDA or the IRB could suspend a clinical trial at any time for various reasons, including a belief that the risks to study subjects outweigh the anticipated benefits. Even if a trial is completed, the results of clinical testing may not adequately demonstrate the safety and efficacy of the device or may otherwise not be sufficient to obtain FDA clearance or approval to market the product in the United States. Similarly, in Europe, the clinical study must be approved by a local ethics committee and in some cases, including studies with high-risk devices, by the ministry of health in the applicable country.

Pervasive and Continuing Regulation

After a device is placed on the market, numerous regulatory requirements continue to apply. In addition to the requirements below, the MDR regulations require that we report to the FDA any incident in which our products may have caused or contributed to a death or serious injury or in which our product malfunctioned and, if the malfunction were to recur, would likely cause or contribute to death or serious injury. Additional regulatory requirements include:

- product listing and establishment registration, which helps facilitate FDA inspections and other regulatory action;
- QSR, which requires manufacturers, including third-party manufacturers, to follow stringent design, testing, control, documentation and other quality assurance procedures during all aspects of the design and manufacturing process;
- labeling regulations and FDA prohibitions against the promotion of products for uncleared, unapproved or off-label use or indication;
- clearance of product modifications that could significantly affect safety or effectiveness or that would constitute a major change in intended use of one of our cleared devices;
- approval of product modifications that affect the safety or effectiveness of one of our approved devices;
- post-approval restrictions or conditions, including post-approval study commitments;
- post-market surveillance regulations, which apply, when necessary, to protect the public health or to provide additional safety and effectiveness data for the device;
- the FDA's recall authority, whereby it can ask, or under certain conditions order, device manufacturers to recall from the market a product that is in violation of governing laws and regulations;

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- · regulations pertaining to voluntary recalls; and
- notices of corrections or removals.

As a manufacturer, we are subject to announced and unannounced inspections by the FDA to determine our compliance with FDA's QSR and other regulations. We have not yet been inspected by the FDA. We believe that we are in compliance with QSR and other regulations.

Advertising and promotion of medical devices, in addition to being regulated by the FDA, are also regulated by the United States Federal Trade Commission, or FTC, and by state regulatory and enforcement authorities. Recently, promotional activities for FDA-regulated products of other companies have been the subject of enforcement action brought under healthcare reimbursement laws and consumer protection statutes. In addition, under the federal Lanham Act and similar state laws, competitors and others can initiate litigation relating to advertising claims. In addition, we are required to meet regulatory requirements in countries outside the United States, which can change rapidly with relatively short notice. If the FDA determines that our promotional materials or training constitutes promotion of an unapproved or uncleared use, it could request that we modify our training or promotional materials or subject us to regulatory or enforcement actions, including the issuance of an untitled letter, a warning letter, injunction, seizure, civil fine or criminal penalty. It is also possible that other federal, state or foreign enforcement authorities might take action if they consider our promotional or training materials to constitute promotion of an unapproved use, which could result in significant fines or penalties under other statutory authorities, such as laws prohibiting false claims for reimbursement. In that event, our reputation could be damaged and adoption of the products would be impaired.

Failure by us or by our third-party manufacturers and suppliers to comply with applicable regulatory requirements can result in enforcement action by the FDA or other regulatory authorities, which may result in sanctions including, but not limited to:

- untitled letters, warning letters, fines, injunctions, consent decrees and civil penalties;
- customer notifications or repair, replacement, refunds, recall, detention or seizure of our marketed products;
- operating restrictions or partial suspension or total shutdown of production;
- refusing or delaying requests for 510(k) clearance or PMA approvals of new products or modified products;
- withdrawing 510(k) clearances or PMA approvals that have already been granted;
- refusal to grant export approval for our marketed products; or
- criminal prosecution.

International Marketing Approvals

International sales of medical devices are subject to foreign government regulations, which vary substantially from country to country. The time required to obtain approval by a foreign country may be longer or shorter than that required for FDA clearance or approval, and the requirements may differ.

The European Union has adopted numerous directives and standards regulating the design, manufacture, clinical trials, labeling, and adverse event reporting for medical devices. Each European Union member state has implemented legislation applying these directives and standards at a national level. Other countries, such as Switzerland, have voluntarily adopted laws and regulations that mirror those of the European Union with respect to medical devices. Devices that comply with the requirements of the laws of the relevant member state applying the applicable European Union directive are entitled to bear a CE mark and, accordingly, can be distributed throughout the member states of the European Union and other countries that comply with or mirror those directives.

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The method of assessing conformity with applicable regulatory requirements varies depending on the classification of the medical device, which may be Class II, Class III, Class III. Normally, the method involves a combination of self-assessment by the manufacturer of the safety and performance of the device, and a third-party assessment by a Notified Body, usually of the design of the device and of the manufacturer's quality system. A Notified Body is a private commercial entity that is designated by the national government of a member state as being competent to make independent judgments about whether a device complies with applicable regulatory requirements. An assessment by a Notified Body in one country with the European Union is required in order for a manufacturer to commercially distribute the device throughout the European Union. In addition, compliance with ISO 13485 issued by the International Organization for Standardization, among other standards, establishes the presumption of conformity with the essential requirements for CE marking. Certification to the ISO 13485 standard demonstrates the presence of a quality management system that can be used by a manufacturer for design and development, production, installation and servicing of medical devices and the design, development and provision of related services.

We intend to apply for CE marking approval for sale of our ClearPoint system during 2010, and we believe the components of our ClearPoint system will fall into different device classifications, including Class III. We have engaged KEMA as the Notified Body for our CE marking approval process. The exact regulatory pathway will be the subject of discussions with KEMA. At this time, we are unable to accurately predict when, if ever, CE marking will be obtained, whether clinical trials will be required as part of the CE marking approval process or the regulatory requirements to which we would be subject after approval.

Healthcare Laws and Regulations

Third-Party Reimbursement

In the United States and elsewhere, healthcare providers that perform surgical procedures using medical devices such as ours generally rely on third-party payors, including governmental payors such as Medicare and Medicaid and private payors, to cover and reimburse all or part of the cost of the products. Consequently, sales of medical devices are dependent in part on the availability of reimbursement to the customer from third-party payors. The manner in which reimbursement is sought and obtained varies based upon the type of payor involved and the setting in which the product is furnished and utilized. In general, third-party payors will provide coverage and reimbursement for medically reasonable and necessary procedures and tests that utilize medical devices and may provide separate payments for the implanted or disposable devices themselves. Most payors, however, will not pay separately for capital equipment, such as our ClearPoint system. Instead, payment for the cost of using the capital equipment is considered to be covered as part of payments received for performing the procedure. In determining payment rates, third-party payors are increasingly scrutinizing the prices charged for medical products and services in comparison to other therapies. Our marketed products, and the procedures in which our marketed products will be used, may not be reimbursed by these third-party payors at rates sufficient to allow us to sell our marketed products on a competitive and profitable basis.

In addition, in many foreign markets, including the countries in the European Union, pricing of medical devices is subject to governmental control. In the United States, there have been, and we expect that there will continue to be, a number of federal and state proposals to limit payments by governmental payors for medical devices, and the procedures in which medical devices are used. While we cannot predict whether such legislative or regulatory proposals will be adopted, the adoption of such proposals could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and profitability.

Medicare and Medicaid

The Medicare program is a federal health benefit program administered by CMS that covers and pays for certain medical care items and services for eligible elderly and certain disabled individuals, and individuals with end stage renal disease. The Medicaid program is a federal-state partnership under which states receive matching federal payments to fund healthcare services for the poor. Because some private commercial health insurers and

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some state Medicaid programs may follow the coverage and payment policies for Medicare, Medicare's coverage and payment policies are significant to our business. On July 30, 2008, CMS released a list of potential topics for national coverage determinations. This list included ablation for atrial fibrillation and specifically asked whether the evidence was adequate to demonstrate health benefits in patients who receive the procedure. On October 21, 2009, the Medicare Evidence Development and Coverage Advisory Committee, or MedCAC, held a meeting on the adequacy of the available evidence for catheter ablation for the treatment of atrial fibrillation. Although CMS has not formally opened a national coverage analysis on this topic, the agency clearly is interested in the clinical evidence of atrial fibrillation treatments and any national coverage decisions it makes could have a material effect on our potential business in this area.

Medicare coverage for the procedures in which our products would be used currently exists in the hospital inpatient setting, which falls under Part A of the Medicare program. Under Medicare Part A, Medicare reimburses acute care hospitals a prospectively determined payment amount for beneficiaries receiving covered inpatient services in an acute care hospital. This method of payment is known as the prospective payment system, or PPS. Under PPS, the prospective payment for a patient's stay in an acute care hospital is determined by the patient's condition and other patient data and procedures performed during the inpatient stay using a classification system known as DRGs. Payments also are adjusted to reflect regional variations in labor costs, indirect medical education expenses, payments for hospitals that treat a disproportionate share of poor patients, and other factors. As of October 1, 2007, CMS implemented a revised version of the DRG system that uses 745 Medicare Severity DRGs, or MS-DRGs, instead of the approximately 540 DRGs Medicare previously used. The MS-DRGs are intended to account more accurately for the patient's severity of illness when assigning each patient's stay to a payment classification. Medicare pays a fixed amount to the hospital based on the MS-DRG into which the patient's stay is classified, regardless of the actual cost to the hospital of furnishing the procedures, items and services that the patient's condition requires. Accordingly, acute care hospitals generally do not receive direct Medicare reimbursement under PPS for the specific costs incurred in purchasing medical devices. Rather, reimbursement for these costs is deemed to be included within the MS-DRG-based payments made to hospitals for the services furnished to Medicare-eligible inpatients in which the devices are utilized. For cases involving unusually high costs, a hospital may receive additional "outlier" payments above the pre-determined amount. In addition, there is a mechanism by which new technology services can apply to Medicare for additional payments above the pre-determined amount, although such requests have not been granted frequently.

Because PPS payments are based on predetermined rates and may be less than a hospital's actual costs in furnishing care, acute care hospitals have incentives to lower their inpatient operating costs by utilizing products, devices and supplies that will reduce the length of inpatient stays, decrease labor or otherwise lower their costs. For each MS-DRG, a relative weight is calculated representing the average resources required to care for cases grouped in that particular MS-DRG relative to the average resources used to treat cases in all MS-DRGs. MS-DRG relative weights are recalculated every year to reflect changes in technology and medical practice in a budget neutral manner. Under the MS-DRG payment system, there can be significant delays in obtaining adequate reimbursement amounts for hospitals for new technologies such that reimbursement may be insufficient to permit broad acceptance by hospitals.

In addition to payments to hospitals for procedures using our technology, Medicare makes separate payments to physicians for their professional services. The American Medical Association, or AMA, has developed a coding system known as the Current Procedural Terminology, or CPT, codes, which have been adopted by the Medicare program to describe and develop payment amounts for certain physician services.

The Medicare physician fee schedule uses CPT codes (and other codes) as part of the determination of allowable payment amounts to physicians. In determining appropriate payment amounts for surgeons, CMS receives guidance from the AMA regarding the relative technical skill level, level of resources used, and complexity of a new surgical procedure. Generally, the designation of a new procedure code for a new procedure using a new product does not occur until after FDA clearance or approval of the product used in the procedure. Codes are assigned by either the AMA (for CPT codes) or CMS (for Medicare-specific codes) and new codes usually become effective on January 1st of each year.

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One result of the current Medicare payment system, which is also utilized by most non-governmental third-party payors, is that a patient's treating physician orders a particular service and the hospital (or other facility in which the procedure is performed) bears the cost of delivery of the service. Hospitals have limited ability to align their financial interests with that of the treating physician because Medicare law generally prohibits hospitals from paying physicians to assist in controlling the costs of hospital services, including paying physicians to limit or reduce services to Medicare beneficiaries even if such services are medically unnecessary. As a result, hospitals have traditionally stocked supplies and products requested by physicians and have had limited ability to restrict physician choice of products and services.

The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act enacted on March 23, 2010, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 enacted on March 30, 2010, or, together, the Health Care Reform Law, includes a number of provisions that will likely result in more coordination between hospitals and physicians resulting in the alignment of financial incentives between hospitals and physicians to control hospital costs. Most significantly, the Health Care Reform Law provides for the establishment of a Medicare shared savings program whereby Medicare will share certain savings realized in the delivery of services to Medicare beneficiaries with accountable care organizations, which may be organized through various different legal structures between hospitals and physicians. We expect that the overall result of such increased coordination will be voluntary reductions in the array of choices currently available to physicians with respect to diagnostic services, medical supplies and equipment. Such a reduction in physician choices may also result in hospitals reducing their overall number of vendors from which they purchase supplies, equipment and products. The Health Care Reform Law may make it more difficult for us to become and remain an approved vendor, which could have an adverse effect on our financial results and business.

Among other things, the Health Care Reform Law will ultimately increase the overall pool of persons with access to health insurance in the United States. Although such an increase in covered lives should ultimately benefit hospitals, the Health Care Reform Law, also includes a number of cuts in Medicare reimbursement to hospitals that may take effect prior to hospitals' realizing the financial benefit of a larger pool of insured persons. Such cuts in Medicare reimbursement could adversely impact the operations and finances of hospitals reducing their ability to purchase medical devices such as our products. Further, the fact that the Health Care Reform Law did not address pending reductions of Medicare payments to physicians under the sustainable growth rate formula could result in an overall reduction of physicians willing to participate in Medicare.

Commercial Insurers

In addition to the Medicare program, many private payors look to CMS policies as a guideline in setting their coverage policies and payment amounts. The current coverage policies of these private payors may differ from the Medicare program, and the payment rates they make may be higher, lower, or the same as the Medicare program. If CMS or other agencies decrease or limit reimbursement payments for doctors and hospitals, this may affect coverage and reimbursement determinations by many private payors. Additionally, some private payors do not follow the Medicare guidelines, and those payors may reimburse only a portion of the costs associated with the use of our products, or none at all.

Fraud and Abuse Laws

Because of the significant federal funding involved in Medicare and Medicaid, Congress and the states have enacted, and actively enforce, a number of laws whose purpose is to eliminate fraud and abuse in federal healthcare programs. Our business is subject to compliance with these laws.

Anti-Kickback Laws

In the United States, there are federal and state anti-kickback laws that generally prohibit the payment or receipt of kickbacks, bribes or other remuneration in exchange for the referral of patients or other health-related business. The United States federal healthcare programs' Anti-Kickback Statute makes it unlawful for individuals or entities knowingly and willfully to solicit, offer, receive or pay any kickback, bribe or other

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remuneration, directly or indirectly, in exchange for or to induce the purchase, lease or order, or arranging for or recommending purchasing, leasing, or ordering, any good, facility, service, or item for which payment may be made in whole or in part under a federal healthcare program such as Medicare or Medicaid. The Anti-Kickback Statute covers "any remuneration," which has been broadly interpreted to include anything of value, including for example gifts, certain discounts, the furnishing of free supplies, equipment or services, credit arrangements, payments of cash and waivers of payments. Several courts have interpreted the statute's intent requirement to mean that if any one purpose of an arrangement involving remuneration is to induce referrals of federal healthcare covered business, the arrangement can be found to violate the statute. Penalties for violations include criminal penalties and civil sanctions such as fines, imprisonment and possible exclusion from Medicare, Medicaid and other federal healthcare programs. In addition, several courts have permitted kickback cases brought under the Federal False Claims Act to proceed, as discussed in more detail below.

Because the Anti-Kickback Statute is broadly written and encompasses many harmless or efficient arrangements, Congress authorized the Office of Inspector General of the United States Department of Health and Human Services, or OIG, to issue a series of regulations, known as "safe harbors." For example, there are regulatory safe harbors for payments to bona fide employees, properly reported discounts, and payments for certain investment interests. Although an arrangement that fits into one or more of these exceptions or safe harbors is immune from prosecution, arrangements that do not fit squarely within an exception or safe harbor do not necessarily violate the statute. The failure of a transaction or arrangement to fit precisely within one or more of the exceptions or safe harbors does not necessarily mean that it is illegal or that prosecution will be pursued. However, conduct and business arrangements that arguably implicate the Anti-Kickback Statute but do not fully satisfy all the elements of an exception or safe harbor may be subject to increased scrutiny by government enforcement authorities such as the OIG. The Health Care Reform Law increases the investigatory authority of the OIG, clarifies that Anti-Kickback Statute claims can be brought under the federal civil False Claims Act, and provides for enhanced civil monetary penalties and expanded permissible exclusion authority.

Many states have laws that implicate anti-kickback restrictions similar to the Anti-Kickback Statute. Some of these state prohibitions apply regardless of whether federal healthcare program business is involved such as for self-pay or private pay patients.

Government officials have focused their enforcement efforts on marketing of healthcare services and products, among other activities, and recently have brought cases against companies, and certain sales, marketing and executive personnel, for allegedly offering unlawful inducements to potential or existing customers in an attempt to procure their business.

Federal Civil False Claims Act and State False Claims Laws

The federal civil False Claims Act imposes liability on any person or entity who, among other things, knowingly and willfully presents, or causes to be presented, a false or fraudulent claim for payment by a federal healthcare program, including Medicare and Medicaid. The "qui tam," or "whistleblower," provisions of the False Claims Act allow a private individual to bring actions on behalf of the federal government alleging that the defendant has submitted a false claim to the federal government, and to share in any monetary recovery. In recent years, the number of suits brought against healthcare providers by private individuals has increased dramatically. Medical device companies, like us, can be held liable under false claims laws, even if they do not submit claims to the government where they are deemed to have caused submission of false claims by, among other things, providing incorrect coding or billing advice about their products to customers that file claims, or by engaging in kickback arrangements with customers that file claims.

The False Claims Act also has been used to assert liability on the basis of misrepresentations with respect to the services rendered and in connection with alleged off-label promotion of products. Our future activities relating to the manner in which we sell our products and document our prices such as the reporting of discount and rebate information and other information affecting federal, state and third-party reimbursement of our products, and the sale and marketing of our products, may be subject to scrutiny under these laws.

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The Health Care Reform Law is likely to increase the number of cases asserting civil False Claims Act violations since it removes a significant defense to such claims and clarifies that a violation of the Anti-Kickback Statute or retention of a federal healthcare program overpayment are actionable under the civil False Claims Act.

When an entity is determined to have violated the False Claims Act, it may be required to pay up to three times the actual damages sustained by the government, plus civil penalties of between \$5,500 to \$11,000 for each separate false claim. There are many potential bases for liability under the False Claims Act. A number of states have enacted false claim laws analogous to the federal civil False Claims Act and many of these state laws apply where a claim is submitted to any state or private third-party payor. In this environment, our engagement of physician consultants in product development and product training and education could subject us to similar scrutiny. We are unable to predict whether we would be subject to actions under the False Claims Act or a similar state law, or the impact of such actions. However, the costs of defending such claims, as well as any sanctions imposed, could significantly affect our financial performance.

HIPAA Fraud and Other Regulations

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, or HIPAA, created a class of federal crimes known as the "federal health care offenses," including healthcare fraud and false statements relating to healthcare matters. The HIPAA healthcare fraud statute prohibits, among other things, knowingly and willfully executing, or attempting to execute, a scheme or artifice to defraud any healthcare benefit program, or to obtain by means of false of fraudulent pretenses, any money under the control of any healthcare benefit program, including private payors. A violation of this statute is a felony and may result in fines, imprisonment and/or exclusion from government-sponsored programs. The Health Care Reform Law also provides for civil monetary penalties for knowingly participating in certain federal healthcare offenses and enhances sentences under the Federal Sentencing Guidelines for such offenses. The HIPAA false statements statute prohibits, among other things, knowingly and willfully falsifying, concealing or covering up a material fact or making any materially false, fictitious or fraudulent statement or representation in connection with the delivery of or payment for healthcare benefits, items or services. A violation of this statute is a felony and may result in fines and/or imprisonment. Entities that are found to have aided or abetted in a violation of the HIPAA federal health care offenses are deemed by statute to have committed the offense and are punishable as a principal.

We are also subject to the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and similar anti-bribery laws applicable in non-United States jurisdictions that generally prohibit companies and their intermediaries from making improper payments to non-United States government officials for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business. Because of the predominance of government sponsored healthcare systems around the world, most of our customer relationships outside of the United States will be with governmental entities and therefore subject to such anti-bribery laws.

HIPAA and Other Privacy Regulations

The regulations that implement HIPAA also establish uniform standards governing the conduct of certain electronic healthcare transactions and protecting the security and privacy of individually identifiable health information maintained or transmitted by healthcare providers, health plans and healthcare clearinghouses, which are referred to as "covered entities." Several regulations have been promulgated under HIPAA's regulations including: the Standards for Privacy of Individually Identifiable Health Information, or the Privacy Rule, which restricts the use and disclosure of certain individually identifiable health information, the Standards for Electronic Transactions, which establishes standards for common healthcare transactions, such as claims information, plan eligibility, payment information and the use of electronic signatures, and the Security Standards for the Protection of Electronic Protected Health Information, or the Security Rule, which requires covered entities to implement and maintain certain security measures to safeguard certain electronic health information. Although we do not believe we are a covered entity and therefore are not currently directly subject to these standards, we expect that our customers generally will be covered entities and may ask us to

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contractually comply with certain aspects of these standards by entering into requisite business associate agreements. While the government intended this legislation to reduce administrative expenses and burdens for the healthcare industry, our compliance with certain provisions of these standards entails significant costs for us.

The Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act, or the HITECH Act, which was enacted in February 2009, strengthens and expands the HIPAA Privacy and Security Rules and the restrictions on use and disclosure of patient identifiable health information. HITECH also fundamentally changed a business associate's obligations by imposing a number of Privacy Rule requirements and a majority of Security Rule provisions directly on business associates that were previously only directly applicable to covered entities. HITECH includes, but is not limited to, prohibitions on exchanging patient identifiable health information for remuneration, restrictions on marketing to individuals and obligations to agree to provide individuals an accounting of virtually all disclosures of their health information. Moreover, HITECH requires covered entities to report any unauthorized use or disclosure of patient identifiable health information, known as a breach, to the affected individuals, the United States Department of Health and Human Services, or HHS, and depending on the size of any such breach, the media for the affected market. Business associates are similarly required to notify covered entities of a breach. Most of the HITECH provisions became effective in February 2010 and it is expected that the HHS will issue regulations to clarify many of the new provisions. HHS has already issued regulations governing breach notification which were effective in September 2009.

HITECH has increased civil penalty amounts for violations of HIPAA by either covered entities or business associates up to an annual maximum of \$1.5 million for uncorrected violations based on willful neglect. Imposition of these penalties is more likely now because HITECH significantly strengthens enforcement. It requires HHS to conduct periodic audits to confirm compliance beginning in February 2010 and to investigate any violation that involves willful neglect which carries mandatory penalties beginning in February 2011. Additionally, state attorneys general are authorized to bring civil actions seeking either injunctions or damages in response to violations of HIPAA Privacy and Security Rules that threaten the privacy of state residents.

In addition to federal regulations issued under HIPAA, some states have enacted privacy and security statutes or regulations that, in some cases, are more stringent than those issued under HIPAA. In those cases, it may be necessary to modify our planned operations and procedures to comply with the more stringent state laws. If we fail to comply with applicable state laws and regulations, we could be subject to additional sanctions.

Federal and state consumer protection laws are being applied increasingly by the FTC and state attorneys general to regulate the collection, use, storage and disclosure of personal or patient information, through websites or otherwise, and to regulate the presentation of web site content. Courts may also adopt the standards for fair information practices promulgated by the FTC, which concern consumer notice, choice, security and access. Numerous other countries have or are developing laws governing the collection, use, disclosure and transmission of personal or patient information.

HIPAA as well as other federal and state laws apply to our receipt of patient identifiable health information in connection with research and clinical trials. We collaborate with other individuals and entities in conducting research and all involved parties must comply with applicable laws. Therefore, the compliance of the surgeons, hospitals or other providers or entities with whom we collaborate also impacts our business.

Employees

As of April 30, 2010, we had 23 full time employees, 11 of whom were engaged in research and development, six in manufacturing and clinical sales and six in general administrative and finance functions. None of our employees is covered by a collective bargaining agreement, and we consider our relationship with our employees to be good.

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Facilities

We lease approximately 7,400 square feet of space in Irvine, California under a lease that expires in July 2012, which we use as our principal research and development facility and for the assembly of certain of our products. We have the right to extend our Irvine lease for three additional years upon prior written notice and the fulfillment of certain conditions.

We lease approximately 3,300 square feet of office space in Memphis, Tennessee, which we use as our executive offices. Our Memphis lease expires in November 2014. We also have a license to use approximately 1,400 square feet of space in Baltimore, Maryland, which we use as our advanced research and development facility. Our license agreement with respect to our Baltimore facility expires in February 2011.

We believe that our current facilities are sufficient to meet our needs for the foreseeable future.

Litigation

From time to time we may be involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of our operations.

On April 22, 2010, SurgiVision Consultants, Inc. and Guy M. Kezirian filed a lawsuit against us in the United States District Court, Central District of California, alleging trademark infringement, unfair competition, trademark dilution and violation of the Anti-Cybersquatting Protection Act, all relating to our use of our SURGI-VISION and SURGIVISION trademarks and our www.surgivision.com domain name. The plaintiffs are seeking unspecified monetary damages and injunctive relief. This action is at a very preliminary stage. We believe we have strong defenses to the allegations, and we intend to vigorously defend ourselves in the lawsuit to protect our own trademark rights.

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MANAGEMENT

Directors and Executive Officers

The following table sets forth information about our directors, executive officers and other key employees as of April 30, 2010.

Name	Age	Position(s)
Directors and Executive Officers		
Kimble L. Jenkins ⁽⁴⁾	48	President, Chief Executive Officer and
		Chairman of Board of Directors
Lenox D. Baker ⁽³⁾	68	Director
Paul A. Bottomley	57	Director
Charles E. Koob ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	65	Director
James K. Malernee, Jr. (1)(3)	62	Director
Wendelin C. Maners	47	Director
Michael A. Pietrangelo(1)(2)(4)	67	Director
John N. Spencer, Jr.(1)(2)(4)	69	Director
John C. Thomas, Jr.	56	Director
Peter G. Piferi	50	Chief Operating Officer
David W. Carlson	46	Chief Financial Officer
Carol J. Barbre	49	Vice President, Product Management
John T. Keane	44	Vice President, Sales
Michael M. Moore	37	Vice President, Operations
Oscar L. Thomas	39	Vice President, Business Affairs and Secretary

- (1) Member of the Audit Committee
- (2) Member of the Compensation Committee
- (3) Member of the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee
- (4) Member of the Executive Committee

Kimble L. Jenkins joined our Board of Directors in September 2002 and presently serves as our Chairman. Mr. Jenkins has served as our President since January 2003, and he has also served as our Chief Executive Officer since September 2004. Mr. Jenkins served in those offices on a part-time basis until May 2008, at which time Mr. Jenkins began serving as our President and Chief Executive Officer on a full-time basis. Prior to May 2008, Mr. Jenkins was also a Managing Director with the investment bank Morgan Keegan & Company, Inc., where he founded that firm's Private Equity Group in 1998. Mr. Jenkins has over 20 years of experience building and working with growth stage companies. Mr. Jenkins holds a Bachelor of Arts from Brown University and a Juris Doctorate from Georgetown University Law Center. As our Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Jenkins offers unique insight and vision into our operations, our competition and the medical device industry.

Lenox D. Baker joined our Board of Directors in December 1998. Pursuant to the terms of our First Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement, as amended, or the Stockholders' Agreement, which will terminate in connection with this offering, Dr. Baker is the designated nominee of Johns Hopkins to serve on our Board of Directors. He is Past-Chairman of the board of trustees for Johns Hopkins Medicine and Past Vice- Chairman of the board of trustees for Johns Hopkins. He currently serves on the executive committee and board of trustees of Johns Hopkins Medicine, as well as serving on the board of trustees of Johns Hopkins. Since 1979, Dr. Baker has practiced cardiothoracic surgery with Mid-Atlantic Cardiothoracic Surgeons and has served as its President since 2002. Since 1982, Dr. Baker has served as Chief of the Division of Cardiac and Thoracic Surgery at Sentara Norfolk General Hospital. In 1975, Dr. Baker founded Impra Inc., a manufacturer of prosthetic arterial grafts, and he served as its Chairman of the Board until Bard Cardiology acquired the company in 1996. Dr. Baker has served as the principal investigator in numerous studies and has written and published multiple articles in the field of cardiothoracic surgery. Dr. Baker also serves as a member of the board of directors of WellPoint, Inc., a publicly traded health benefits company. Dr. Baker offers a practicing physician's perspective on the design, development and commercialization of our product candidates.

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Paul A. Bottomley is a SurgiVision founder and has been a member of our Board of Directors since December 1998. Pursuant to the terms of the Stockholders' Agreement, Dr. Bottomley is the designated nominee of the Scientific Founders, as such term is defined in the Stockholders' Agreement, to serve on our Board of Directors. Dr. Bottomley joined Johns Hopkins in 1994. Since 1997, Dr. Bottomley has served as the Director of the Division of MR Research in the Department of Radiology at Johns Hopkins. Previously, Dr. Bottomley worked at General Electric Company's Research and Development Center from 1980-1994 where he played a key role in the development of their MRI clinical product and was awarded the Center's highest honor, its Coolidge Medal and Fellowship, for these developments in 1990. He was awarded the Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine's Gold Medal for his contributions to MRI in 1989. He holds 34 U.S. patents and has written more than 150 scientific journal publications. Dr. Bottomley also serves as a consultant to us. As a pioneer in MR research, Dr. Bottomley offers expertise in the practical application of our technologies and the commercial opportunities for our product candidates.

Charles E. Koob joined our Board of Directors in August 2008. From 1970 to 2008, Mr. Koob practiced competition, trade regulation and antitrust law at the law firm of Simpson Thacher & Bartlett and served as the co-head of the firm's litigation department for a portion of his tenure. For much of his career, Mr. Koob served as a strategic advisor for the boards of directors of many public companies. Mr. Koob also serves on the board of directors of MiMedx Group, Inc., a publicly traded biomedical products company. As a byproduct of Mr. Koob's sophisticated former legal practice, Mr. Koob offers expertise in the areas of corporate governance, contract negotiation and organizational and strategic leadership.

James K. Malernee, Jr. joined our Board of Directors in March 2010. Dr. Malernee is a cofounder of Cornerstone Research, Inc., or Cornerstone Research, a consulting firm specializing in analytical support to attorneys in all phases of commercial litigation and regulatory proceedings, and he currently serves as Chairman and Managing Director of that firm. Over the last twenty years with Cornerstone Research, he has directed research on complex business issues related to a wide variety of cases. In recent years, Dr. Malernee has specialized in securities matters, supervising hundreds of cases dealing with material disclosure, loss causation, insider trading, mergers and acquisitions, targeted repurchases, minority buyouts, stock trading behavior, valuation and class certification. Dr. Malernee has served as a board member and consultant to major corporations, and he has taught finance at the University of Texas at Austin and business strategy at the Stanford Graduate School of Business. Through his academic and professional pursuits, Dr. Malernee offers expertise in finance and business strategy as well as an in-depth understanding of corporate disclosure and governance.

Wendelin C. Maners joined our Board of Directors in August 2008. Pursuant to the terms of the Stockholders' Agreement, Ms. Maners is the designated nominee of Boston Scientific to serve on our Board of Directors. Ms. Maners has been employed by Boston Scientific since 1997 and currently is the Vice President, Strategy and Business Development. She is responsible for transaction and licensing activities for Boston Scientific's neuromodulation, electrophysiology and undeveloped markets. Prior to joining Boston Scientific, Ms. Maners was Head of Healthcare Investment Banking at Barrington Associates, a merger & acquisition advisory firm in Los Angeles. With her background, Ms. Maners offers insight into the medical device industry, particularly as it relates to neurological applications and catheter-based cardiac ablation.

Michael A. Pietrangelo joined our Board of Directors in March 2010. From 1972 through 1989, Mr. Pietrangelo was employed by Schering-Plough Corporation in various capacities including President of the Personal Care Products Group. From 1989 to 1990, he served as President and Chief Operating Officer of Western Publishing Company. From 1990 to 1994, Mr. Pietrangelo was the President and Chief Executive Officer of CLEO, Inc., a subsidiary of Gibson Greetings, Inc. From 1994 until 1998, he served as President of Johnson Products Company, a subsidiary of IVAX Corporation. Since 1998, Mr. Pietrangelo has practiced law at Pietrangelo Cook PLC. Mr. Pietrangelo is also a director of Medicis Pharmaceutical Corporation, a publicly traded pharmaceutical company, serving on the executive committee (Chair), compliance committee (Chair), and nominating and governance committee. Mr. Pietrangelo also serves on the board of directors of the American Parkinson Disease Association, a not-for-profit organization focused on serving the Parkinson's community, and Universal Insurance Holdings, Inc., a publicly traded insurance holding company. Mr. Pietrangelo currently

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serves as the managing partner of Theraplex Company LLC, a privately held company. As a result of his diverse professional background, Mr. Pietrangelo offers a unique combination of legal expertise and operational acumen.

John N. Spencer, Jr. joined our Board of Directors in March 2010. Mr. Spencer is a certified public accountant and was a partner of Ernst & Young LLP where he spent more than 38 years until his retirement in 2000. Mr. Spencer serves on the board of directors of GeoVax Labs, Inc., a publicly traded biotechnology company, and until April 2009, served on the board of directors of Firstwave Technologies, Inc., formerly a publicly traded customer relationship management software company. In addition, he serves as a consultant to various companies, primarily relating to financial accounting and reporting matters. By virtue of his experience at Ernst & Young, where he was the partner in charge of its life sciences practice for the southeastern United States, which included a large number of publicly owned and privately held medical technology companies, together with his continuing expertise as a director of, and a consultant to, other publicly traded and privately held companies, Mr. Spencer offers expertise in accounting, finance and the medical device industry.

John C. Thomas, Jr. joined our Board of Directors in April 2004. From 1998 through April 23, 2010, Mr. Thomas served as our Chief Financial Officer on a part-time basis. Mr. Thomas also serves as a part-time chief financial officer and secretary for CorMatrix Cardiovascular, Inc. (2001 to present), a privately held medical device company, and Motion Reality, Inc. (2001 to present), a privately held motion capture and simulation company. Previously, Mr. Thomas served as a chief financial officer and secretary for the following companies: MiMedx Group, Inc. (2006 to 2009), a publicly traded biomedical products company; iVideotunes, Inc. (2005 to 2008) a privately held music company; and DARA Pharmaceuticals, Inc., or DARA (2002 to 2008). Mr. Thomas is a certified public accountant, and was formerly an auditor with Arthur Andersen & Company. There is no familial relationship between Mr. John C. Thomas, Jr. and Mr. Oscar L. Thomas. Mr. Thomas offers expertise in accounting, financial statement analysis, medical device company operations and the requirements of a growth stage company.

Peter G. Piferi joined us in December 2006 as our Chief Operating Officer. Mr. Piferi has 23 years of experience in the areas of product development, operations, engineering and production in the medical device industry. From March 2003 to December 2006, Mr. Piferi served as Vice President for Endovascular Technologies, Inc., a privately held medical device company. In addition, Mr. Piferi has served as Vice President at Edwards Lifesciences Corporation, Kriton Medical Inc. and Orbus Medical Technologies, Inc. and as Director of Advanced Engineering at Cordis Corporation.

David W. Carlson joined us in February 2010 as Vice President, Finance and was promoted to Chief Financial Officer on April 23, 2010. Mr. Carlson has 17 years of experience in financial leadership roles in the medical device industry. From 1999 to 2009, he served in various financial management positions as a Vice President of Finance and Senior Finance Director at Medtronic, Inc., a global leader in medical technologies. He was serving as the Corporate Controller of Sofamor Danek, Inc., a then publicly traded medical device company, when it was acquired by Medtronic, Inc. in 1999. Mr. Carlson is a certified public accountant, and was formerly an auditor for PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP.

Carol J. Barbre joined us in May 2008 as Vice President, Product Management. Ms. Barbre has 20 years of experience in the medical device industry in the areas of marketing and business development, with a focus on new medical therapies. From May 2007 to May 2008, Ms. Barbre served as Senior Director of Marketing for Edwards Lifesciences Corporation, a publicly traded medical device company. From 2002 to May 2007, Ms. Barbre served as Global Marketing Director for Bolton Medical, Inc., a privately held medical device company.

John T. Keane joined us in April 2010 as Vice President, Sales. Mr. Keane has 20 years of sales experience in the medical device industry. From October 2006 until April 2010, Mr. Keane served as the Worldwide Director of Sales for Stereotactic Surgery, Radiosurgery, Image Guided Surgery, Brain Mapping and Service Agreements for Integra Radionics, Inc., a subsidiary of Integra Lifesciences Corporation, a publicly traded medical device manufacturer. From 2004 to 2006, Mr. Keane served as an Academic Center Representative for I-Flow Corporation, formerly a publicly traded medical device company that merged with a subsidiary of

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Kimberly-Clark Corporation, a publicly traded corporation, in 2009. From 1996 to 2004, Mr. Keane was the National Leader of Academic Sales Representatives at Baxter International Inc., a publicly traded global, diversified health care company.

Michael M. Moore joined us in October 2008 as Senior Director, Operations, and he was promoted to Vice President, Operations in June 2009. Mr. Moore has 18 years of experience in medical device development and product realization. From January 2003 to March 2008, he was the Chief Technical Officer for Bolton Medical, Inc. In addition, Mr. Moore previously served as Director of R&D and Operations for AVE-Peripheral Vascular, a division of Medtronic, Inc., and in different operations and product development roles at Cordis Corporation and DePuy Orthopedics, Inc.

Oscar L. Thomas joined us in April 2008 as Vice President, Business Affairs. In addition, Mr. Thomas serves as our Secretary. From January 2003 to April 2008, Mr. Thomas was a partner in the Corporate and Securities Practice Group of the law firm Bass, Berry & Sims PLC. There is no familial relationship between Mr. John C. Thomas, Jr. and Mr. Oscar L. Thomas.

Board Composition

Upon the completion of this offering, we will have a Board of Directors consisting of nine members. In accordance with the terms of our certificate of incorporation and our bylaws, which will become effective upon completion of this offering, the Board of Directors will be divided into three classes, Class I, Class II and Class III, with each class serving staggered three-year terms. Upon the completion of this offering, the members of the classes will be divided as follows:

- the Class I directors will be Mr. Jenkins, Mr. Pietrangelo and Ms. Maners, and their term will expire at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held in 2011;
- the Class II directors will be Mr. Thomas, Dr. Malernee and Dr. Baker, and their term will expire at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held in 2012; and
- the Class III directors will be Mr. Spencer, Mr. Koob and Dr. Bottomley, and their term will expire at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held in 2013.

Our certificate of incorporation that will become effective upon the completion of this offering provides that the authorized number of directors may be changed only by resolution of the Board of Directors. Any additional directorships resulting from an increase in the number of directors will be distributed between the three classes so that, as nearly as possible, each class will consist of one-third of the directors. This classification of the Board of Directors may have the effect of delaying or preventing changes in our control or management.

Our directors may be removed only for cause by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of our voting stock.

Board Committees and Independence

Rule 5605 of the Nasdaq Marketplace Rules requires a majority of a listed company's board of directors to be comprised of independent directors within one year of listing. In addition, Nasdaq Marketplace Rules require that, subject to specified exceptions, each member of a listed company's audit, compensation and nominating and governance committees be independent and that audit committee members also satisfy independence criteria set forth in Rule 10A-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. Under Rule 5605(a)(2), a director will only qualify as an "independent director" if, in the opinion of our Board of Directors, that person does not have a relationship that would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director. In order to be considered independent for purposes of Rule 10A-3, a member of an audit committee of a listed company may not, other than in his or her capacity as a member of the audit committee, the Board of Directors, or any other board committee: (1) accept, directly or indirectly, any consulting, advisory, or other compensatory fee from the listed company or any of its subsidiaries; or (2) be an affiliated person of the listed company or any of its subsidiaries.

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Our Board of Directors undertook a review of the composition of our Board of Directors and its committees and the independence of each director. Based upon information requested from and provided by each director concerning his or her background, employment and affiliations, including family relationships, our Board of Directors has determined that none of Drs. Baker, Bottomley or Malernee, Messrs. Koob, Spencer or Pietrangelo or Ms. Maners, representing seven of our nine directors, has a relationship that would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director and that each of these directors is "independent" as that term is defined under Rule 5605(a)(2) of the Nasdaq Marketplace Rules. In making such determination, our Board of Directors considered the relationships that each such director has with us and all other facts and circumstances the Board of Directors deemed relevant in determining independence, including the beneficial ownership of our capital stock by each director.

Board Committees

Our Board of Directors has an audit committee, a compensation committee, a corporate governance and nominating committee and an executive committee.

Audit Committee

Our audit committee consists of Messrs. Spencer (Chair) and Pietrangelo and Dr. Malernee. The functions of the audit committee include:

- appointing, determining the compensation of and overseeing the work of the independent registered public accounting firm;
- pre-approving all auditing services and permitted non-audit services, including the fees and terms thereof, to be performed by the independent registered public accounting firm;
- reviewing and discussing with management and the independent registered public accounting firm the annual audited and quarterly unaudited financial statements and our disclosure under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our 10-Qs and 10-Ks;
- reviewing and discussing the adequacy and effectiveness of our systems of internal accounting and financial controls;
- overseeing our risk assessment and risk management relative to our financial risk exposure;
- establishing procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters and the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters; and
- issuing the audit committee report for inclusion in our proxy statement for our annual meeting.

Our Board of Directors has determined that at this time, Mr. Spencer is an audit committee financial expert within the meaning of SEC regulations and the Nasdaq listing standards. Our Board of Directors has determined that each member of the audit committee satisfies the independence requirements for service on the audit committee. Both our independent registered public accounting firm and management will periodically meet privately with our audit committee.

Upon the effectiveness of the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, a copy of the charter for our audit committee will be posted on our website at www.surgivision.com. The inclusion of our website address in this prospectus does not include or incorporate by reference the information on our website into this prospectus.

Compensation Committee

Our compensation committee consists of Messrs. Pietrangelo (Chair), Koob and Spencer. The functions of the compensation committee include:

• determining the compensation of our executive officers and reviewing and approving the compensation goals and objectives relevant to such compensation;

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- reviewing and approving the compensation programs, plans and awards for our executive officers;
- overseeing our risk assessment and risk management relative to our compensation structure and benefits plan administration;
- administering and implementing our incentive compensation plans and equity-based plans;
- reviewing and discussing with management the information contained in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section of our proxy statement; and
- issuing the compensation committee report on executive compensation for inclusion in our proxy statement for our annual meeting.

Each member of our compensation committee is a non-employee director, as defined in Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act, and an outside director, as defined pursuant to Section 162(m) of the Code. Furthermore, our Board of Directors has determined that each member of our compensation committee satisfies the independence standards for compensation committees established by the Nasdaq Marketplace Rules.

Upon the effectiveness of the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, a copy of the charter for our compensation committee will be posted on our website at www.surgivision.com. The inclusion of our website address in this prospectus does not include or incorporate by reference the information on our website into this prospectus.

Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee

Our corporate governance and nominating committee consists of Mr. Koob (Chair) and Drs. Baker and Malernee. The functions of the corporate governance and nominating committee include:

- evaluating director performance on the Board of Directors and applicable committees of the Board of Directors;
- interviewing, evaluating, nominating and recommending individuals for membership on our Board of Directors;
- evaluating nominations by stockholders of candidates for election to our Board of Directors;
- reviewing and recommending to our Board of Directors any amendments to our corporate governance documents; and
- making recommendations to the Board of Directors regarding management succession planning.

Our Board of Directors has determined that each member of the corporate governance and nominating committee satisfies the independence standards for the corporate governance and nominating committees established by the Nasdaq Marketplace Rules.

Upon the effectiveness of the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, a copy of the charter for our corporate governance and nominating committee will be posted on our website at www.surgivision.com. The inclusion of our website address in this prospectus does not include or incorporate by reference the information on our website into this prospectus.

Executive Committee

Our executive committee consists of Messrs. Jenkins (Chair), Koob, Pietrangelo and Spencer. The executive committee, which acts on behalf of the Board of Directors between regular meetings of the Board of Directors or at such times as our business so requires, has and may exercise all of the Board of Directors' powers and authority in the management of our business and affairs, but the executive committee does not have the power or authority with respect to the following matters: (1) approving or adopting, or recommending to the stockholders, any action or matter expressly required by the Delaware General Corporation Law to be submitted to stockholders for approval; or (2) adopting, amending or repealing our bylaws.

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Upon the effectiveness of the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, a copy of the charter for our executive committee will be posted on our website at www.surgivision.com. The inclusion of our website address in this prospectus does not include or incorporate by reference the information on our website into this prospectus.

Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

Our Board of Directors has adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, to be effective upon completion of this offering. The Code of Business Conduct and Ethics will apply to all of our employees, officers (including our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions), agents and representatives, including directors and consultants. Upon the effectiveness of the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, the full text of our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics will be posted on our website at www.surgivision.com. We intend to disclose future amendments to certain provisions of our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, or waivers of such provisions, applicable to any principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, persons performing similar functions or our directors on our website identified above. The inclusion of our website address in this prospectus does not include or incorporate by reference the information on our website into this prospectus.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

No member of our compensation committee has ever been an executive officer or employee of ours. None of our executive officers currently serves, or has served during the last completed fiscal year, on the compensation committee or board of directors of any other entity that has one or more executive officers serving as a member of our Board of Directors or compensation committee.

Compensation Risks

We have assessed our compensation programs and have concluded that our compensation policies and practices do not create risks that are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the company. Our compensation program is relatively simple and has only three material elements: base salary; annual bonus; and long-term equity compensation. Base salary represents a fixed amount of payment and therefore does not encourage any excessive risk taking. The compensation committee has determined annual bonus amounts by subjectively analyzing company and individual performance for the prior year and only rewarding individual and company performance that, in the opinion of the compensation committee, had a positive effect on stockholder value. The subjective nature of the compensation committee's determinations regarding both the award and the amount of annual bonuses and equity grants provides a significant control over the incentive of an employee to take undue risk in order to receive a larger annual bonus or equity grant. Finally, our long-term equity compensation program involves only the issuance of options to our employees. We believe that the equity component of our compensation program serves to align the interest of management with the interests of stockholders and does not encourage excessive risk taking. Based on the foregoing, we believe that our compensation policies and practices do not create inappropriate or unintended significant risk to the company as a whole. We also believe that our compensation arrangements provide incentives that do not encourage risk-taking beyond the organization's ability to effectively identify and manage significant risks; are compatible with effective internal controls and the risk management practices of the company; and are supported by the oversight and administration of the compensation committee with regard to executive compensation programs.

Director Compensation

Non-Employee Director Compensation Practices

In June 2010, we adopted the following compensation practices for our non-employee directors, which will become effective upon completion of this offering.

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Retainers, Fees and Expenses

The following table sets forth the cash compensation to be paid to our non-employee directors:

\$35,000
\$ 0
\$12,000
\$ 5,000
\$ 0
\$ 8,000
\$ 5,000
\$ 0
\$ 8,000
\$ 5,000
\$ 0

The above retainers will be paid in quarterly installments. We also reimburse each non-employee director for reasonable travel and other expenses in connection with attending meetings of the Board of Directors.

Stock Options—Initial Grant

Upon an individual first becoming a non-employee director, the new director will receive a stock option grant equaling approximately \$100,000 in value (based on our use of the Black-Scholes valuation model), rounded up to the nearest whole share; provided, however, that the number of shares underlying the grant will not exceed 18,750 shares, subject to adjustment to reflect and take into account any unusual or non-recurring transaction that affects our common stock, including a recapitalization, stock split, reverse stock split, split-up, combination or other similar corporate transaction or event. Such options will vest in equal annual installments over three years. The exercise price of these options will equal the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant.

Stock Options—Annual Grants

Any individual who serves as a non-employee director on the day following an annual meeting of our stockholders will receive a stock option grant. The number of shares underlying these annual grants will equal approximately \$50,000 in value (based on our use of the Black-Scholes valuation model), rounded up to the nearest whole share; provided, however, that the number of shares underlying the grant will not exceed 7,500 shares, subject to adjustment to reflect and take into account any unusual or non-recurring transaction that affects our common stock, including a recapitalization, stock split, reverse stock split, split-up, combination or other similar corporate transaction or event. Such options will vest on the earlier of the first anniversary of the grant date or the day immediately preceding the next annual meeting of stockholders. The exercise price of these options will equal the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant.

Term of Stock Options

Each non-employee director stock option will terminate upon the earlier to occur of: (i) ten years from the date of grant; (ii) 12 months after the director dies; (iii) 12 months after the director ceases to be a director due to disability; or (iv) three months after the director ceases to be a director for any reason other than death or disability.

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Stock Options—2010 Grants

In connection with this offering, we are granting stock options to each of our non-employee directors, the exercise price of which will be the initial public offering price. Each non-employee director will receive two awards:

- a stock option equaling approximately \$100,000 in value (based on our use of the Black-Scholes valuation model), but not to exceed 18,750 shares, which option will vest in equal annual installments over three years; and
- a stock option equaling approximately \$50,000 in value (based on our use of the Black-Scholes valuation model), but not to exceed 7,500 shares, which option will vest on the earlier of the first anniversary of the grant date or the day immediately preceding our 2011 annual meeting of stockholders.

2010 Incentive Compensation Plan

All of our directors are eligible to participate in our 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan and awards will be granted pursuant to the terms of that plan, as more fully described in the section entitled "Benefit Plans—2010 Incentive Compensation Plan".

2009 Non-Employee Director Compensation

The following table sets forth information with respect to the compensation of all our non-employee directors in 2009, which was paid prior to the adoption of the revised compensation practices described above.

Fees Earned						
	or		All			
	Paid in	Option	Other			
Name	Cash (\$)	Awards (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)		
Lenox D. Baker	\$ 10,750	\$8,100	_	\$18,850		
Paul A. Bottomley	10,500	8,100	\$ 60,000(2)	78,600		
Charles E. Koob	14,250	8,100	_	22,350		
Wendelin Maners(3)	10,000	8,100	_	18,100		
Parker H. Petit ⁽⁴⁾	14,750	_	_	14,750		

- (1) Amounts represent the aggregate grant date fair value of such options as computed in accordance with ASC Topic 718 "Compensation—Stock Compensation," or ASC Topic 718. For a discussion of the assumptions made in the valuation of these awards, see note 2 to the financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus and the discussion under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Policies and Significant Judgements and Estimates—Share-based compensation".
- (2) This amount was compensation paid under Dr. Bottomley's consulting agreement.
- (3) Ms. Maners remits all fees received in connection with her service as a director to Boston Scientific, who designated her as a nominee to serve on our Board of Directors pursuant to the Stockholders' Agreement. In addition, Ms. Maners holds her options for the benefit of Boston Scientific.
- (4) On December 22, 2009, Mr. Petit resigned from our Board of Directors. Like the other directors, Mr. Petit received an option to purchase 2,500 shares of our common stock on December 10, 2009; however, no award agreement was issued to Mr. Petit and the shares were forfeited upon Mr. Petit's resignation on December 22, 2009. Mr. Petit's resignation was not the result of any disagreement with us on any matter relating to our operations, policies or practices. Mr. Petit had recently become the Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President of MiMedx Group, Inc., a publicly traded biomedical products company. Mr. Petit advised us that, given the scope of his responsibilities at MiMedx, he did not believe that he would be able to devote sufficient time to serve on our Board of Directors.

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

Introduction

Our compensation discussion and analysis discusses the total compensation for our named executive officers, and it describes our overall compensation philosophy, objectives and practices. Our compensation philosophy and objectives generally apply to all of our employees and all of our employees are eligible to participate in the main components of our compensation program: salary; annual bonus; and equity compensation. The relative value of each of these components for individual employees varies based on job role and responsibility, as well as our financial performance.

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Compensation Philosophy and Objectives

Our compensation approach is necessarily tied to our stage of development. Our compensation philosophy is to offer our executive officers, including our named executive officers, compensation and benefits that meet our goals of attracting, retaining and motivating highly skilled management, which is necessary to achieve our financial and strategic objectives and create long-term value for our stockholders. Accordingly, our executive officer compensation program is designed to link compensation to corporate and individual performance and to align executive officers' interests with stockholder value creation by subjectively analyzing both corporate and individual performance in determining appropriate base salary, bonus and equity compensation awards.

We believe compensation should be determined within a framework that is intended to reward individual contribution and the achievement of company objectives. Within this overall philosophy, our objectives are to:

- attract, retain and motivate our executives by providing a total compensation program that takes into consideration our strategic business needs;
- align the financial interests of the executive officers with those of our stockholders, both in the short and long term;
- provide incentives for achieving and exceeding performance expectations; and
- appropriately reward executive officers for creating long-term stockholder value.

Prior to June 2010, each of our named executive officers was an "at-will" employee; however, some of our named executive officers had employment letters that set forth the basic terms of their employment. In connection with this offering, in June 2010, we entered into employment agreements with each of our named executive officers other than Mr. John C. Thomas, Jr.

On an annual basis, our compensation committee has utilized its business judgment to establish:

- base salaries for our named executive officers based on the recommendations of our Chief Executive Officer and the compensation committee's exercise of its subjective judgment;
- annual cash bonuses based on the recommendations of our Chief Executive Officer and a subjective analysis by the
 compensation committee of both our performance and each named executive officer's performance for the most
 recently completed fiscal year; and
- any long term equity compensation awards to the named executive officers based on the recommendations of the Chief Executive Officer and the compensation committee's exercise of its subjective judgment.

Role of Directors and Executive Officers in Setting Compensation

Prior to September 2008, we did not have a compensation committee and compensation decisions for our named executive officers were approved by our Board of Directors upon the recommendation of our Chief Executive Officer. The compensation recommendations of our Chief Executive Officer have been largely discretionary, based on our Chief Executive Officer's subjective assessment of the particular executive officer, publicly available data relating to compensation of executive officers at other medical device companies and input from our other executive officers. There is no particular mathematical formula for deriving executive compensation from these sources. As we gain experience as a public company, we expect that the specific direction, emphasis and components of our executive compensation program will continue to evolve. For example, over time, we expect to reduce our reliance upon subjective determinations made by our Chief Executive Officer in favor of a more empirically-based approach, that could involve benchmarking the compensation paid to our named executive officers against peer companies that we identify and the use of clearly defined, objective targets to determine incentive compensation awards.

The compensation committee typically considers, but is not required to accept, the recommendations of our Chief Executive Officer regarding the performance and proposed base salary and bonus and equity awards for the

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other named executive officers, as well as himself. The compensation committee may also request the assistance of our Chief Financial Officer in evaluating the financial, accounting and tax implications of various compensation awards paid to the named executive officers. However, our Chief Financial Officer does not recommend or determine the amounts or types of compensation paid to the named executive officers. Our Chief Executive Officer and certain of our other named executive officers may attend compensation committee meetings, as requested by the compensation committee. None of our named executive officers, including our Chief Executive Officer, attend any portion of the compensation committee meetings during which his or her compensation is established and approved.

We believe that the levels of compensation we provide should be appropriate for our business needs and circumstances. To date, the compensation committee has not engaged a compensation consultant. Rather, the compensation committee and our Chief Executive Officer applied subjective discretion to make compensation decisions and they have not used a specific formula or matrix to set compensation in relation to compensation paid by other medical device companies. Our compensation committee designed our executive compensation program based on the compensation committee's general knowledge of compensation practices and the application of such knowledge to successfully attract and retain the named executive officers. Our compensation committee has not established any percentile targets for the levels of compensation provided to our named executive officers. To date, the compensation committee has not performed reviews of our compensation programs with those of similarly-situated companies, nor has it engaged in benchmarking of compensation paid to our named executive officers. Our historical approach has been to consider compensation practices and relevant factors rather than establishing compensation at specific benchmark percentiles. This enabled us to respond to dynamics in the labor market and provided us with flexibility in maintaining and enhancing our named executive officers' engagement, focus, motivation and enthusiasm for our future. However, as mentioned above, we expect to build some of these objective practices into our compensation approach over time.

The amount of past compensation, including annual discretionary bonus awards, and amounts realizable from prior stock option awards, is generally not a significant factor in the compensation committee's considerations, because these awards would have been earned based on prior years' performances or granted in connection with a named executive officer's initial hire.

Our named executive officers are not subject to mandated stock ownership or stock retention guidelines. It is the belief of the compensation committee that the equity component of our executive compensation program ensures that our named executive officers are also owners and those components work to align the named executive officers' goals with the best interests of stockholders.

Elements of Our Executive Compensation Program

The principal elements of our executive compensation program have been base salary, a discretionary cash bonus and long-term equity compensation in the form of stock options. Each of these compensation elements satisfies one or more of our compensation objectives.

We have not adopted any policies with respect to long-term versus currently-paid compensation, but feel that both elements are necessary for achieving our compensation objectives. Currently-paid compensation provides financial stability for each of our named executive officers and immediate reward for short-term company and individual performance, while long-term compensation rewards achievement of strategic long-term objectives and contributes toward overall stockholder value. Similarly, while we have not adopted any policies with respect to cash versus equity compensation, we feel that it is important to encourage or provide for a meaningful amount of equity ownership by our named executive officers as to help align their interests with those of stockholders, one of our compensation objectives. We combine the compensation elements for each named executive officer in a manner that the compensation committee believes, in its discretion and judgment, is consistent with the executive's contributions to our company and our overall goals with respect to executive compensation.

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Base Salary

We believe that base salary is an important component of compensation as it provides a degree of financial stability for our named executive officers and is critical to recruiting and retaining our named executive officers. Base salary is also designed to recognize the scope of responsibilities placed on each named executive officer and reward each executive for his or her unique leadership skills, management experience and contributions. We make a subjective determination of base salary after considering such factors collectively.

Annual Cash Bonuses

Our cash bonus compensation is designed to motivate executives to achieve superior performance in their areas of responsibility. To date, we have awarded only discretionary annual cash bonuses based upon a subjective evaluation of corporate and individual performance by the compensation committee or, prior to its creation, our Board of Directors.

Long-Term Equity Compensation

We grant stock options to our named executive officers, as we believe that such grants further our compensation objectives of aligning the interests of our named executive officers with those of our stockholders, encouraging long-term performance, and providing a simple and easy-to-understand form of equity compensation that promotes executive retention. We view such grants both as incentives for future performance and as compensation for past accomplishments.

We generally have used stock options, rather than other forms of long-term incentives, because they create value for the executive only if stockholder value is increased through an increased share price. Prior to this offering, all stock option grants were made pursuant to either our 1998 Stock Option Plan or our 2007 Stock Incentive Plan. Our Board of Directors determined the exercise price based on internal or third-party valuation reports. In connection with and following this offering, all option grants will be made pursuant to our 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan. The exercise price of stock options will be the fair market value of our common stock on the grant date.

In lieu of receiving an initial stock option grant upon initial hire, our Chief Executive Officer purchased 500,000 shares of our common stock in September 2004. Mr. John C. Thomas, Jr., who was our Chief Financial Officer from 1998 until April 23, 2010, did not receive an equity grant upon initial hire in 1998. Our other named executive officers received equity grants in connection with their initial hire. The number of stock options granted to our named executive officers in connection with their initial hire was determined based on negotiations with each executive, represented the number necessary to recruit each executive from their then-existing positions and reflected our Board of Directors' subjective evaluation of the executive's experience and potential for future performance. We have made discretionary grants of equity compensation, from time to time, as determined by the Board of Directors or after its creation, the compensation committee, taking into consideration such factors as individual performance and market conditions. The timing of any such equity grants was determined by the Board of Directors' determination of achievement by the named executive officer, and not any effort to time the grants in coordination with changes in our stock price.

Stock Ownership Guidelines

We currently do not have stock ownership guidelines.

Perquisites and Other Benefits

As a general matter, we do not intend to offer perquisites or other benefits to any executive officer, including the named executive officers, with an aggregate value in excess of \$10,000, because we believe we can provide better incentives for desired performance with compensation in the forms described above. We recognize that, from time to time, it may be appropriate to provide some perquisites or other benefits in order to attract, motivate and retain our executives, with any such decision to be reviewed and approved by the compensation committee as needed.

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Our named executive officers are eligible to participate in standard employee benefit plans, including medical, dental, vision, life and any other employee benefit or insurance plan made available to employees. We maintain a 401(k) plan, which is intended to be a tax-qualified defined contribution plan under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code, or the Code. In general, all of our U.S. employees are eligible to participate in this plan. The 401(k) plan includes a salary deferral arrangement pursuant to which participants may elect to reduce their current compensation by up to 90% or the statutory limit, \$16,500 in 2009, whichever is less, and have the amount of the reduction contributed to the 401(k) plan. We made no matching contributions during 2009; however, we may add this benefit in the future for all employees.

Analysis of 2009 Compensation for Named Executive Officers

Base Salary

The base salary of Mr. Kimble L. Jenkins, our President and Chief Executive Officer, remained unchanged at \$325,000 per year.

The base salary of Mr. John C. Thomas, Jr., our Chief Financial Officer in 2009, was increased from \$60,000 per year to \$100,000 per year to reflect Mr. Thomas' agreement to devote additional time to our affairs. Mr. Thomas was a part-time employee and he ceased serving as our Chief Financial Officer on April 23, 2010.

The base salary of Mr. Peter G. Piferi, our Chief Operating Officer, remained unchanged in 2009 at \$250,000 per year.

The base salary of Mr. Oscar L. Thomas, our Vice President, Business Affairs, remained unchanged in 2009 at \$175,000 per year. Mr. Thomas is also entitled to receive guaranteed bonus payments equal to \$12,500 per calendar quarter in accordance with the initial terms of his hiring.

The base salary of Mr. Michael M. Moore, our Vice President, Operations, was increased from \$165,000 per year to \$175,000 per year in 2009 to reflect the additional roles and responsibilities of Mr. Moore resulting from his promotion from Senior Director, Operations to Vice President, Operations.

Annual Cash Bonuses

In January 2010, our compensation committee authorized the payment of a discretionary annual bonus to each of our named executive officers as follows:

	Discretionary
Named Executive Officer	Bonus
Kimble L. Jenkins	\$ 110,000
John C. Thomas, Jr.	\$ 40,000
Peter G. Piferi	\$ 100,000
Oscar L. Thomas	\$ 80,000
Michael M. Moore	\$ 35,000

The bonuses were based upon recommendations made to the compensation committee by Mr. Jenkins. Mr. Jenkins described the performance of Messrs. John Thomas, Piferi, Oscar Thomas and Moore to the compensation committee and made a recommendation with respect to their annual bonus amounts, as well as his own. The bonus recommendations for Messrs. Jenkins, John Thomas and Oscar Thomas took into account the consummation of the co-development agreement with Siemens, the closing of the convertible note financing with Boston Scientific, and the filing of a registration statement for this offering. In addition, Mr. Jenkins' bonus recommendation took into account the progress in obtaining 510(k) marketing clearance from the FDA for our ClearPoint system. The bonus recommendations for Messrs. Piferi and Moore took into account completion of development of our ClearPoint system, the successful design and implementation of our quality management system, and the progress in obtaining 510(k) marketing clearance from the FDA for our ClearPoint system.

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The compensation committee then discussed in executive session Mr. Jenkins' recommendations for the named executive officers, including an annual bonus for Mr. Jenkins. After subjectively evaluating both the performance of the company and the individuals under consideration, the compensation committee awarded to our named executive officers the annual cash bonuses indicated above.

Long-Term Equity Compensation

None of the named executive officers received long-term equity compensation in 2009 for their service as employees. Messrs. Jenkins and John Thomas received an option grant relating to their service as members of the Board of Directors that was identical to grants awarded to the non-employee directors in accordance with our then existing director compensation policy. In addition, Mr. Jenkins received an option grant in connection with a stock purchase transaction with us in December 2009.

Effect of Accounting and Tax Treatment on Compensation Decisions

In the review and establishment of our compensation programs, we consider the anticipated accounting and tax implications to us and our executives. While we consider the applicable accounting and tax treatment, these factors alone are not dispositive, and we also consider the cash and non-cash impact of the programs and whether a program is consistent with our overall compensation philosophy and objectives.

Section 162(m) of the Code imposes a limit on the amount of compensation that we may deduct in any one year with respect to covered employees, unless specific and detailed criteria are satisfied. Performance-based compensation, as defined in the Code, is fully deductible if the programs are approved by stockholders and meet other requirements. In general, we have determined that we will not seek to limit executive compensation so that all of such compensation is deductible under Section 162(m). However, from time to time, we monitor whether it might be in our interests to structure our compensation programs to satisfy the requirements of Section 162(m). We seek to maintain flexibility in compensating our executives in a manner designed to promote our corporate goals and, as a result, our compensation committee has not adopted a policy requiring all compensation to be deductible. Our compensation committee will continue to assess the impact of Section 162(m) on our compensation practices and determine what further action, if any, is appropriate.

Conclusion

The compensation committee believes that our executive leadership is a key element to our success and that the compensation package offered to our named executive officers is a key element in attracting and retaining the appropriate personnel.

The Board of Directors and, since its creation, the compensation committee each believes it has maintained compensation for our named executive officers at levels that are reflective of the talent and success of the individuals being compensated, and with the inclusion of additional compensation directly tied to performance, the compensation committee believes executive compensation will be sufficiently comparable to our industry peers to allow us to retain our key personnel at costs which are appropriate for us.

The compensation committee will continue to develop, analyze and review its methods for aligning executive officers' long-term compensation with the benefits generated for stockholders. The compensation committee believes the idea of creating ownership helps align management's interests with the interests of stockholders. The compensation committee has no pre-determined timeline for implementing new or ongoing long-term incentive plans. New plans are reviewed, discussed and implemented as the compensation committee feels it is necessary or appropriate as a measure to incent, retain and reward our named executive officers.

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EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Summary Compensation Table

The following table shows the compensation awarded or paid to, or earned by, our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and our three other most highly compensated executive officers for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008. We refer to these executive officers in this prospectus as our "named executive officers".

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Option Awards (\$) ⁽¹⁾	All Other Compensation (\$) ⁽²⁾	Total (\$)
Kimble L. Jenkins	2009	\$325,000	\$110,000	\$192,060(3)(4)	\$ 5,355	\$657,415(4)
Chief Executive Officer and President	2008	291,667	75,000	12,900	3,005	387,572
John C. Thomas, Jr.	2009	91,667	40,000	8,100(5)	_	139,767
Chief Financial Officer	2008	40,000	18,000	12,900	_	70,900
Peter G. Piferi	2009	250,000	100,000	_	2,860	352,860
Chief Operating Officer	2008	250,000	75,000	_	2,609	327,609
Oscar L. Thomas	2009	175,000	130,000(6)	_	5,355	310,355
Vice President, Business Affairs	2008	122,051	59,750	120,000	3,005	304,812
Michael M. Moore	2009	173,750	48,500(7)	_	260	222,510
Vice President, Operations	2008	37,548	23,500	21,300	12	82,354

- (1) Amounts represent grant date fair value of the option awards computed in accordance with ASC Topic 718. For a discussion of the assumptions made in the valuation of the awards, see note 2 to the financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus and the discussion under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Policies and Significant Judgements and Estimates—Share-based compensation".
- (2) These amounts consist of the group medical, life and disability premiums paid by us.
- (3) Represents the grant date fair value in accordance with ASC Topic 718 for: (a) an option to purchase 2,500 shares of our common stock issued to Mr. Jenkins on December 10, 2009 (\$8,100); and (b) an option to purchase 66,652 shares of our common stock issued to Mr. Jenkins on December 22, 2009 (\$183,960).
- (4) In September 2004, Mr. Jenkins purchased 500,000 shares of our common stock, which he paid for by delivering to us a non-recourse promissory note. Section 402(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act required that the note be repaid prior to the filing of our registration statement for the initial public offering of our common stock. Our Board of Directors formed a special committee of independent directors to review and evaluate any potential transaction with Mr. Jenkins with respect to his loan. The special committee approved, and our Board of Directors ratified, a transaction pursuant to which, on December 22, 2009, Mr. Jenkins sold us 66,652 shares of common stock valued at \$9.64 per share and we issued to Mr. Jenkins an option to purchase 66,652 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$9.64 per share. Our Board of Directors determined that the fair market value of our common stock as of December 22, 2009 was \$9.64 per share. We paid most of the stock purchase price for Mr. Jenkins' shares by cancelling Mr. Jenkins' promissory note and we paid the remaining portion of approximately \$47,833 in cash. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions Related Person Transactions." The purpose of the transaction was to satisfy Mr. Jenkins' promissory note to enable us to file our registration statement for the initial public offering of our common stock while maintaining as closely as possible the original economics of Mr. Jenkins' loan transaction. The December 22, 2009 stock option we issued to Mr. Jenkins, when computed in accordance with ASC Topic 718, resulted in \$183,960 of non-cash compensation to Mr. Jenkins.
- (5) Represents the grant date fair value of the option award computed in accordance with ASC Topic 718 for an option to purchase 2,500 shares of our common stock issued to Mr. Thomas on December 10, 2009.
- (6) This bonus amount includes non-discretionary quarterly bonuses totaling \$50,000, which was paid pursuant to Mr. Thomas' employment letter.
- (7) This bonus amount includes a non-discretionary one-time bonus of \$13,500, which was paid pursuant to Mr. Moore's employment letter.

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Grants of Plan-Based Awards

The table below sets forth information concerning grants of plan based awards in 2009 to our named executive officers.

		All Other Option Awards:				
		Number of Securities	Exer	cise Price	Gran	t Date Fair Value
		Underlying	Of	Option		of Option
Name	Grant Date	Options	Av	vards ⁽¹⁾		Awards
Kimble L. Jenkins	December 10, 2009	2,500(2)	\$	9.64	\$	8,100
	December 22, 2009	66,652(3)		9.64		183,960
John C. Thomas, Jr.	December 10, 2009	$2,500^{(2)}$		9.64		8,100

⁽¹⁾ The exercise price of each stock option granted to our named executive officers is equal to the fair market value of one share of the underlying common stock on the grant date.

All the stock options granted to the named executive officers were granted under our 2007 Stock Incentive Plan. The compensation committee, which administers our 2007 Stock Incentive Plan, has general authority to accelerate, extend, or otherwise modify the benefits under the stock options in certain circumstances within overall plan and other limitations. The compensation committee has no present intention to exercise that authority with respect to these stock options.

Outstanding Equity Awards at December 31, 2009

The table below sets forth information regarding the outstanding equity awards held by our named executive officers at December 31, 2009.

	<u> </u>	Option	n Awards	
Name	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date
Kimble L. Jenkins	96,625 ⁽¹⁾ 5,000 ⁽²⁾ 2,500 ⁽³⁾ 2,500 ⁽⁴⁾ —(5) —(6)	(1) (2) (3) (4) 2,500 ⁽⁵⁾ 66,652 ⁽⁶⁾	\$ 3.20 3.20 9.64 9.64 9.64 9.64	December 1, 2011 March 28, 2017 September 16, 2018 November 8, 2018 December 10, 2019 September 1, 2013
John C. Thomas, Jr.	$100,000^{(7)}$ $5,000^{(2)}$ $2,500^{(3)}$ $2,500^{(4)}$ (5)	(7) (2) (3) (4) 2,500 ⁽⁵⁾	0.88 3.20 9.64 9.64 9.64	April 12, 2014 March 28, 2017 September 16, 2018 November 8, 2018 December 10, 2019
Peter G. Piferi	$75,000^{(8)}$	(8)	3.20	December 1, 2017
Oscar L. Thomas	20,833(9)	41,667(9)	6.04	April 30, 2018
Michael M. Moore	2,500(10)	5,000(10)	9.64	November 7, 2018

⁽¹⁾ This warrant was immediately exercisable on the date of grant, December 1, 2006.

⁽²⁾ This option was awarded following our 2009 annual meeting of our stockholders in connection with the recipient's service as a director. These options vest on the earlier to occur of: (a) the one year anniversary of the grant date; or (b) the day immediately preceding the 2010 annual meeting of stockholders.

⁽³⁾ The shares subject to this option will vest ratably on the first, second and third anniversaries of the grant date, December 22, 2010, December 22, 2011 and December 22, 2012.

⁽²⁾ The vesting of shares subject to this option occurred on the date of grant, March 28, 2007.

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- (3) The vesting of shares subject to this option occurred on the date of grant, September 16, 2008.
- (4) The vesting of shares subject to this option occurred on the first anniversary of the date of grant, November 8, 2009.
- (5) The vesting of shares subject to this option occured on April 22, 2010, which was the day immediately preceding the 2010 annual meeting of our stockholders.
- (6) The shares subject to this option vest ratably on the first, second and third anniversaries of the grant date, December 22, 2010, December 22, 2011 and December 22, 2012.
- (7) The vesting of shares subject to this option occurred on the date of grant, April 12, 2004.
- (8) One-third of the shares subject to this option vested upon the first anniversary of Mr. Piferi's hire date, December 1, 2007, one-third vested on the second anniversary, December 1, 2008, and the remaining one-third vested on the third anniversary, December 1, 2009.
- (9) One-third of the shares subject to this option vested on the first anniversary of Mr. Thomas' hire date, April 18, 2009. The remaining shares subject to this option vest ratably on the second and third anniversaries of Mr. Thomas' hire date, April 18, 2010 and April 18, 2011.
- (10) One-third of the shares subject to this option vested on the first anniversary of Mr. Moore's hire date, October 9, 2009. The remaining shares subject to this option vest ratably on the second and third anniversaries of Mr. Moore's hire date, October 9, 2010 and October 9, 2011.

Option Exercises

None of our named executive officers exercised stock options in 2009.

Employment Agreements and Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change of Control

In June 2010, we entered into employment agreements with each of our named executive officers other than Mr. John C. Thomas, Jr. Mr. Thomas ceased serving as our Chief Financial Officer in April 2010, and we entered into a separation agreement with Mr. Thomas in April 2010, which is summarized below under "— John C. Thomas, Jr. Separation Agreement". In June 2010, we also entered into an employment agreement with Mr. David W. Carlson, our new Chief Financial Officer. We have included a summary of potential payments due to Mr. Carlson upon termination or change of control even though Mr. Carlson is not a named executive officer. The employment agreements will become effective upon completion of this offering. The material terms of each executive's employment agreement are set forth in the following table and the discussion below:

	Initial		
Executive	Term ⁽¹⁾	Salary ⁽²⁾	Bonus
Kimble L. Jenkins	5 years	\$325,000	(3)
Peter G. Piferi	3 years	\$250,000	(3)
David W. Carlson	2 years	\$225,000	(3)
Oscar L. Thomas	2 years	\$225,000	(3)
Michael M. Moore	1 years	\$175,000	(3)

- (1) The term of each executive's employment agreement is subject to one year renewals at the end of the initial term.
- (2) Each executive's salary is subject to adjustment at the discretion of our compensation committee, subject to certain limitations.
- (3) Each executive is eligible for a cash bonus in an amount and upon terms and conditions determined by our compensation committee.

In addition, under each employment agreement, each executive is: (i) eligible for equity compensation in an amount and based upon goals and criteria determined by our compensation committee; (ii) entitled to participate in any benefit plan from time to time in effect for our executives and/or employees generally, subject to the eligibility provisions of that plan; and (iii) entitled to reimbursement for all reasonable and necessary business expenses incurred or paid in the performance of the executive's duties. Additionally, each executive is subject to a confidentiality agreement and a non-compete agreement.

If the executive's employment is terminated due to his death or permanent disability, then he will be entitled to receive: (i) any base salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the termination date; (ii) reimbursement of business expenses he incurred as of the termination date; and (iii) if properly elected and to the extent eligible, health care continuation coverage for himself, if applicable under the circumstances, and his spouse and dependents for up to 12 months. In addition, the executive will be entitled to receive any vested benefits under our award plans and benefit plans in accordance with the terms of those plans.

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If we terminate the employment of any of Messrs. Jenkins, Piferi, Carlson or Thomas without cause or if any of Messrs. Jenkins, Piferi, Carlson or Thomas terminates his employment for good reason, as those terms are defined in his respective employment agreement, then such executive will receive: (i) any base salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the termination date; (ii) one and one-half times his base salary in effect on the termination date; (iii) one and one-half times his average bonus for the previous two years, if any; (iv) if properly elected and to the extent eligible, health care continuation coverage for himself, his spouse and his dependents for up to 18 months; and (v) reimbursement of business expenses he incurred as of the termination date. If we terminate Mr. Moore's employment without cause or if Mr. Moore terminates his employment for good reason, as those terms are defined in his employment agreement, then Mr. Moore will receive: (i) any base salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the termination date; (ii) one times his base salary in effect on the termination date; (iii) one times his average bonus for the previous two years, if any; (iv) if properly elected and to the extent eligible, health care continuation coverage for himself, his spouse and his dependents for up to 12 months; and (v) reimbursement of business expenses he incurred as of the termination date. In addition, under each employment agreement, if we terminate the employment of the executive without cause or executive terminates his employment for good reason, any unvested stock options and restricted stock previously granted to the executive will become fully vested on the termination date.

Upon a change of control, any unvested stock options and restricted stock previously granted to the executives will become fully vested. In addition, if we terminate the employment of any of Messrs. Jenkins, Piferi, Carlson or Thomas without cause, or if any of Messrs. Jenkins, Piferi, Carlson or Thomas terminates his employment for good reason, in either case within four months prior to or within 12 months following a change of control, then he will be entitled to receive a lump sum payment equal to: (i) any base salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the termination date; (ii) two times his base salary in effect on the termination date; (iii) two times the greater of his average bonus for the previous two years or his current year target bonus, if any; (iv) an amount equal to the premium for 24 months of health care continuation coverage for himself, his spouse and his dependents, to the extent eligible for such coverage; and (v) reimbursement of business expenses he incurred as of the termination date. If we terminate Mr. Moore's employment without cause, or if Mr. Moore terminates his employment for good reason, in either case within four months prior to or within 12 months following a change of control, then Mr. Moore will be entitled to receive a lump sum payment equal to: (i) any base salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the termination date; (ii) one times his base salary in effect on the termination date; (iii) the greater of his average bonus for the previous two years or his current year target bonus, to the extent eligible for such coverage; (iv) an amount equal to the premium for 12 months of health care continuation coverage for himself, his spouse and his dependents, if any; and (v) reimbursement of business expenses he incurred as of the termination date.

The following table includes estimates of the potential payments that we would be required to make and the value resulting from the acceleration of stock options in each of the circumstances described above. Our estimates are based are the following general assumptions:

- The executive entered into his employment agreement as described above prior to December 31, 2009;
- The date of termination is December 31, 2009;
- The executive's base salary as of the date of termination is the initial base salary set forth in his employment agreement;
- There is no accrued and unpaid salary or bonus compensation as of the date of termination; and
- There is no unpaid reimbursement for business expenses incurred as of the date of termination.

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Executive	Benefit	Death and Disability Termination	Termination Without Cause and Termination for Good Reason	Change of Control ⁽¹⁾	Change of Control Termination ⁽²⁾
Kimble L. Jenkins	Salary		\$487,500		\$ 650,000
	Bonus	_	\$ 56,250	_	\$ 75,000
	Benefits continuation	\$ 6,480	\$ 9,720	_	\$ 12,960
	Stock option acceleration ⁽³⁾		301,503	301,503	301,503
	Total	\$ 6,480	854,973	301,503	1,039,463
Peter G. Piferi	Salary		\$375,000		\$ 500,000
	Bonus	_	\$ 93,750	_	\$ 125,000
	Benefits continuation	\$ 2,556	\$ 3,834	_	\$ 5,112
	Stock option acceleration ⁽³⁾				
	Total	\$ 2,556	\$472,854		\$ 630,112
David W. Carlson	Salary		\$337,500		\$ 450,000
	Bonus	_	_	_	_
	Benefits continuation	\$ 6,480	\$ 9,720	_	\$ 12,960
	Stock option acceleration(3)				
	Total	\$ 6,480	\$347,220		\$ 462,960
Oscar L. Thomas	Salary		\$337,500		\$ 450,000
	Bonus	_	\$ 44,813	_	\$ 59,750
	Benefits continuation	\$ 6,480	\$ 9,720	_	\$ 12,960
	Stock option acceleration(3)		331,667	331,667	331,667
	Total	\$ 6,480	723,699	331,667	854,377
Michael M. Moore	Salary		\$175,000	_	\$ 175,000
	Bonus	_	\$ 11,750	_	\$ 11,750
	Benefits continuation	_	_	_	
	Stock option acceleration(3)		21,800	21,800	21,800
	Total		208,550	21,800	208,550

⁽¹⁾ In the event of a change of control, the executive's unvested restricted stock and stock options will become immediately vested and exercisable regardless of whether the executive is terminated in connection with the change of control.

For purposes of these benefits, a change of control is deemed to occur, in general, if there is: (1) a change in our ownership; (2) a change in our effective control; or (3) a change in the ownership of a substantial portion of our assets. For purposes of this definition, a change in our ownership will occur on the date on which any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, acquires ownership of our stock that, together with stock already held by such person or group, constitutes more than 50% of the total fair market value or total voting power of our stock. A change in our effective control will occur on the date on which either (i) a person, or more than one person acting as a group, acquires ownership of our stock possessing 30% or more of the total voting power of our stock, taking into account all such stock acquired during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition, or (ii) a majority of the members of our Board of Directors is replaced during any 12-month period by directors whose appointment or election is not endorsed by a majority of the members of our

⁽²⁾ With respect to a change of control termination, the value of the stock option acceleration is included for clarity of presentation; however, the options vest upon the change of control regardless of whether the executive is terminated. See the footnote above.

⁽³⁾ Assumes triggering event effective as of December 31, 2009 and excludes vested options and stock held as of such date. There was no public market for our common stock in 2009. We have estimated the market value of the accelerated stock options based on the difference between our assumed initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share, which is the mid-point of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus, and the exercise price of such accelerated options.

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Board of Directors prior to the date of the appointment or election. A change in the ownership of a substantial portion of our assets will occur on the date on which any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, other than a person or group of persons that is related to us, acquires assets from us that have a total gross fair market value equal to or more than 40% of the total gross fair market value of all of our assets immediately prior to such acquisition or acquisitions, taking into account all such assets acquired during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition.

John C. Thomas, Jr. Separation Agreement

In April 2010, we entered into a separation agreement with Mr. John C. Thomas, Jr., who previously served as our Chief Financial Officer. Under the separation agreement, Mr. Thomas ceased to be our employee, we agreed to pay Mr. Thomas severance totaling \$87,000, and Mr. Thomas agreed to consult and cooperate with us in connection with the orderly transition of his business responsibilities to our new Chief Financial Officer.

Benefit Plans

1998 Stock Option Plan

We adopted the 1998 Stock Option Plan on June 24, 1998 to enable us to attract, retain and motivate our officers, directors, employees and consultants. Of the 375,000 shares of common stock that were eligible for issuance pursuant to awards made under this plan, 292,500 shares of common stock were subject to options outstanding as of March 31, 2010. As of such date, the outstanding options had a weighted average exercise price of \$1.28 per share and had expiration dates ranging from January 1, 2011 to October 21, 2014. We terminated this plan, effective June 24, 2008, with respect to future grants such that no new options may be awarded under this plan.

2007 Stock Incentive Plan

We adopted the 2007 Stock Incentive Plan on March 28, 2007 to enable us to attract, retain and motivate our officers, directors, employees and consultants. Of the 625,000 shares of common stock that were eligible for issuance pursuant to awards made under this plan, 308,125 shares of common stock were subject to options outstanding as of March 31, 2010. As of such date, the outstanding options had a weighted average exercise price of \$5.82 per share and had expiration dates ranging from March 28, 2017 to December 10, 2019. Although this plan remains in effect and options under the plan remain outstanding, we ceased making awards under the plan upon the adoption of our 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan.

2010 Incentive Compensation Plan

We adopted the 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan, or the 2010 Plan, on April 23, 2010. The principal purpose of the 2010 Plan is to attract, retain and motivate selected employees, consultants and directors through the granting of stock-based compensation awards and cash-based performance bonus awards. The 2010 Plan is also designed to permit us to make cash-based awards and equity-based awards intended to qualify as "performance-based compensation" under Section 162(m) of the Code.

This following summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the text of the 2010 Plan, which is filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

Eligibility. Awards may be granted under the 2010 Plan to officers, directors (including non-employee directors) and other employees of our company or any of our subsidiaries or other affiliates, to any individual who is an advisor, consultant or other provider of services to us or any of our subsidiaries or other affiliates and to any other individuals who are approved by our Board of Directors as eligible to participate in the plan. Only our employees or those of any of our subsidiaries are eligible to receive incentive stock options.

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Administration, Amendment and Termination. Our compensation committee will have the power and authority to administer the 2010 Plan. The compensation committee will have the authority to interpret the terms and intent of the 2010 Plan, determine eligibility for and terms of awards for participants and make all other determinations necessary or advisable for the administration of the 2010 Plan. To the extent permitted by law, our compensation committee may delegate authority under the 2010 Plan to our Chief Executive Officer or to our other executive officers under conditions and limitations the compensation committee may establish.

The compensation committee may amend, suspend or terminate the 2010 Plan at any time with respect to any shares of common stock as to which awards have not been made. No such action may amend the 2010 Plan without the approval of stockholders if the amendment is required to be submitted for stockholder approval by applicable law, rule or regulation.

Awards. Awards under the 2010 Plan may be made in the form of: options, SARs, stock awards, restricted share units, cash bonuses or other incentive award granted under the 2010 Plan, whether singly, in combination, or in tandem. Any of the foregoing awards may be made subject to attainment of performance goals over any applicable performance period.

Shares Subject to the Plan. The aggregate number of shares of our common stock that may be issued initially pursuant to stock awards under the 2010 Plan is 1,250,000 shares. In connection with this offering, we intend to (i) grant options under the 2010 Plan to purchase 514,816 shares of common stock with exercise prices equal to the initial public offering price and (ii) issue 21,429 shares of common stock under the 2010 Plan, assuming an initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share, which is the mid-point of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus. The maximum number of shares that may be issued pursuant to the exercise of incentive stock options under the 2010 Plan is 625,000. Shares issued under the 2010 Plan may be authorized but unissued shares or treasury shares. Any shares covered by an award, or portion of an award, granted under the 2010 Plan that is forfeited or canceled, expires or is settled in cash will be deemed not to have been issued for purposes of determining the maximum number of shares available for issuance under the 2010 Plan.

Adjustment of Shares Subject to 2010 Plan. In the event of certain changes in our capitalization, the compensation committee will adjust, among other award terms, the number and kind of shares or property that may be delivered in connection with awards and the exercise price, grant price or purchase price relating to any award in such manner as the compensation committee determines to be necessary to prevent dilution or enlargement of the rights of participants.

Effect of a Change of Control. Upon the occurrence of a change of control, the compensation committee may:

- accelerate, vest or cause the restrictions to lapse with respect to all or any portion of an award under the 2010 Plan;
- cancel such awards for fair value (as determined by the compensation committee);
- provide for the issuance of substitute awards that will substantially preserve the otherwise applicable terms of any affected awards previously granted under the 2010 Plan, as determined by the compensation committee; or
- provide that for a period of at least 10 days prior to the change of control, option awards will be exercisable as to all shares of common stock subject thereto and that upon the occurrence of the change of control, such awards will terminate and be of no further force or effect.

Corporate Performance Objectives. Section 162(m) of the Code limits public companies to an annual deduction for federal income tax purposes of \$1,000,000 for compensation paid to their Chief Executive Officer and, based on recent IRS interpretation, the three most highly compensated executive officers determined at the end of each year. Performance-based compensation is excluded from this limitation. The 2010 Plan is designed to permit the compensation committee to grant awards that qualify as performance-based for purposes of satisfying the conditions of Section 162(m) at such time as the 2010 Plan becomes subject to Section 162(m).

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Key Personnel Incentive Program

We have adopted the Key Personnel Incentive Program, or the program, to provide a key employee and consultant with the opportunity to receive incentive bonus payments based on future performance of services to the company or upon a consummation of a sale transaction, as defined in the program. The compensation committee of our Board of Directors is responsible for administering the program, and the only participants in the program are Paul A. Bottomley and Parag Karmarkar. The program will terminate on the earlier of December 31, 2015 or the occurrence of a sale transaction.

Service Bonuses

Until the occurrence of a sale transaction, each participant will be entitled to receive semi-annual service bonuses beginning on June 30, 2012 and continuing through December 31, 2015 if the participant continues to provide services to us as our consultant or employee as of the respective payment dates. Pursuant to their awards, Dr. Bottomley and Mr. Karmarkar would receive service bonuses totaling up to \$1,700,000 and \$1,000,000, respectively, payable in eight equal semi-annual installments. If the participant's consultancy or employment is (i) terminated due to the participant's death or disability, or (ii) involuntarily terminated by us other than for cause, as defined in the program, then the participant will be deemed vested, as of the termination date, in all future service bonus payments, and we will pay that aggregate amount no later than March 15 of the year following the year in which the termination occurred.

Bonus Upon a Sale Transaction

In the event of a sale transaction, each of the participants will be entitled to receive a bonus payment under the program if the participant continues to provide services to us as our consultant or employee as of the date of the transaction. Mr. Karmarkar would receive a bonus equal to \$1,000,000, less any service bonus payments made to Mr. Karmarkar as described above. Dr. Bottomley would receive a bonus equal to (i) \$1,000,000, plus (ii) 1.4% of the amount by which the "net proceeds" from the sale transaction exceed \$50,000,000, but not to exceed \$700,000, less (iii) any service bonus payments made to Dr. Bottomley as described above. Following a sale transaction, neither participant will be entitled to receive any further service bonuses.

For purposes of the program, the "net proceeds" from a sale transaction will be the portion of the aggregate cash and non-cash consideration paid or payable in connection with the consummation of the sale transaction that is distributed, or otherwise available for distribution, to holders of our common stock.

Cardiac EP Business Participation Plan

We have adopted the Cardiac EP Business Participation Plan, or the plan, to enable us to provide a key product development advisor and consultant with financial rewards in the event that we sell our business operations relating to catheter-based MRI-guided cardiac ablation to treat cardiac arrhythmias, which we refer to as our cardiac EP business operations. The cardiac EP business operations include our operations relating to the ClearTrace system for MRI-guided cardiac ablation to treat cardiac arrhythmias, but it does not include our operations relating to our ClearPoint system, our SafeLead Development Program or any other product or product candidate. The sole participant in the plan is Dr. Nassir F. Marrouche.

In the event that we sell our cardiac EP business operations, whether on a stand-alone basis or as part of the sale of our entire company, the participant will receive a payment under the plan equal to (i) the transaction value paid for or allocated to the cardiac EP business operations in the sale, multiplied by (ii) the participant's "participation interest" at the time of the sale. The participant was initially awarded a participation interest of 6.6%. However, that percentage interest will be equitably reduced from time to time to take into account any equity financing transactions, including this offering, in which we issue shares of our common stock or securities convertible into shares of our common stock in exchange for cash proceeds. The plan will terminate on June 2, 2025.

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401(k) Plan

We offer a 401(k) Plan pursuant to Section 401(k) of the Code. All full time United States employees are eligible to participate in the plan. The plan permits pretax contributions by participants not to exceed annual amounts allowable under the Code. Participants are fully vested in their contributions.

Limitations on Directors' Liability and Indemnification Agreements

As permitted by Delaware law, we have adopted provisions in our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, both of which will become effective upon the completion of this offering, that limit or eliminate the personal liability of directors for a breach of their fiduciary duty of care as a director. The duty of care generally requires that, when acting on behalf of the corporation, a director exercise an informed business judgment based on all material information reasonably available to him or her. Consequently, a director will not be personally liable to us or our stockholders for monetary damages or breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except for liability for any:

- breach of the director's duty of loyalty to us or our stockholders;
- act or omission not in good faith or that involves intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law;
- act related to unlawful stock repurchases, redemptions or other distributions or payments of dividends; or
- transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

These limitations of liability do not limit or eliminate our rights or any stockholder's rights to seek non-monetary relief, such as injunctive relief or rescission. These provisions will not alter a director's liability under federal securities laws. Our certificate of incorporation that will become effective upon the completion of this offering also authorizes us to indemnify our officers, directors and other agents to the fullest extent permitted under Delaware law.

As permitted by Delaware law, our bylaws also provide that:

- we will indemnify our directors, officers, employees and other agents to the fullest extent permitted by law;
- we may advance expenses to our directors, officers, employees and other agents in connection with a legal proceeding to the fullest extent permitted by law; and
- the rights provided in our bylaws are not exclusive.

We believe that indemnification under our bylaws covers at least negligence and gross negligence on the part of indemnified parties. Our bylaws also permit us to secure insurance on behalf of any officer, director, employee or other agent for any liability arising out of his or her actions in connection with their services to us, regardless of whether our bylaws permit such indemnification. We have obtained such insurance.

In addition to the indemnification provided for in our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, we intend to enter into separate indemnification agreements with each of our directors and executive officers. These indemnification agreements may require us, among other things, to indemnify our directors and officers for some expenses, including attorneys' fees, judgments, fines and settlement amounts incurred by a director or officer in any action or proceeding arising out of his or her service as one of our directors or officers, or any of our subsidiaries or any other company or enterprise to which the person provides services at our request. We believe that these provisions and agreements are necessary to attract and retain qualified individuals to serve as directors and officers. There is no pending litigation or proceeding involving any of our directors or officers to which indemnification is required or permitted, and we are not aware of any threatened litigation or proceeding that may result in a claim for indemnification.

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CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

Policies and Procedures for Related Person Transactions

We have adopted a related person transactions policy, to be effective upon completion of this offering, pursuant to which our executive officers, directors and principal stockholders, including their immediate family members, are not permitted to enter into a related person transaction with us without the consent of our audit committee. Any request for us to enter into a transaction with an executive officer, director, principal stockholder or any of such persons' immediate family members, in which the amount involved exceeds \$120,000 must be presented to our audit committee for review, consideration and approval. All of our directors, executive officers and employees are required to report to our audit committee any such related person transaction. In approving or rejecting the proposed agreement, our audit committee will take into account, among other factors it deems appropriate, whether the proposed related person transaction is on terms no less favorable than terms generally available to an unaffiliated third party under the same or similar circumstances, the extent of the person's interest in the transaction and, if applicable, the impact on a director's independence. After consideration of these and other factors, the audit committee may approve or reject the transaction. Under the policy, if we should discover related person transactions that have not been approved, the audit committee will be notified and will determine the appropriate action, including ratification, rescission or amendment of the transaction.

Related Person Transactions

The following is a description of transactions since January 1, 2009 to which we have been a party, in which the amount involved in the transaction exceeds \$120,000, and in which any of our executive officers, directors and principal stockholders, including their immediate family members, had or will have a direct or indirect material interest.

In September 2004, Mr. Jenkins, our Chief Executive Officer, purchased 500,000 shares of our common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$480,000. Mr. Jenkins paid the purchase price by delivering to us a non-recourse promissory note in the principal amount of \$480,000, and Mr. Jenkins pledged the purchased shares as security for the note. The note was amended and restated on September 30, 2008 to extend the maturity date. As of December 22, 2009, the outstanding balance on the note was \$594,687 (including \$114,687 of accrued interest). Section 402(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act required that the note be repaid prior to the filing of our registration statement for the initial public offering of our common stock. Our Board of Directors formed a special committee of independent directors to review and evaluate any potential transaction with Mr. Jenkins with respect to his loan. The special committee approved, and our Board of Directors ratified, a transaction pursuant to which, on December 22, 2009, Mr. Jenkins sold us 66,652 shares of common stock valued at \$9.64 per share and we issued to Mr. Jenkins an option to purchase 66,652 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$9.64 per share. Our Board of Directors determined that the fair market value of our common stock as of December 22, 2009 was \$9.64 per share. We paid a portion of the stock purchase price, approximately \$594,687, by cancelling Mr. Jenkins' promissory note and the remainder, approximately \$47,833, was paid in cash. The purpose of the transaction was to satisfy Mr. Jenkins' promissory note to enable us to file of our registration statement for the initial public offering of our common stock while maintaining as closely as possible the original economics of Mr. Jenkins' loan transaction.

Between January 2006 and August 2007, Boston Scientific, one of our 5% common stockholders and the employer of one of our directors, loaned us \$1,500,000 in six equal quarterly installments pursuant to a convertible promissory note. This note matured on June 30, 2008, at which time Boston Scientific converted the note into 417,960 shares of our common stock and a warrant to purchase 417,960 shares of our common stock, which warrant has since expired. As such, we have no remaining obligations under the note.

On January 30, 2009, we repurchased 125,000 shares of our common stock from DARA, one of our 5% common stockholders, for \$500,000. In connection with this repurchase, we also loaned \$500,000 to DARA pursuant to a secured promissory note having an interest rate of 8% per year and a maturity date of July 31, 2010.

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The secured promissory note was collateralized by 125,000 shares of our common stock held by DARA. On December 31, 2009, DARA repaid the \$500,000 loan plus accrued interest of \$36,712 by tendering to us an additional 134,178 shares of our common stock in full satisfaction of the note.

During 2009, Boston Scientific loaned us \$3,500,000 pursuant to the terms of three convertible promissory notes. Interest on the loans accrues at 10% per year and compounds annually. The Boston Scientific loans are secured by a first priority security interest in all of our assets. Each loan matures on the second anniversary of the date on which the funds were advanced. In addition, we will be required to prepay all or a portion of loans upon the consummation of any qualified financing, which is any equity financing in which shares of our preferred stock are issued in exchange for cash proceeds. Upon consummation of a qualified financing from Medtronic, Inc., St. Jude Medical, Inc., or Johnson & Johnson, or any of their respective subsidiaries or affiliates, up to 100% of the cash proceeds from such qualified financing must be used to prepay the outstanding principal of the loans and accrued interest thereon. Upon consummation of a qualified financing from any other investor, up to 25% of the cash proceeds from such qualified financing must be applied by us to prepay the outstanding principal of the loans and accrued interest thereon. We can repay each loan at anytime prior to its respective maturity date. At the option of Boston Scientific, these loans are convertible into one share of our common stock for every \$8.00 of principal and interest outstanding at the time of conversion. To the extent that Boston Scientific has not exercised its conversion right prior to the completion of this offering, Boston Scientific will no longer have the right to convert the notes into shares of stock.

In addition to the disclosure above, the terms of the Key Personnel Incentive Plan, which is more fully described in the section entitled "Benefit Plans—Key Personnel Incentive Plan", is incorporated and restated herein.

Third Amended and Restated Investors Rights' Agreement

Pursuant to our Third Amended and Restated Investors Rights' Agreement, or Rights Agreement, certain of our stockholders and their affiliates and transferees have registration rights. Pursuant to the Rights Agreement, holders of registrable shares may require us, on not more than two occasions at any time beginning six months from the date of the closing of this offering, to file a registration statement under the Securities Act to register for resale their shares of common stock. As of April 30, 2010, the holders of approximately 5,800,000 shares of our common stock and common stock issuable upon conversion of our preferred stock had registration rights pursuant to the Rights Agreement. For more information concerning the Rights Agreement, please see "Description of Capital Stock—Registration Rights."

Indemnification Agreements

Prior to this offering, we expect to enter into separate indemnification agreements with each of our directors and executive officers, in addition to the indemnification provided for in our certificate of incorporation and bylaws. See "Management—Limitations on Directors' Liability and Indemnification Agreements".

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PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS

The following table sets forth information as of April 30, 2010 regarding the beneficial ownership of our common stock by:

- each person, or group of affiliated persons, who is known by us to own beneficially five percent or more of our common stock;
- each of our directors;
- each of our named executive officers; and
- all our directors and executive officers as a group.

Percentage ownership calculations for beneficial ownership before this offering are based on 7,629,405 shares outstanding as of April 30, 2010, assuming the conversion into common stock of all outstanding shares of our preferred stock and the bridge notes. Percentage ownership calculations for beneficial ownership after this offering are based on 10,129,405 shares outstanding after this offering, assuming no exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option, which includes the issuance of 2,500,000 shares in this offering. Shares beneficially owned before and after this offering reflect an assumed 1-for-4 reverse stock split to be effected prior to completion of this offering, an assumed initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share, which is the mid-point of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus, and accrued interest on convertible promissory notes through April 30, 2010.

Each individual or entity shown on the table has furnished information with respect to beneficial ownership. Except as otherwise indicated below, the address of each officer, director and five percent stockholder listed below is c/o SurgiVision, Inc., One Commerce Square, Suite 2550, Memphis, TN 38103.

We have determined beneficial ownership in accordance with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission. These rules generally attribute beneficial ownership of securities to persons who possess sole or shared voting power or investment power with respect to those securities. In addition, the rules include shares of common stock issuable pursuant to the exercise of stock options and warrants that are either immediately exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of April 30, 2010. These shares are deemed to be outstanding and beneficially owned by the person holding those options for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of that person, but they are not treated as outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of any other person. Unless otherwise indicated, the persons or entities identified in this table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares shown as beneficially owned by them.

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	Number of Shares	Percentage of Shar	Percentage of Shares Outstanding		
Beneficial Owner (Name and Address)	ress) Owned Before Offering		After Offering		
5% Stockholders					
Entities affiliated with Boston Scientific Neuromodulation					
Corporation ⁽¹⁾	995 240	10.00	0.4		
One Boston Scientific Plaza	885,340	10.9%	8.4		
Natick, MA 01760					
Bruce Conway ⁽²⁾	527,185	6.9	5.2		
5514 Wenonah Dr					
Dallas, TX 75209					
DARA Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (3)	504,565	6.6	4.9		
8601 Six Forks Road, Suite 160					
Raleigh, NC 27615					
Directors and Named Executive Officers					
Kimble L. Jenkins ⁽⁴⁾	543,723	7.0	5.3		
John C. Thomas, Jr. (5)	192,731	2.5	1.9		
Lenox D. Baker ⁽⁶⁾	17,500	*	*		
Paul A. Bottomley ⁽⁷⁾	122,166	1.6	1.2		
Charles E. Koob ⁽⁸⁾	31,250	*	*		
Wendelin C. Maners ⁽⁹⁾	8,750	*	*		
James K. Malernee, Jr.	_	*	*		
Michael A. Pietrangelo	_	*	*		
John N. Spencer, Jr.	_	*	*		
Peter G. Piferi ⁽¹⁰⁾	75,000	1.0	*		
Oscar L. Thomas ⁽¹¹⁾	41,667	*	*		
Michael M. Moore ⁽¹²⁾	2,500	*	*		
All executive officers and directors as a group (15 persons) ⁽¹³⁾	1,037,787	12.8	9.8		

- * Represents beneficial ownership of less than 1% of our outstanding common stock.
- (1) Includes 458,630 shares issuable upon the conversion of convertible promissory notes, the outstanding balance of which, including principal and accrued interest, was approximately \$3,669,040 as of April 30, 2010. Also includes 8,750 shares that Ms. Maners has the right to acquire through the exercise of options, which she holds for the benefit of Boston Scientific Neuromodulation Corporation. Pursuant to the terms of the Stockholders' Agreement, which terminates upon closing of this offering, Boston Scientific Neuromodulaton Corporation designated Ms. Maners as their nominee to serve on our Board of Directors. Boston Scientific is a reporting company under the Exchange Act, the shares of which are traded on the New York Stock Exchange and are widely held.
- (2) Includes 6,250 shares jointly held with his spouse, 25,000 shares held solely by his spouse, 6,250 shares issuable upon the optional conversion of a bridge note in the principal amount of \$50,000 and 20,661 shares of common stock in the aggregate owned by the Alden M. Conway Trust, the Chase T. Conway Trust, the Merritt Elizabeth Conway Trust, the Edna N. Conway Irrevocable Trust FBO Alden M. Conway, the Edna N. Conway Irrevocable Trust FBO Chase T. Conway and the Edna N. Conway Irrevocable Trust FBO Merritt Elizabeth Conway. Mr. Conway is the trustee of each of the aforementioned trusts and has voting and investment power of each trust's shares, which are held in trust for the benefit of his children.
- (3) Includes 101,250 shares that DARA Pharmaceuticals, Inc. has the right to acquire through the exercise of warrants. DARA Pharmaceuticals, Inc. is a reporting company under the Exchange Act, the shares of which are traded on the Nasdaq Capital Market and are widely held.
- (4) Includes 96,625 shares that Mr. Jenkins has the right to acquire through the exercise of warrants and 12,500 shares that Mr. Jenkins has the right to acquire through the exercise of options.
- (5) Includes 18,185 shares held by a family limited partnership of which Mr. Thomas is the general partner, 91 shares owned by Mr. Thomas' daughter, and 112,500 shares that Mr. Thomas has the right to acquire through the exercise of stock options. Does not include 182 shares beneficially owned by Mr. Thomas' spouse of which Mr. Thomas disclaims beneficial ownership.
- (6) Includes 17,500 shares that Dr. Baker has the right to acquire through the exercise of options.
- (7) Includes 75,000 shares that Dr. Bottomley has the right to acquire through the exercise of options.
- (8) Includes 20,000 shares jointly held with his spouse and 8,750 shares that Mr. Koob has the right to acquire through the exercise of options.
- (9) Includes 8,750 shares that Ms. Maners has the right to acquire through the exercise of options. Ms. Maners holds her options for the benefit of Boston Scientific Neuromodulation Corporation. Pursuant to the terms of the Stockholders' Agreement, which terminates upon closing of this offering, Boston Scientific Neuromodulaton Corporation designated Ms. Maners as its nominee to serve on our Board of Directors.
- (10) Includes 75,000 shares that Mr. Piferi has the right to acquire through the exercise of options.
- (11) Includes 41,667 shares that Mr. Thomas has the right to acquire through the exercise of options.
- (12) Includes 2,500 shares that Mr. Moore has the right to acquire through the exercise of options.
- (13) Includes 453,292 shares exercisable through the exercise of options or warrants and 18,185 shares held by an entity controlled by a director.

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DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

The following description of our capital stock gives effect to the amendment and restatement of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, which will occur before the closing of this offering, an assumed 1-for-4 reverse stock split, which will occur before the closing of this offering, and the conversion of our preferred stock and bridge notes into 2,500,125 shares of common stock, which will occur upon the closing of this offering, as if such conversion had occurred on April 30, 2010.

Upon completion of this offering, our authorized capital stock will consist of 70,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, and 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share.

Common Stock

Outstanding Shares

As of April 30, 2010, we had 5,129,280 shares of common stock outstanding and 7,965,000 shares of preferred stock issued and outstanding that are convertible into 1,991,250 shares of common stock and \$4,071,000 of bridge notes that are convertible into 508,875 shares of common stock. As of April 30, 2010, we had approximately 500 stockholders, assuming the conversion of all outstanding shares of our preferred stock and bridge notes into shares of our common stock. In addition, as of April 30, 2010, options and warrants to purchase 1,103,263 shares of common stock were issued and outstanding and we had outstanding convertible promissory notes that were convertible into 458,630 shares of common stock. Based on our outstanding capital stock as of April 30, 2010, upon the completion of this offering, there will be 10,129,405 shares of common stock outstanding assuming an initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share, which is the mid-point of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus, conversion of all preferred stock into 1,991,250 shares of common stock, conversion of the bridge notes into 508,875 shares of common stock, no exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option, no exercise of outstanding stock options or warrants and no conversion of outstanding convertible promissory notes (other than the bridge notes).

Voting Rights

Each holder of our common stock is entitled to one vote for each share on all matters submitted to a vote of the stockholders, including the election of directors. Under our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, our stockholders will not have cumulative voting rights. Because of this, the holders of a majority of the shares of common stock entitled to vote in any election of directors can elect all of the directors standing for election, if they should so choose.

Dividends

Subject to preferences that may be applicable to any then outstanding preferred stock, holders of common stock are entitled to receive ratably those dividends, if any, as may be declared from time to time by the Board of Directors out of legally available funds.

Liquidation

In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, holders of common stock will be entitled to share ratably in the net assets legally available for distribution to stockholders after the payment of all of our debts and other liabilities and the satisfaction of any liquidation preference granted to the holders of any outstanding shares of preferred stock.

Rights and Preferences

Holders of common stock have no preemptive, conversion or subscription rights, and there are no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the common stock. The rights, preferences and privileges of the holders of common stock are subject to, and may be adversely affected by, the rights of the holders of shares of any series of preferred stock that we may designate in the future.

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Fully Paid and Nonassessable

All of our outstanding shares of common stock are, and the shares of common stock to be issued pursuant to this offering will be, fully paid and nonassessable.

Preferred Stock

Upon the closing of this offering, the Board of Directors will have the authority, without further action by the stockholders, to issue up to 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series, to establish from time to time the number of shares to be included in each such series, to fix the rights, preferences and privileges of the shares of each wholly unissued series and any qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereon, and to increase or decrease the number of shares of any such series, but not below the number of shares of such series then outstanding. The Board of Directors may authorize the issuance of preferred stock with voting or conversion rights that could adversely affect the voting power or other rights of the holders of the common stock. The issuance of preferred stock, while providing flexibility in connection with possible acquisitions and other corporate purposes, could, among other things, have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of SurgiVision and may adversely affect the market price of the common stock and the voting and other rights of the holders of common stock. Upon completion of this offering, no shares of preferred stock will be issued or outstanding.

Registration Rights

In 1998 shortly following our formation, some of our initial investors entered into an investor rights agreement with us, which, among other things, provided demand and piggyback registration rights. As our operations to date have been funded primarily through the sale of our equity securities, we have amended the investor rights agreement with each offering of equity securities to extend the respective rights thereunder to the new investors. The investor rights agreement was most recently amended in 2006 in connection with a preferred stock offering, and it remains in place as the Rights Agreement.

Demand and Form S-3 Registration Rights

Pursuant to the Rights Agreement, at any time beginning six months after the consummation of this offering, the holders of approximately 5,800,000 shares of our common stock, or registrable shares, will have the right to require us to register the registrable shares under the Securities Act under specified circumstances. We will not be required to effect a demand registration for 120 days following the effectiveness of a registration statement relating to an underwritten public offering of our securities. Under specified circumstances, we also have the right to defer filing of a requested registration statement for a period of not more than 120 days, which right may not be exercised more than twice during any period of 12 consecutive months. These registration rights are subject to additional conditions and limitations, including the right of the underwriters to limit the number of shares included in any such registration under certain circumstances.

If we are eligible to file a registration statement on Form S-3, each holder of registrable shares of our common stock has the right to demand that we file additional registration statements, including a shelf registration statement, for such holders on Form S-3. We will not be required to effect more than four demand registrations in total, of which no more than two may be required to be effected by us at any time after the second anniversary of this offering and then only on Form S-3.

Piggyback Registration Rights

Pursuant to the Rights Agreement, at any time beginning six months after the consummation of this offering, whenever we propose to file a registration statement under the Securities Act, other than with respect to a registration related to employee benefit plans, debt securities, or corporate reorganizations, the holders of

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registrable shares are entitled to notice of the registration and have the right to include their registrable shares in such a registration. In addition, two of our warrant holders, pursuant to the terms of their respective warrants, have similar piggyback registration rights. As of April 30, 2010, the holders of approximately 5,940,000 shares of our common stock, common stock issuable on the exercise of warrants and common stock issuable upon conversion of our preferred stock, would have been entitled to notice of the registration and would have been entitled to include their shares of common stock in the registration statement. The underwriters of any underwritten offering will have the right to limit the number of shares having registration rights to be included in the registration statement.

Expenses of Registration

We are required to pay all expenses relating to any demand or piggyback registration, other than underwriting discounts and commissions.

Delaware Anti-Takeover Law and Certain Provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws

Delaware Law

We are governed by Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law. In general, Section 203 prohibits a public Delaware corporation from engaging in a "business combination" with an "interested stockholder" for a period of three years after the date of the transaction in which the person became an interested stockholder, unless the business combination is approved in a prescribed manner. A "business combination" includes mergers, asset sales or other transactions resulting in a financial benefit to the stockholder. An "interested stockholder" is a person who, together with affiliates and associates, owns, or within three years, did own, 15% or more of the corporation's outstanding voting stock. These provisions may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in our control.

Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaw Provisions

Our certificate of incorporation that will become effective upon the completion of this offering:

- provides for a staggered Board of Directors;
- permits our Board of Directors to issue shares of preferred stock, with any rights, preferences and privileges as they may designate, including the right to approve an acquisition or other change in our control;
- provides that the authorized number of directors may be changed only by resolution of the Board of Directors;
- provides that all vacancies, including newly created directorships, may, except as otherwise required by law, be filled by the affirmative vote of a majority of directors then in office, even if less than a quorum;
- requires that any action to be taken by our stockholders must be effected at a duly called annual or special meeting of stockholders and not be taken by written consent;
- provides that stockholders seeking to present proposals before a meeting of stockholders or to nominate candidates for election as directors at a meeting of stockholders must provide notice in writing in a timely manner, and also specify requirements as to the form and content of a stockholder's notice;
- does not provide for cumulative voting rights (therefore allowing the holders of a majority of the shares of common stock entitled to vote in any election of directors to elect all of the directors standing for election, if they should so choose);
- provides that special meetings of our stockholders may be called only by the chairman of the Board of Directors, our Chief Executive Officer or by the Board of Directors pursuant to a resolution adopted by a majority of the total number of authorized directors; and

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• provides that stockholders will be permitted to amend our amended and restated bylaws only upon receiving at least 66 2/3% of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of all outstanding shares then entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class.

These and other provisions contained in our certificate of incorporation and bylaws could delay or discourage some types of transactions involving an actual or potential change in our control or change in our management, including transactions in which stockholders might otherwise receive a premium for their shares over then current prices, and may limit the ability of stockholders to remove current management or approve transactions that stockholders may deem to be in their best interests and, therefore, could adversely affect the price of our common stock.

Nasdaq Capital Market Listing

We have applied to the Nasdaq Capital Market to quote our common stock under the proposed trading symbol "SRGV".

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The Transfer Agent and Registrar for our common stock is Continental Stock Transfer and Trust Company. The transfer agent's address is 17 Battery Place, New York, New York 10004 and its telephone number is (212) 845-3212.

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SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for our common stock. Market sales of shares or the availability of shares for sale may decrease the market price of our common stock prevailing from time to time. As described below, only a portion of our outstanding shares of common stock will be available for sale shortly after this offering due to contractual and legal restrictions to resale. Nevertheless, sales of substantial amounts of common stock in the public market after these restrictions lapse, or the perception that such sales could occur, adversely affect the market price of the common stock and impair our future ability to raise capital through the sale of our equity securities.

Upon completion of this offering, 10,129,405 shares of common stock will be outstanding, assuming an initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share, which is the mid-point of the range listed on the cover of this prospectus. All of the shares sold in this offering will be freely tradable. Except as set forth below, the remaining shares of common stock outstanding after this offering will be restricted as a result of securities laws or lock-up agreements. These remaining shares will be available for sale in the public market roughly as follows:

Approximate Number of Shares

As of the date of this prospectus

Date of Availability of Sales

90 days after the date of this prospectus

180 days after the date of this prospectus, not subject to volume limitations pursuant to Rule 144

180 days after the date of this prospectus, subject to volume limitations pursuant to Rule 144

Rule 144

Under Rule 144, any non-affiliate, who has not been an affiliate of ours during the preceding three months and has held their securities for at least one year, including the holding period of any prior owner other than one of our affiliates, would be entitled to sell an unlimited number of shares immediately upon the closing of this offering without regard to whether current public information about us is available. In addition, Rule 144 provides that once we have been subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act for a period of at least 90 days, non-affiliates that have held restricted securities of a reporting company for at least six months and have not had an affiliate relationship with us during the preceding three months may sell their securities without restriction or limitation, other than that Rule 144's public information requirements must be satisfied. Rule 144 does not permit affiliates to sell restricted securities until we have been subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act for a period of 90 days. After such 90 day period, Rule 144 permits affiliates that have held restricted securities for at least six months to sell such restricted securities in accordance with the traditional conditions of Rule 144, including the current public information requirement, the volume limitations, manner of sale provisions and notice requirements. In particular, an affiliate who has beneficially owned shares of our common stock for at least six months would be entitled to sell within any three-month period a number of shares that does not exceed the greater of:

- 1% of the number of shares of our common stock then outstanding, which will equal approximately shares immediately after this offering; or
- the average weekly trading volume of our common stock on the Nasdaq Capital Market during the four calendar weeks preceding the filing of a notice on Form 144 with respect to the sale.

Lock-Up Agreements

Upon completion of this offering, each of our officers and directors and certain of our stockholders will have agreed, subject to specified exceptions, that, without the prior written consent of the underwriters, they will

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not, directly or indirectly, sell, offer, contract to sell, transfer the economic risk of ownership in, make any short sale, pledge or otherwise dispose of any shares of our capital stock or any securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for or any other rights to purchase or acquire our capital stock for a period of 180 days from the date of this prospectus. The underwriters may, acting jointly and in their discretion, permit early release of shares subject to the lock-up agreements. See "Underwriting—Lock-ups" for a more detailed discussion of the lock-up agreements.

Registration Rights

Upon completion of this offering, the holders of the registrable shares, or their transferees, will be entitled to registration rights with respect to the registrable shares under the Securities Act. Registration of the registrable shares under the Securities Act would result in the shares becoming freely tradable without restriction under the Securities Act, except for shares purchased by affiliates, immediately upon the effectiveness of this registration. See "Description of Capital Stock—Registration Rights".

Stock Options

We intend to file with the SEC a registration statement under the Securities Act covering the shares of common stock reserved for issuance under our stock option plans. The registration statement is expected to be filed and become effective in connection with this offering. Accordingly, shares registered under the registration statement will, subject to Rule 144 volume limitations applicable to affiliates and the lock-up agreements described above, be available for sale in the open market.

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MATERIAL UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS FOR NON-UNITED STATES HOLDERS OF COMMON STOCK

The following is a summary of some United States federal income and estate tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of shares of our common stock purchased pursuant to this offering by a holder that, for United States federal income tax purposes, is not a "United States person," as we define that term below. A beneficial owner of our common stock who is not a United States person is referred to below as a "non-United States holder." This summary is based upon current provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, judicial opinions, administrative pronouncements and published rulings of the United States Internal Revenue Service, or IRS, all as in effect as of the date hereof. These authorities may be changed, possibly retroactively, resulting in United States federal tax consequences different from those set forth below. We have not sought, and will not seek, any ruling from the IRS or opinion of counsel with respect to the statements made in the following summary, and there can be no complete assurance that the IRS will not take a position contrary to such statements or that any such contrary position taken by the IRS would not be sustained.

This summary is limited to non-United States holders who purchase shares of our common stock issued pursuant to this offering and who hold our common stock as a capital asset for United States federal income tax purposes. This summary also does not address the tax considerations arising under the laws of any state, local or non-United States jurisdiction, or under United States federal estate or gift tax laws, except as specifically described below. In addition, this summary does not address tax considerations that may be applicable to an investor's particular circumstances nor does it address the special tax rules applicable to special classes of non-United States holders, including, without limitation:

- banks, insurance companies or other financial institutions;
- partnerships or other entities treated as partnerships for United States federal income tax purposes;
- United States expatriates;
- tax-exempt organizations;
- tax-qualified retirement plans;
- brokers or dealers in securities or currencies;
- traders in securities that elect to use a mark-to-market method of accounting for their securities holdings; or
- persons that will hold common stock as a position in a hedging transaction, "straddle," "conversion," or other integrated transaction for tax purposes.

If a partnership, including any entity treated as a partnership for United States federal income tax purposes, is a holder, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership will generally depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. A holder that is a partnership, and partners in such partnership, should consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of shares of our common stock.

For purposes of this discussion, a United States person means a person who is for United States federal income tax purposes:

- a citizen or resident of the United States;
- a corporation, including any entity treated as a corporation for United States federal income tax purposes created or organized under the laws of the United States, any state within the United States, or the District of Columbia;
- an estate the income of which is subject to United States federal income taxation regardless of its source; or

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• a trust, if its administration is subject to the primary supervision of a United States court and one or more United States persons have the authority to control all of its substantial decisions, or other trusts considered United States persons for United States federal income tax purposes.

YOU ARE URGED TO CONSULT YOUR TAX ADVISOR WITH RESPECT TO THE APPLICATION OF THE UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX LAWS TO YOUR PARTICULAR SITUATION AS WELL AS ANY TAX CONSEQUENCES ARISING UNDER THE FEDERAL ESTATE OR GIFT TAX RULES OR UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY STATE, LOCAL, NON-UNITED STATES OR OTHER TAXING JURISDICTION OR UNDER ANY APPLICABLE TAX TREATY.

Dividends

If distributions are paid on shares of our common stock, the distributions will constitute dividends for United States federal income tax purposes to the extent paid from our current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined under United States federal income tax principles. To the extent a distribution exceeds our current and accumulated earnings and profits, it will constitute a return of capital that is applied against and reduces, but not below zero, the adjusted tax basis of your shares in our common stock. Any remainder will constitute gain on the common stock. Dividends paid to a non-United States holder generally will be subject to withholding of United States federal income tax at the rate of 30% or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty, the benefits of which a non-United States holder is eligible. If the dividend is effectively connected with the non-United States holder's conduct of a trade or business in the United States or, if a tax treaty requires, attributable to a United States permanent establishment maintained by such non-United States holder, the dividend will not be subject to any withholding tax, provided certification requirements are met, as described below, but will be subject to United States federal income tax imposed on net income on the same basis that applies to United States persons generally. A corporate holder under certain circumstances also may be subject to a branch profits tax equal to 30%, or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty, the benefits of which a non-United States holder is eligible, on a portion of its effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year. Non-United States holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the potential applicability of any income tax treaty.

To claim the benefit of a tax treaty or to claim exemption from withholding because the income is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States, a non-United States holder must provide a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN for treaty benefits or W-8ECI for effectively connected income, or such successor forms as the IRS designates, prior to the payment of dividends. These forms must be periodically updated. Non-United States holders may obtain a refund of any excess amounts withheld by timely filing an appropriate claim for refund.

Gain on Disposition

A non-United States holder generally will not be subject to United States federal income tax, including by way of withholding, on gain recognized on a sale or other disposition of shares of our common stock unless any one of the following is true:

- the gain is effectively connected with the non-United States holder's conduct of a trade or business in the United States or, if a tax treaty applies, attributable to a United States permanent establishment or a fixed base maintained by such non-United States holder;
- the non-United States holder is a nonresident alien individual present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of the disposition and certain other requirements are met; or
- our common stock constitutes a United States real property interest by reason of our status as a "United States real property holding corporation," or USRPHC, for United States federal income tax purposes at any time during the shorter of (1) the period during which you hold our common stock or (2) the five-year period ending on the date you dispose of our common stock.

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We believe that we are not currently, and will not become, a USRPHC. However, because the determination of whether we are a USRPHC depends on the fair market value of our United States real property interests relative to the fair market value of our other business assets, we cannot assure you that we will not become a USRPHC in the future. As a general matter, as long as our common stock is regularly traded on an established securities market, however, it will not be treated as a United States real property interest with respect to any non-United States holder that holds no more than 5% of such regularly traded common stock. If we are determined to be a USRPHC and the foregoing exception does not apply, among other things, a purchaser may be required to withhold 10% of the proceeds payable to a non-United States holder from a disposition of our common stock, and the non-United States holder generally will be taxed on its net gain derived from the disposition at the graduated United States federal income tax rates applicable to United States persons.

Unless an applicable treaty provides otherwise, gain described in the first bullet point above will be subject to the United States federal income tax imposed on net income on the same basis that applies to United States persons generally but will generally not be subject to withholding. Corporate holders also may be subject to a branch profits tax on such gain. Gain described in the second bullet point above will be subject to a flat 30% United States federal income tax, which may be offset by certain United States source capital losses. Non-United States holders should consult any potentially applicable income tax treaties that may provide for different rules.

United States Federal Estate Taxes

Shares of our common stock owned or treated as owned by an individual who at the time of death is a non-United States holder are considered United States situs assets and will be included in the individual's estate for United States federal estate tax purposes, unless an applicable estate tax treaty provides otherwise.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Information reporting and backup withholding (currently at a 28% rate of tax) may apply to dividends paid with respect to our common stock and to proceeds from the sale or other disposition of our common stock. If we cannot determine whether a distribution will qualify as a dividend, in whole or in part, at the time the distribution is made, then the distribution will be subject to backup withholding. In certain circumstances, non-United States holders may avoid information reporting and backup withholding if they certify under penalties of perjury as to their status as non-United States holders or otherwise establish an exemption and certain other requirements are met. Non-United States holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the application of the information reporting and backup withholding rules to them.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules from a payment to a non-United States holder can be refunded or credited against the non-United States holder's United States federal income tax liability, if any, provided that an appropriate claim is timely filed with the IRS.

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UNDERWRITING

Canaccord Genuity Inc., or Canaccord Genuity, and Rodman & Renshaw, LLC, or Rodman, or collectively, the underwriters, are acting as the joint book running underwriters of this offering. Under the terms and subject to the conditions contained in an underwriting agreement dated the date of this prospectus, the underwriters have agreed to purchase, and we have agreed to sell to them, all shares of common stock offered by this prospectus as set forth below:

Underwriter	Shares
Canaccord Genuity Inc.	
Rodman & Renshaw, LLC	

Nature of Underwriting Commitment

The underwriters are offering the shares of common stock subject to its acceptance of the shares from us and subject to prior sale. The underwriting agreement provides that the obligations of the underwriters to pay for and accept delivery of the shares of common stock offered by this prospectus are subject to the approval of certain legal matters by their counsel and to other conditions. The underwriters are obligated to take and pay for all of the shares of common stock offered by this prospectus if any such shares are taken. However, the underwriters are not required to take or pay for the shares covered by the over-allotment option described below, unless and until the option is exercised. The underwriters initially propose to offer part of the shares of common stock directly to the public at the initial public offering price listed on the cover of this prospectus, less underwriting discounts and commissions, and part to certain dealers at a price that represents a concession not in excess of a share under the initial public offering price. The underwriters may allow, and the dealers may reallow, a discount not in excess of \$ per share to other dealers. After the initial offering, the public offering price or any other term of the offering may be changed.

Option to Purchase Additional Shares

We have granted to the underwriters an option, exercisable for 30 days from the date of this prospectus, to purchase up to an aggregate of 375,000 additional shares of common stock at the initial public offering price, less underwriting discounts and commissions. The underwriters may exercise this option, in whole or in part, solely for the purpose of covering overallotments, if any, made in connection with the offering of the shares of common stock offered by this prospectus. If the overallotment option is exercised in full, the total price to the public would be \$\(\) , the total underwriter discounts and commissions would be \$\(\) and the total proceeds to us would be \$\(\) .

Discounts and Commissions

The following table shows the per share and total underwriting discounts and commissions that we are to pay to the underwriters in connection with this offering. These amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the over-allotment option.

		Total		
	Per Share	No Exercise	Full Exercise	
Public offering price	\$	\$	\$	
Underwriting discount	\$	\$	\$	
Non-accountable expense allowance	\$	\$	\$	
Proceeds, before expenses, to us	\$	\$	\$	

In addition, we estimate that the expenses of this offering other than underwriting discounts and commissions payable by us will be approximately \$1,930,000.

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We have agreed to pay the underwriters a non-accountable expense allowance equal to 1% of the initial public offering price or \$350,000, or \$402,500 if the underwriters exercise their over-allotment option in full. We have also agreed to issue to the underwriters common stock purchase warrants to purchase up to 125,000 shares of our common stock. The warrants will have an exercise price equal to \$17.50 per share assuming an initial public offering price \$14,00 of per share, which is the midpoint of range set forth on the cover of this prospectus. The warrants are exercisable commencing one (1) year after the effective date of the registration statement of which the prospectus forms a part, and will be exercisable for four (4) years thereafter. The warrants also provides for unlimited "piggyback" registration rights at our expense with respect to the underlying shares of common stock. Pursuant to the rules of the Financial Industry Regulatory, Inc., or FINRA, and in particular Rule 5110, the warrants (and underlying shares) issued to the underwriters may not be sold, transferred, assigned, pledged, or hypothecated, or the subject of any hedging, short sale, derivative, put or call transaction that would result in the effective disposition of the securities by any person for a period of 180 days immediately following the date of delivery and payment for the shares offered; provided, however, that the warrants (and underlying shares) may be transferred to officers or partners of the underwriters as long as the warrants (and underlying shares) remain subject to the lockup.

Lock-ups

Upon completion of this offering, each of our officers and directors and certain stockholders will have agreed that, subject to specified exceptions, without the prior written consent of the underwriters acting jointly through their representative Canaccord Genuity, they will not, during the period beginning on the date of this prospectus and ending 180 days thereafter:

- offer, pledge, sell, announce the intention to sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, lend, or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any shares of common stock or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for common stock;
- enter into any swap or other arrangement that transfers to another, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of common stock; or
- make any demand for or exercise any right with respect to, the registration of any shares of common stock or any security convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for common stock;

whether any such transaction described above is to be settled by delivery of common stock or such other securities, in cash or otherwise.

The restrictions described in the preceding paragraphs do not apply to:

- the sale by us of shares to the underwriter in connection with the offering;
- options issued pursuant to employee benefit plans;
- transactions by any person other than us relating to shares of common stock or other securities convertible or
 exchangeable into common stock acquired in open market transactions after the completion of the offering of the
 shares; or
- the transfer of shares of common stock or any security convertible or exchangeable into shares of common stock as a bona fide gift, as a distribution to general or limited partners, stockholders, members or affiliates of our stockholders, or by will or intestate succession to a member of the immediate family of our stockholders, or to a trust for the benefit of such immediate family member.

With respect to the last bullet, it shall be a condition to the transfer or distribution that the donor or transferor provide prior written notice of such transfer or distribution to Canaccord Genuity, the donee or transferee execute a copy of the lock-up agreement, no filing by any donee or transferee with the SEC shall be required or shall be made voluntarily in connection with such transfer or distribution, other than a filing on Form 5, and no such transfer or distribution may include a disposition for value.

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The 180-day restricted period described in the preceding paragraph will be extended if:

- during the last 17 days of the 180-day restricted period we issue an earnings release or material news or a material event relating to us occurs; or
- prior to the expiration of the 180-day restricted period, we announce that we will release earnings results during the 16-day period beginning on the last day of the 180-day restricted period;

in which case the restrictions described in the preceding paragraph will continue to apply until the expiration of the 18-day period beginning on the issuance of the earnings release or the occurrence of the material news or material event.

Stabilization

In order to facilitate this offering of common stock, the underwriters may engage in transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of the common stock. Specifically, the underwriters may sell more shares than they are obligated to purchase under the underwriting agreement, creating a short position. A short sale is covered if the short position is no greater than the number of shares available for purchase by the underwriters under the over-allotment option. The underwriters can close out a covered short sale by exercising the over- allotment option or by purchasing shares in the open market. In determining the source of shares to close out a covered short sale, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the open market price of shares compared to the price available under the over-allotment option. The underwriters may also sell shares in excess of the over-allotment option, creating a naked short position. The underwriters must close out any naked short position by purchasing shares in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the common stock in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in this offering. In addition, to stabilize the price of the common stock, the underwriters may bid for and purchase shares of common stock in the open market. Finally, the underwriters may reclaim selling concessions allowed for distributing the common stock in the offering if the syndicate repurchases previously distributed common stock to cover syndicate short positions or to stabilize the price of the common stock. These activities may raise or maintain the market price of the common stock above independent market levels or prevent or retard a decline in the market price of the common stock. The underwriters are not required to engage in these activities and may end any of these activities at any time.

Other Terms

We have applied to have our common stock approved for quotation on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "SRGV."

We and the underwriters have agreed to indemnify each other against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for the shares of common stock. The initial public offering price will be determined by negotiations between us and the underwriters. Among the factors to be considered in determining the initial public offering price will be our future prospects and those of our industry in general; sales, earnings and other financial operating information in recent periods; and the price-earnings ratios, price-sales ratios and market prices of securities and certain financial and operating information of companies engaged in activities similar to ours. The estimated initial public offering price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus is subject to change as a result of market conditions and other factors. An active trading market for the shares may not develop, and it is possible that after the offering the shares will not trade in the market above their initial offering price. A prospectus in electronic format may be made available on a web site maintained by the underwriters, and the underwriters may distribute prospectuses electronically.

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Foreign Regulatory Restrictions on Purchase of Our Common Stock

We have not taken any action to permit a public offering of our common stock outside the United States or to permit the possession or distribution of this prospectus outside the United States. Persons outside the United States who come into possession of this prospectus must inform themselves about and observe any restrictions relating to this offering and the distribution of the prospectus outside the United States. In addition to the public offering of our common stock in the United States, the underwriters may, subject to applicable foreign laws, also offer our common stock to certain institutions or accredited persons in other countries.

Italy

The offering of shares of common stock pursuant to this prospectus has not been cleared by Consob, the Italian Stock Exchange's regulatory agency of public companies, pursuant to Italian securities legislation and, accordingly, no shares may be offered, sold or delivered, nor may copies of this prospectus or of any other document relating to our common stock be distributed in Italy, except (1) to professional investors (*operatori qualificati*); or (2) in circumstances which are exempted from the rules on solicitation of investments pursuant to Decree No. 58 and Article 33, first paragraph, of Consob Regulation No. 11971 of May 14, 1999, as amended. Any offer, sale or delivery of our common stock or distribution of copies of this prospectus or any other document relating to our common stock in Italy under (1) or (2) above must be (i) made by an investment firm, bank or financial intermediary permitted to conduct such activities in Italy in accordance with the Decree No. 58 and Legislative Decree No. 385 of September 1, 1993, or the Banking Act; and (ii) in compliance with Article 129 of the Banking Act and the implementing guidelines of the Bank of Italy, as amended from time to time, pursuant to which the issue or the offer of securities in Italy may need to be preceded and followed by an appropriate notice to be filed with the Bank of Italy depending, inter alia, on the aggregate value of the securities issued or offered in Italy and their characteristics; and (iii) in compliance with any other applicable laws and regulations.

Germany

The offering of our common stock is not a public offering in the Federal Republic of Germany. The shares may only be acquired in accordance with the provisions of the Securities Sales Prospectus Act (Wertpapier-Verkaudfspropsektgestz), as amended, and any other applicable German law. No application has been made under German law to publicly market our common stock in or out of the Federal Republic of Germany. Our common stock is not registered or authorized for distribution under the Securities Sales Prospectus Act and accordingly may not be, and are not being, offered or advertised publicly or by public promotion. This prospectus is strictly for private use and the offering is only being made to recipients to whom the document is personally addressed and does not constitute an offer or advertisement to the public. Our common stock will only be available to persons who, by profession, trade or business, buy or sell securities for their own or a third party's account.

France

Our common stock offered by this prospectus may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, to the public in France. This prospectus has not been, and will not be, submitted to the clearance procedure of the Autorité des Marchés Financiers, or the AMF, and may not be released or distributed to the public in France. Investors in France may only purchase the common stock offered by this prospectus for their own account and in accordance with articles L. 411-1, L. 441-2 and L. 412-1 of the Code Monétaire et Financier and decree no. 98-880 dated October 1, 1998, provided they are "qualified investors" within the meaning of said decree. Each French investor must represent in writing that it is a qualified investor within the meaning of the aforesaid decree. Any resale, directly or indirectly, to the public of the common stock offered by this prospectus may be effected only in compliance with the above mentioned regulations. "Les actions offertes par ce document d'information ne peuvent pas être, directement ou indirectement, offertes ou vendues au public en France. Ce document d'information n'a pas été ou ne sera pas soumis au visa de l'Autorité des Marchés Financiers et ne peut être diffusé ou distribué au public en France. Les investisseurs en France ne peuvent acheter les actions offertes par ce document d'information que pour leur compte propre et conformément aux articles L. 411-1, L. 441-2 et

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L. 412-1 du Code Monétaire et Financier et du décret no. 98-880 du 1 octobre 1998, sous réserve qu'ils soient des investisseurs qualifiés au sens du décret susvisé. Chaque investisseur doit déclarer par écrit qu'il est un investisseur qualifié au sens du décret susvisé. Toute revente, directe ou indirecte, des actions offertes par ce document d'information au public ne peut être effectuée que conformément à la réglementation susmentionnée."

Greece

This prospectus has been submitted for approval by the SEC and not the Greek Capital Market Committee. All information contained in this prospectus is true and accurate. The offering of our common stock does not constitute an initial public offering in Greece according to CL. 2190/1920 and L. 3401/2005 as amended and in force. This prospectus is strictly for the use of the person or entity to which it has been addressed to by us and not to be circulated in Greece or any other jurisdiction.

This information and documentation is true and accurate and in conformity with the information contained in the prospectus for the offer of common stock, which is being reviewed for approval only by the SEC, and does not constitute provision of the investment service of investment advice according to L. 3606/2007. Any recipient of this material has stated to be a qualified and experienced investor and will evaluate the contents and decide on his/her own discretion whether to participate or not in the offering pursuant to this prospectus.

United Kingdom

In the United Kingdom, the shares of common stock offered by this prospectus are directed to and will only be available for purchase to a person who is an exempt person in accordance with clause (c) below and who warrants, represents and agrees that: (a) it has not offered or sold, will not offer or sell, any shares offered by this prospectus to any person in the United Kingdom except in circumstances that do not constitute an offer to the public in the United Kingdom for the purposes of the section 85 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (as amended), or the FSMA; and (b) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of FSMA and the regulations made thereunder in respect of anything done by it in relation to the common stock offered by this prospectus in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom; and (c) it is a person who falls within the exemptions to Section 21 of the FSMA as set out in The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005, or the Order, being either an investment professional as described under Article 19 or any body corporate (which itself has or a group undertaking has a called up share capital or net assets of not less than £500,000 (if more than 20 members) or otherwise £5 million) or an unincorporated association or partnership (with net assets of not less than £5 million) or is a trustee of a high value trust or any person acting in the capacity of director, officer or employee of such entities as defined under Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the Order, or a person to whom the invitation or inducement may otherwise lawfully be communicated or cause to be communicated. The investment activity to which this document relates will only be available to and engaged in only with exempt persons referred to above. Persons who are not investment professionals and do not have professional experience in matters relating to investments or are not an exempt person as described above, should not review nor rely or act upon this document and should return this document immediately. It should be noted that this document is not a prospectus in the United Kingdom as defined in the Prospectus Regulations 2005 and has not been approved by the Financial Services Authority or any competent authority in the United Kingdom.

Sweden

Neither this prospectus nor the common stock offered hereunder has been registered with or approved by the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority under the Swedish Financial Instruments Trading Act (1991:980) (as amended), nor will such registration or approval be sought. Accordingly, this prospectus may not be made available nor may the shares of common stock offered hereunder be marketed or offered for sale in Sweden other than in circumstances that are deemed not to be an offer to the public in Sweden under the Financial Instruments Trading Act. This prospectus may not be distributed to the public in Sweden and a Swedish recipient of this prospectus may not in any way forward this prospectus to the public in Sweden.

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Norway

This prospectus has not been produced in accordance with the prospectus requirements laid down in the Norwegian Securities Trading Act 1997, as amended. This prospectus has not been approved or disapproved by, or registered with, either the Oslo Stock Exchange or the Norwegian Registry of Business Enterprises. This prospectus may not, either directly or indirectly, be distributed to Norwegian potential investors.

Denmark

This prospectus has not been prepared in the context of a public offering of securities in Denmark within the meaning of the Danish Securities Trading Act No. 171 of 17 March 2005, as amended from time to time, or any Executive Orders issued on the basis thereof and has not been and will not be filed with or approved by the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority or any other public authority in Denmark. The offering of the shares of common stock pursuant to this prospectus will only be made to persons pursuant to one or more of the exemptions set out in Executive Order No. 306 of 28 April 2005 on Prospectuses for Securities Admitted for Listing or Trade on a Regulated Market and on the First Public Offer of Securities exceeding EUR 2,500,000 or Executive Order No. 307 of 28 April 2005 on Prospectuses for the First Public Offer of Certain Securities between EUR 100,000 and EUR 2,500,000, as applicable.

The Netherlands

The underwriters may not offer, distribute, sell, transfer or deliver any of our securities, directly or indirectly, in The Netherlands, as a part of their initial distribution or at any time thereafter, to any person other than our employees or employees of our subsidiary, individuals who or legal entities which trade or invest in securities in the conduct of their profession or business within the meaning of article 2 of the Exemption Regulation issued under the Securities Transactions Supervision Act 1995 (*Vrijstellingsregeling Wet toezich teffectenverkeer1995*), which includes banks, brokers, pension funds, insurance companies, securities institutions, investment institutions, and other institutional investors, including, among others, treasuries of large enterprises who or which regularly trade or invest in securities in a professional capacity.

Cyprus

The underwriters have represented, warranted and agreed that: (i) they will not be providing from or within Cyprus any "Investment Services," "Investment Activities" and "Non-Core Services" (as such terms are defined in the Investment Firms Law 144(I) of 2007, or the IFL) in relation to the shares of common stock, or will be otherwise providing Investment Services, Investment Activities and Non-Core Services to residents or persons domiciled in Cyprus. The underwriters have represented, warranted and agreed that it will not be concluding in Cyprus any transaction relating to such Investment Services, Investment Activities and Non-Core Services in contravention of the IFL and/or applicable regulations adopted pursuant thereto or in relation thereto; and (ii) they have not and will not offer any of the common stock other than in compliance with the provisions of the Public Offer and Prospectus Law, Law 114(I)/2005.

Switzerland

This prospectus may only be used by those persons to whom it has been directly handed out by the offeror or its designated distributors in connection with the offer described therein. The common stock is only offered to those persons and/or entities directly solicited by the offeror or its designated distributors, and are not offered to the public in Switzerland. This prospectus constitutes neither a public offer in Switzerland nor an issue prospectus in accordance with the respective Swiss legislation, in particular but not limited to Article 652A Swiss Code Obligations. Accordingly, this prospectus may not be used in connection with any other offer, whether private or public and shall in particular not be distributed to the public in Switzerland.

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Israel

The common stock offered by this prospectus has not been approved or disapproved by the Israeli Securities Authority, or ISA. The shares may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, to the public in Israel. The ISA has not issued permits, approvals or licenses in connection with the offering or publishing the prospectus; nor has it authenticated the details included herein, confirmed their reliability or completeness, or rendered an opinion as to the quality of the common stock being offered. Any resale, directly or indirectly, to the public of the common stock offered by this prospectus is subject to restrictions on transferability and must be effected only in compliance with the Israeli securities laws and regulations.

Oman

For the attention of the residents of Oman:

The information contained in this prospectus neither constitutes a public offer of securities in the Sultanate of Oman, or Oman, as contemplated by the Commercial Companies Law of Oman (Sultani Decree 4/74) or the Capital Market Law of Oman (Sultani Decree 80/98), nor does it constitute an offer to sell, or the solicitation of any offer to buy non-Omani securities in Oman as contemplated by Article 6 of the Executive Regulations to the Capital Market Law of Oman (issued vide Ministerial Decision No 4/2001), and nor does it constitute a distribution of non-Omani securities in Oman as contemplated under the Rules for Distribution of Non-Omani Securities in Oman issued by the Capital Market Authority of Oman, or CMA. Additionally, this prospectus is not intended to lead to the conclusion of any contract of whatsoever nature within the territory of Oman.

This prospectus has been sent at the request of the investor in Oman, and by receiving this prospectus, the person or entity to whom it has been issued and sent understands, acknowledges and agrees that this prospectus has not been approved by the CMA or any other regulatory body or authority in Oman, nor has any authorization, license or approval been received from the CMA or any other regulatory authority in Oman, to market, offer, sell, or distribute the shares within Oman.

No marketing, offering, selling or distribution of any financial or investment products or services has been or will be made from within Oman and no subscription to any securities, products or financial services may or will be consummated within Oman. Neither of the underwriters are a company licensed by the CMA to provide investment advisory, brokerage, or portfolio management services in Oman, nor a bank licensed by the Central Bank of Oman to provide investment banking services in Oman. Neither of the underwriters advise persons or entities resident or based in Oman as to the appropriateness of investing in or purchasing or selling securities or other financial products.

Nothing contained in this prospectus is intended to constitute Omani investment, legal, tax, accounting or other professional advice. This prospectus is for your information only, and nothing herein is intended to endorse or recommend a particular course of action. You should consult with an appropriate professional for specific advice on the basis of your situation.

United Arab Emirates

This document has not been reviewed, approved or licensed by the Central Bank of the United Arab Emirates, or the UAE, Emirates Securities and Commodities Authority or any other relevant licensing authority in the UAE including any licensing authority incorporated under the laws and regulations of any of the free zones established and operating in the territory of the UAE, in particular the Dubai International Financial Services Authority, or the DFSA, a regulatory authority of the Dubai International Financial Centre, or the DIFC. The sale of the shares does not constitute a public offer of securities in the UAE, DIFC and/or any other free zone in accordance with the Commercial Companies Law, Federal Law No. 8 of 1984 (as amended), DFSA Offered Securities Rules and the Dubai International Financial Exchange Listing Rules, accordingly, or otherwise.

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The shares may not be offered to the public in the UAE and/or any of the free zones including, in particular, the DIFC. The shares may be offered and this document may be issued, only to a limited number of investors in the UAE or any of its free zones (including, in particular, the DIFC) who qualify as sophisticated investors under the relevant laws and regulations of the UAE or the free zone concerned. Our management and the underwriters represent and warrant that the shares will not be offered, sold, transferred or delivered to the public in the UAE or any of its free zones including, in particular, the DIFC.

People's Republic of China

This prospectus may not be circulated or distributed in the People's Republic of China, or PRC, and our common stock may not be offered or sold to any person for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, to any resident of the PRC except pursuant to applicable laws and regulations of the PRC. For the purpose of this paragraph, PRC does not include Taiwan and the special administrative regions of Hong Kong and Macau.

Botswana

We hereby represent and warrant that we have not offered for sale or sold, and will not offer or sell, directly or indirectly our common stock to the public in the Republic of Botswana, and confirms that the offering will not be subject to any registration requirements as a prospectus pursuant to the requirements and/or provisions of the Companies Act, 2003 or the Listing Requirements of the Botswana Stock Exchange.

Hong Kong

The shares of common stock have not been offered or sold and will not be offered or sold in Hong Kong, by means of any document, other than (a) to "professional investors" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) of Hong Kong and any rules made under that ordinance; or (b) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a "prospectus" as defined in the Companies ordinance (Cap. 32) of Hong Kong or which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of that ordinance. No advertisement, invitation or document, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public of Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) has been issued or will be issued in Hong Kong or elsewhere other than with respect to the shares of common stock that are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) of Hong Kong and any rules made under that ordinance.

The contents of this document have not been reviewed by any regulatory authority in Hong Kong. You are advised to exercise caution in relation to the offer. If you are in any doubt about any of the contents of this document, you should obtain independent professional advice.

Singapore

This prospectus has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this prospectus and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the shares of common stock may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the shares of common stock be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore, or the SFA, (ii) to a relevant person, or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A), and in accordance with the conditions, specified in Section 275 of the SFA or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA.

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Where the shares of common stock are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 by a relevant person which is: (a) a corporation (which is not an accredited investor) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or (b) a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary is an accredited investor, shares, debentures and units of shares and debentures of that corporation or the beneficiaries' rights and interest in that trust shall not be transferable for 6 months after that corporation or that trust has acquired the shares under Section 275 except: (1) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the SFA or to a relevant person, or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A), and in accordance with the conditions, specified in Section 275 of the SFA; (2) where no consideration is given for the transfer; or (3) by operation of law.

Canada

NOTICE TO CANADIAN INVESTORS

Resale Restrictions

The distribution of our common stock in Canada is being made only on a private placement basis exempt from the requirement that we prepare and file a prospectus with the applicable securities regulatory authorities. We are not a reporting issuer (or equivalent) in any province or territory in Canada and our common stock is not listed on any stock exchange in Canada and there is currently no public market for our common stock in Canada. We currently have no intention of becoming a reporting issuer in Canada, filing a prospectus with any common stock regulatory authority in Canada to qualify the resale of the common stock to the public, or listing our common stock on any stock exchange in Canada. Accordingly, to be made in accordance with securities laws, any resale of the common stock in Canada must be made under available statutory exemptions from registration and prospectus requirements or under a discretionary exemption granted by the applicable Canadian securities regulatory authority. Canadian purchasers are advised to seek legal and tax advice prior to any purchase or resale of our common stock.

European Economic Area

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS IN THE EEA

In relation to each member state of the European Economic Area, or EEA, which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a "Relevant Member State") an offer to the public of any shares of our common stock which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this prospectus may not be made in that Relevant Member State, except that an offer to the public in that Relevant Member State of any shares may be made at any time under the following exemptions under the Prospectus Directive, if they have been implemented in that Relevant Member State:

- (a) to legal entities which are authorized or regulated to operate in the financial markets or, if not so authorized or regulated, whose corporate purpose is solely to invest in securities;
- (b) to any legal entity which has two or more of (1) an average of at least 250 employees during the last financial year; (2) a total balance sheet of more than $\[\le \]$ 43,000,000 and (3) an annual net turnover of more than $\[\le \]$ 50,000,000, as shown in its last annual or consolidated accounts;
- (c) by the underwriters to fewer than 100 natural or legal persons (other than "qualified investors" as defined in the Prospectus Directive) subject to obtaining the prior consent of the representatives for any such offer; or
- (d) in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive; provided that no such offer of shares shall result in a requirement for the publication by us or any representative of a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive.

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Any person making or intending to make any offer of shares within the EEA should only do so in circumstances in which no obligation arises for us or the underwriters to produce a prospectus for such offer. Neither we nor the underwriters have authorized, nor do they authorize, the making of any offer of shares through any financial intermediary, other than offers made by the underwriters which constitute the final offering of shares contemplated in this prospectus.

For the purposes of this provision, and your representation below, the expression of an "offer to the public" in relation to any shares in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and any shares to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase any shares, as the same may be varied in that Relevant Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Relevant Member State and the expression "Prospectus Directive" means Directive 2003/71/EC and includes any relevant implementing measure in each Relevant Member State.

Each person in a Relevant Member State who receives any communication in respect of, or who acquires any shares under, the offer of shares of our common stock contemplated by this prospectus will be deemed to have represented, warranted and agreed to and with us and the underwriters that:

(A) it is a "qualified investor" within the meaning of the law in that Relevant Member State implementing Article 2(1)(e) of the Prospectus Directive; and

(B) in the case of any shares acquired by it as a financial intermediary, as that term is used in Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive, (i) the shares acquired by it in the offering have not been acquired on behalf of, nor have they been acquired with a view to their offer or resale to, persons in any Relevant Member State other than "qualified investors" (as defined in the Prospectus Directive), or in circumstances in which the prior consent of the representatives has been given to the offer or resale; or (ii) where shares have been acquired by it on behalf of persons in any Relevant Member State other than qualified investors, the offer of those shares to it is not treated under the Prospectus Directive as having been made to such persons.

VALIDITY OF THE COMMON STOCK

The validity of the shares of common stock offered hereby and certain other legal matters will be passed upon for us by Baker, Donelson, Bearman, Caldwell & Berkowitz, PC, Memphis, Tennessee. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the underwriters by Andrews Kurth LLP, Austin, Texas.

EXPERTS

The financial statements of SurgiVision, Inc. as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009 appearing in this prospectus and registration statement, have been audited by Cherry, Bekaert & Holland, L.L.P., independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their report thereon appearing elsewhere herein, and are included in reliance upon such report, given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

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WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, with respect to the shares of common stock being offered by this prospectus. This prospectus does not contain all of the information in the registration statement and its exhibits. For further information with respect to SurgiVision, Inc. and the common stock offered by this prospectus, we refer you to the registration statement and its exhibits. Statements contained in this prospectus as to the contents of any contract or any other document referred to are not necessarily complete, and in each instance, we refer you to the copy of the contract or other document filed as an exhibit to the registration statement. Each of these statements is qualified in all respects by this reference.

You can read our SEC filings, including the registration statement, over the Internet at the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov. You may also read and copy any document we file with the SEC at its public reference facilities at 100 F Street NE, Washington, D.C. 20549. You may also obtain copies of these documents at prescribed rates by writing to the Public Reference Section of the SEC at 100 F Street NE, Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the public reference facilities.

Upon completion of this offering, we will be subject to the information reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and we will file reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. These reports, proxy statements and other information will be available for inspection and copying at the public reference room and website of the SEC referred to above. We also maintain a website at http://www.surgivision.com, at which you may access these materials free of charge as soon as reasonably practicable after they are electronically filed with, or furnished to, the SEC. The information contained in, or that can be accessed through, our website is not part of this prospectus.

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SURGIVISION, INC.

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of SurgiVision, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of SurgiVision, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity (deficit) and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of SurgiVision, Inc. as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, the Company incurred net losses during the three years ended December 31, 2009 of approximately \$16,287,000 and will require additional financing to fund the continued development of the Company's products. The availability of such financing cannot be assured. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans with regard to these matters are described in Note 3. The financial statements do not include any adjustments with respect to the possible future effects on the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ Cherry, Bekaert & Holland, L.L.P.

Tampa, Florida June 25, 2010

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SURGIVISION, INC.

Balance Sheets

	(unaudited)	Decemb	December 31,		
	March 31, 2010	2009	2008		
ASSETS	(restated)				
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,548,719	\$ 2,569,129	\$ 9,920,801		
Due from related parties	_	204	8,317		
Inventory	646,431	569,350	_		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	135,626	54,823	21,440		
Total current assets	4,330,776	3,193,506	9,950,558		
Furniture, software and equipment, net	982,776	992,158	860,506		
Deferred offering costs	736,590	366,503	_		
Deferred financing costs	407,013		_		
Licenses, net	58,500	63,000	81,000		
Deposits	58,521	58,521	63,296		
Total assets	\$ 6,574,176	\$ 4,673,688	\$ 10,955,360		
	φ 0,574,170	Ψ Ψ,073,000	\$ 10,733,300		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT					
Current liabilities	Φ 766262	Φ 472.404	ф. 742 400		
Accounts payable	\$ 766,362	\$ 473,484	\$ 742,498		
Accrued compensation	142,535	539,865	180,852		
Other accrued liabilities	1,383,403	704,000	111,272		
Income taxes payable Derivative liability	1,436,850	49,250 1,227,500	_		
Related party deferred revenue	2,600,000	2,600,000	2,600,000		
Total current liabilities		5,594,099			
Related party deferred revenue	6,329,150		3,634,622		
Related party convertible notes payable, net of unamortized	5,946,374	6,596,374	9,085,099		
discount of \$1,063,270 and \$1,129,000 at March 31, 2010 and					
	2.426.720	2 271 000			
December 31, 2009, respectively	2,436,730	2,371,000	_		
Senior unsecured convertible notes, net of unamortized discount of	2.256.026				
\$814,174	3,256,826	<u> </u>			
Total liabilities	17,969,080	14,561,473	12,719,721		
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 2, 5, 10 and 12)	_	_	_		
Stockholders' deficit					
Series A convertible preferred stock; \$.01 par value; 8,000,000					
shares authorized and 7,965,000 shares issued and					
outstanding	7,965,000	7,965,000	7,965,000		
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 70,000,000 shares authorized; 5,455,110 (2010 and 2009) and 5,451,777 (2008) issued;	. , ,	.,,	,,,		
5,129,280 (2010 and 2009) and 5,451,777		- 4	# 4 # 4 C		
(2008) outstanding	54,551	54,551	54,518		
Additional paid-in capital	26,803,455	25,794,862	25,653,645		
Treasury stock, at cost, 325,830 shares	(1,679,234)	(1,679,234)	(F72, C20)		
Notes receivable, stockholder	(44.529.676)	(42,022,064)	(573,620)		
Accumulated deficit	(44,538,676)	(42,022,964)	(34,863,904)		
Total stockholders' deficit	(11,394,904)	(9,887,785)	(1,764,361)		
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$ 6,574,176	\$ 4,673,688	\$ 10,955,360		

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SURGIVISION, INC.

Statements of Operations

	(unaudited) Three Months Ended March 31,		Years Ended December 31,			
	2010 2009		i ear	rs Ended December	temper 31,	
		- <u></u>	2009	2008	2007	
	(restated)					
Related party license revenue	\$ 650,000	\$ 650,000	\$ 2,600,000	\$ 1,950,000	\$ —	
Operating costs and expenses:						
Research and development costs	1,747,395	1,501,555	6,067,617	4,258,492	2,098,672	
General and administrative expenses	1,011,747	605,683	3,595,917	2,920,311	1,413,369	
Total operating costs and expenses	2,759,142	2,107,238	9,663,534	7,178,803	3,512,041	
Loss from operations	(2,109,142)	(1,457,238)	(7,063,534)	(5,228,803)	(3,512,041)	
Other income (expense):						
Loss on change in fair value of derivative						
liability	(209,350)	_	_	_	_	
Interest income	3,822	32,325	106,197	193,756	209,641	
Related party interest expense	(153,424)	_	(152,473)	(394,738)	(394,737)	
Other interest expense	(47,618)					
Loss before income taxes	(2,515,712)	(1,424,913)	(7,109,810)	(5,429,785)	(3,697,137)	
Income taxes			49,250			
Net loss	\$ (2,515,712)	\$ (1,424,913)	\$(7,159,060)	\$(5,429,785)	\$(3,697,137)	
Net loss per share attributable to common						
stockholders:						
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.49)	\$ (0.27)	\$ (1.34)	\$ (1.04)	\$ (0.74)	
Weighted average shares outstanding:						
Basic	5,129,280	5,368,444	5,336,633	5,245,081	5,024,515	

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SURGIVISION, INC.

Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)

for the Years Ended December 31, 2007, 2008, and 2009 and the Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 (unaudited and restated)

	Pref	ertible ferred Series A	Commo	ı Stock	Additional Paid-in	Treasury	Stock Subscription	Notes Receivable	Accumulated	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Stock	Receivable	Stockholders	Deficit	Total
Balances, January 1, 2007		\$7,965,000			\$23,172,908		\$ (100,000)		\$ (25,736,982)	
Collection of stock	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	4.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,,,,,,,,	+ 1,,0,0	+,,-	-	+ (,)	+ (223,232)	+ (==,.==,,==)	+ 1,020,200
subscription receivable	_	_	_	_	_	_	100,000	_	_	100,000
Accrued interest on note										,
receivable	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(21,600)	_	(21,600)
Common stock issued in								(==,===)		(==,000)
connection with research										
and consulting agreement	_	_	63,846	638	55,546	_	_	_	_	56,184
Common stock issued in			05,0.0	020	22,210					20,10.
connection with										
consulting agreement	_	_	500	5	1,595	_		_		1,600
Warrants issued in connection			500		1,575					1,000
with convertible note										
payable amendment	_	_	_		789,475	_	_	_	_	789,475
Employee share-based					765,475					707,473
compensation					20,401					20,401
Net loss for the year					20,401			_	(3,697,137)	(3,697,137)
·	7.065.000	7.065.000	5 022 017	50.220	24.020.025			(551.0(1)		
Balances, December 31, 2007	7,965,000	7,965,000	5,033,817	50,338	24,039,925	_	_	(551,961)	(29,434,119)	2,069,183
Employee share-based					117.000					117.000
compensation	_				117,900		_	_	_	117,900
Accrued interest on note								(21.650)		(21.650)
receivable	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(21,659)	_	(21,659)
Conversion of convertible			417.060	4 100	1 405 020					1 700 000
note payable	_	_	417,960	4,180	1,495,820	_	_			1,500,000
Net loss for the year									(5,429,785)	(5,429,785)
Balances, December 31, 2008	7,965,000	7,965,000	5,451,777	54,518	25,653,645			(573,620)	(34,863,904)	(1,764,361)
Employee share-based										
compensation	_	_	_	_	130,587	_	_	_	_	130,587
Accrued interest on notes										
receivable				_	_		_	(57,779)	_	(57,779)
Purchase of treasury stock for										
cash	_	_	(129,962)	_	_	(547,835)	_	_	_	(547,835)
Issuance of note receivable,										
stockholder	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(500,000)	_	(500,000)
Options exercised for cash	_	_	3,333	33	10,630	_	_	_	_	10,663
Purchases of treasury stock										
through cancellation of										
notes and accrued interest	_	_	(195,868)	_	_	(1,131,399)	_	1,131,399	_	_
Net loss for the year	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(7,159,060)	(7,159,060)
Balances, December 31, 2009	7.965.000	\$7,965,000	5.129.280	\$ 54.551	\$25,794,862	\$(1,679,234)	<u>s</u> —	\$ —	\$ (42,022,964)	\$ (9,887,785)
Employee share-based	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,	-,,	,	. 2,1.2.,302	. (, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		·	. (.=, ===, > 0 .)	. (2,00.,.00)
compensation	_	_	_	_	53,820		_		_	53,820
Fair value of conversion					35,020					22,020
feature of notes payable	_	_	_	_	834,555	_	_		_	834,555
Warrants issued in connection					05 1,555					001,000
with senior unsecured										
convertible notes					120,218	_				120,218
Net loss for the three months					120,210	_			(2,515,712)	(2,515,712)
	7 065 000	\$7,065,000	5 120 200	\$ 51 EE1	\$26,902,455	\$(1,670,224)	<u> </u>	•		
Balances, March 31, 2010	7,905,000	\$7,965,000	3,129,280	\$ 34,331	\$26,803,455	δ(1,0/9,234)	Φ —	Φ —	\$ (44,538,676)	\$(11,394,904)

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SURGIVISION, INC.

Statements of Cash Flows

	(unau Three Mon Marc	ths Ended		Years Ended December 31,	
	2010	2009	2009	2008	2007
	(restated)				
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net loss	\$(2,515,712)	\$(1,424,913)	\$(7,159,060)	\$ (5,429,785)	\$(3,697,137)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash					
flows from operating activities:					1 5 == 0
Depreciation and license amortization	47,035	39,064	168,710	84,484	16,728
Expenses paid through the issuance of					57.704
common stock	<i>-</i>	20,000	120 597	117.000	57,784
Share-based compensation Change in fair value of derivative liability	53,820 209,350	38,089	130,587	117,900	20,401
Amortization of debt issuance costs and	209,550	_	_	_	_
original issue discount	93,173		98,500	394,738	394,737
Accrued interest on notes receivable,	75,175		70,500	374,730	374,737
stockholder	_	(12,067)	(57,779)	(21,659)	(21,600)
Increase (decrease) in cash resulting from		(12,007)	(37,777)	(21,037)	(21,000)
changes in:					
Due from related parties	204	_	8,113	(8,317)	1,864
Inventory	(77,081)	(175,000)	(569,350)	_	´ —
Prepaid expenses and other current					
assets	(80,803)	19,634	(33,383)	(21,440)	4,682
Deposits	_	1,926	4,775	(24,226)	(38,033)
Accounts payable and accrued					
expenses	287,934	(256,203)	418,970	603,975	141,154
Related party deferred revenue	(650,000)	(650,000)	(2,488,725)	11,560,099	125,000
Net cash flows from operating activities	(2,632,080)	(2,419,470)	(9,478,642)	7,255,769	(2,994,420)
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchases of furniture, software and equipment	(33,153)	(153,922)	(282,362)	(856,782)	(62,179)
Purchase of licenses				(90,000)	
Net cash flows from investing activities	(33,153)	(153,922)	(282,362)	(946,782)	(62,179)
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Proceeds from senior unsecured convertible					
notes, net of issuance costs	3,777,142	_	_	_	_
Purchase of treasury stock for cash	_	(500,000)	(547,835)	_	_
Issuance of note receivable, stockholder	_	(500,000)	(500,000)	_	_
Deferred offering costs paid	(132,319)	_	(53,496)	_	_
Proceeds from related party convertible note	_	_	3,500,000	_	500,000
Proceeds from option exercises			10,663		_
Proceeds from Series A preferred stock offering					100,000
Net cash flows from financing activities	3,644,823	(1,000,000)	2,409,332		600,000
Net change in cash	979,590	(3,573,392)	(7,351,672)	6,308,987	(2,456,599)
Cash, beginning of period	2,569,129	9,920,801	9,920,801	3,611,814	6,068,413
Cash, end of period	\$ 3,548,719	\$ 6,347,409	\$ 2,569,129	\$ 9,920,801	\$ 3,611,814
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION					
Cash paid for:					
Income taxes	\$ 49,250	_	_	_	_
Interest	_	_	_	_	_

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SURGIVISION, INC.

Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)

NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS:

- In 2007, warrants were issued with a fair value of \$789,475 as part of the amendment to the convertible note payable
- In 2008, convertible notes payable of \$1,500,000 were converted into 417,960 shares of common stock
- In December of 2009, related party notes receivable and accrued interest in the amount of \$1,131,399 were cancelled in exchange for 195,868 shares of treasury stock
- At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, deferred offering costs in the amount of \$550,575 and \$313,007, respectively, were included in accrued expenses.
- In March 2010, warrants (recorded as deferred financing costs and additional paid-in capital) were issued with a fair value of \$120,218 to the placement agent in connection with the senior unsecured convertible notes

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SURGIVISION, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 and the Unaudited Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009

Note 1 - Formation and Nature of Business

SurgiVision, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation, was formed on March 12, 1998. The Company operates in the medical device industry and is focused on the development and commercialization of technology that enables physicians to see inside the brain and heart using direct, intra-procedural magnetic resonance imaging, or MRI, guidance while performing minimally invasive surgical procedures. Prior to 2008, the Company was a development stage entity.

The Company's first product candidate is the ClearPoint system, which is designed to allow minimally invasive procedures in the brain to be performed in an MRI suite. The Company's second product candidate is the ClearTrace system, which is designed to allow catheter-based minimally invasive procedures in the heart to be performed in an MRI suite. The Company is also pursuing what it refers to as its SafeLead Development Program, the purpose of which is to incorporate the Company's MRI-safety technologies into a third party's implantable leads for cardiac and neurological applications.

Note 2 – Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation—The financial statements include SurgiVision, Inc. and its approximate 93% owned subsidiary, Cardiac EP Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation, which was formed on December 19, 2008. The minority interest associated with the investment in Cardiac EP Sub, Inc. is of nominal value as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 and 2008, and consequently, has not been recognized in the financial statements. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the financial statements.

Unaudited Interim Financial Information—The accompanying balance sheet as of March 31, 2010, the statements of operations and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, and the statement of stockholders' equity for the three months ended March 31, 2010 are unaudited. These unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. In the opinion of the Company's management, these unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the audited financial statements and include all adjustments necessary for the fair presentation of the Company's financial position, and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the interim periods presented. The results for the three months ended March 31, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Use of Estimates—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentration of Credit Risk—The Company places its cash on deposit with financial institutions in the United States. In October and November 2008 the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") temporarily increased coverage to \$250,000 for substantially all depository accounts and temporarily provides unlimited coverage for certain qualifying and participating non-interest bearing transaction accounts. The increased coverage is scheduled to expire on December 31, 2013, at which time it is anticipated amounts insured by the FDIC will return to \$100,000. From time to time, the Company may have amounts on deposit in excess of the insured limits. As of March 31, 2010, the Company had approximately \$98,000 of cash and cash equivalents which exceeded these insured amounts.

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SURGIVISION, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 and the Unaudited Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009

Note 2 – Significant Accounting Policies – (continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents—Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Inventory—Inventory is carried at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method) or net realizable value. All items included in inventory relate to the Company's ClearPoint system. As of March 31, 2010, the ClearPoint system has not received regulatory clearance from the Food and Drug Administration (the "FDA") for commercial sale in the United States. If the Company is unable to obtain clearance, these amounts will be charged to expense to the extent that the inventory cannot be returned to the vendors for cash or sold for scrap. At each reporting period in which the balance sheet reflects inventory related to products that do not have regulatory clearance or approval, the Company evaluates the likelihood of receiving regulatory clearance or approval for these products based on input from the Company's external regulatory advisers. The Company also considers its anticipated selling prices based on analysis of product pricing of competitors and review of market information prepared by third party research analysts to determine net realizable value.

Inventory consists of the following amounts related to the Company's ClearPoint system as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2010	2009
Software licenses (Note 9)	\$175,000	\$ 175,000
Hardware	321,047	268,447
Disposable components—work in process	150,384	125,903
	\$646,431	\$ 569,350

Furniture, Software and Equipment—Furniture, software and equipment are recorded at cost and are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, principally five to seven years. Leasehold improvements are depreciated on a straight line basis over the lesser of the estimated useful lives or the life of the related lease.

Licenses—Licenses are recorded at cost and are amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful life. The carrying value of licenses at March 31, 2010, and December 31, 2009 and 2008 was \$58,500, \$63,000 and \$81,000, respectively, net of accumulated amortization of \$31,500, \$27,000 and \$9,000, for the same periods, respectively. Future amortization under licenses is expected to be approximately \$18,000 annually through June 2013. One of the licenses contains a requirement to pay the licensor an additional \$40,000 upon the issuance of a certain patent, and a second license contains a requirement to pay the licensor an additional \$20,000 upon the issuance of another patent. The license arrangements require certain minimum royalty payments to the licensor. As of December 31, 2010, future minimum royalty payments are as follows:

Years ending December 31,	
2010	\$ 45,000
2011	70,000
2012	70,000
2013	95,000
2014	95,000
Thereafter	_1,200,000
	\$1,575,000

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SURGIVISION, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 and the Unaudited Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009

Note 2 – Significant Accounting Policies – (continued)

Royalty payment amounts may be greater than the above amounts based on the negotiated royalty rates. If the Company sublicenses the intellectual property that is licensed from the licensor and the Company receives any payment under or with respect to such sublicense, the Company is obligated to pay the licensor an agreed upon percentage of any such payment(s). Under the terms of these license agreements, the Company is required to reimburse the licensor for all costs associated with patent filing, prosecution and maintenance as well as expenses related to enforcing the related patent rights.

The Company may terminate these license agreements for any reason, upon giving the licensor either 60 or 90 days' written notice, depending on the agreement. One of the licenses is cancelable by the licensor if, by the fourth anniversary of the effective date (June 30, 2012), there have been no commercial sales of a product subject to the license.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets—The Company evaluates the recoverability of its long-lived assets (finite-lived intangible assets and furniture, software and equipment) whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of long-lived assets may not be fully recoverable. When this occurs, the expected undiscounted future cash flows are compared to the net book value of the related assets. If the net book value of the related assets exceeds the undiscounted expected future cash flows of the assets, the carrying amount would be reduced to the present value of the expected future cash flows and an impairment loss would be recognized. There have been no impairment losses in the periods presented.

Revenue Recognition—The Company analyzes revenue recognition on an agreement by agreement basis as discussed herein.

• Related Party Revenue Recognition under Boston Scientific Corporation "BSC" Neuro Agreement (Note 5)—The Company analyzed whether the components of the arrangement represent separate units of accounting as defined by Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). Application of these standards requires subjective determinations and requires management to make judgments about the value of the individual elements and whether delivered elements are separable from the other aspects of the contractual relationship. The Company determined it did not have clear and objective evidence of fair value of the various elements of the agreement and therefore, under GAAP regarding Multiple-Element Arrangements, has determined that the deliverables will be accounted for as one unit of accounting.

This agreement requires specified milestones in the development of an MRI-safe implantable lead to be achieved by December 31, 2012. If the milestones are not achieved by that date and this failure is not the result of BSC Neuro's failure to reasonably cooperate with the Company in pursuing the milestones, the Company will be required to repay BSC Neuro certain amounts, including any development expenses and milestone payments previously made to the Company under this agreement and any patent prosecution costs incurred by BSC Neuro with respect to the intellectual property licensed under this agreement. The existence of this provision indicates the sales price is not fixed or determinable and all monies which have been or will be received prior to December 31, 2012 have and will be deferred until such time. If the repayment obligations are not triggered as of December 31, 2012, the related party deferred revenue related to this contract will be recognized over the estimated period of continuing involvement. If the repayment obligations are triggered as of December 31, 2012, the related party deferred revenue related to this contract will be repaid to BSC Neuro.

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SURGIVISION, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 and the Unaudited Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009

Note 2 – Significant Accounting Policies – (continued)

The agreement includes research and development services requirements. The Company has recognized deferred research and development services revenue along with the related costs (charged to expense) on a gross basis since the Company is obligated and bears all credit risk with respect to the cost of providing the services.

Future product royalty payments related to the agreement will be recognized as the related products are sold and payments are due to the Company.

• Related Party Revenue Recognition under BSC Cardiac Agreement (Note 5)—The Company analyzed whether the components of the arrangement represent separate units of accounting as defined by GAAP. Application of these standards requires management to make subjective judgments about the value of the individual elements and whether delivered elements are separable from the other aspects of the contractual relationship.

The Company defers recognition of non-refundable upfront license fees if there are continuing performance obligations without which the technology, know-how, rights, products or services conveyed in conjunction with the non-refundable fees have no utility to the licensee that could be considered separate and independent of the Company's performance under other elements of the arrangement. Since the Company has continuing involvement through research and development services that is required because the Company's know-how and expertise related to the technology are proprietary to the Company, or can only be performed by the Company, such upfront fees are deferred and recognized over the estimated period of continuing involvement on a straight line basis.

Payments to be received related to substantive, performance-based milestones in research and development arrangements are deferred upon receipt and achievement of the milestones as specified in the underlying agreement and recognized over the period of continuing involvement.

Future product royalty payments related to the agreement will be recognized as the related products are sold and payments are due to the Company.

Research and Development Costs—Costs related to research, design and development of products are charged to research and development expense as incurred. These costs include direct salary costs for research and development personnel, costs for materials used in research and development activities and costs for outside services.

Income Taxes—Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective income tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in the period that included the enactment date.

Valuation allowances are recorded for deferred tax assets when the recoverability of such assets is not deemed more likely than not.

Management has evaluated the effect of the guidance provided by GAAP regarding accounting for uncertainty in income taxes that became effective in 2009. In that regard, management has evaluated all tax positions that could have a significant effect on the financial statements and determined the Company has no

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SURGIVISION, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 and the Unaudited Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009

Note 2 – Significant Accounting Policies – (continued)

uncertain tax positions at March 31, 2010 or December 31, 2009. The Company's tax returns after 2005 remain open for examination.

Net Loss Per Share—Basic net loss per common share is computed by dividing the net loss for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. For all periods presented, diluted net loss per share is the same as basic net loss per share, as the inclusion of equivalent shares from outstanding common stock options, warrants, convertible debt and preferred stock would be anti-dilutive. The following table sets forth potential shares of common stock that are not included in the calculation of diluted net loss per share because to do so would be anti-dilutive as of the end of each period presented:

	Three months en	ded March 31,	Year	s ended Decemb	er 31,
	2010	2009	2009	2008	2007
Stock options	667,277	602,375	669,777	599,875	451,250
Warrants	435,986	828,501	410,542	828,501	828,501
Convertible preferred shares	1,991,250	1,991,250	1,991,250	1,991,250	1,991,250
Shares under convertible note agreements	964,083		444,247		417,960
	4,058,596	3,422,126	3,515,816	3,419,626	3,688,961

Share-Based Compensation—The Company accounts for compensation for all arrangements under which employees and others receive shares of stock or equity instruments (including options and warrants) in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718 "Compensation – Stock Compensation", or ASC Topic 718. Under ASC Topic 718, the fair value of each award is estimated and amortized as compensation expense over the requisite service period. The fair value of the Company's share-based options and warrants is estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes valuation model. This valuation model requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected price volatility and estimated option term. As the Company has been operating as a private company, it was unable to use actual price volatility and option life data as input assumptions within its Black-Scholes valuation model. Prior to October 2009, the Company used expected volatilities based on the historical volatility of the industry sector in which the Company operates, in accordance with the guidance set forth in ASC Topic 718.

Beginning in October 2009, the Company based its estimate of expected volatility on the average of historical volatilities of publicly traded companies it deemed similar because the Company lacks its own relevant historical volatility data. The Company will consistently apply this methodology until a sufficient amount of historical information regarding the volatility of the Company's own share price becomes available.

To estimate the expected term, the Company utilizes the "simplified" method for "plain vanilla" options as discussed within the Securities and Exchange Commission's Staff Accounting Bulletin 107, or SAB 107. The Company believes that all factors listed within SAB 107 as pre-requisites for utilizing the simplified method are true for the Company and for the Company's share-based compensation arrangements. The Company intends to utilize the simplified method for the foreseeable future until more detailed information about exercise behavior becomes available.

The Company's risk-free interest rates are based on a zero-coupon U.S. treasury instrument, the term of which is consistent with the expected term of the stock options. The Company has not paid and does not anticipate paying cash dividends on its shares of common stock; therefore, the expected dividend yield is assumed to be zero.

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SURGIVISION, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 and the Unaudited Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009

Note 2 – Significant Accounting Policies – (continued)

Fair Value Determination of Privately-Held Equity Securities—The fair values of the common stock as well as the common stock underlying options and warrants granted as compensation, or issued in connection with the settlement of liabilities, were estimated by management, with input from a third-party valuation specialist.

Determining the fair value of stock requires making complex and subjective judgments. The Company has used the income approach, the market approach, and the probability weighted expected return method to estimate the value of the enterprise for the dates on which securities are issued/granted and outstanding. The income approach was based on estimated future cash flows that utilized the Company's forecasts of revenue and costs. The assumptions underlying the revenue and cost estimates are consistent with the Company's business plan. The market approach was based on recent sales of the Company's common stock in privately negotiated transactions between stockholders. Once the Company began the process of preparing for its initial public offering of common stock, the Company began to utilize the probability weighted expected return method, which is based on identifying the most likely liquidity events for the Company, the probability of each occurring, and the equity values for each after applying different percentages to the likelihood of the different values assigned to each anticipated outcome of those events. The assumptions used in each of the different valuation methods take into account certain discounts such as selecting the appropriate discount rate and control and lack of marketability discounts. The discount rates used in these valuations ranged from 22% to 35%. The discounts for lack of marketability ranged from 15% to 35% and the discount for lack of control ranged from 20% to 30%. If different discount rates or lack of marketability and control discounts had been used, the valuations would have been different. The enterprise value under each valuation method was allocated to preferred and common shares taking into account the enterprise value available to all stockholders and allocating that value among the various classes of stock based on the rights, privileges, and preferences of the respective classes in order to provide an estimate of the fair value of a share of the Company's common stock. There is inherent uncertainty in these estimates.

Fair Value Measurements—Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted the provisions of a required new accounting standard related to fair value accounting for financial assets and liabilities, as well as for any other assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value on a recurring basis. As required, the Company adopted this standard for all non-financial assets and liabilities that are recognized or disclosed at fair value on a recurring basis, as of January 1, 2009. The adoption did not materially impact the Company's consolidated financial position and results of operations.

Fair value in this standard is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The standard also establishes a fair value hierarchy, which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. Three levels of inputs may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or inputs that are observable
- Level 3 inputs that are unobservable (for example cash flow modeling inputs based on assumptions)

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SURGIVISION, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 and the Unaudited Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009

Note 2 – Significant Accounting Policies – (continued)

The following table summarizes liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	Fair Value Measurements Using				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Liabilities					
Derivative liability, Note 6 (December 31, 2009)	\$ —	\$ —	\$1,227,500	\$1,227,500	
Derivative liability, Note 6 (March 31, 2010)	\$ —	\$ —	\$1,436,850	\$1,436,850	

The following table summarizes changes in Level 3 Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	Level 3
	Liabilities
Balance as of December 31, 2008	\$ —
Issuance of derivative liability, Note 6	1,227,500
Balance as of December 31, 2009	1,227,500
Loss on change in fair value	209,350
Balance as of March 31, 2010	\$1,436,850

The financial instruments recorded in the balance sheets include cash and cash equivalents, accounts payable, related party convertible notes, and senior unsecured convertible notes. Due to their short-term maturity, the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents and accounts payable approximate their fair value. At March 31, 2010, the fair value of the related party convertible notes payable is \$3,500,000 and the fair value of senior unsecured convertible notes is \$4,071,000.

Derivative Financial Instruments. The Company accounts for derivative instruments in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 815, which establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments and hedging activities, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other financial instruments or contracts and requires recognition of all derivatives on the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recorded each period as a gain or loss in the statement of operations unless the derivative qualifies for hedge accounting. At March 31, 2010, and December 31, 2009 and 2008, the Company did not have any derivative instruments that were designated as hedges. (See Note 6)

New Accounting Pronouncements. In August 2009, the FASB issued ASU No. 2009-04, Accounting for Redeemable Equity Instruments—Amendment to Section 480-10-S99, or ASU No. 2009-04. This ASU represents an update to Section 480-10-S99, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity, per Emerging Issues Task Force Topic D-98, "Classification and Measurement of Redeemable Securities." The adoption of ASU 2009-04 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In August 2009, the FASB issued ASU No. 2009-05, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820)—Measuring Liabilities at Fair Value, or ASU No. 2009-05. This ASU amends Subtopic 820-10, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures—Overall, to provide guidance on the fair value measurement of liabilities. The adoption of ASU 2009-05 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In October 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2009-13 ("ASU 2009-13"), which addresses the accounting for multiple-deliverable arrangements to enable

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Note 2 – Significant Accounting Policies – (continued)

vendors to account for products or services (deliverables) separately rather than as a combined unit. ASU 2009-13 is effective prospectively for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified beginning in fiscal years on or after June 15, 2010. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of this standard will have on its financial statements, if any.

In February 2010, the FASB issued authoritative guidance that amends the disclosure requirements related to subsequent events. This guidance includes the definition of a Securities and Exchange Commission filer, removes the definition of a public entity, redefines the reissuance disclosure requirements and allows companies to omit the disclosure of the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated. This guidance is effective for financial statements issued for interim and annual periods ending after February 2010. This guidance did not materially impact the Company's results of operations or financial position, but did require changes to the Company's disclosures in its financial statements.

In April 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2010-17 ("ASU 2010-17") which provides guidance on defining a milestone and determining when it may be appropriate to apply the milestone method of revenue recognition for research or development arrangements that contain payment provisions contingent upon achieving specified events. ASU 2010-17 is effective for milestones achieved in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of this standard will have on its financial statements, if any.

Note 3 - Liquidity and Management's Plans

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. For the three months ended March 31, 2010 and the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, the Company incurred net losses of \$2,515,712, \$7,159,060, \$5,429,785, and \$3,697,137, respectively, and the cumulative net loss since the Company's inception through March 31, 2010 is \$44,538,676. In view of these matters, the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the Company's ability to generate additional financing sufficient to support its research and development activities, clearance or approval of developed products for sale by applicable regulatory authorities, including the FDA, and ultimately to generate revenue sufficient to cover all costs. Since inception, the Company has financed its activities principally from the sale of equity securities, borrowings, and license arrangements. The Company intends on financing its future development activities and its working capital needs largely from the sale of equity securities until such time that funds provided by operations are sufficient to fund working capital requirements. There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful at achieving its financing goals on reasonable commercial terms, if at all, or if it will generate revenues sufficient to cover its costs.

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Note 4 - Furniture, Software and Equipment

Furniture, software and equipment consist of the following:

	March 31,	Decemb	er 31,
	2010	2009	2008
Furniture and equipment	\$1,112,193	\$1,079,030	\$ 807,012
Software	19,222	19,232	8,888
Leasehold Improvements	157,236	157,236	157,236
	1,288,651	1,255,498	973,136
Less accumulated depreciation	(305,875)	(263,340)	(112,630)
	\$ 982,776	\$ 992,158	\$ 860,506

Depreciation expense was as follows:

Three Months	Three Months Ended March 31,			Years Ended December 31,			
2010		2009	2009	2008	2007		
\$42,535	\$	34,564	\$150,710	\$71,928	\$16,728		

Note 5 – Related Party License Agreements

License and development agreements have been entered into with affiliates of Boston Scientific Corporation ("BSC"). Because BSC's affiliate is a stockholder and has a representative on the Company's board of directors, management has deemed all transactions with BSC and its affiliates to be of a related party nature.

BSC Neuro Agreement—On December 30, 2005, the Company entered into definitive license and development agreements (collectively, as amended, the "BSC Neuro Agreement") with Advanced Bionics Corporation, an affiliate of BSC. Advanced Bionics Corporation subsequently changed its name to Boston Scientific Neuromodulation Corporation ("BSC Neuro"). Under the BSC Neuro Agreement, the Company granted BSC Neuro an exclusive commercial license with respect to certain of the Company's owned and licensed intellectual property, in the neuromodulation field, to make, use, import, lease and sell neuro-related leads, neuro-related lead extensions, and neuro-related lead-type devices, such as implantable pulse generators. The Company has continuing research and development obligations pursuant to the BSC Neuro Agreement with respect to the development of MRI-compatible and MRI-safe implantable neuromodulation leads.

Under the BSC Neuro Agreement, in addition to prospective royalty payments on net sales of licensed products, the Company could receive up to \$1,600,000 in future milestone-based payments associated with successful development and regulatory approval of the leads. The Company did not receive any up-front license payments pursuant to this agreement. In addition, the Company could receive over \$500,000 in incentive payments for incremental development work BSC Neuro may request. This agreement requires specified milestones in the development of an MRI-safe implantable lead to be achieved by December 31, 2012. If the milestones are not achieved by that date and this failure is not the result of BSC Neuro's failure to reasonably cooperate with the Company in pursuing the milestones, the Company will be required to repay BSC Neuro certain amounts, including any development expenses and milestone payments previously made to the Company under this agreement and any patent prosecution costs incurred by BSC Neuro with respect to the intellectual

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Note 5 – Related Party License Agreements – (continued)

property licensed under this agreement. As of March 31, 2010, the Company had received approximately \$750,000 of payments from BSC Neuro which would be subject to the repayment obligation described above. In addition, the Company would be responsible to reimburse BSC Neuro for out of pocket costs incurred by BSC Neuro in prosecuting patent applications and maintaining issued patents for the licensed technologies. As discussed in Note 2, Revenue Recognition, all amounts received have been recorded as deferred revenues.

BSC Cardiac Pacemakers Agreement—Effective March 19, 2008, the Company entered into definitive license and development agreements (collectively the "BSC Cardiac Agreement") with Cardiac Pacemakers, Inc. ("BSC Cardiac"), an affiliate of Boston Scientific Corporation. Under the BSC Cardiac Agreement, the Company granted BSC Cardiac an exclusive commercial license with respect to certain of the Company's owned and licensed intellectual property rights, in the field of implantable medical leads for cardiac applications, to make, have made, use, promote, market, import, distribute, lease, sell, offer for sale and commercialize products in the licensed field of use. The Company is required to continue to investigate the feasibility of its technology and, upon successful completion of feasibility studies, to work with BSC Cardiac to develop this technology for different types of MRI-compatible and MRI-safe implantable cardiac leads.

Pursuant to the BSC Cardiac Agreement, in addition to prospective royalty payments on net sales of licensed products, the Company received non-refundable licensing fees totaling \$13,000,000 in 2008, and the Company could receive up to \$20,000,000 in future milestone-based payments associated with the successful development and regulatory approval of the implantable cardiac leads, subject to certain patents being issued on patent applications licensed to BSC Cardiac. The Company initially recorded the payment as deferred revenue and is subsequently recognizing revenue over the five year estimated period of continuing involvement (see Note 2, Revenue Recognition). The Company determined the five year estimated period of continuing involvement based upon the Company's internal development plan and projected timeline for the different implantable cardiac leads.

Except as set forth below, the licensing provisions of the BSC Cardiac Agreement will terminate upon the expiration of the last issued patent that is licensed under the agreement, and the development provisions of the BSC Cardiac Agreement will expire upon FDA approval of a design for each of the different lead types described in the agreement. BSC Cardiac has the one-time option, within 60 days after successful completion of the first cardiac lead feasibility study, to cease further development work and to terminate the provisions of the BSC Cardiac Agreement. If BSC Cardiac elects to exercise its option under the BSC Cardiac Agreement to terminate further development efforts, the license the Company granted to BSC Cardiac will automatically become non-exclusive with respect to some intellectual property, other intellectual property will be removed from the scope of the license and revert to the Company, and BSC Cardiac will not be obligated to pay the Company any future royalties on net sales of products containing intellectual property that remains subject to the non-exclusive license. Likewise, any unachieved future milestone-based payments will not be paid or due the Company. However, upon any such termination, the Company will not be required to repay any portion of the upfront licensing fees paid and would recognize any unamortized deferred revenue.

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Note 5 – Related Party License Agreements – (continued)

Remaining related party deferred revenue is expected to be recognized as revenue as follows:

Years ending December 31, (except as noted below)	
2010 (April through December)	\$1,950,000
2011	2,600,000
2012	2,600,000
2013	1,396,374
	\$8,546,374

Note 6 - Related Party Notes Payable

Related Party Convertible Notes Payable (BSC)—On October 16, 2009, the Company entered into a convertible note payable arrangement with BSC. The arrangement allowed for initial borrowings by the Company of \$2,000,000, which was received in October 2009, and additional borrowings at future dates totaling up to \$2,250,000. During November and December of 2009, the Company borrowed an additional \$1,500,000 from BSC. All borrowings bear interest at 10% per annum and mature on the second anniversary of the date on which the funds were advanced (October through December 2011).

In addition, the Company will be required to prepay all or a portion of the loans upon the consummation of any qualified financing, which is any equity financing in which shares of the Company's preferred stock are issued in exchange for cash proceeds. Upon consummation of a qualified financing from Medtronic, Inc., St. Jude Medical, Inc., or Johnson & Johnson, or any of their respective subsidiaries or affiliates, up to 100% of the cash proceeds from such qualified financing must be used to prepay the outstanding principal and accrued interest of the loans. Upon consummation of a qualified financing from any other investor, up to 25% of the cash proceeds from such qualified financing shall be applied by the Company to prepay the outstanding principal and accrued interest of the loans. The Company can prepay the loans at anytime. The principal and interest outstanding on each note is convertible, at the option of the holder, at any time prior to the earlier of the maturity date or the consummation of a qualified public offering (a bona fide first underwritten public offering of the Company's common stock on a firm commitment basis in which the aggregate gross proceeds received by the Company at the public offering price equals or exceeds \$20,000,000) into one share of the Company's preferred stock at a conversion price equal to the lower of \$8.00 per share, or the price per share paid by investors in a future preferred stock financing conducted by the Company's assets.

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Note 6 – Related Party Notes Payable – (continued)

The Company analyzed the terms of the conversion feature of the notes under ASC Topic 815 and determined, based upon the conversion price reset provision, that the conversion feature should be accounted for as a derivative liability (Note 2, Fair Value Measurements). Under this guidance the conversion feature was initially measured at fair value and will be adjusted to the current fair value at each reporting period, changes in fair value will be recorded as other income (expense) in the related statement of operations. The Company calculated the fair value of this derivative liability utilizing the Black-Scholes pricing model. The assumptions used in calculating the fair value of the derivative liability using this model as of the transaction date and March 31, 2010 were as follows:

	March 31, 2010	Transaction Date
Dividend yield	0%	0%
Expected volatility	52.77%	38.28%
Risk free interest rate	1.02%	1.14%
Expected term	1.55 years	2 years

There was no adjustment of the derivative liability at December 31, 2009 because the change in its fair value from the transaction date was insignificant. At March 31, 2010, the fair value of the derivative liability was \$1,436,850; the change in fair value from December 31, 2009 in the amount of \$209,350 was recorded as other expense in the statement of operations.

The proceeds from the transaction were allocated as follows:

Financial Instrument	
Related party convertible notes payable	\$2,272,500
Derivative liability	_1,227,500
	\$3,500,000

The discount on the related party convertible debt is amortized through charges to interest expense based upon the effective interest method through the date of maturity.

Related Party Convertible Notes Payable (BSC Neuro)—During December 2005, BSC Neuro advanced the Company \$1,500,000 in the form of a convertible promissory note. The original maturity date of this note was December 31, 2007 or, if earlier, the expiration of a stipulated period of negotiations between BSC Neuro and the Company that followed the completion of certain product development work by the Company (the "Negotiation Period").

The calculation of BSC Neuro's conversion option under the note depended on whether BSC Neuro and the Company entered into a license agreement with respect to certain Company technology (the "Subsequent License"). If BSC Neuro and the Company did not enter into the Subsequent License, then the note was convertible into 10% of the Company's fully diluted common shares (all outstanding common stock, all outstanding preferred stock convertible into shares of common stock, all warrants and options to acquire shares of common stock (vested and unvested) and all shares of common stock issuable under the Company's equity compensation plans). If BSC Neuro and the Company did enter into the Subsequent License, then the note was convertible into 5% of the Company's fully diluted common shares. There was no beneficial conversion feature associated with this transaction.

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Note 6 – Related Party Notes Payable – (continued)

The note was amended on June 30, 2007, wherein the maturity date was extended to June 30, 2008 or, if earlier, the expiration of the Negotiation Period. The lender's conversion option was then fixed at 5% of the Company's fully diluted common shares. However, if at the time of conversion BSC Neuro and the Company had not entered into the Subsequent License, the Company was also required to issue BSC Neuro a warrant to purchase an additional 5% of the Company's fully diluted common shares at an exercise price of \$0.01 per share. Such warrant would only be exercisable if BSC Neuro and the Company did not enter into the Subsequent License by the end of the Negotiation Period. The conversion option under the amended note was substantively the same as the conversion option under the original note.

The June 30, 2007 amendment was evaluated to determine if it qualified as a debt extinguishment accounting. Based on the analysis performed, there was no debt extinguishment recorded as the fair value of the pre-amendment and post-amendment cash flows related to the notes did not differ by more than 10%. The fair value of the aforementioned \$0.01 warrant of approximately \$790,000 was recorded as a debt discount on the date of amendment and amortized through interest expense through the extended maturity date (June 30, 2008).

On June 30, 2008, BSC Neuro exercised its conversion option and converted the note in full into 417,960 shares of common stock. Upon conversion, BSC Neuro and the Company did not enter into the Subsequent License. Therefore, the number of shares subject to the aforementioned warrant was fixed at 417,960. The Negotiation Period expired during 2009, and BSC Neuro and the Company did not enter into the Subsequent License. BSC Neuro did not exercise the warrant and the warrant expired during 2009.

Note 7 – Senior Unsecured Convertible Notes

In March 2010, the Company issued 10% senior unsecured convertible notes, or the bridge notes, in the aggregate principal amount of \$4,071,000. The bridge notes contain a mandatory conversion feature upon the closing of the initial public offering of the Company's common stock that will automatically convert the bridge notes into shares of the Company's common stock at the lesser of \$8.00 per share or 80% of the offering price, subject to a \$4.00 per share floor conversion price. In addition, holders of the bridge notes may convert the outstanding principal amount of their bridge notes into shares of the Company's common stock at any time, based on a conversion price of \$8.00 per share, subject to certain adjustments. The bridge notes mature two years from the date of issuance, unless earlier converted, and accrue interest at the rate of 10% per annum. All accrued interest will be paid in cash upon the earlier to occur of maturity or conversion and will not be converted into shares of the Company's common stock.

The Company applied the guidance in ASC 815-40, "Derivatives and Hedging Contracts in an Entity's Own Equity," in determining that the conversion features of the bridge notes did not require derivative liability accounting treatment. The Company relied upon guidance in ASC 470-20, "Debt with Conversion and Other Options," in determining that the non-mandatory conversion feature represented a beneficial conversion feature (the "BCF") that should be recorded as equity based on its intrinsic value. The offset was recorded as a discount which was netted against the bridge notes. At the issuance dates of the bridge notes, the intrinsic value of the BCF was \$834,555 which represents the difference between the fair value of \$9.64 per common share and the conversion price of \$8.00 per share multiplied by the number of conversion shares. The discount is being amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method over the term of the bridge notes.

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Note 7 – Senior Unsecured Convertible Notes – (continued)

The Company incurred approximately \$293,000 of costs related to the issuance of the bridge notes, comprised of placement agent commissions and legal fees. In addition, warrants with a five year term were issued to the placement agent exercisable for 25,444 shares of the Company's common stock at a price equal to the lesser of \$8.00 per share or 80% of the offering price in the Company's initial public offering, subject to a \$4.00 per share floor conversion price. The fair value of the placement agent warrants was approximately \$120,000 (Note 8). The total costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the bridge notes of approximately \$413,000 were capitalized as deferred financing costs and are being amortized using the effective interest method over the term of the bridge notes.

Note 8 - Stockholders' Equity

Series A Preferred Stock—In 2006, the Company issued 7,965,000 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock for net proceeds of \$7,335,787 (\$7,965,000 net of \$629,213 in transaction expenses). Additionally, the placement agent received detachable warrants to acquire up to 141,500 shares of the Company's common stock at \$4.00 per share with a fair value of \$28,696 on the date of issuance. The warrants expire on December 31, 2011.

The holders of the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock have the following rights and privileges.

Voting. Each holder of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock is entitled to vote on all matters presented to holders of common stock, with each holder entitled to the number of votes equal to the number of shares of common stock into which his or her shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock could be converted.

Dividend Rights. There is no dividend rate on the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock; however, the Company will pay holders of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock any dividend it declares with respect to the common stock on an as converted basis.

Conversion. The holders of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock have the right to convert such shares, at any time, into shares of common stock. The current conversion rate of the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock is one-for-four, subject to further adjustment for certain corporate events, including stock splits, stock dividends, and recapitalizations. The Series A Convertible Preferred Stock automatically convert into common stock at the then applicable conversion rate upon the closing of an initial public offering or the consent of holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock.

Liquidation. In the event of the liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the Company, the holders of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock would be entitled to receive \$1.00 per share before any liquidation distributions may be paid to the holders of the common stock.

Redemption. Shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock are not redeemable by the Company.

Registration Rights Agreement—The Company has an agreement with many of its current stockholders pursuant to which the Company has granted those stockholders certain registration rights. The stockholders who are parties to the agreement generally have two demand registration rights, which rights become effective as of the date that is six months after the Company's initial public offering (as such these registration rights are contingent upon the successful completion of an initial public offering). A requisite percentage of holders is required to exercise a demand registration right, and certain other restrictions apply. Stockholders also have the right to participate on a "piggyback basis" in certain registrations by the Company under the Securities Act of 1933, subject to certain restrictions, including underwriter holdbacks.

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Note 8 – Stockholders' Equity – (continued)

Stock Incentive Plans—At March 31, 2010, the Company has two share-based compensation plans (the "2007 Plan" and the "1998 Plan", and referred to collectively as the "Plans"). The 1998 Plan provides for the granting of qualified incentive and non-qualified stock options to employees, directors, consultants and advisors. The 2007 Plan provides for the granting of qualified incentive and non-qualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, restricted stock units, and other stock-based awards to employees, directors, consultants and advisors. Awards may be subject to a vesting schedule as set forth in each individual award agreement. The Company terminated the 1998 Plan, effective June 24, 2008, with respect to future grants such that no new options may be awarded under the 1998 Plan on or after June 24, 2008. The maximum shares of common stock which can be issued under the 2007 Plan is 625,000.

Activity with respect to the stock options is summarized as follows (no options were granted during the three months ended March 31, 2010):

	Options Outstanding	Options Exercisable	Range of Exercise Price	Weighted- average Exercise price per share	Intrinsic Value
Balance at January 1, 2007			0.88 -		
	303,750		\$ 24.00	\$ 1.72	\$ 320,000
Options exercisable at January 1, 2007		303,750	0.88 - 24.00	1.72	320,000
Options granted	147,500		3.20	3.20	
Balance at December 31, 2007	451,250		0.88 - 24.00	2.20	331,500
Options exercisable at December 31, 2007	·		0.88 -		Í
		361,250	24.00	1.96	331,500
Options granted		<u> </u>	6.04 -		
	154,875		9.64	7.84	
Options cancelled or forfeited	(6,250)		6.00	6.00	
Outstanding at December 31, 2008	599,875		0.88 - 24.00	3.64	3,742,700
Options exercisable at December 31, 2008	,	432,082	0.88 - 24.00	2.70	3,133,667
Ontions amental	93,402	432,082	9.64	9.64	3,133,007
Options granted Options exercised	(3,333)		3.20	3.20	
Options cancelled or forfeited	(3,333)		1.64 -	3.20	
options cancerted of forteled	(20,167)		20.00	9.60	
Outstanding at December 31, 2009			0.88 -		
,	669,777		24.00	4.28	3,694,400
Options exercisable at December 31, 2009		483,364	0.88 - 24.00	2.78	3,424,333
Options cancelled or forfeited	(2,500)		24.00	24.00	, ,
Outstanding at March 31, 2010	(2,200)		0.88 -	21.00	
Outstanding at March 31, 2010	667,277		24.00	4.20	3,694,400
Options exercisable at March 31, 2010		481,697	0.88 - 24.00	2.68	3,424,333
		, , , , , ,			- / /

⁽¹⁾ All Options granted during the year ended December 31, 2009 were granted with an exercise price of \$9.64 per share, which was deemed to be the fair market value on the date of grant.

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Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 and the Inaudited Three Month Pariods Ended Moreh 31, 2010 and 2006

$Unaudited\ Three\ Month\ Periods\ Ended\ March\ 31,2010\ and\ 2009$

Note 8 – Stockholders' Equity – (continued)

The following table summarizes information about stock options at March 31, 2010:

	Op	Options Outstanding		Options Exercisable	
		Weighted - Average	Weighted -		Weighted -
Range of Exercise Prices	Number Outstanding	Remaining Contractual Life	Average Exercise Price	Number Exercisable	Average Exercise Price
\$ 0.88 - 3.20	427,500	5.05	\$ 1.64	414,167	\$ 1.59
6.04 - 9.64	234,777	7.05	8.46	62,530	8.17
24.00	5,000	1.26	24.00	7,500	24.00
	667,277	5.73	4.21	481,697	2.68

The following table summarizes information about stock options at December 31, 2009:

	Opt	Options Outstanding		Options Exercisable	
Range of Exercise Prices	Number Outstanding	Weighted - Average Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted - Average Exercise Price	Number Exercisable	Weighted - Average Exercise Price
\$ 0.88 - 3.20	427,500	5.30	\$ 1.64	414,617	\$ 1.59
6.04 - 9.64	234,777	7.30	8.46	61,697	8.15
24.00	7,500	1.00	24.00	7,500	24.00
	669,777	5.95	4.28	483,364	2.78

The following table summarizes information about stock options at December 31, 2008:

	Opt	Options Outstanding		Options Exercisable	
		Weighted -			
		Average	Weighted -		Weighted -
	Number	Remaining Contractual	Average Exercise	Number	Average Exercise
Range of Exercise Prices	Outstanding	Life	Price	Exercisable	Price
\$ 0.88 - 3.20	435,000	6.33	\$ 1.67	383,333	\$ 1.47
6.04 - 9.64	154,875	9.56	7.86	38,750	9.64
20.00 - 24.00	10,000	1.50	23.00	10,000	23.00
	599,875	7.09	3.62	432,083	2.70

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Note 8 – Stockholders' Equity – (continued)

The weighted-average grant date fair value of options granted during the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 are \$2.83 and \$2.32, respectively. A summary of the status of the Company's nonvested stock options during the three months ended March 31, 2010 and the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007 is presented below:

Weighted

Nonvested Stock Options	Shares	Weighted - Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested January 1, 2007	_	\$ —
Granted	90,000	0.40
Nonvested December 31, 2007	90,000	0.40
Granted	116,125	2.23
Vested	(38,333)	0.40
Nonvested December 31, 2008	167,792	1.67
Granted	93,402	2.83
Forfeited	(7,250)	2.84
Vested	(67,531)	1.11
Nonvested December 31, 2009	186,413	2.41
Vested	833	2.68
Nonvested March 31, 2010	178,080	2.41

As of March 31, 2010 there was a total of approximately \$343,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested share-based compensation arrangements granted under the Plans. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of approximately 2.75 years.

The assumptions used in calculating the fair value of options using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model are set forth in the following table:

		Year Ended December 31,		
	2009	2008	2007	
Dividend yield	0%	0%	0%	
Expected Volatility	23.45% to 38.28%	24.45% to 26.44%	27.67% to 29.13%	
Risk free Interest rates	1.48% to 2.43%	2.56% to 3.03%	4.50% to 5.06%	
Expected lives	3.25 to 5.75 years	5 to 5.75 years	5 to 5.75 years	

Warrants—Warrants have been issued for terms of up to five years.

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Note 8 – Stockholders' Equity – (continued)

Common Stock warrants issued, expired, and outstanding during the three months ended March 31, 2010 and the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

	Number	Av Exer	eighted verage cise Price · Share
Warrants outstanding at January 1, 2007	410,542	\$	3.48
Warrants issued during the year ended December 31, 2007	417,960		0.04
Warrants outstanding at December 31, 2008 and 2007	828,502	_	1.74
Warrants expired during the year ended December 31, 2009	(417,960)		0.04
Warrants outstanding at December 31, 2009	410,542		3.48
Warrants issued during the three months ended March 31, 2010	25,444		8.00
Warrants outstanding at March 31, 2010	435,986	\$	3.74

The assumptions used in calculating the fair value of warrants utilizing the Black-Scholes pricing model are as follows:

	Warrants issued	Warrants issued during	
	2010	2007	
Dividend yield	$\phantom{aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa$	0%	
Expected volatility	45.98%	20%	
Risk free rates	2.6%	4.91%	
Expected term	5 years	1 year	

Stock Transactions with Related Parties -

- During January 2009, the Company loaned \$500,000 under an 8% note receivable to a stockholder with an original maturity date in July 2010. The note was collateralized by 125,000 shares of the Company's common stock owned by the stockholder. In addition, during January 2009, the Company purchased 125,000 shares of the Company's common stock from that same stockholder for \$500,000 in cash (accounted for as a treasury stock purchase). During December 2009, the Company purchased 134,178 additional shares of the Company's common stock from this stockholder in exchange for cancellation of the aforementioned \$500,000 note receivable plus \$36,712 of accrued interest thereon.
- The Company had a note receivable from its Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") related to the sale of common stock. The note bears interest at 4.5%. Interest income related to this note was approximately \$21,100 for the year ended December 31, 2009 and approximately \$21,700 for each of the two years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007. On December 22, 2009, the Company purchased 66,652 shares of common stock from the CEO, for an aggregate purchase price of \$642,525. The Company paid a portion of the aggregate purchase price (\$594,687) by cancelling the aforementioned promissory note plus accrued interest, with the remainder paid in cash. Also, on December 22, 2009, the Company issued to the CEO options to purchase 66,652 shares of its common stock at an exercise price of \$9.64 per share.

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SURGIVISION, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 and the Unaudited Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009

Note 9 - Income Taxes

The Company recorded federal income tax expense of \$49,250 for the year ended December 31, 2009 related to alternative minimum tax due which cannot be offset by net operating loss carryforwards. The Company had no income tax expense or benefit for the years ended 2008 and 2007. As the Company has incurred net operating losses, the Company has recognized valuation allowances for all deferred tax assets. The tax effect of temporary differences and net operating losses that give rise to components of deferred tax assets and liabilities consist of the following:

March 31,	December 31,			
2010	2009	2008	2007	
\$ (200,384)	\$ (202,296)	\$ (144,776)	\$ (4,886)	
28,400	60,139	_	_	
3,244,204	3,207,620	(8,139)	_	
377,229	439,965	110,891	3,778	
12,435,688	11,591,052	12,491,917	10,690,528	
15,885,138	15,096,480	12,449,893	10,689,420	
(15,885,138)	(15,096,480)	(12,449,893)	(10,689,420)	
\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	
	\$ (200,384) 28,400 3,244,204 377,229 12,435,688 15,885,138	2010 2009 \$ (200,384) \$ (202,296) 28,400 60,139 3,244,204 3,207,620 377,229 439,965 12,435,688 11,591,052 15,885,138 15,096,480	2010 2009 2008 \$ (200,384) \$ (202,296) \$ (144,776) 28,400 60,139 — 3,244,204 3,207,620 (8,139) 377,229 439,965 110,891 12,435,688 11,591,052 12,491,917 15,885,138 15,096,480 12,449,893	

The Company has a cumulative federal net operating loss of approximately \$33,000,000 as of March 31, 2010. Under Section 382 and 383 of the Internal Revenue Code, if an ownership change occurs with respect to a "loss corporation", as defined, there are annual limitations on the amount of the net operating loss and other deductions which are available to the Company. The Company has not determined whether such ownership change has occurred. However, given the equity transactions in which the Company has engaged, the Company believes that the use of the net operating losses shown as deferred tax assets will be significantly limited.

Note 10 – Commitments

Leases—The Company leases office space in Maryland, California and Tennessee under non-cancellable operating leases. Leases expire in 2011, 2012 and 2014.

Future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

Years ending December 31,	
2010	\$145,331
2011	171,545
2012	124,018
2013	62,272
2014	58,399
Total minimum payments	\$561,565

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SURGIVISION, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 and the Unaudited Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009

Note 10 - Commitments - (continued)

Co-Development Agreement—The Company has entered into a co-development agreement whereby the Company is required to pay up to approximately \$2,476,000 in milestone-based payments for software development to be used in conjunction with products being developed by the Company. The software, upon completion, will be owned by the co-developer and sold through licenses. The co-developer will pay the Company a fixed amount per license sold by the co-developer until the Company recoups its investment in the software. The Company's remaining milestone-based payments under the co-development agreement at March 31, 2010 totaled approximately \$2,176,000, which is expected to be paid in installments through September 2011.

Shared Research Agreements—The Company has entered into research agreements with certain universities whereby the Company has committed to pay certain research-related expenses. As of March 31, 2010 the Company is committed to pay additional amounts aggregating approximately \$920,000, which will be payable at various dates through January 2011. In addition, the Company has agreed to provide in kind equipment and services over a two year period once the equipment is installed.

Software License Agreement—The Company is obligated under a master services and license agreement to purchase a minimum number of licenses for software code that is incorporated in the Company's ClearPoint system software. The minimum future purchase obligation is \$525,000 for each of the contract years ending July 2010, 2011 and 2012. The cost of each license will be charged to cost of sales as each ClearPoint system is sold, which sales are subject prior to FDA clearance.

Note 11 - Restatement (unaudited)

Subsequent to the issuance of the Company's unaudited financial statements as of and for the three month period ended March 31, 2010, the Company determined that it should have accrued for an expense related to software development work performed by a third party. The Company made an adjustment to correct this error, which had the effect of increasing research and development costs and other accrued liabilities. The impact of the restatement on the balance sheet as of March 31, 2010 and to the statement of operations for the three month period ended March 31, 2010 is follows:

	A	As of March 31, 2010		
	As previously reported	Adjustment	As restated	
Balance sheet:				
Total assets	\$ 6,574,176	<u> </u>	\$ 6,574,176	
Other accrued liabilities	\$ 1,043,559	\$ 339,844	\$ 1,383,403	
Other liabilities	16,585,677		16,585,677	
Total liabilities	17,629,236	339,844	17,969,080	
Accumulated deficit	(44,198,832)	(339,844)	(44,538,676)	
Other stockholders' equity	33,143,772		33,143,772	
Total stockholders' deficit	(11,055,060)	(339,844)	(11,394,904)	
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$ 6,574,176	<u> </u>	\$ 6,574,176	

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SURGIVISION, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 and the Unaudited Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009

Note 11 – Restatement (unaudied) – (continued)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2010		
	As previously reported	Adjustment	As restated
Statement of operations:			
Revenues	\$ 650,000	\$ —	\$ 650,000
Research and development costs	1,407,551	339,844	1,747,395
General and administrative expenses	1,011,747		1,011,747
Total operating costs and expenses	2,419,298	339,844	2,759,142
Other income (expense)	(406,570)		(406,570)
Net loss	\$(2,175,868)	\$(339,844)	\$(2,515,712)
Net loss per share (basic and diluted)	\$ (0.42)	\$ (0.07)	\$ (0.49)

Note 12 – Subsequent Events

Litigation

On April 22, 2010, SurgiVision Consultants, Inc. and Guy M. Kezirian filed a lawsuit against the Company in the United States District Court, Central District of California, alleging trademark infringement, unfair competition, trademark dilution and violation of the Anti-Cybersquatting Protection Act, all relating to the Company's use of its SURGI-VISION and SURGIVISION trademarks and the Company's www.surgivision.com domain name. The plaintiffs are seeking unspecified monetary damages and injunctive relief. This action is at the very preliminary stage. The Company believes it has strong defenses to the allegations, and intends to vigorously defend itself in the lawsuit to protect its trademark rights. Due to the preliminary stage of the proceedings, management is unable to determine the financial impact, if any, of the ultimate outcome of this matter. No liability, which might result from this matter, if any, has been recorded in the Company's financial statements.

Reverse Stock Split

On April 23, 2010, the Company's stockholders approved an amendment to the Company's certificate of incorporation giving the Board of Directors (the "Board") the discretion to effect a reverse split of the shares of the Company's common stock (the "Reverse Split"). On June 14, 2010, a duly authorized committee of the Board approved a 1-for-4 Reverse Split to be effected prior to the effective date of the Company's initial public offering. The Reverse Split will not change the number of authorized shares or the par value of the Company's common stock. In connection with the Reverse Split, the Company's Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, outstanding convertible notes and outstanding options and warrants will be adjusted so that the number of shares of common stock issuable upon their conversion or exercise will be decreased proportionately, and the conversion or exercise price will be increased proportionately. Accordingly, all share and per share amounts for all periods presented in these financial statements and notes thereto, have been adjusted retroactively, where applicable, to reflect this Reverse Split.

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SURGIVISION, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 and the Unaudited Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009

Note 12 – Subsequent Events – (continued)

New Stock Incentive Plan

On March 23, 2010, the Board approved the 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan (the "2010 Plan") and recommended it to the stockholders. The 2010 Plan was approved by a vote of the stockholders on April 23, 2010. The principal purpose of the 2010 Plan is to attract, retain and motivate selected employees, consultants and directors through the granting of stock-based compensation awards and cash-based performance awards. The 2010 Plan is also designed to permit the Company to make cash-based awards and equity-based awards intended to quality as "performance-based compensation" under 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code. A total of 1,250,000 shares of the Company's common stock have been reserved for issuance under the 2010 Plan. Upon adoption of the 2010 Plan, the Company ceased making awards under its 2007 Plan. In connection with the Company's initial public offering, the Company intends to (i) grant options under the 2010 Plan to purchase 514,816 shares of the Company's common stock with exercise prices equal to the initial public offering price, and (ii) issue 21,429 shares of the Company's common stock under the 2010 Plan, assuming an initial public offering price of \$14.00 per share and taking into account the 1-for-4 Reverse Split described above.

Cardiac EP Business Participation Plan

On June 2, 2010, the Board approved the Cardiac EP Business Participation Plan to enable the Company to provide a key product development advisor and consultant with financial rewards in the event the Company sells its business operations relating to catheter-based MRI-guided cardiac ablation to treat cardiac arrhythmias, which the Company refers to as its cardiac EP operations. In the event the Company sells its cardiac EP operations, whether on a stand-alone basis or as part of the sale of the Company, the plan participant will receive a payment under the plan equal to (i) the transaction value paid for or allocated to the cardiac EP operations in the sale, multiplied by (ii) the participant's participation interest under the plan at the time of the sale. The Plan participant was initially awarded a participation interest of 6.6%. However, that percentage interest will be equitably reduced from time to time to take into account any equity financing transactions, including the Company's initial public offering, in which the Company issues shares of its common stock or securities convertible into shares of its common stock in exchange for cash proceeds. The plan will terminate on June 2, 2025.

Key Personnel Incentive Program

On June 2, 2010, the Board approved the amendment of the Company's Key Personnel Incentive Program, which provides a key employee and consultant with the opportunity to receive incentive bonus payments based on the performance of future services to the Company or upon a consummation of a transaction involving the sale of the Company. In the event of a sale transaction, each participant will receive a bonus payment under the program if the participant continues to provide services to the Company as its employee or consultant as of the date of the transaction. Until the occurrence of a sale transaction, each participant will be entitled to receive semi-annual service bonuses beginning on June 30, 2012 and continuing through December 31, 2015, if the participant continues to provide services to the Company as its employee or consultant as of the respective scheduled payment dates. Pursuant to their awards, the two participants would receive service bonuses totaling up to \$1,700,000 and \$1,000,000, respectively, payable in eight equal semi-annual installments. If the participant's employment or consultancy is (i) terminated due to the participant's death or disability, or (ii) involuntarily terminated by the Company other than for cause, then the participant will be deemed vested, as of the termination date, in all future scheduled service bonus payments, and the Company will be required to pay that aggregate amount no later than March 15 of the year following the year in which the termination occurred. If the

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SURGIVISION, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 and the Unaudited Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009

Note 12 – Subsequent Events – (continued)

participant's employment or consultancy is involuntarily terminated by the Company for cause, or if the participant voluntarily terminates his employment of consultancy, the participant thereafter will not be entitled to any payments under the program. The program will terminate on the earlier of December 31, 2015 or the occurrence of a transaction involving the sale of the Company.

Merger of Subsidiary

On June 11, 2010, the Company's sole subsidiary, Cardiac EP Sub, Inc., was merged with and into the Company.

FDA Clearance

On June 16, 2010, the Company received regulatory clearance from the FDA to market its ClearPoint system in the United States for general neurological procedures. The Company will market its ClearPoint system to provide guidance for the placement and operation of instruments or devices during the planning and operation of neurological procedures within the MRI environment and in conjunction with MR imaging. The Company anticipates that it will begin selling its ClearPoint system products in the first half of the third quarter of 2010.

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[Images to be inserted]



Shares

SurgiVision, Inc.

Common Stock

Prospectus

Canaccord Genuity

Rodman & Renshaw, LLC

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PART II

INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Item 13. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution

The following table sets forth the costs and expenses to be paid by us in connection with the sale of the shares of common stock being registered hereby. All amounts are estimates except for the SEC registration fee, the FINRA filing fee and the Nasdaq Capital Market listing fee.

	Amo	unt to be Paid
SEC registration fee	\$	3,075
FINRA filing fee		3,500
Nasdaq Capital Market listing fee		55,000
Printing and engraving expenses		200,000
Blue sky qualification fees and expenses		15,000
Accounting fees and expenses		200,000
Legal fees and expenses		750,000
Transfer agent and registrar fees		3,500
Miscellaneous expenses		700,000
Total	\$	1,930,075

Item 14. Indemnification of Directors and Officers

Our certificate of incorporation, which will become effective upon the completion of this offering, contains provisions permitted under Delaware law relating to the liability of directors. These provisions eliminate a director's personal liability for monetary damages resulting from a breach of fiduciary duty, except in circumstances involving wrongful acts, such as any:

- breach of the director's duty of loyalty to us or our stockholders;
- act or omission not in good faith or that involves intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of the law;
- · act related to unlawful stock repurchases, redemptions or other distribution or payments of dividends; or
- transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

These provisions do not limit or eliminate our rights or any stockholder's rights to seek non-monetary relief, such as an injunction or rescission, in the event of a breach of director's fiduciary duty. These provisions will not alter a director's liability under federal securities laws.

As permitted by Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, our bylaws, which will become effective upon the closing of this offering, require us to indemnify our directors and executive officers to the fullest extent not prohibited by the Delaware law. We may limit the extent of such indemnification by individual contracts with our directors and executive officers. Further, we may decline to indemnify any director or executive officer in connection with any proceeding initiated by such person or any proceeding by such person against us or our directors, officers, employees or other agents, unless such indemnification is expressly required to be made by law or the proceeding was authorized by our Board of Directors.

We have entered into indemnity agreements with each of our current directors and certain of our executive officers to give such directors and officers additional contractual assurances regarding the scope of the indemnification set forth in our certificate of incorporation and bylaws and to provide additional procedural

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protections. At present, there is no pending litigation or proceeding involving any of our directors, officers or employees for which indemnification is sought, nor are we aware of any threatened litigation that may result in claims for indemnification.

We have the power to indemnify our other officers, employees and other agents, as permitted by Delaware law, but we are not required to do so.

The Registrant maintains a directors' and officers' insurance and registrant reimbursement policy. The policy insures directors and officers against unindemnified losses arising from certain wrongful acts in their capacities as directors and officers and reimburses the registrant for those losses for which the registrant has lawfully indemnified the directors and officers. The policy contains various exclusions, none of which apply to this offering.

Reference is made to the following documents filed as exhibits to this registration statement regarding relevant indemnification provisions described above and elsewhere herein:

Exhibit Document	Number
Form of Underwriting Agreement	1.1
Form of Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation	3.3
Form of Amended and Restated Bylaws	3.4
Third Amended and Restated Investor Rights' Agreement dated September 20, 2006	3.5
First Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement dated April 30, 2004	3.6
Form of Indemnification Agreement	10.8

Item 15. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

The following sets forth information regarding all unregistered securities sold since December 31, 2006:

- 1. We have granted stock options to purchase an aggregate of 329,125 shares of common stock to employees, consultants and directors under our 2007 Stock Incentive Plan, which makes available an aggregate of 625,000 shares of common stock. Stock options to purchase 1,284,167 shares of our common stock remain outstanding. The issuance of these options was exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act, as a sale not involving a public offering, or pursuant to Rule 701 under the Securities Act.
- 2. On December 22, 2009, we issued to Mr. Jenkins an option to purchase 66,652 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$9.64 per share. The issuance of this option was exempt from registration under 4(2) of the Securities Act, as a sale not involving a public offering.
- 3. Between January 2006 and August 2007, Boston Scientific, one of our 5% common stockholders and the employer of one of our directors, loaned us \$1,500,000 in six equal quarterly installments pursuant to a convertible promissory note. This note became payable on June 30, 2008, at which time Boston Scientific converted the note into 417,960 shares of our common stock and a warrant for 417,960 shares of our common stock, which warrant has since expired.
- 4. In November and December of 2006, we issued and sold an aggregate of 7,965,000 shares of our Series A Convertible Preferred Stock to 48 accredited investors at \$1.00 per share, for an aggregate offering price of \$7,965,000. Upon completion of this offering, these shares of preferred stock will automatically convert into shares of common stock. In connection with this Series A Preferred Stock offering, we engaged Gilford Securities Incorporated to serve as a placement agent. As placement agent, Gilford Securities Incorporated received a cash fee of approximately \$475,000 and a warrant exercisable for 141,500 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$4.00 per share.

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- 5. On November 2, 2006, we issued a warrant exercisable for 12,500 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$4.00 per share. This warrant was exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act, as a sale not involving a public offering.
- 6. During 2009, Boston Scientific loaned us \$3,500,000 pursuant to the terms of three convertible promissory notes. Interest on the loans accrues at 10% per annum and compounds annually. The Boston Scientific loans are secured by a first priority security interest in all of our assets. Each loan matures on the second anniversary of the date on which the funds were advanced. In addition, we will be required to prepay all or a portion of loans upon the consummation of any qualified financing, which is any equity financing in which shares of our preferred stock are issued in exchange for cash proceeds. Upon consummation of a qualified financing from Medtronic, Inc., St. Jude Medical, Inc., or Johnson & Johnson, or any of their respective subsidiaries or affiliates, up to 100% of the cash proceeds from such qualified financing must be used to prepay the outstanding principal of the loans and accrued interest thereon. Upon consummation of a qualified financing from any other investor, up to 25% of the cash proceeds from such qualified financing shall be applied by us to prepay the outstanding principal of the loans and accrued interest thereon. We can repay each loan at anytime prior to its respective maturity date. At the option of Boston Scientific, these loans are convertible into one share of our common stock for every \$8.00 of principal and interest outstanding at the time of conversion. To the extent that Boston Scientific has not exercised its conversion right prior to the completion of this offering, Boston Scientific will no longer have the right to convert the notes into shares of stock.
- 7. On December 21, 2007, we made a restricted stock award to one of our consultants for 500 shares of common stock. This award was made under our 2007 Stock Incentive Plan. This restricted stock award was exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act, as a sale not involving a public offering, or pursuant to Rule 701 under the Securities Act.
- 8. In March 2010, we issued 10% senior unsecured convertible notes, or the bridge notes, in the aggregate principal amount of approximately \$4.1 million to 50 accredited investors in a private placement, or the bridge financing. Upon consummation of this offering, the bridge notes will automatically convert into shares of our common stock upon the closing of this offering at the lesser of \$8.00 per share or 80% of the offering price in this offering, subject to a \$4.00 per share floor conversion price. In addition, subject to prior maturity, prepayment and/or certain adjustments, holders of the bridge notes may convert the outstanding principal amount of their bridge notes into shares of our common stock at any time, based on a conversion price of \$8.00 per share. The bridge notes mature two years from the date of issuance, unless earlier converted, and accrue interest at the rate of 10% per annum. All accrued interest will be paid in cash and will not be converted into shares of our common stock. In connection with the bridge financing, we engaged Gilford Securities Incorporated to serve as a placement agent. As placement agent, Gilford Securities Incorporated received a cash fee of approximately \$285,000 and a warrant exercisable for 25,444 shares of our common stock at a price equal to the lesser of \$8.00 per share or 80% of the offering price in our initial public offering, subject to a \$4.00 per share floor conversion price.

We claimed exemption from registration under the Securities Act for the sales and issuances of securities in the transactions described in paragraphs (3) through (8) by virtue of Section 4(2) of the Securities Act and/or Rule 506 of Regulation D. Such sales and issuances did not involve any public offering, were made without general solicitation or advertising and each purchaser was a sophisticated investor with access to all relevant information necessary to evaluate the investment and represented to us that the shares were being acquired for investment.

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Item 16. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

Amendment #2 dated March 19, 2008(7)

(a) Exhibits

Number 1.1**	Description Form of Underwriting Agreement ⁽⁷⁾
3.1**	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of SurgiVision, Inc., as amended(1)
3.2**	Bylaws of SurgiVision, Inc., as amended(1)
3.3**	Form of Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of SurgiVision, Inc. to be effective upon completion of this offering ⁽⁵⁾
3.4**	Form of Amended and Restated Bylaws of SurgiVision, Inc. to become effective upon completion of this offering ⁽⁵⁾
3.5**	Third Amended and Restated Investor Rights' Agreement dated September 20, 2006, as amended(1)
3.6**	First Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement dated April 30, 2004(1)
3.7**	Certificate of Designation, Preferences and Rights of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock of Surgi-Vision, Inc. filed with the State of Delaware on September 20, 2006 ⁽³⁾
4.1	Reference is made to Exhibits 3.1, 3.2, 3.3 and 3.4
4.2**	Specimen of Common Stock Certificate ⁽⁵⁾
4.3**	Form of SurgiVision, Inc. 10% Senior Unsecured Convertible Note Due 2012 ⁽⁵⁾
4.4**	SurgiVision, Inc. Warrant to Purchase Common Stock, dated March 30, 2010, issued to Gilford Securities Incorporated ⁽⁵⁾
5.1	Opinion of Baker, Donelson, Bearman, Caldwell & Berkowitz, PC
10.1**	Surgi-Vision, Inc. 1998 Stock Option Plan ⁽¹⁾
10.2**	Surgi-Vision, Inc. 2007 Stock Incentive Plan ⁽¹⁾
10.3**	SurgiVision, Inc. Amended and Restated Key Personnel Incentive Program ⁽⁷⁾
10.4**	2010 Incentive Compensation Plan ⁽⁵⁾
10.5**	2010 Incentive Compensation Plan Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement(7)
10.6**	2010 Incentive Compensation Plan Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement(7)
10.7**	2010 Incentive Compensation Plan Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement for Non-Employee Directors ⁽⁷⁾
10.8**	Form of Indemnification Agreement ⁽⁵⁾
10.9**†	License Agreement by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and The Johns Hopkins University entered into on or around June 20, 1998, as amended by that certain Amendment to License Agreement dated as of January 15, 2000, and as further amended by that certain Addendum to License Agreement entered into on or around December 7, 2004 ⁽⁷⁾
10.10**†	License Agreement by and between Surgi Vision, Inc. and The Johns Hopkins University entered into on or around December $7,2006^{(7)}$
10.11**†	Technology License Agreement dated as of December 30, 2005 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Boston Scientific Neuromodulation Corporation (formerly known as Advanced Bionics Corporation), as amended by that certain Omnibus Amendment dated June 30, 2007, and as further amended by that certain Omnibus Amendment #2 dated March 19, 2008 ⁽⁷⁾
10.12**†	System and Lead Development and Transfer Agreement dated as of December 30, 2005 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Boston Scientific Neuromodulation Corporation (formerly known as Advanced Bionics Corporation), as amended by that certain Amendment No. 1 dated May 31, 2006, as further amended by that certain Omnibus Amendment dated June 30, 2007, and as further amended by that certain Omnibus Amendment #2 dated March 19, 2008(7)

Number	<u>Description</u>
10.13**†	Technology License Agreement dated as of March 19, 2008 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Cardiac Pacemakers, Inc. ⁽⁷⁾
10.14**†	Development Agreement dated as of March 19, 2008 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Cardiac Pacemakers, Inc. ⁽⁶⁾
10.15**†	Cooperation and Development Agreement, dated as of May 4, 2009, by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Siemens Aktiengesellschaft, Healthcare Sector ⁽⁷⁾
10.16**	Consulting Agreement, effective as of May 1, 2009, by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Dr. Paul Bottomley ⁽⁴⁾
10.17**	Stock Purchase Agreement, dated December 22, 2009, by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Kimble L. Jenkins ⁽³⁾
10.18**	Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement, dated December 22, 2009, by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Kimble L. Jenkins ⁽³⁾
10.19**†	Patent License Agreement – Nonexclusive entered into on or around April 27, 2009 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and National Institutes of Health ⁽⁷⁾
10.20**†	Master Services and Licensing Agreement dated as of July 20, 2007 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Cedara Software Corp. (7)
10.21**†	Exclusive License Agreement entered into on or around June 30, 2008 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and The Johns Hopkins University ⁽⁷⁾
10.22**†	Exclusive License Agreement entered into on or around June 30, 2008 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and The Johns Hopkins University ⁽⁷⁾
10.23**†	Exclusive License Agreement entered into on or around June 30, 2008 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and The Johns Hopkins University ⁽⁷⁾
10.24**†	Loan Agreement dated as of October 16, 2009 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Boston Scientific Corporation ⁽²⁾
10.25**†	Patent Security Agreement dated as of October 16, 2009 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Boston Scientific Corporation ⁽²⁾
10.26**†	Sponsored Research Agreement by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and the Regents of the University of California on behalf of its San Francisco campus entered into on or around August 24, 2007, as amended by that certain First Amendment to Sponsored Research Agreement dated December 1, 2008, as further amended by that certain Second Amendment to Sponsored Research Agreement dated May 1, 2009, as further amended by that certain Third Amendment to Sponsored Research Agreement dated November 2, 2009, as further amended by that certain Addendum to Sponsored Research Agreement dated February 4, 2010 ⁽⁶⁾
10.27**†	Research Agreement by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and The University of Utah entered into on or around July 2, 2007, as amended by that certain First Amendment to the Research Agreement entered into on or around January 8, 2008, as further amended by that certain Second Amendment to the Research Agreement dated April 24, 2009, as further amended by that certain Third Amendment to the Research Agreement dated May 1, 2009, as further amended by that certain Fourth Amendment to the Research Agreement entered into on or around February 25, 2010 ⁽⁶⁾
10.28**	Lease Agreement, dated as of April 21, 2008, by and between Shaw Investment Company, LLC and Surgi-Vision, Inc. (5)
10.29**	Separation Agreement, dated as of April 30, 2010, by and between John Thomas and SurgiVision, Inc. (7)

Number	<u>Description</u>
10.30**	SurgiVision, Inc. Cardiac EP Business Participation Plan ⁽⁷⁾
10.31**	Cardiac EP Business Participation Plan Award Agreement, dated June 3, 2010, by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Nassir F. Marrouche ⁽⁷⁾
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23.1	Consent of Cherry, Bekaert & Holland, L.L.P.
23.2**	Consent of Baker, Donelson, Bearman, Caldwell & Berkowitz, PC (included in Exhibit 5.1)
24.1**	Power of attorney. Reference is made to the signature page. (1)
24.2**	Power of Attorney ⁽⁷⁾

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- * To be filed by amendment.
- ** Previously filed.
- † Confidential treatment requested under 17 C.F.R. §§200.80(b)(4) and 230.406. The confidential portions of this exhibit have been omitted and are marked accordingly. The confidential portions have been filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to the confidential treatment request.
- (1) Previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 23, 2009 on the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (SEC File No. 333-163957).
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- (7) Previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 4, 2010 on the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1/A (SEC File No. 333-163957)

Item 17. Undertakings

The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes to provide to the underwriters at the closing specified in the Underwriting Agreement, certificates in such denominations and registered in such names as required by the underwriters to permit prompt delivery to each purchaser.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the Registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes that:

- (1) For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the Registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective.
- (2) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial *bona fide* offering thereof.

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That, for the purpose of determining liability under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser, if the Registrant is subject to Rule 430C, each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) as part of a registration statement relating to an offering, other than registration statements relying on Rule 430B or other than prospectuses filed in reliance on Rule 430A, shall be deemed to be part of and included in the Registration Statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness. Provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the Registration Statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by referenced into the Registration Statement or prospectus that is part of the Registration Statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the Registration Statement or prospectus that was part of the Registration Statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such date of first use.

That, for the purpose of determining liability of the Registrant under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser in the initial distribution of the securities, the undersigned Registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned Registrant pursuant to this Registration Statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned Registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser:

- (i) Any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned Registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424;
- (ii) Any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned Registrant or used or referred to by the undersigned Registrant;
- (iii) The portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned Registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned Registrant; and
 - (iv) Any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned Registrant to the purchaser.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, SurgiVision, Inc. has duly caused this Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Memphis, State of Tennessee, on the 25th day of June, 2010.

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By:	/s/ KIMBLE L. JENKINS
•	Kimble L. Jenkins
	Chief Executive Officer

POWER OF ATTORNEY

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	<u>Title</u>	Date
/s/ KIMBLE L. JENKINS Kimble L. Jenkins	Chief Executive Officer and Director	June 25, 2010
/s/ DAVID W. CARLSON David W. Carlson	Chief Financial Officer	June 25, 2010
* John C. Thomas, Jr.	Director	June 25, 2010
* Paul A. Bottomley	Director	June 25, 2010
* Lenox D. Baker	Director	June 25, 2010
* Charles E. Koob	Director	June 25, 2010
* Wendelin C. Maners	Director	June 25, 2010
* John N. Spencer	Director	June 25, 2010
/S/ JAMES K. MALERNEE, JR. James K. Malernee, Jr.	Director	June 25, 2010
* Michael A. Pietrangelo	Director	June 25, 2010
*By /s/ KIMBLE L. JENKINS Kimble L. Jenkins	_ Attorney-in-Fact	June 25, 2010

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EXHIBIT INDEX

Number 1.1**	Description Form of Underwriting Agreement ⁽⁷⁾
3.1**	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of SurgiVision, Inc., as amended(1)
3.2**	Bylaws of SurgiVision, Inc., as amended(1)
3.3**	Form of Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of SurgiVision, Inc. to be effective upon completion of this offering ⁽⁵⁾
3.4**	Form of Amended and Restated Bylaws of SurgiVision, Inc. to become effective upon completion of this offering ⁽⁵⁾
3.5**	Third Amended and Restated Investor Rights' Agreement dated September 20, 2006, as amended(1)
3.6**	First Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement dated April 30, 2004(1)
3.7**	Certificate of Designation, Preferences and Rights of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock of Surgi-Vision, Inc. filed with the State of Delaware on September 20, 2006 ⁽³⁾
4.1	Reference is made to Exhibits 3.1, 3.2, 3.3 and 3.4
4.2**	Specimen of Common Stock Certificate ⁽⁵⁾
4.3**	Form of SurgiVision, Inc. 10% Senior Unsecured Convertible Note Due 2012 ⁽⁵⁾
4.4**	SurgiVision, Inc. Warrant to Purchase Common Stock, dated March 30, 2010, issued to Gilford Securities Incorporated ⁽⁵⁾
5.1	Opinion of Baker, Donelson, Bearman, Caldwell & Berkowitz, PC
10.1**	Surgi-Vision, Inc. 1998 Stock Option Plan(1)
10.2**	Surgi-Vision, Inc. 2007 Stock Incentive Plan ⁽¹⁾
10.3**	SurgiVision, Inc. Amended and Restated Key Personnel Incentive Program ⁽⁷⁾
10.4**	2010 Incentive Compensation Plan ⁽⁵⁾
10.5**	2010 Incentive Compensation Plan Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement ⁽⁷⁾
10.6**	2010 Incentive Compensation Plan Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement ⁽⁷⁾
10.7**	2010 Incentive Compensation Plan Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement for Non-Employee Directors ⁽⁷⁾
10.8**	Form of Indemnification Agreement ⁽⁵⁾
10.9**†	License Agreement by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and The Johns Hopkins University entered into on or around June 20, 1998, as amended by that certain Amendment to License Agreement dated as of January 15, 2000, and as further amended by that certain Addendum to License Agreement entered into on or around December 7, 2004 ⁽⁷⁾
10.10**†	License Agreement by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and The Johns Hopkins University entered into on or around December $7,2006^{(7)}$
10.11**†	Technology License Agreement dated as of December 30, 2005 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Boston Scientific Neuromodulation Corporation (formerly known as Advanced Bionics Corporation), as amended by that certain Omnibus Amendment dated June 30, 2007, and as further amended by that certain Omnibus Amendment #2 dated March 19, 2008 ⁽⁷⁾
10.12**†	System and Lead Development and Transfer Agreement dated as of December 30, 2005 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Boston Scientific Neuromodulation Corporation (formerly known as Advanced Bionics Corporation), as amended by that certain Amendment No. 1 dated May 31, 2006, as further amended by that certain Omnibus Amendment dated June 30, 2007, and as further amended by that certain Omnibus Amendment #2 dated March 19, 2008 ⁽⁷⁾

Number	Description
10.13**†	Technology License Agreement dated as of March 19, 2008 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Cardiac Pacemakers, Inc. (6)
10.14**†	Development Agreement dated as of March 19, 2008 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Cardiac Pacemakers, Inc. (6)
10.15**†	Cooperation and Development Agreement, dated as of May 4, 2009, by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Siemens Aktiengesellschaft, Healthcare Sector ⁽⁶⁾
10.16**	Consulting Agreement, effective as of May 1, 2009, by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Dr. Paul Bottomley $^{(4)}$
10.17**	Stock Purchase Agreement, dated December 22, 2009, by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Kimble L. Jenkins ⁽³⁾
10.18**	Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement, dated December 22, 2009, by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Kimble L. Jenkins ⁽³⁾
10.19**†	Patent License Agreement – Nonexclusive entered into on or around April 27, 2009 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and National Institutes of Health ⁽⁶⁾
10.20**†	Master Services and Licensing Agreement dated as of July 20, 2007 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Cedara Software Corp. (6)
10.21**†	Exclusive License Agreement entered into on or around June 30, 2008 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and The Johns Hopkins University ⁽⁶⁾
10.22**†	Exclusive License Agreement entered into on or around June 30, 2008 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and The Johns Hopkins University ⁽⁶⁾
10.23**†	Exclusive License Agreement entered into on or around June 30, 2008 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and The Johns Hopkins University ⁽⁶⁾
10.24**†	Loan Agreement dated as of October 16, 2009 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Boston Scientific Corporation ⁽²⁾
10.25**†	Patent Security Agreement dated as of October 16, 2009 by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and Boston Scientific Corporation ⁽²⁾
10.26**†	Sponsored Research Agreement by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and the Regents of the University of California on behalf of its San Francisco campus entered into on or around August 24, 2007, as amended by that certain First Amendment to Sponsored Research Agreement dated December 1, 2008, as further amended by that certain Second Amendment to Sponsored Research Agreement dated May 1, 2009, as further amended by that certain Third Amendment to Sponsored Research Agreement dated November 2, 2009, as further amended by that certain Addendum to Sponsored Research Agreement dated February 4, 2010 ⁽⁶⁾
10.27**†	Research Agreement by and between SurgiVision, Inc. and The University of Utah entered into on or around July 2, 2007, as amended by that certain First Amendment to the Research Agreement entered into on or around January 8, 2008, as further amended by that certain Second Amendment to the Research Agreement dated April 24, 2009, as further amended by that certain Third Amendment to the Research Agreement dated May 1, 2009, as further amended by that certain Fourth Amendment to the Research Agreement entered into on or around February 25, 2010 ⁽⁶⁾
10.28**	Lease Agreement, dated as of April 21, 2008, by and between Shaw Investment Company, LLC and Surgi-Vision, Inc. (5)
10.29**	Separation Agreement, dated as of April 30, 2010, by and between John Thomas and SurgiVision, Inc. (7)
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23.2**	Consent of Baker, Donelson, Bearman, Caldwell & Berkowitz, PC (included in Exhibit 5.1)
24.1**	Power of attorney. Reference is made to the signature page.(1)
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^{*} To be filed by amendment.

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[LETTERHEAD OF BAKER, DONELSON, BEARMAN, CALDWELL & BERKOWITZ, PC]

, 2010]

SurgiVision, Inc. One Commerce Square, Suite 2550 Memphis, TN 38103

Re: Registration Statement on Form S-1 (SEC File Number 333-163957)

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as counsel to SurgiVision, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), in connection with a Registration Statement on Form S-1, as amended (the "Registration Statement"), relating to the proposed issuance and sale by the Company of up to 2,875,000 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share (including 375,000 shares to be subject to the Underwriters' warrants and over-allotment option) (the "Shares").

In connection with this opinion, we have examined and relied upon (a) the Registration Statement and related prospectus, (b) the Company's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Registration Statement, and Bylaws, filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Registration Statement, (c) the Company's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, filed as Exhibit 3.3 to the Registration Statement, and the Company's Amended and Restated Bylaws, filed as Exhibit 3.4 to the Registration Statement, each of which shall be in effect upon the closing of the offering contemplated by the Registration Statement, and (d) the originals or copies certified to our satisfaction of such records, documents, certificates, memoranda and other instruments as in our judgment are necessary or appropriate to enable us to render the opinion expressed below, and we have undertaken no independent verification with respect thereto. We have assumed the genuineness and authenticity of all documents submitted to us as originals, and the conformity to originals of all documents where due execution and delivery are a prerequisite to the effectiveness thereof. As to certain factual matters, we have relied upon a certificate of officers of the Company and have not sought to independently verify such matters.

On the basis of the foregoing, and in reliance thereon, we are of the opinion that the Shares are duly authorized and, when sold and issued in accordance with the Registration Statement and related prospectus, as amended and supplemented through the date of issuance, will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

This opinion is given as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to advise you after the date hereof of facts or circumstances that come to our attention or changes in law that occur which could affect the opinions contained herein. This opinion is being rendered for the benefit of the Company in connection with the matters addressed herein.

Our opinions expressed above are limited to the Delaware General Corporation Law, and we express no opinion with respect to the applicability of any other laws. As used herein, the term "Delaware General Corporation Law" includes the statutory provisions contained therein, all applicable provisions of the Delaware Constitution and reported judicial decisions interpreting these laws.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as an exhibit to the Registration Statement, and to the reference to our firm under the heading "Legal Matters" in the Prospectus constituting part of the Registration Statement.

Very truly yours, BAKER, DONELSON, BEARMAN, CALDWELL & BERKOWITZ, PC

Robert J. DelPriore, Authorized Representative

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

THIS EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT (this "<u>Agreement</u>") is entered into as of this 3 rd day of June, 2010 but shall become effective only upon the consummation of the Company's initial public offering of its common stock (the "<u>Effective Date</u>"), by and between **SURGIVISION**, **INC.**, a Delaware corporation (the "<u>Company</u>"), and **KIMBLE L. JENKINS** (the "<u>Executive</u>").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Company desires to employ the Executive to serve as the Chief Executive Officer and President of the Company;

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive each deem it necessary and desirable to execute a written document setting forth the terms and conditions of said relationship; and

WHEREAS, to the extent this Agreement provides for any "deferred compensation" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "<u>Code</u>"), the Agreement will be administered in compliance with Section 409A of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and mutual obligations hereinafter set forth, the parties agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following definitions:
- "2007 Plan" means the Company's 2007 Stock Incentive Plan.
- "2010 Plan" means the Company's 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan.
- "Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.
- "Arbitrators" means the arbitrators selected to conduct any arbitration proceeding in connection with any disputes arising out of or relating to this Agreement.
 - "Award Agreement" has the meaning set forth in Section 8(b) of this Agreement.
 - "Award Plans" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(b) of this Agreement.
 - "Base Salary" means the annual salary to be paid to the Executive as set forth in Section 4(a) of this Agreement.
 - "Benefit Plans" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(c) of this Agreement.
 - "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Change of Control" means the occurrence with respect to the Company of any of the following events: (i) a change in the ownership of the Company; (ii) a change in the effective control of the Company; or (iii) a change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the Company.

For purposes of this definition, a change in the ownership of the Company occurs on the date on which any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, acquires ownership of stock of the Company that, together with stock held by such person or group, constitutes more than 50% of the total fair market value or total voting power of the stock of the Company. A change in the effective control of the Company occurs on the date on which either (i) a person, or more than one person acting as a group, acquires ownership of stock of the Company possessing 30% or more of the total voting power of the stock of the Company, taking into account all such stock acquired during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition, or (ii) a majority of the members of the Board is replaced during any 12-month period by directors whose appointment or election is not endorsed by a majority of the members of such Board prior to the date of the appointment or election. A change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the Company occurs on the date on which any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, other than a person or group of persons that is related to the Company, acquires assets from the Company that have a total gross fair market value equal to or more than 40% of the total gross fair market value of all of the assets of the Company immediately prior to such acquisition or acquisitions, taking into account all such assets acquired during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition.

The determination as to the occurrence of a Change of Control shall be based on objective facts and in accordance with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code. The Company and the Executive acknowledge and agree that the Company's initial public offering of Company Shares shall not constitute a Change of Control.

"Change of Control Termination" means (i) a Termination Without Cause or (ii) a Termination for Good Reason, in either case within four (4) months prior to, on, or within one (1) year after, a Change of Control.

"Code" has the meaning set forth in the recitals above.

"Company" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"Company Shares" means shares of common stock of the Company or any securities of a successor company which shall have replaced such common stock.

"Compensation Committee" means the compensation committee of the Board.

"Confidentiality Agreement" means that certain Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement between the Company and the Executive in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A.

"Effective Date" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

"Executive" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"<u>Non-Compete Agreement</u>" means that certain Non-Compete Agreement between the Company and the Executive in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit B.

"Option(s)" means (i) any option issued to the Executive pursuant to the 2007 Plan, the 2010 Plan or any other incentive plan adopted by the Company, (ii) other than options described in the preceding clause (i), any option issued to the Executive by the Company to purchase Company Shares, or (iii) any option granted under the plan of any successor company that replaces or assumes the Company's options.

"Permanent Disability" means the Executive: (i) is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve (12) months; or (ii) is, by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve (12) months, receiving income replacement benefits for a period of not less than three (3) months under an accident and health plan covering employees or directors of the Company. Medical determination of Permanent Disability may be made by either the Social Security Administration or by the provider of an accident or health plan covering employees or directors of the Company provided that the definition of "disability" applied under such disability insurance program complies with the requirements of the preceding sentence. Upon the request of the Company, the Executive must submit proof to the Company of the Social Security Administration's or the provider's determination.

"Restricted Stock" means (i) any restricted Company Shares issued to the Executive pursuant to the 2010 Plan or any other incentive plan adopted by the Company, or (ii) any restricted stock granted under the plan of any successor company that replaces or assumes the Company's restricted stock awards.

"Specified Employee" means a key employee (as defined in Section 416(i) of the Code without regard to paragraph 5 thereof) of the Company if any stock of the Company is publicly traded on an established securities market or otherwise.

"Term" has the meaning assigned to it in Section 3(a) of this Agreement.

"Termination Date" means the date on which the employment of the Executive is terminated, which date shall be (i) in the case of the Executive's death, the date of death, (ii) in the case of the Executive's Permanent Disability, thirty (30) days after a Termination Notice is given, provided the Executive does not return to the full-time performance of his duties within such thirty (30) day period, (iii) in the case of a Termination Upon Expiration, the date upon which the Term expires, (iv) in the case of a Termination With Cause, the date specified in the Termination Notice, or (v) in all other instances, the date specified as the Termination Date in the

Termination Notice, which date shall not be less than thirty (30) nor more than sixty (60) days from the date the Termination Notice is given.

"<u>Termination for Good Reason</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company by the Executive based on any of the following circumstances, if, within the six (6) month period preceding the Executive's termination, the Executive notified the Company in writing of such circumstances within ninety (90) days of occurrence and the Company did not remedy such circumstances within thirty (30) days thereafter:

- (i) a material demotion or diminution in the Executive's authority, duties or responsibilities without the Executive's consent;
- (ii) the Company requiring the Executive to be based at any place other than a location within a fifty (50) mile radius of the Executive's work location as of the Effective Date without the Executive's consent, except for reasonably required travel on the Company's business; or
 - (iii) any action or inaction that constitutes a material breach by the Company of this Agreement.

"Termination Notice" means a written notice of termination of employment by the Executive or the Company.

"Termination of Employment" means the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company for reasons other than death or Permanent Disability. Whether a Termination of Employment takes place is determined based on the facts and circumstances surrounding the termination of the Executive's employment and whether the Company and the Executive intended for the Executive to provide significant services for the Company following such termination. A change in the Executive's employment status will not be considered a Termination of Employment if the Executive continues to provide services as an employee of the Company or in any other capacity at an annual rate that is twenty percent (20%) or more of the services rendered, on average, during the immediately preceding three full calendar years of employment (or, if employed less than three years, such lesser period).

"<u>Termination Upon Expiration</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment upon the full expiration of the Term, including the full expiration of any extension thereof, following: (i) the Company's notice to the Executive of the Company's election to not extend the Term; or (ii) the Executive's notice to the Company of the Executive's election to not extend the Term, in each case as provided in <u>Section 3(a)</u> of this Agreement.

"Termination With Cause" means the termination of the Executive's employment by the Company for any of the following reasons: (i) the Executive's gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of the Executive's duties where such gross negligence or willful misconduct has resulted or is likely to result in substantial and material damage to the Company; (ii) the material violation by the Executive of any federal or state law or regulation or the Company's compliance program in the performance of the Executive's duties; (iii) the Executive's breach of the Non-Compete Agreement; (iv) the Executive's material breach of the

Confidentiality Agreement; (v) the Executive's commission of any act of fraud with respect to the Company; (vi) the Executive's conviction of, or the Executive's entry of a guilty plea or plea of nolo contendere with respect to, a felony; or (vii) the Executive's failure to perform duties consistent with this Agreement or the Executive's position or to follow or comply with the reasonable directives of the Board or the Executive's supervisor(s) (to the extent not inconsistent with the terms of this Agreement), provided that (A) the Executive shall have received written notice that specifically identifies the manner in which the Company believes that Executive has engaged in such failure and (B) the Executive shall not have cured such failure within thirty (30) days following receipt of such notice, provided further that such opportunity to cure a failure shall not apply if the Executive has received more than one notice with respect to the same or similar conduct pursuant to this clause (vii) during any twelve (12) consecutive month period.

"<u>Termination Without Cause</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment by the Company for any reason other than (i) Termination With Cause, (ii) termination by the Company due to the Executive's death or Permanent Disability, or (iii) Termination Upon Expiration.

"Voluntary Termination" means the Executive's voluntary termination of his employment hereunder for any reason, other than a Termination for Good Reason. If the Executive gives a Termination Notice of Voluntary Termination and, prior to the Termination Date, the Executive voluntarily refuses or fails to provide substantially all the services described in Section 2 hereof for a period greater than two consecutive weeks, the Voluntary Termination shall be deemed to be effective as of the date on which the Executive so ceases to carry out his duties. Voluntary refusal to perform services shall not include (i) taking vacation otherwise permitted in accordance with Section 4(d) hereof, (ii) the Executive's failure to perform services on account of his illness or the illness of a member of the Executive's immediate family, provided such illness is adequately substantiated at the reasonable request of the Company, or (iii) any other absence from service with the written consent of the Board.

2. Employment; Services. The Company shall employ the Executive, and the Executive agrees to be so employed, in the capacity of the Chief Executive Officer and President of the Company to serve for the Term hereof, subject to earlier termination as hereinafter provided. The Executive shall assume and discharge such duties and responsibilities as are commensurate with the Executive's position. The Executive shall be a full-time employee of the Company and shall exert his best efforts and devote substantially all of his business time and attention to the Company's affairs and the performance of his duties hereunder.

3. Term; Termination.

(a) The term of the Executive's employment under this Agreement (the "<u>Term</u>") shall be five (5) years and shall commence as of the Effective Date. On the fifth anniversary of the Effective Date and each successive anniversary of the Effective Date, the Term shall be extended for an additional one (1) year period, unless one party gives notice to the other of such party's election to not extend the Term, which notice must be given no later than ninety (90) days prior to the end of the then-current Term. Notwithstanding the foregoing,

employment during the Term shall be subject to earlier termination in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

(b) Any purported termination of employment by the Executive or the Company, other than by reason of the Executive's death, shall be communicated by a Termination Notice. The Termination Notice shall indicate the specific termination provision in this Agreement relied upon and set forth the facts and circumstances claimed to provide a basis for termination.

4. Compensation.

- (a) <u>Base Salary</u>. During the Term, the Company shall pay the Executive for his services a "<u>Base Salary</u>" of Three Hundred Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$325,000) per year, to be paid in accordance with customary Company policies. The Base Salary shall be subject to increase or decrease according to policies and practices adopted by the Compensation Committee or the Board, as the case may be; provided, however, that in no event (i) shall the Base Salary for any year be decreased by more than ten percent (10%) from the immediately preceding year's Base Salary, and (ii) shall the Base Salary be less than Three Hundred Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$325,000).
- (b) <u>Award Plans</u>. During the Term, the Executive shall also be eligible for additional compensation in the form of a cash bonus, shares of stock in the Company, Restricted Stock and/or Options, according to the policies and practices adopted by the Compensation Committee or the Board, as the case may be, and the Executive shall be eligible to participate in the 2010 Plan and any other stock option, incentive compensation, profit participation, bonus or extra compensation plan that is adopted by the Company and in which the Company's executive officers generally participate (collectively, "<u>Award Plans</u>").
- (c) <u>Benefit Plans</u>. During the Term, the Executive shall be entitled to participate in, and to all rights and benefits provided by, the health, life, medical, dental, disability, insurance and welfare plans that are maintained from time to time by the Company for the benefit of the Executive, the executives of the Company generally or for the Company's employees generally, provided that the Executive is eligible to participate in such plan under the eligibility provisions thereof that are generally applicable to the participants thereof (collectively, "Benefit Plans").
- (d) <u>Vacation</u>. The Executive shall be entitled each year to vacation time, during which time his compensation shall be paid in full. The time allotted for such vacation shall be three (3) weeks, to be taken at such time or times as shall be mutually convenient and consistent with his duties and obligations to the Company. Vacation accrues based on the Executive's anniversary date. Any unused vacation shall not be carried into subsequent years.
- (e) <u>Overall Qualification</u>. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as preventing the Company from modifying, suspending, discontinuing or terminating any of the Benefit Plans or Award Plans without notice or liability to the Executive so long as (i) the modification, suspension, discontinuation or termination of any such plan is authorized by and

performed in accordance with the specific provisions of such plan and (ii) such modification, suspension, discontinuation or termination is taken generally with respect to all similarly situated employees of the Company and does not single out or discriminate against the Executive.

- 5. Expenses. The Company recognizes that the Executive will have to incur certain out-of-pocket expenses, including but not limited to travel expenses, related to his services and the Company's business and the Company agrees to reimburse the Executive for all reasonable expenses necessarily incurred by him in the performance of his duties upon presentation of documentation indicating the amount and business purposes of any such expenses; provided, that the Executive complies with the Company's policies and procedures regarding business expenses.
- 6. <u>Voluntary Termination</u>; <u>Termination With Cause</u>. If the Executive shall cease being an employee of the Company on account of the Executive's Voluntary Termination or a Termination With Cause, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, and (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>. In the event of a Voluntary Termination or a Termination With Cause, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.

7. Termination Upon Death or Permanent Disability.

- (a) <u>Death</u>. The Executive's employment with the Company shall terminate automatically upon the Executive's death. Upon termination of employment due to the Executive's death, the Executive's estate shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>, plus (iii) provided the Executive's heir(s) properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, reimbursement of the COBRA premium for health care coverage for the Executive's surviving spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to twelve (12) months following the Termination Date. In addition, the Executive's estate shall be entitled to any vested benefits under the Company's Award Plans and Benefit Plans as of the Termination Date, in accordance with the terms of such plans.
- (b) <u>Permanent Disability</u>. In the event of the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Company may terminate the Executive's employment with the Company if the Executive does not return to the full-time performance of his duties within thirty (30) days after a Termination Notice is given. Upon termination of employment due to the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>, and (iii) provided the Executive properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, reimbursement of the COBRA premium for health care coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and

children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to twelve (12) months following the Termination Date. In addition, the Executive shall be entitled to any vested benefits under the Company's Award Plans and Benefit Plans as of the Termination Date, in accordance with the terms of such plans. In the event of a termination of employment upon the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.

- (c) <u>Life Insurance</u>. Upon the Company's request, the Executive shall cooperate with the Company in obtaining "key man" life insurance on the life of the Executive with death benefits payable to the Company.
- 8. <u>Termination Without Cause</u>; <u>Termination for Good Reason</u>. The Company may terminate the Executive's employment for any reason, or no reason at all, at any time, and the Executive may effect a Termination for Good Reason at any time; provided, that upon a Termination for Good Reason or a Termination Without Cause, except as otherwise provided in <u>Section 9</u> of this Agreement, the Company shall provide the compensation and benefits set forth in this <u>Section 8</u>. The Executive may effect a Termination for Good Reason notwithstanding any incapacity due to physical or mental illness. In the event of a Termination Without Cause or a Termination for Good Reason, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.
- (a) <u>Base Salary</u>, <u>Bonus</u>, <u>Benefit Plans and Award Plans</u>. The Company shall pay to the Executive, on the Termination Date, a lump sum amount, which is equal to the sum of (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date; plus (ii) the product of (A) one and one-half (1.5) multiplied by (B) the Executive's Base Salary in effect on the Termination Date; plus (iii) the product of (A) one and one-half (1.5) multiplied by (B) the average annual cash bonus paid to the Executive for the two (2) years preceding the year in which the Termination Date occurs; and (iv) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>. The Company shall also pay the Executive any amounts due to the Executive pursuant to the terms of any Award Plans and/or Benefit Plans in which the Executive was a participant, in accordance with the terms of such plans. In addition, provided the Executive properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, the Company shall reimburse the Executive for the cost of COBRA premiums for health care coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to eighteen (18) months following the Termination Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Executive is a Specified Employee and the total of the payments under this <u>Section 8(a)</u> exceeds the limit set forth in Treas. Reg. §1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii)(A) (related to separation pay), then, the amount in excess of such limit shall be delayed for six (6) months following the Termination Date. The delayed amount shall be paid in a lump sum after the end of the six-month delay.
- (b) <u>Options; Restricted Stock</u>. Notwithstanding the terms of any award agreement heretofore or hereafter granted to the Executive under any Award Plan, including, without limitation, the 2007 Plan and the 2010 Plan, or any other agreement granting the Executive Options or Restricted Stock (in each case, an "<u>Award Agreement</u>"), upon a Termination Without Cause or Termination for Good Reason, all Options and Restricted Stock

granted to the Executive which do not constitute deferred compensation for Code Section 409A purposes granted to the Executive shall become fully vested on the Termination Date and immediately prior to the time of termination. The Executive shall have the right to exercise any such Options in a manner provided for in the applicable Award Agreement. For purposes of an Award Agreement, a Termination for Good Reason shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this Section 8(b) and the terms of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the terms of this Section 8(b) shall control and govern.

9. Change of Control.

(a) <u>Accelerated Vesting</u>. Notwithstanding the terms of any Award Agreement heretofore or hereafter granted to the Executive, in the event of a Change of Control, all Options and Restricted Stock granted to the Executive which do not constitute deferred compensation for Code Section 409A purposes shall become fully vested on the date of the Change of Control. The Executive shall have the right to exercise any such Options in a manner provided for in the applicable Award Agreement. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this <u>Section 9(a)</u> and the terms of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the terms of this <u>Section 9(a)</u> shall control and govern.

(b) Change of Control Termination. Notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement to the contrary, in the event of a Change of Control Termination, the Company shall, on the Termination Date, pay the Executive a lump sum amount which is equal to the sum of (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, plus (ii) the product of (A) two (2) multiplied by (B) the Executive's Base Salary in effect as of the Termination Date, plus (iii) the product of (A) two (2) multiplied by (B) the greater of (1) the average annual cash bonus paid to the Executive for the two years preceding the year in which the Termination Date occurs or (2) the Executive's target bonus, if any, for the year in which the Termination Date occurs, plus (iv) the product of (A) twenty-four (24) multiplied by (B) the monthly COBRA premium for health care continuation coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible, plus (v) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date under Section 5. The Company shall also pay the Executive any amounts due to the Executive pursuant to the terms of any Award Plans and/or Benefit Plans in which the Executive was a participant, in accordance with the terms of such plans. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Executive is a Specified Employee and the total of the payments under this Section 9(b) exceeds the limit set forth in Treas. Reg. §1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii)(A) (related to separation pay), then the amount in excess of such limit shall be delayed for six (6) months following the Executive's Termination Date, and such delayed amount shall be paid in a lump sum after the end of the six-month delay. For purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, a Termination for Good Reason that is Change of Control Termination under this Agreement shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive. In the event of a Change of Control Termination, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.

- 10. Termination Upon Expiration. If the Executive shall cease being an employee of the Company on account of a Termination Upon Expiration, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, and (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date under Section 5. In the event of any Termination Upon Expiration, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement. In the event of a Termination Upon Expiration caused by the Company (i.e., the Company gave notice to the Executive of the Company's election to not extend the Term pursuant to Section 3(a)), then (a) for purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the Termination Upon Expiration shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive, and (b) the Executive shall not be subject to the Non-Compete Agreement following the Termination Date. In the event of a Termination Upon Expiration shall constitute a voluntary termination of employment by the Executive's election to not extend the Term pursuant to Section 3(a)), then (x) for purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the Termination Upon Expiration shall constitute a voluntary termination of employment by the Executive, and (y) the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Non-Compete Agreement following the Termination Date.
- 11. Exclusive Remedy. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the payments contemplated by Section 7, Section 8 and Section 9 shall constitute the exclusive and sole remedy for any termination of the Executive's employment due to death or Permanent Disability, any Termination Without Cause or any Termination for Good Reason. The Executive agrees, for himself and any administrator, beneficiary, devisee, executor, heir, legatee or personal representative, (i) to not assert or pursue any remedies, other than an action to enforce the payments due to the Executive (or the Executive's estate) under this Agreement, at law or in equity, with respect to the termination of the Executive's employment under Section 7, Section 8 or Section 9, as applicable, and (ii) to execute a release and waiver on such terms and conditions as the Company may reasonably require as a condition of entitlement to such payments.
- 12. <u>Confidentiality and Noncompetition</u>. The Executive shall enter into the Confidentiality Agreement and Non-Compete Agreement. The Executive's execution of those agreements is a material inducement for the Company to enter into this Agreement. Therefore, this Agreement will be null and void unless the Executive enters into the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.
- 13. Employment Status. The parties acknowledge and agree that the Executive is an employee of the Company, not an independent contractor. Any payments made to the Executive by the Company pursuant to this Agreement shall be treated for federal and state payroll tax purposes as payments made to a Company employee, irrespective whether such payments are made subsequent to the Termination Date.
- 14. <u>Notices</u>. All notices or deliveries authorized or required pursuant to this Agreement shall be deemed to have been given when in writing and personally delivered or when deposited in the U.S. mail, certified, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, addressed to

the parties at the following addresses or to such other addresses as either may designate in writing to the other party:

To the Company: One Commerce Square

Suite 2550

Memphis, TN 38103

Attn: Chief Financial Officer

To the Executive: Kimble L. Jenkins

One Commerce Square

Suite 2550

Memphis, TN 38103

- 15. Entire Agreement. This Agreement contains the entire understanding between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and shall not be modified in any manner except by instrument in writing signed, by or on behalf of, the parties hereto. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, successors and assigns of the parties hereto. In the event of any inconsistencies between the terms of this Agreement and any Award Agreement, the terms of this Agreement shall govern.
- 16. <u>Arbitration</u>. Any controversy concerning or claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement shall be settled by final and binding arbitration in Memphis, Shelby County, Tennessee at a location specified by the party seeking such arbitration.
- (a) <u>The Arbitrators</u>. Any arbitration proceeding shall be conducted by three (3) Arbitrators and the decision of the Arbitrators shall be binding on all parties. Each Arbitrator shall have substantial experience and expert competence in the matters being arbitrated. The party desiring to submit any matter relating to this Agreement to arbitration shall do so by written notice to the other party, which notice shall set forth the items to be arbitrated, such party's choice of an Arbitrator, and such party's substantive position in the arbitration. The party receiving such notice shall, within fifteen (15) days after receipt of such notice, appoint an Arbitrator and notify the other party of its appointment and of its substantive position. The Arbitrators appointed by the parties to the Arbitration shall select an additional Arbitrator meeting the aforedescribed criteria. The Arbitrators shall be required to render a decision in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 16(b) below within thirty (30) days after being notified of their selection. The fees of the Arbitrators shall be equally divided amongst the parties to the arbitration.
- (b) <u>Arbitration Procedures</u>. Arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of the American Arbitration Association, except to the extent the provisions of such are modified by this Agreement or the subsequent mutual agreement of the parties. Judgment upon the award rendered by the Arbitrator(s) may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof. Any party hereto may bring an action, including a summary or expedited proceeding, to compel arbitration of any controversy or claim to which this provision applies in any court having

jurisdiction over such action in Shelby County, Tennessee, and the parties agree that jurisdiction and venue in Shelby County, Tennessee are appropriate and approved by such parties.

- 17. <u>Applicable Law.</u> This Agreement shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Tennessee without giving effect to conflict of laws principles thereof.
- 18. <u>Assignment</u>. The Executive acknowledges that his services are unique and personal. Accordingly, the Executive may not assign his rights or delegate his duties or obligations under this Agreement.
- 19. <u>Headings</u>. Headings in this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not be used to interpret or construe its provisions.
- 20. Successors; Binding Agreement. The Company will require any successor to all or substantially all of the business and/or assets of the Company to expressly assume and agree to perform this Agreement in the same manner and to the same extent that the Company would be required to perform it if no such succession had taken place. Failure of the Company to obtain such assumption and agreement prior to the effectiveness of any such succession shall be a beach of this Agreement and shall entitle Executive to compensation from the Company in the same amount and on the same terms as Executive would be entitled to hereunder upon a Change of Control Termination. The Company's rights and obligations under this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and shall be binding upon the Company's successors and assigns.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement effective as of the date first above written.

SURGIVISION, INC.

By: /s/ Michael Pietrangelo

Name: Michael Pietrangelo

Title: Director, Chair Comp Committee

EXECUTIVE:

/s/ Kimble L. Jenkins

Kimble L. Jenkins

Exhibit A

SURGIVISION, INC.

NON-DISCLOSURE AND PROPRIETARY RIGHTS AGREEMENT

In consideration and as a condition of my employment (or my continued employment) with SurgiVision, Inc., or any of its current or future subsidiaries, affiliates, successors or assigns (collectively, the "Company"), and in consideration of my receipt of Confidential Information (as defined in Section 2 below) and of the compensation now and hereafter paid to me by the Company, the undersigned (hereinafter referred to as "Employee") hereby acknowledges and agrees to the following:

- 1. <u>Purpose of Agreement</u>. Employee understands that the Company is engaged in a continuous program of research, development, production and marketing in connection with its business and that it is critical for the Company to preserve and protect its Confidential Information (as defined in <u>Section 2</u> below), its rights in Inventions (as defined in <u>Section 7</u> below) and in all related intellectual property rights. Accordingly, Employee is entering into this Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement (this "<u>Agreement</u>") as a condition of his or her employment (or continued employment) with the Company, regardless of whether Employee is expected to create Inventions of value for the Company.
- 2. Non-Disclosure of Confidential Information. At all times during his or her employment with the Company and thereafter, Employee will hold the Confidential Information in strictest confidence and Employee will not disclose, communicate, reproduce, copy, publish, license, distribute, modify, adapt, transmit, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or use any Confidential Information, except (a) as may be necessary for Employee to perform his or her duties as an employee of the Company for the exclusive benefit of the Company or (b) to the extent an officer of the Company expressly authorizes such in writing. Employee will take all appropriate action, whether by instruction, agreement or otherwise, to ensure the protection, confidentiality and security of the Confidential Information and to satisfy Employee's obligations under this Agreement. Employee will notify the Company immediately upon discovery of any loss, misuse, misappropriation or disclosure of Confidential Information or any other breach of this Agreement by Employee, and Employee will cooperate with the Company in every reasonable way to help the Company regain possession of the Confidential Information and prevent its further unauthorized use or disclosure.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "Confidential Information" means, but is not limited to, all information that is possessed by or developed for the Company and which relates to the Company's existing or potential business, which information is not reasonably knowable by the Company's competitors or by the general public through lawful means. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, such Confidential Information also includes, but is not limited to, all Proprietary Rights (as defined in Section 3 below), all Third Party Information (as defined in Section 4 below) and all information regarding the Company's operations, research and development efforts, plans for products or services, methods of doing business, business strategies, customers, suppliers, service providers, manufacturers, business relations, product

prices and costs, markets, marketing plans, budgets and forecasts, financial information and/or Inventions, as well as information regarding the skills, know how and compensation of other employees of the Company. Confidential Information may be expressly designated as confidential or proprietary on its face (whether verbally, in writing or otherwise) or be of such a nature that a reasonable person under the circumstances should understand or believe it to be confidential or proprietary. Confidential Information may be oral, written, recorded magnetically or electronically or otherwise stored, and may be that which Employee originates as well as that which otherwise comes into the possession or knowledge of Employee.

- 3. Recognition of Company's Rights. Employee acknowledges and agrees that all Confidential Information will be the sole property of the Company and that the Company will be the sole owner of all patents, patent applications, design patents or registration, design patent applications, copyrights, mask works, trademarks, trade secrets and all other intellectual property rights throughout the world (collectively, "Proprietary Rights") in connection therewith. Accordingly, Employee hereby assigns and agrees to assign to the Company any rights Employee may have or acquire in any Confidential Information and Proprietary Rights.
- 4. Non-Disclosure of Third Party Information. Employee understands that the Company may from time to time receive from third parties confidential information ("Third Party Information"), subject to a duty on the Company's part to maintain the confidentiality of such information and to use it only for certain limited purposes. At all times during Employee's employment with the Company and thereafter, Employee will hold the Third Party Information in strictest confidence and Employee will not disclose, communicate, reproduce, copy, publish, license, distribute, modify, adapt, transmit, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or use any Third Party Information, except (a) as may be necessary for Employee to perform his or her duties as an employee of the Company for the exclusive benefit of the Company or (b) to the extent an officer of the Company expressly authorizes such in writing. Employee will take all appropriate action, whether by instruction, agreement or otherwise, to ensure the protection, confidentiality and security of the Third Party Information and to satisfy Employee's obligations under this Agreement. Employee will notify the Company immediately upon discovery of any loss, misuse, misappropriation or disclosure of Third Party Information or any other breach of this Agreement by Employee, and Employee will cooperate with the Company in every reasonable way to help the Company prevent its further unauthorized use or disclosure.
- 5 . Return of Information; Inspections. Employee will, at the Company's request and/or upon termination of the employment relationship for any reason, return all originals, copies, reproductions and summaries of any Confidential Information and all other tangible materials and devices provided to Employee as Confidential Information or containing Confidential Information, and/or, at the Company's option, certify destruction of the same. In addition, Employee will, at the Company's request and/or upon termination of the employment relationship for any reason, return all originals, copies, reproductions and summaries of any Third Party Information and all other tangible materials and devices provided to Employee as Third Party Information or containing Third Party Information, and/or, at the Company's option, certify destruction of the same. Upon termination of his or her employment with the Company, Employee will promptly deliver to the Company all property in Employee's possession, custody or control that is owned by the Company. Employee agrees that any property situated on the

Company's premises and owned by the Company, including, but not limited to, computers, disks and other storage media, is subject to inspection by Company personnel at any time without notice.

- 6. No Improper Use of Materials. During his or her employment with the Company, Employee will not improperly use or disclose any Confidential Information or trade secrets, if any, of any former employer or any other person to whom Employee has an obligation of confidentiality, and Employee will not bring onto the premises of the Company any unpublished documents or any property belonging to any former employer or any other person to whom Employee has an obligation of confidentiality unless consented to in writing by that former employer or person.
- 7 . Assignment of Inventions. Employee hereby irrevocably assigns to the Company all right, title and interest of Employee in and to any and all Inventions (and all Proprietary Rights with respect thereto), whether or not patentable, copyrightable or protectable as trade secrets, made, conceived, reduced to practice or created by Employee, either alone or jointly with others, during the period of his or her employment with the Company. Employee acknowledges that all original works of authorship which are made by Employee (alone or jointly with others) within the scope of his or her employment and which are copyrightable are "works made for hire," as that term is defined in the United States Copyright Act. In addition to the foregoing assignment of Inventions (and all Proprietary Rights with respect thereto) to the Company, Employee hereby irrevocably assigns to the Company any and all Moral Rights (as defined below) that Employee may have in or with respect to any Invention, and Employee forever waives and agrees not to assert any and all Moral Rights he or she may have in or with respect to any Invention, even after termination of employment with the Company.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "<u>Inventions</u>" means inventions, discoveries, improvements, designs, techniques, ideas, processes, compositions of matter, formulas, data, software programs, databases, mask works, works of authorship, knowhow and trade secrets.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "Moral Rights" means any right to claim authorship of an Invention, to object to or prevent the modification of any Invention, or to withdraw from circulation or control the publication or distribution of any Invention, and any similar right, existing under judicial or statutory law of any country or under any treaty, regardless of whether such right is denominated or generally referred to as a "moral right."

- 8. <u>Disclosure of Inventions</u>. Employee will promptly disclose to the Company all Inventions that Employee makes, conceives, reduces to practice or creates, either alone or jointly with others, during the period of his or her employment with the Company. In addition, Employee will disclose to the Company all patent applications filed by Employee within three (3) years after termination of employment with the Company.
- 9. <u>Assistance</u>. Employee agrees to assist the Company in every proper way to obtain and, from time to time, enforce United States and foreign Proprietary Rights relating to Inventions assigned hereunder to the Company in any and all countries. To that end, Employee will execute, verify and deliver such documents and perform such other acts (including

appearances as a witness) as the Company may reasonably request for use in applying for, obtaining, perfecting, evidencing, sustaining and enforcing such Proprietary Rights and the assignment thereof. In addition, Employee will execute, verify and deliver assignments of such Proprietary Rights to the Company or its designee. Employee's obligation to assist the Company with respect to Proprietary Rights relating to Inventions in any and all countries will continue beyond the termination of Employee's employment, but the Company agrees to compensate Employee at a reasonable rate after Employee's termination for the time actually spent by Employee at the Company's request on such assistance. Employee hereby irrevocably designates and appoints the Company and its duly authorized officers and agents as Employee's agent and attorney-in-fact to act for and on behalf of Employee (a) to execute, verify and file any document needed in connection with the actions specified in this section and (b) to do all other lawfully permitted acts to further the purposes of this section, in each case with the same legal force and effect as if executed or performed by Employee. Employee hereby waives and quitclaims to the Company any and all claims, of any nature whatsoever, which Employee now or may hereafter have for infringement of any Proprietary Rights assigned hereunder to the Company.

- 10. <u>Prior Inventions</u>. Inventions, if any, which Employee made prior to the commencement of his or her employment with the Company are excluded from the scope of this Agreement. To preclude any possible uncertainty, Employee has set forth on Exhibit A hereto a complete list of all Inventions that Employee, whether alone or jointly with others, has conceived, developed or reduced to practice or caused to be conceived, developed or reduced to practice prior to commencement of his or her employment with the Company, that Employee considers to be his or her property or the property of third parties and that Employee wishes to have expressly excluded from the scope of this Agreement.
- 11. <u>Efforts</u>; <u>Non-Competition</u>. Employee acknowledges that his or her employment with the Company requires his or her full attention and effort during normal business hours, and Employee will give his or her best effort, skill and inventive ability to the business interests of the Company. During the term of his or her employment with the Company, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, participate in the management, operation, financing or control of, or be employed by or consult for or otherwise render services to, any person or entity that competes anywhere in the world with the Company in the conduct of the business of the Company as conducted or as proposed to be conducted (a "<u>Competing Business</u>"), nor will Employee engage in any other activities that conflict with his or her obligations to the Company.
- 12. Non-Solicitation. During the term of his or her employment by the Company and for a period of two (2) years after the date his or her employment with the Company ends for any reason, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, (a) hire, engage or solicit to hire or engage any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company or who was engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company within six months of the proposed solicitation, hire or engagement, (b) otherwise induce or attempt to induce any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company to terminate such engagement or employment, (c) in any way interfere with the relationship between the Company and any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company; (d) contact, solicit, divert, appropriate or call upon with the intent of doing business with (other than for the exclusive benefit of the Company) any customer of the

Company if the purpose of such activity is to solicit such customer or prospective customer for a Competing Business, to encourage such customer to discontinue, reduce or adversely alter the amount of such customer's business with the Company or to otherwise interfere with the Company's relationship with such customer, or (e) in any way interfere with the Company's relationship with any supplier, manufacturer, service provider or other business relation of the Company.

- 13. No Conflicting Obligation. Employee represents and agrees that his or her performance of the provisions of this Agreement does not, and will not, breach any agreement to keep in confidence information acquired by Employee in confidence or in trust prior to his or her employment by the Company. Employee agrees not to enter into any agreement, either written or oral, in conflict herewith.
- 14. <u>Reasonableness of Restrictions</u>. Employee agrees that the restrictions on Employee's activities outlined in this Agreement are reasonable and necessary to protect the Company's legitimate business interests, that the consideration provided by the Company is fair and reasonable, and that given the importance to the Company of its Confidential Information, the post-employment restrictions on Employee's activities are likewise fair and reasonable.
- 15. <u>Injunctive Relief</u>. Employee acknowledges and agrees that failure to adhere to the terms of this Agreement will cause the Company irreparable damage for which monetary damages alone would be inadequate compensation. Therefore, Employee agrees that, in addition to monetary damages, the Company will be entitled to an injunction and other equitable relief, including *ex parte* injunctive relief, in the event of any breach or threatened breach (such threatened breach being determined in the sole judgment of the Company) of the provisions of this Agreement. Employee waives the making of a bond or showing actual damages as a condition for obtaining injunctive relief. Such remedy shall not be deemed the exclusive remedy for the breach of this Agreement by Employee, but will be in addition to all other remedies available to the Company whether at law or in equity. Additionally, if Employee breaches this Agreement, the Company will be entitled to its reasonable attorney's fees and costs associated with enforcing this Agreement. Notwithstanding any judicial determination that any provision of this Agreement is not specifically enforceable, the Company will nonetheless be entitled to recover monetary damages as a result of any breach by Employee.
- 16. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with the internal laws of the state of Tennessee, without giving any effect to that state's conflict of laws principles..
- 17. Employee acknowledges and agrees that this Agreement does not create an employment contract with the Company for any term, nor does it in any way limit the Company's right to otherwise terminate Employee's employment. Any change or changes in Employee's duties, salary or compensation will not affect the validity or scope of this Agreement.
- 18. <u>Severability</u>. Whenever possible, each provision of this Agreement will be interpreted in a manner to be effective, valid and enforceable. If, however, any provision of this

Agreement is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable under any present or future law, then such provision will be ineffective only to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating or affecting in any manner whatsoever the remainder of such provision or the remaining provisions of this Agreement. Furthermore, there shall be added automatically as a part of this Agreement a provision as similar in terms to such illegal, invalid, or unenforceable provision as may be possible and still have such similar provision be construed and enforced as legal, valid, and enforceable.

- 19. <u>Amendments; Waivers</u>. No modification or amendment to this Agreement, nor any waiver of any rights under this Agreement, will be effective unless in writing signed by the party to be charged. No waiver by the Company of any breach of this Agreement will be a waiver of any preceding or succeeding breach.
- 20. <u>Assignment</u>. The Company may assign its rights under this Agreement. This Agreement, and the duties and obligations of Employee hereunder, may not be assigned or delegated by Employee.
- 21. <u>Survival</u>. The terms of this Agreement, and Employee's duties and obligations hereunder, will survive any termination of Employee's employment with the Company for any reason.
- 22. <u>Headings</u>. Headings in this Agreement are for informational purposes only and will not be used to construe the intent of this Agreement.
- 23. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement and understanding between the Company and Employee concerning the matters addressed herein.
- 24. <u>Further Assurances</u>. Employee will cooperate reasonably with the Company in connection with any steps required to be taken as part of Employee's obligations under this Agreement, and Employee will (a) execute and deliver to the Company such other documents, and (b) do such other acts and things, in each case as the Company may reasonably request for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Agreement.

25. <u>Acknowledgment</u>. Employee acknowledges that he or she has received a copy of this Agreement, which he or she has read and understood, and Employee voluntarily agrees to abide by its terms. Employee authorizes the Company to notify any future employer(s) of Employee of the terms of this Agreement and Employee's obligations hereunder.

/s/ Kimble L. Jenkins Employee Signature	June 3, 2010 Date
Kimble L. Jenkins Employee Name	
Accepted by:	
SurgiVision, Inc.	
By: /s/ Michael Pietrangelo	

Name: Michael Pietrangelo

Title: Director, Chair Comp Committee

Exhibit A

The following is a complete list of all inventions or improvements relevant to the subject matter of my employment with the Company that have been made, conceived, first reduced to practice or created by me, alone or jointly with others, prior to my employment with the Company that I desire to remove from the operation of the Company's Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement:

þ	No inventions or improvements		
	See below:		
	Additional sheets attached.		
I propo	se to bring to my employment the following materia	ls and documents of a former employer:	
þ	b No materials or documents		
	See below:		
	Additional sheets attached.		
/s/ Kim	ble L. Jenkins	June 3, 2010	
Employ	yee Signature	Date	
Kimble	L. Jenkins	_	
Employ	yee Name		

Exhibit B

SURGIVISION, INC.

NON-COMPETITION AGREEMENT

In consideration and as a condition of my employment (or my continued employment) with SurgiVision, Inc., or any of its current or future subsidiaries, affiliates, successors or assigns (collectively, the "Company"), and in consideration of my receipt of the compensation now and hereafter paid to me by the Company, the undersigned (hereinafter referred to as "Employee") hereby acknowledges and agrees to the following:

- 1. <u>Defined Terms</u>. For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms have the meanings specified or referred to in this <u>Section 1</u>:
- (a) "<u>Conflicting Organization</u>" means any individual or entity that, directly or indirectly, engages in, or is about to become engaged in, Conflicting Research or the development, design, production, manufacture, promotion, marketing, sale, support or service of a Conflicting Product.
- (b) "Conflicting Product" means medical devices, goods, products, product lines or services, and each and every component thereof, developed, designed, produced, manufactured, marketed, promoted, sold, supported or serviced, or that are in development or the subject of research, by anyone other than the Company that are the same or similar to, perform any of the same or similar functions as, may be substituted for, or are intended or used for any of the same purposes as, a Company Product.
- (c) "<u>Conflicting Research</u>" means any research or development of any kind or nature conducted by anyone other than the Company, which is intended for, or may be useful in, any aspect of the development, design, production, manufacture, marketing, promotion, sale, support or service of a Conflicting Product.
- (d) "Company Product" means any medical device, goods, products, product lines or services (i) that during the last one (1) year in which Employee was employed by the Company, Employee, or persons under Employee's management, direction or supervision, performed research regarding, designed, developed, produced, manufactured, marketed, promoted, sold, solicited sales of, supported or serviced on behalf of the Company, or (ii) with respect to which Employee at any time received or otherwise obtained or learned Confidential Information.
- (e) "Restricted Area" means the United States of America or in any other country in which the Company has received or applied for regulatory clearances or approvals for Company Products.
- 2. <u>Efforts; Non-Competition</u>. Employee acknowledges that his or her employment with the Company requires his or her full attention and effort during normal business hours, and Employee will give his or her best effort, skill and inventive ability to the business interests of

the Company. During the term of his or her employment with the Company, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, participate in the management, operation, financing or control of, or be employed by or consult for or otherwise render services to, any individual or entity that competes with the Company in the Restricted Area in the conduct of the business of the Company as conducted or as proposed to be conducted, nor will Employee engage in any other activities that conflict with his or her obligations to the Company.

In addition, for a period of one (1) year after the date his or her employment with the Company ends for any reason, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, participate in the management, operation, financing or control of, or be employed by or consult for or otherwise render services to, any Conflicting Organization in the Restricted Area in connection with or relating to a Conflicting Product or Conflicting Research.

- 3. No Conflicting Obligation. Employee represents and agrees that his or her performance of the provisions of this Agreement does not, and will not, breach any agreement to keep in confidence information acquired by Employee in confidence or in trust prior to his or her employment by the Company. Employee agrees not to enter into any agreement, either written or oral, in conflict herewith.
- 4. <u>Reasonableness of Restrictions</u>. Employee agrees that the restrictions on Employee's activities outlined in this Agreement are reasonable and necessary to protect the Company's legitimate business interests, that the consideration provided by the Company is fair and reasonable, and that the post-employment restrictions on Employee's activities are fair and reasonable.
- 5. <u>Injunctive Relief.</u> Employee acknowledges and agrees that failure to adhere to the terms of this Agreement will cause the Company irreparable damage for which monetary damages alone would be inadequate compensation. Therefore, Employee agrees that in addition to monetary damages, the Company will be entitled to an injunction and other equitable relief, including *ex parte* injunctive relief, in the event of any breach or threatened breach (such threatened breach being determined in the sole judgment of the Company) of the provisions of this Agreement. Employee waives the making of a bond or showing actual damages as a condition for obtaining injunctive relief. Such remedy shall not be deemed the exclusive remedy for the breach of this Agreement by Employee, but will be in addition to all other remedies available at law or in equity to the Company. Additionally, if Employee breaches this Agreement, the Company will be entitled to its reasonable attorney's fees and costs associated with enforcing this Agreement. Notwithstanding any judicial determination that any provision of this Agreement is not specifically enforceable, the Company will nonetheless be entitled to recover monetary damages as a result of any breach by Employee.
- 6. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with the internal laws of the state of Tennessee, without giving any effect to that state's conflict of laws principles.
- 7. <u>Employment</u>. Employee acknowledges and agrees that this Agreement does not create an employment contract with the Company for any term, nor does it in any way limit the

Company's right to otherwise terminate Employee's employment. Any change or changes in Employee's duties, salary or compensation will not affect the validity or scope of this Agreement.

- 8. Severability. Whenever possible, each provision of this Agreement will be interpreted in a manner to be effective, valid and enforceable. If, however, any provision of this Agreement is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable under any present or future law, then such provision will be ineffective only to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating or affecting in any manner whatsoever the remainder of such provision or the remaining provisions of this Agreement. Furthermore, there shall be added automatically as a part of this Agreement a provision as similar in terms to such illegal, invalid, or unenforceable provision as may be possible and still have such similar provision be construed and enforced as legal, valid, and enforceable.
- 9. <u>Amendments</u>; <u>Waivers</u>. No modification or amendment to this Agreement, nor any waiver of any rights under this Agreement, will be effective unless in writing signed by the party to be charged. No waiver by the Company of any breach of this Agreement will be a waiver of any preceding or succeeding breach.
- 10. <u>Assignment</u>. The Company may assign its rights under this Agreement. This Agreement, and the duties and obligations of Employee hereunder, may not be assigned or delegated by Employee.
- 11. <u>Survival</u>. The terms of this Agreement, and Employee's duties and obligations hereunder, will survive any termination of Employee's employment with the Company for any reason.
- 12. <u>Headings</u>. Headings in this Agreement are for informational purposes only and will not be used to construe the intent of this Agreement.
- 13. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement and understanding between the Company and Employee concerning the matters addressed herein.
- 14. <u>Further Assurances</u>. Employee will cooperate reasonably with the Company in connection with any steps required to be taken as part of Employee's obligations under this Agreement, and Employee will (a) execute and deliver to the Company such other documents, and (b) do such other acts and things, in each case as the Company may reasonably request for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Agreement.

15. Acknowledgment. Employee acknowledges that he or she has received a copy of this Agreement, which he or she has read and understood, and Employee voluntarily agrees to abide by its terms. Employee authorizes the Company to notify any future employer(s) of Employee of the terms of this Agreement and Employee's obligations hereunder.

/s/ Kimble L. Jenkins	June 3, 2010
Employee Signature	Date
Kimble L. Jenkins Employee Name	
Accepted by:	
SurgiVision, Inc.	
By: /s/ Michael Pietrangelo	

Name: Michael Pietrangelo

Title: Director, Chair Comp Committee

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

THIS EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT (this "<u>Agreement</u>") is entered into as of this 3 rd day of June, 2010 but shall become effective only upon the consummation of the Company's initial public offering of its common stock (the "<u>Effective Date</u>"), by and between **SURGIVISION**, **INC.**, a Delaware corporation (the "<u>Company</u>"), and **PETER G. PIFERI** (the "<u>Executive</u>").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Company desires to employ the Executive to serve as the Chief Operating Officer of the Company;

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive each deem it necessary and desirable to execute a written document setting forth the terms and conditions of said relationship; and

WHEREAS, to the extent this Agreement provides for any "deferred compensation" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "<u>Code</u>"), the Agreement will be administered in compliance with Section 409A of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and mutual obligations hereinafter set forth, the parties agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following definitions:
- "2007 Plan" means the Company's 2007 Stock Incentive Plan.
- "2010 Plan" means the Company's 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan.
- "Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.
- "Arbitrators" means the arbitrators selected to conduct any arbitration proceeding in connection with any disputes arising out of or relating to this Agreement.
 - "Award Agreement" has the meaning set forth in Section 8(b) of this Agreement.
 - "Award Plans" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(b) of this Agreement.
 - "Base Salary" means the annual salary to be paid to the Executive as set forth in Section 4(a) of this Agreement.
 - "Benefit Plans" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(c) of this Agreement.
 - "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Change of Control" means the occurrence with respect to the Company of any of the following events: (i) a change in the ownership of the Company; (ii) a change in the effective control of the Company; or (iii) a change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the Company.

For purposes of this definition, a change in the ownership of the Company occurs on the date on which any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, acquires ownership of stock of the Company that, together with stock held by such person or group, constitutes more than 50% of the total fair market value or total voting power of the stock of the Company. A change in the effective control of the Company occurs on the date on which either (i) a person, or more than one person acting as a group, acquires ownership of stock of the Company possessing 30% or more of the total voting power of the stock of the Company, taking into account all such stock acquired during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition, or (ii) a majority of the members of the Board is replaced during any 12-month period by directors whose appointment or election is not endorsed by a majority of the members of such Board prior to the date of the appointment or election. A change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the Company occurs on the date on which any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, other than a person or group of persons that is related to the Company, acquires assets from the Company that have a total gross fair market value equal to or more than 40% of the total gross fair market value of all of the assets of the Company immediately prior to such acquisition or acquisitions, taking into account all such assets acquired during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition.

The determination as to the occurrence of a Change of Control shall be based on objective facts and in accordance with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code. The Company and the Executive acknowledge and agree that the Company's initial public offering of Company Shares shall not constitute a Change of Control.

"Change of Control Termination" means (i) a Termination Without Cause or (ii) a Termination for Good Reason, in either case within four (4) months prior to, on, or within one (1) year after, a Change of Control.

"Code" has the meaning set forth in the recitals above.

"Company" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"Company Shares" means shares of common stock of the Company or any securities of a successor company which shall have replaced such common stock.

"Compensation Committee" means the compensation committee of the Board.

"Confidentiality Agreement" means that certain Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement between the Company and the Executive in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A.

"Effective Date" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

"Executive" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"Option(s)" means (i) any option issued to the Executive pursuant to the 2007 Plan, the 2010 Plan or any other incentive plan adopted by the Company, (ii) other than options described in the preceding clause (i), any option issued to the Executive by the Company to purchase Company Shares, or (iii) any option granted under the plan of any successor company that replaces or assumes the Company's options.

"Permanent Disability" means the Executive: (i) is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve (12) months; or (ii) is, by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve (12) months, receiving income replacement benefits for a period of not less than three (3) months under an accident and health plan covering employees or directors of the Company. Medical determination of Permanent Disability may be made by either the Social Security Administration or by the provider of an accident or health plan covering employees or directors of the Company provided that the definition of "disability" applied under such disability insurance program complies with the requirements of the preceding sentence. Upon the request of the Company, the Executive must submit proof to the Company of the Social Security Administration's or the provider's determination.

"Restricted Stock" means (i) any restricted Company Shares issued to the Executive pursuant to the 2010 Plan or any other incentive plan adopted by the Company, or (ii) any restricted stock granted under the plan of any successor company that replaces or assumes the Company's restricted stock awards.

"Specified Employee" means a key employee (as defined in Section 416(i) of the Code without regard to paragraph 5 thereof) of the Company if any stock of the Company is publicly traded on an established securities market or otherwise.

"Term" has the meaning assigned to it in Section 3(a) of this Agreement.

"Termination Date" means the date on which the employment of the Executive is terminated, which date shall be (i) in the case of the Executive's death, the date of death, (ii) in the case of the Executive's Permanent Disability, thirty (30) days after a Termination Notice is given, provided the Executive does not return to the full-time performance of his duties within such thirty (30) day period, (iii) in the case of a Termination Upon Expiration, the date upon which the Term expires, (iv) in the case of a Termination With Cause, the date specified in the Termination Notice, or (v) in all other instances, the date specified as the Termination Date in the

Termination Notice, which date shall not be less than thirty (30) nor more than sixty (60) days from the date the Termination Notice is given.

"<u>Termination for Good Reason</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company by the Executive based on any of the following circumstances, if, within the six (6) month period preceding the Executive's termination, the Executive notified the Company in writing of such circumstances within ninety (90) days of occurrence and the Company did not remedy such circumstances within thirty (30) days thereafter:

- (i) a material demotion or diminution in the Executive's authority, duties or responsibilities without the Executive's consent;
- (ii) the Company requiring the Executive to be based at any place other than a location within a fifty (50) mile radius of the Executive's work location as of the Effective Date without the Executive's consent, except for reasonably required travel on the Company's business; or
 - (iii) any action or inaction that constitutes a material breach by the Company of this Agreement.

"Termination Notice" means a written notice of termination of employment by the Executive or the Company.

"Termination of Employment" means the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company for reasons other than death or Permanent Disability. Whether a Termination of Employment takes place is determined based on the facts and circumstances surrounding the termination of the Executive's employment and whether the Company and the Executive intended for the Executive to provide significant services for the Company following such termination. A change in the Executive's employment status will not be considered a Termination of Employment if the Executive continues to provide services as an employee of the Company or in any other capacity at an annual rate that is twenty percent (20%) or more of the services rendered, on average, during the immediately preceding three full calendar years of employment (or, if employed less than three years, such lesser period).

"<u>Termination Upon Expiration</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment upon the full expiration of the Term, including the full expiration of any extension thereof, following: (i) the Company's notice to the Executive of the Company's election to not extend the Term; or (ii) the Executive's notice to the Company of the Executive's election to not extend the Term, in each case as provided in <u>Section 3(a)</u> of this Agreement.

"Termination With Cause" means the termination of the Executive's employment by the Company for any of the following reasons: (i) the Executive's gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of the Executive's duties where such gross negligence or willful misconduct has resulted or is likely to result in substantial and material damage to the Company; (ii) the material violation by the Executive of any federal or state law or regulation or the Company's compliance program in the performance of the Executive's duties; (iii) the Executive's material breach of the

Confidentiality Agreement; (iv) the Executive's commission of any act of fraud with respect to the Company; (v) the Executive's conviction of, or the Executive's entry of a guilty plea or plea of nolo contendere with respect to, a felony; or (vi) the Executive's failure to perform duties consistent with this Agreement or the Executive's position or to follow or comply with the reasonable directives of the Board or the Executive's supervisor(s) (to the extent not inconsistent with the terms of this Agreement), provided that (A) the Executive shall have received written notice that specifically identifies the manner in which the Company believes that Executive has engaged in such failure and (B) the Executive shall not have cured such failure within thirty (30) days following receipt of such notice, provided further that such opportunity to cure a failure shall not apply if the Executive has received more than one notice with respect to the same or similar conduct pursuant to this clause (vi) during any twelve (12) consecutive month period.

"<u>Termination Without Cause</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment by the Company for any reason other than (i) Termination With Cause, (ii) termination by the Company due to the Executive's death or Permanent Disability, or (iii) Termination Upon Expiration.

"Voluntary Termination" means the Executive's voluntary termination of his employment hereunder for any reason, other than a Termination for Good Reason. If the Executive gives a Termination Notice of Voluntary Termination and, prior to the Termination Date, the Executive voluntarily refuses or fails to provide substantially all the services described in Section 2 hereof for a period greater than two consecutive weeks, the Voluntary Termination shall be deemed to be effective as of the date on which the Executive so ceases to carry out his duties. Voluntary refusal to perform services shall not include (i) taking vacation otherwise permitted in accordance with Section 4(d) hereof, (ii) the Executive's failure to perform services on account of his illness or the illness of a member of the Executive's immediate family, provided such illness is adequately substantiated at the reasonable request of the Company, or (iii) any other absence from service with the written consent of the Board.

2. <u>Employment; Services</u>. The Company shall employ the Executive, and the Executive agrees to be so employed, in the capacity of the Chief Operating Officer of the Company to serve for the Term hereof, subject to earlier termination as hereinafter provided. The Executive shall assume and discharge such duties and responsibilities as are commensurate with the Executive's position. The Executive shall be a full-time employee of the Company and shall exert his best efforts and devote substantially all of his business time and attention to the Company's affairs and the performance of his duties hereunder.

3. Term; Termination.

(a) The term of the Executive's employment under this Agreement (the "Term") shall be three (3) years and shall commence as of the Effective Date. On the third anniversary of the Effective Date and each successive anniversary of the Effective Date, the Term shall be extended for an additional one (1) year period, unless one party gives notice to the other of such party's election to not extend the Term, which notice must be given no later than ninety (90) days prior to the end of the then-current Term. Notwithstanding the foregoing,

employment during the Term shall be subject to earlier termination in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

(b) Any purported termination of employment by the Executive or the Company, other than by reason of the Executive's death, shall be communicated by a Termination Notice. The Termination Notice shall indicate the specific termination provision in this Agreement relied upon and set forth the facts and circumstances claimed to provide a basis for termination.

4. Compensation.

- (a) <u>Base Salary</u>. During the Term, the Company shall pay the Executive for his services a "<u>Base Salary</u>" of Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000) per year, to be paid in accordance with customary Company policies. The Base Salary shall be subject to increase or decrease according to policies and practices adopted by the Compensation Committee or the Board, as the case may be; provided, however, that in no event (i) shall the Base Salary for any year be decreased by more than ten percent (10%) from the immediately preceding year's Base Salary, and (ii) shall the Base Salary be less than Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000).
- (b) <u>Award Plans</u>. During the Term, the Executive shall also be eligible for additional compensation in the form of a cash bonus, shares of stock in the Company, Restricted Stock and/or Options, according to the policies and practices adopted by the Compensation Committee or the Board, as the case may be, and the Executive shall be eligible to participate in the 2010 Plan and any other stock option, incentive compensation, profit participation, bonus or extra compensation plan that is adopted by the Company and in which the Company's executive officers generally participate (collectively, "<u>Award Plans</u>").
- (c) <u>Benefit Plans</u>. During the Term, the Executive shall be entitled to participate in, and to all rights and benefits provided by, the health, life, medical, dental, disability, insurance and welfare plans that are maintained from time to time by the Company for the benefit of the Executive, the executives of the Company generally or for the Company's employees generally, provided that the Executive is eligible to participate in such plan under the eligibility provisions thereof that are generally applicable to the participants thereof (collectively, "Benefit Plans").
- (d) <u>Vacation</u>. The Executive shall be entitled each year to vacation time, during which time his compensation shall be paid in full. The time allotted for such vacation shall be three (3) weeks, to be taken at such time or times as shall be mutually convenient and consistent with his duties and obligations to the Company. Vacation accrues based on the Executive's anniversary date. Any unused vacation shall not be carried into subsequent years.
- (e) <u>Overall Qualification</u>. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as preventing the Company from modifying, suspending, discontinuing or terminating any of the Benefit Plans or Award Plans without notice or liability to the Executive so long as (i) the modification, suspension, discontinuation or termination of any such plan is authorized by and

performed in accordance with the specific provisions of such plan and (ii) such modification, suspension, discontinuation or termination is taken generally with respect to all similarly situated employees of the Company and does not single out or discriminate against the Executive.

- 5. Expenses. The Company recognizes that the Executive will have to incur certain out-of-pocket expenses, including but not limited to travel expenses, related to his services and the Company's business and the Company agrees to reimburse the Executive for all reasonable expenses necessarily incurred by him in the performance of his duties upon presentation of documentation indicating the amount and business purposes of any such expenses; provided, that the Executive complies with the Company's policies and procedures regarding business expenses.
- 6. <u>Voluntary Termination</u>; <u>Termination With Cause</u>. If the Executive shall cease being an employee of the Company on account of the Executive's Voluntary Termination or a Termination With Cause, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, and (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>. In the event of a Voluntary Termination or a Termination With Cause, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement.

7. Termination Upon Death or Permanent Disability.

- (a) <u>Death</u>. The Executive's employment with the Company shall terminate automatically upon the Executive's death. Upon termination of employment due to the Executive's death, the Executive's estate shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>, plus (iii) provided the Executive's heir(s) properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, reimbursement of the COBRA premium for health care coverage for the Executive's surviving spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to twelve (12) months following the Termination Date. In addition, the Executive's estate shall be entitled to any vested benefits under the Company's Award Plans and Benefit Plans as of the Termination Date, in accordance with the terms of such plans.
- (b) <u>Permanent Disability</u>. In the event of the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Company may terminate the Executive's employment with the Company if the Executive does not return to the full-time performance of his duties within thirty (30) days after a Termination Notice is given. Upon termination of employment due to the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>, and (iii) provided the Executive properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, reimbursement of the COBRA premium for health care coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and

children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to twelve (12) months following the Termination Date. In addition, the Executive shall be entitled to any vested benefits under the Company's Award Plans and Benefit Plans as of the Termination Date, in accordance with the terms of such plans. In the event of a termination of employment upon the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement.

- (c) <u>Life Insurance</u>. Upon the Company's request, the Executive shall cooperate with the Company in obtaining "key man" life insurance on the life of the Executive with death benefits payable to the Company.
- 8. Termination Without Cause; Termination for Good Reason. The Company may terminate the Executive's employment for any reason, or no reason at all, at any time, and the Executive may effect a Termination for Good Reason at any time; provided, that upon a Termination for Good Reason or a Termination Without Cause, except as otherwise provided in Section 9 of this Agreement, the Company shall provide the compensation and benefits set forth in this Section 8. The Executive may effect a Termination for Good Reason notwithstanding any incapacity due to physical or mental illness. In the event of a Termination Without Cause or a Termination for Good Reason, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement.
- (a) <u>Base Salary</u>, <u>Bonus</u>, <u>Benefit Plans and Award Plans</u>. The Company shall pay to the Executive, on the Termination Date, a lump sum amount, which is equal to the sum of (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date; plus (ii) the product of (A) one and one-half (1.5) multiplied by (B) the Executive's Base Salary in effect on the Termination Date; plus (iii) the product of (A) one and one-half (1.5) multiplied by (B) the average annual cash bonus paid to the Executive for the two (2) years preceding the year in which the Termination Date occurs; and (iv) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>. The Company shall also pay the Executive any amounts due to the Executive pursuant to the terms of any Award Plans and/or Benefit Plans in which the Executive was a participant, in accordance with the terms of such plans. In addition, provided the Executive properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, the Company shall reimburse the Executive for the cost of COBRA premiums for health care coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to eighteen (18) months following the Termination Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Executive is a Specified Employee and the total of the payments under this <u>Section 8(a)</u> exceeds the limit set forth in Treas. Reg. §1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii)(A) (related to separation pay), then, the amount in excess of such limit shall be delayed for six (6) months following the Termination Date. The delayed amount shall be paid in a lump sum after the end of the six-month delay.
- (b) <u>Options; Restricted Stock</u>. Notwithstanding the terms of any award agreement heretofore or hereafter granted to the Executive under any Award Plan, including, without limitation, the 2007 Plan and the 2010 Plan, or any other agreement granting the Executive Options or Restricted Stock (in each case, an "<u>Award Agreement</u>"), upon a Termination Without Cause or Termination for Good Reason, all Options and Restricted Stock

granted to the Executive which do not constitute deferred compensation for Code Section 409A purposes granted to the Executive shall become fully vested on the Termination Date and immediately prior to the time of termination. The Executive shall have the right to exercise any such Options in a manner provided for in the applicable Award Agreement. For purposes of an Award Agreement, a Termination for Good Reason shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this Section 8(b) and the terms of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the terms of this Section 8(b) shall control and govern.

9. Change of Control.

(a) <u>Accelerated Vesting</u>. Notwithstanding the terms of any Award Agreement heretofore or hereafter granted to the Executive, in the event of a Change of Control, all Options and Restricted Stock granted to the Executive which do not constitute deferred compensation for Code Section 409A purposes shall become fully vested on the date of the Change of Control. The Executive shall have the right to exercise any such Options in a manner provided for in the applicable Award Agreement. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this <u>Section 9(a)</u> and the terms of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the terms of this <u>Section 9(a)</u> shall control and govern.

(b) Change of Control Termination. Notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement to the contrary, in the event of a Change of Control Termination, the Company shall, on the Termination Date, pay the Executive a lump sum amount which is equal to the sum of (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, plus (ii) the product of (A) two (2) multiplied by (B) the Executive's Base Salary in effect as of the Termination Date, plus (iii) the product of (A) two (2) multiplied by (B) the greater of (1) the average annual cash bonus paid to the Executive for the two years preceding the year in which the Termination Date occurs or (2) the Executive's target bonus, if any, for the year in which the Termination Date occurs, plus (iv) the product of (A) twenty-four (24) multiplied by (B) the monthly COBRA premium for health care continuation coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible, plus (v) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date under Section 5. The Company shall also pay the Executive any amounts due to the Executive pursuant to the terms of any Award Plans and/or Benefit Plans in which the Executive was a participant, in accordance with the terms of such plans. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Executive is a Specified Employee and the total of the payments under this Section 9(b) exceeds the limit set forth in Treas. Reg. §1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii)(A) (related to separation pay), then the amount in excess of such limit shall be delayed for six (6) months following the Executive's Termination Date, and such delayed amount shall be paid in a lump sum after the end of the six-month delay. For purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, a Termination for Good Reason that is Change of Control Termination under this Agreement shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive. In the event of a Change of Control Termination, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement.

- 10. Termination Upon Expiration. If the Executive shall cease being an employee of the Company on account of a Termination Upon Expiration, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, and (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date under Section 5. In the event of any Termination Upon Expiration, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement. In the event of a Termination Upon Expiration caused by the Company (i.e., the Company gave notice to the Executive of the Company's election to not extend the Term pursuant to Section 3(a)), then for purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the Termination Upon Expiration shall constitute an involuntary termination Upon Expiration caused by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive. In the event of a Termination Upon Expiration caused by the Executive (i.e., the Executive gave notice to the Company of the Executive's election to not extend the Term pursuant to Section 3(a)), then for purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the Termination Upon Expiration shall constitute a voluntary termination of employment by the Executive.
- 11. Exclusive Remedy. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the payments contemplated by Section 7, Section 8 and Section 9 shall constitute the exclusive and sole remedy for any termination of the Executive's employment due to death or Permanent Disability, any Termination Without Cause or any Termination for Good Reason. The Executive agrees, for himself and any administrator, beneficiary, devisee, executor, heir, legatee or personal representative, (i) to not assert or pursue any remedies, other than an action to enforce the payments due to the Executive (or the Executive's estate) under this Agreement, at law or in equity, with respect to the termination of the Executive's employment under Section 7, Section 8 or Section 9, as applicable, and (ii) to execute a release and waiver on such terms and conditions as the Company may reasonably require as a condition of entitlement to such payments.
- 12. <u>Confidentiality</u>. The Executive shall enter into the Confidentiality Agreement. The Executive's execution of that agreement is a material inducement for the Company to enter into this Agreement. Therefore, this Agreement will be null and void unless the Executive enters into the Confidentiality Agreement.
- 13. Employment Status. The parties acknowledge and agree that the Executive is an employee of the Company, not an independent contractor. Any payments made to the Executive by the Company pursuant to this Agreement shall be treated for federal and state payroll tax purposes as payments made to a Company employee, irrespective whether such payments are made subsequent to the Termination Date.
- 14. <u>Notices</u>. All notices or deliveries authorized or required pursuant to this Agreement shall be deemed to have been given when in writing and personally delivered or when deposited in the U.S. mail, certified, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, addressed to

the parties at the following addresses or to such other addresses as either may designate in writing to the other party:

To the Company: One Commerce Square

Suite 2550

Memphis, TN 38103

Attn: Chief Financial Officer

To the Executive: Peter G. Piferi

5 Musik

Irvine, CA 92618

15. Entire Agreement. This Agreement contains the entire understanding between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and shall not be modified in any manner except by instrument in writing signed, by or on behalf of, the parties hereto. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, successors and assigns of the parties hereto. In the event of any inconsistencies between the terms of this Agreement and any Award Agreement, the terms of this Agreement shall govern.

16. <u>Arbitration</u>. Any controversy concerning or claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement shall be settled by final and binding arbitration in Memphis, Shelby County, Tennessee at a location specified by the party seeking such arbitration.

- (a) <u>The Arbitrators</u>. Any arbitration proceeding shall be conducted by three (3) Arbitrators and the decision of the Arbitrators shall be binding on all parties. Each Arbitrator shall have substantial experience and expert competence in the matters being arbitrated. The party desiring to submit any matter relating to this Agreement to arbitration shall do so by written notice to the other party, which notice shall set forth the items to be arbitrated, such party's choice of an Arbitrator, and such party's substantive position in the arbitration. The party receiving such notice shall, within fifteen (15) days after receipt of such notice, appoint an Arbitrator and notify the other party of its appointment and of its substantive position. The Arbitrators appointed by the parties to the Arbitration shall select an additional Arbitrator meeting the aforedescribed criteria. The Arbitrators shall be required to render a decision in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 16(b) below within thirty (30) days after being notified of their selection. The fees of the Arbitrators shall be equally divided amongst the parties to the arbitration.
- (b) <u>Arbitration Procedures</u>. Arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of the American Arbitration Association, except to the extent the provisions of such are modified by this Agreement or the subsequent mutual agreement of the parties. Judgment upon the award rendered by the Arbitrator(s) may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof. Any party hereto may bring an action, including a summary or expedited proceeding, to compel arbitration of any controversy or claim to which this provision applies in any court having

jurisdiction over such action in Shelby County, Tennessee, and the parties agree that jurisdiction and venue in Shelby County, Tennessee are appropriate and approved by such parties.

- 17. <u>Applicable Law</u>. This Agreement shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Tennessee without giving effect to conflict of laws principles thereof.
- 18. <u>Assignment</u>. The Executive acknowledges that his services are unique and personal. Accordingly, the Executive may not assign his rights or delegate his duties or obligations under this Agreement.
- 19. <u>Headings</u>. Headings in this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not be used to interpret or construe its provisions.
- 20. Successors; Binding Agreement. The Company will require any successor to all or substantially all of the business and/or assets of the Company to expressly assume and agree to perform this Agreement in the same manner and to the same extent that the Company would be required to perform it if no such succession had taken place. Failure of the Company to obtain such assumption and agreement prior to the effectiveness of any such succession shall be a beach of this Agreement and shall entitle Executive to compensation from the Company in the same amount and on the same terms as Executive would be entitled to hereunder upon a Change of Control Termination. The Company's rights and obligations under this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and shall be binding upon the Company's successors and assigns.

[The remainder of this page is intentionally left blank.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement effective as of the date first above written.

SURGIVISION, INC.

By: /s/ Kimble L. Jenkins

Name: Kimble L. Jenkins

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

EXECUTIVE:

/s/ Peter G. Piferi

Peter G. Piferi

Exhibit A

SURGIVISION, INC.

NON-DISCLOSURE AND PROPRIETARY RIGHTS AGREEMENT

In consideration and as a condition of my employment (or my continued employment) with SurgiVision, Inc., or any of its current or future subsidiaries, affiliates, successors or assigns (collectively, the "Company"), and in consideration of my receipt of Confidential Information (as defined in Section 2 below) and of the compensation now and hereafter paid to me by the Company, the undersigned (hereinafter referred to as "Employee") hereby acknowledges and agrees to the following:

- 1. <u>Purpose of Agreement</u>. Employee understands that the Company is engaged in a continuous program of research, development, production and marketing in connection with its business and that it is critical for the Company to preserve and protect its Confidential Information (as defined in <u>Section 2</u> below), its rights in Inventions (as defined in <u>Section 7</u> below) and in all related intellectual property rights. Accordingly, Employee is entering into this Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement (this "<u>Agreement</u>") as a condition of his or her employment (or continued employment) with the Company, regardless of whether Employee is expected to create Inventions of value for the Company.
- 2. Non-Disclosure of Confidential Information. At all times during his or her employment with the Company and thereafter, Employee will hold the Confidential Information in strictest confidence and Employee will not disclose, communicate, reproduce, copy, publish, license, distribute, modify, adapt, transmit, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or use any Confidential Information, except (a) as may be necessary for Employee to perform his or her duties as an employee of the Company for the exclusive benefit of the Company or (b) to the extent an officer of the Company expressly authorizes such in writing. Employee will take all appropriate action, whether by instruction, agreement or otherwise, to ensure the protection, confidentiality and security of the Confidential Information and to satisfy Employee's obligations under this Agreement. Employee will notify the Company immediately upon discovery of any loss, misuse, misappropriation or disclosure of Confidential Information or any other breach of this Agreement by Employee, and Employee will cooperate with the Company in every reasonable way to help the Company regain possession of the Confidential Information and prevent its further unauthorized use or disclosure.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "Confidential Information" means, but is not limited to, all information that is possessed by or developed for the Company and which relates to the Company's existing or potential business, which information is not reasonably knowable by the Company's competitors or by the general public through lawful means. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, such Confidential Information also includes, but is not limited to, all Proprietary Rights (as defined in Section 3 below), all Third Party Information (as defined in Section 4 below) and all information regarding the Company's operations, research and development efforts, plans for products or services, methods of doing business, business strategies, customers, suppliers, service providers, manufacturers, business relations, product

prices and costs, markets, marketing plans, budgets and forecasts, financial information and/or Inventions, as well as information regarding the skills, know how and compensation of other employees of the Company. Confidential Information may be expressly designated as confidential or proprietary on its face (whether verbally, in writing or otherwise) or be of such a nature that a reasonable person under the circumstances should understand or believe it to be confidential or proprietary. Confidential Information may be oral, written, recorded magnetically or electronically or otherwise stored, and may be that which Employee originates as well as that which otherwise comes into the possession or knowledge of Employee.

- 3. Recognition of Company's Rights. Employee acknowledges and agrees that all Confidential Information will be the sole property of the Company and that the Company will be the sole owner of all patents, patent applications, design patents or registration, design patent applications, copyrights, mask works, trademarks, trade secrets and all other intellectual property rights throughout the world (collectively, "Proprietary Rights") in connection therewith. Accordingly, Employee hereby assigns and agrees to assign to the Company any rights Employee may have or acquire in any Confidential Information and Proprietary Rights.
- 4. Non-Disclosure of Third Party Information. Employee understands that the Company may from time to time receive from third parties confidential information ("Third Party Information"), subject to a duty on the Company's part to maintain the confidentiality of such information and to use it only for certain limited purposes. At all times during Employee's employment with the Company and thereafter, Employee will hold the Third Party Information in strictest confidence and Employee will not disclose, communicate, reproduce, copy, publish, license, distribute, modify, adapt, transmit, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or use any Third Party Information, except (a) as may be necessary for Employee to perform his or her duties as an employee of the Company for the exclusive benefit of the Company or (b) to the extent an officer of the Company expressly authorizes such in writing. Employee will take all appropriate action, whether by instruction, agreement or otherwise, to ensure the protection, confidentiality and security of the Third Party Information and to satisfy Employee's obligations under this Agreement. Employee will notify the Company immediately upon discovery of any loss, misuse, misappropriation or disclosure of Third Party Information or any other breach of this Agreement by Employee, and Employee will cooperate with the Company in every reasonable way to help the Company prevent its further unauthorized use or disclosure.
- 5 . Return of Information; Inspections. Employee will, at the Company's request and/or upon termination of the employment relationship for any reason, return all originals, copies, reproductions and summaries of any Confidential Information and all other tangible materials and devices provided to Employee as Confidential Information or containing Confidential Information, and/or, at the Company's option, certify destruction of the same. In addition, Employee will, at the Company's request and/or upon termination of the employment relationship for any reason, return all originals, copies, reproductions and summaries of any Third Party Information and all other tangible materials and devices provided to Employee as Third Party Information or containing Third Party Information, and/or, at the Company's option, certify destruction of the same. Upon termination of his or her employment with the Company, Employee will promptly deliver to the Company all property in Employee's possession, custody or control that is owned by the Company. Employee agrees that any property situated on the

Company's premises and owned by the Company, including, but not limited to, computers, disks and other storage media, is subject to inspection by Company personnel at any time without notice.

- 6. No Improper Use of Materials. During his or her employment with the Company, Employee will not improperly use or disclose any Confidential Information or trade secrets, if any, of any former employer or any other person to whom Employee has an obligation of confidentiality, and Employee will not bring onto the premises of the Company any unpublished documents or any property belonging to any former employer or any other person to whom Employee has an obligation of confidentiality unless consented to in writing by that former employer or person.
- 7 . Assignment of Inventions. Employee hereby irrevocably assigns to the Company all right, title and interest of Employee in and to any and all Inventions (and all Proprietary Rights with respect thereto), whether or not patentable, copyrightable or protectable as trade secrets, made, conceived, reduced to practice or created by Employee, either alone or jointly with others, during the period of his or her employment with the Company. Employee acknowledges that all original works of authorship which are made by Employee (alone or jointly with others) within the scope of his or her employment and which are copyrightable are "works made for hire," as that term is defined in the United States Copyright Act. In addition to the foregoing assignment of Inventions (and all Proprietary Rights with respect thereto) to the Company, Employee hereby irrevocably assigns to the Company any and all Moral Rights (as defined below) that Employee may have in or with respect to any Invention, and Employee forever waives and agrees not to assert any and all Moral Rights he or she may have in or with respect to any Invention, even after termination of employment with the Company.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "<u>Inventions</u>" means inventions, discoveries, improvements, designs, techniques, ideas, processes, compositions of matter, formulas, data, software programs, databases, mask works, works of authorship, knowhow and trade secrets.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "Moral Rights" means any right to claim authorship of an Invention, to object to or prevent the modification of any Invention, or to withdraw from circulation or control the publication or distribution of any Invention, and any similar right, existing under judicial or statutory law of any country or under any treaty, regardless of whether such right is denominated or generally referred to as a "moral right."

- 8. <u>Disclosure of Inventions</u>. Employee will promptly disclose to the Company all Inventions that Employee makes, conceives, reduces to practice or creates, either alone or jointly with others, during the period of his or her employment with the Company. In addition, Employee will disclose to the Company all patent applications filed by Employee within three (3) years after termination of employment with the Company.
- 9. <u>Assistance</u>. Employee agrees to assist the Company in every proper way to obtain and, from time to time, enforce United States and foreign Proprietary Rights relating to Inventions assigned hereunder to the Company in any and all countries. To that end, Employee will execute, verify and deliver such documents and perform such other acts (including

appearances as a witness) as the Company may reasonably request for use in applying for, obtaining, perfecting, evidencing, sustaining and enforcing such Proprietary Rights and the assignment thereof. In addition, Employee will execute, verify and deliver assignments of such Proprietary Rights to the Company or its designee. Employee's obligation to assist the Company with respect to Proprietary Rights relating to Inventions in any and all countries will continue beyond the termination of Employee's employment, but the Company agrees to compensate Employee at a reasonable rate after Employee's termination for the time actually spent by Employee at the Company's request on such assistance. Employee hereby irrevocably designates and appoints the Company and its duly authorized officers and agents as Employee's agent and attorney-in-fact to act for and on behalf of Employee (a) to execute, verify and file any document needed in connection with the actions specified in this section and (b) to do all other lawfully permitted acts to further the purposes of this section, in each case with the same legal force and effect as if executed or performed by Employee. Employee hereby waives and quitclaims to the Company any and all claims, of any nature whatsoever, which Employee now or may hereafter have for infringement of any Proprietary Rights assigned hereunder to the Company.

- 10. <u>Prior Inventions</u>. Inventions, if any, which Employee made prior to the commencement of his or her employment with the Company are excluded from the scope of this Agreement. To preclude any possible uncertainty, Employee has set forth on Exhibit A hereto a complete list of all Inventions that Employee, whether alone or jointly with others, has conceived, developed or reduced to practice or caused to be conceived, developed or reduced to practice prior to commencement of his or her employment with the Company, that Employee considers to be his or her property or the property of third parties and that Employee wishes to have expressly excluded from the scope of this Agreement.
- 11. <u>Efforts</u>; <u>Non-Competition</u>. Employee acknowledges that his or her employment with the Company requires his or her full attention and effort during normal business hours, and Employee will give his or her best effort, skill and inventive ability to the business interests of the Company. During the term of his or her employment with the Company, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, participate in the management, operation, financing or control of, or be employed by or consult for or otherwise render services to, any person or entity that competes anywhere in the world with the Company in the conduct of the business of the Company as conducted or as proposed to be conducted (a "<u>Competing Business</u>"), nor will Employee engage in any other activities that conflict with his or her obligations to the Company.
- 12. Non-Solicitation. During the term of his or her employment by the Company and for a period of two (2) years after the date his or her employment with the Company ends for any reason, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, (a) hire, engage or solicit to hire or engage any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company or who was engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company within six months of the proposed solicitation, hire or engagement, (b) otherwise induce or attempt to induce any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company to terminate such engagement or employment, (c) in any way interfere with the relationship between the Company and any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company; (d) contact, solicit, divert, appropriate or call upon with the intent of doing business with (other than for the exclusive benefit of the Company) any customer of the

Company if the purpose of such activity is to solicit such customer or prospective customer for a Competing Business, to encourage such customer to discontinue, reduce or adversely alter the amount of such customer's business with the Company or to otherwise interfere with the Company's relationship with such customer, or (e) in any way interfere with the Company's relationship with any supplier, manufacturer, service provider or other business relation of the Company.

- 13. No Conflicting Obligation. Employee represents and agrees that his or her performance of the provisions of this Agreement does not, and will not, breach any agreement to keep in confidence information acquired by Employee in confidence or in trust prior to his or her employment by the Company. Employee agrees not to enter into any agreement, either written or oral, in conflict herewith.
- 14. <u>Reasonableness of Restrictions</u>. Employee agrees that the restrictions on Employee's activities outlined in this Agreement are reasonable and necessary to protect the Company's legitimate business interests, that the consideration provided by the Company is fair and reasonable, and that given the importance to the Company of its Confidential Information, the post-employment restrictions on Employee's activities are likewise fair and reasonable.
- 15. <u>Injunctive Relief</u>. Employee acknowledges and agrees that failure to adhere to the terms of this Agreement will cause the Company irreparable damage for which monetary damages alone would be inadequate compensation. Therefore, Employee agrees that, in addition to monetary damages, the Company will be entitled to an injunction and other equitable relief, including *ex parte* injunctive relief, in the event of any breach or threatened breach (such threatened breach being determined in the sole judgment of the Company) of the provisions of this Agreement. Employee waives the making of a bond or showing actual damages as a condition for obtaining injunctive relief. Such remedy shall not be deemed the exclusive remedy for the breach of this Agreement by Employee, but will be in addition to all other remedies available to the Company whether at law or in equity. Additionally, if Employee breaches this Agreement, the Company will be entitled to its reasonable attorney's fees and costs associated with enforcing this Agreement. Notwithstanding any judicial determination that any provision of this Agreement is not specifically enforceable, the Company will nonetheless be entitled to recover monetary damages as a result of any breach by Employee.
- 16. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with the internal laws of the state of Tennessee, without giving any effect to that state's conflict of laws principles..
- 17. Employee acknowledges and agrees that this Agreement does not create an employment contract with the Company for any term, nor does it in any way limit the Company's right to otherwise terminate Employee's employment. Any change or changes in Employee's duties, salary or compensation will not affect the validity or scope of this Agreement.
- 18. <u>Severability</u>. Whenever possible, each provision of this Agreement will be interpreted in a manner to be effective, valid and enforceable. If, however, any provision of this

Agreement is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable under any present or future law, then such provision will be ineffective only to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating or affecting in any manner whatsoever the remainder of such provision or the remaining provisions of this Agreement. Furthermore, there shall be added automatically as a part of this Agreement a provision as similar in terms to such illegal, invalid, or unenforceable provision as may be possible and still have such similar provision be construed and enforced as legal, valid, and enforceable.

- 19. <u>Amendments; Waivers</u>. No modification or amendment to this Agreement, nor any waiver of any rights under this Agreement, will be effective unless in writing signed by the party to be charged. No waiver by the Company of any breach of this Agreement will be a waiver of any preceding or succeeding breach.
- 20. <u>Assignment</u>. The Company may assign its rights under this Agreement. This Agreement, and the duties and obligations of Employee hereunder, may not be assigned or delegated by Employee.
- 21. <u>Survival</u>. The terms of this Agreement, and Employee's duties and obligations hereunder, will survive any termination of Employee's employment with the Company for any reason.
- 22. <u>Headings</u>. Headings in this Agreement are for informational purposes only and will not be used to construe the intent of this Agreement.
- 23. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement and understanding between the Company and Employee concerning the matters addressed herein.
- 24. <u>Further Assurances</u>. Employee will cooperate reasonably with the Company in connection with any steps required to be taken as part of Employee's obligations under this Agreement, and Employee will (a) execute and deliver to the Company such other documents, and (b) do such other acts and things, in each case as the Company may reasonably request for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Agreement.

25. Acknowledgment. Employee acknowledges that he or she has received a copy of this Agreement, which he or she has read and understood, and Employee voluntarily agrees to abide by its terms. Employee authorizes the Company to notify any future employer(s) of Employee of the terms of this Agreement and Employee's obligations hereunder.

/s/ Peter G. Piferi	June 3, 2010	
Employee Signature	Date	
Peter G. Piferi Employee Name		
Accepted by:		
SurgiVision, Inc.		

Name: Kimble L. Jenkins

/s/ Kimble L. Jenkins

By:

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit A

The following is a complete list of all inventions or improvements relevant to the subject matter of my employment with the Company that have been made, conceived, first reduced to practice or created by me, alone or jointly with others, prior to my employment with the Company that I desire to remove from the operation of the Company's Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement:

þ	No inventions or improvements		
	See below:		
	Additional sheets attached.		
I propo	se to bring to my employment the followi	ng materials and documents of a former employer:	
þ	No materials or documents		
	See below:		
	Additional sheets attached.		
/s/ Peter	r G. Piferi	June 3, 2010	
Employ	vee Signature	Date	
Peter G	. Piferi		
Employ	vee Name		

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

THIS EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT (this "<u>Agreement</u>") is entered into as of this 3 rd day of June, 2010 but shall become effective only upon the consummation of the Company's initial public offering of its common stock (the "<u>Effective Date</u>"), by and between **SURGIVISION, INC.**, a Delaware corporation (the "<u>Company</u>"), and **DAVID W. CARLSON** (the "<u>Executive</u>").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Company desires to employ the Executive to serve as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company;

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive each deem it necessary and desirable to execute a written document setting forth the terms and conditions of said relationship; and

WHEREAS, to the extent this Agreement provides for any "deferred compensation" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "<u>Code</u>"), the Agreement will be administered in compliance with Section 409A of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and mutual obligations hereinafter set forth, the parties agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following definitions:
- "2007 Plan" means the Company's 2007 Stock Incentive Plan.
- "2010 Plan" means the Company's 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan.
- "Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.
- "Arbitrators" means the arbitrators selected to conduct any arbitration proceeding in connection with any disputes arising out of or relating to this Agreement.
 - "Award Agreement" has the meaning set forth in Section 8(b) of this Agreement.
 - "Award Plans" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(b) of this Agreement.
 - "Base Salary" means the annual salary to be paid to the Executive as set forth in Section 4(a) of this Agreement.
 - "Benefit Plans" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(c) of this Agreement.
 - "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Change of Control" means the occurrence with respect to the Company of any of the following events: (i) a change in the ownership of the Company; (ii) a change in the effective control of the Company; or (iii) a change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the Company.

For purposes of this definition, a change in the ownership of the Company occurs on the date on which any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, acquires ownership of stock of the Company that, together with stock held by such person or group, constitutes more than 50% of the total fair market value or total voting power of the stock of the Company. A change in the effective control of the Company occurs on the date on which either (i) a person, or more than one person acting as a group, acquires ownership of stock of the Company possessing 30% or more of the total voting power of the stock of the Company, taking into account all such stock acquired during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition, or (ii) a majority of the members of the Board is replaced during any 12-month period by directors whose appointment or election is not endorsed by a majority of the members of such Board prior to the date of the appointment or election. A change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the Company occurs on the date on which any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, other than a person or group of persons that is related to the Company, acquires assets from the Company that have a total gross fair market value equal to or more than 40% of the total gross fair market value of all of the assets of the Company immediately prior to such acquisition or acquisitions, taking into account all such assets acquired during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition.

The determination as to the occurrence of a Change of Control shall be based on objective facts and in accordance with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code. The Company and the Executive acknowledge and agree that the Company's initial public offering of Company Shares shall not constitute a Change of Control.

"Change of Control Termination" means (i) a Termination Without Cause or (ii) a Termination for Good Reason, in either case within four (4) months prior to, on, or within one (1) year after, a Change of Control.

"Code" has the meaning set forth in the recitals above.

"Company" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"Company Shares" means shares of common stock of the Company or any securities of a successor company which shall have replaced such common stock.

"Compensation Committee" means the compensation committee of the Board.

"Confidentiality Agreement" means that certain Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement between the Company and the Executive in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A.

"Effective Date" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

"Executive" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"<u>Non-Compete Agreement</u>" means that certain Non-Compete Agreement between the Company and the Executive in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit B.

"Option(s)" means (i) any option issued to the Executive pursuant to the 2007 Plan, the 2010 Plan or any other incentive plan adopted by the Company, (ii) other than options described in the preceding clause (i), any option issued to the Executive by the Company to purchase Company Shares, or (iii) any option granted under the plan of any successor company that replaces or assumes the Company's options.

"Permanent Disability" means the Executive: (i) is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve (12) months; or (ii) is, by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve (12) months, receiving income replacement benefits for a period of not less than three (3) months under an accident and health plan covering employees or directors of the Company. Medical determination of Permanent Disability may be made by either the Social Security Administration or by the provider of an accident or health plan covering employees or directors of the Company provided that the definition of "disability" applied under such disability insurance program complies with the requirements of the preceding sentence. Upon the request of the Company, the Executive must submit proof to the Company of the Social Security Administration's or the provider's determination.

"Restricted Stock" means (i) any restricted Company Shares issued to the Executive pursuant to the 2010 Plan or any other incentive plan adopted by the Company, or (ii) any restricted stock granted under the plan of any successor company that replaces or assumes the Company's restricted stock awards.

"Specified Employee" means a key employee (as defined in Section 416(i) of the Code without regard to paragraph 5 thereof) of the Company if any stock of the Company is publicly traded on an established securities market or otherwise.

"Term" has the meaning assigned to it in Section 3(a) of this Agreement.

"Termination Date" means the date on which the employment of the Executive is terminated, which date shall be (i) in the case of the Executive's death, the date of death, (ii) in the case of the Executive's Permanent Disability, thirty (30) days after a Termination Notice is given, provided the Executive does not return to the full-time performance of his duties within such thirty (30) day period, (iii) in the case of a Termination Upon Expiration, the date upon which the Term expires, (iv) in the case of a Termination With Cause, the date specified in the Termination Notice, or (v) in all other instances, the date specified as the Termination Date in the

Termination Notice, which date shall not be less than thirty (30) nor more than sixty (60) days from the date the Termination Notice is given.

"<u>Termination for Good Reason</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company by the Executive based on any of the following circumstances, if, within the six (6) month period preceding the Executive's termination, the Executive notified the Company in writing of such circumstances within ninety (90) days of occurrence and the Company did not remedy such circumstances within thirty (30) days thereafter:

- (i) a material demotion or diminution in the Executive's authority, duties or responsibilities without the Executive's consent;
- (ii) the Company requiring the Executive to be based at any place other than a location within a fifty (50) mile radius of the Executive's work location as of the Effective Date without the Executive's consent, except for reasonably required travel on the Company's business; or
 - (iii) any action or inaction that constitutes a material breach by the Company of this Agreement.

"Termination Notice" means a written notice of termination of employment by the Executive or the Company.

"Termination of Employment" means the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company for reasons other than death or Permanent Disability. Whether a Termination of Employment takes place is determined based on the facts and circumstances surrounding the termination of the Executive's employment and whether the Company and the Executive intended for the Executive to provide significant services for the Company following such termination. A change in the Executive's employment status will not be considered a Termination of Employment if the Executive continues to provide services as an employee of the Company or in any other capacity at an annual rate that is twenty percent (20%) or more of the services rendered, on average, during the immediately preceding three full calendar years of employment (or, if employed less than three years, such lesser period).

"<u>Termination Upon Expiration</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment upon the full expiration of the Term, including the full expiration of any extension thereof, following: (i) the Company's notice to the Executive of the Company's election to not extend the Term; or (ii) the Executive's notice to the Company of the Executive's election to not extend the Term, in each case as provided in <u>Section 3(a)</u> of this Agreement.

"Termination With Cause" means the termination of the Executive's employment by the Company for any of the following reasons: (i) the Executive's gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of the Executive's duties where such gross negligence or willful misconduct has resulted or is likely to result in substantial and material damage to the Company; (ii) the material violation by the Executive of any federal or state law or regulation or the Company's compliance program in the performance of the Executive's duties; (iii) the Executive's breach of the Non-Compete Agreement; (iv) the Executive's material breach of the

Confidentiality Agreement; (v) the Executive's commission of any act of fraud with respect to the Company; (vi) the Executive's conviction of, or the Executive's entry of a guilty plea or plea of nolo contendere with respect to, a felony; or (vii) the Executive's failure to perform duties consistent with this Agreement or the Executive's position or to follow or comply with the reasonable directives of the Board or the Executive's supervisor(s) (to the extent not inconsistent with the terms of this Agreement), provided that (A) the Executive shall have received written notice that specifically identifies the manner in which the Company believes that Executive has engaged in such failure and (B) the Executive shall not have cured such failure within thirty (30) days following receipt of such notice, provided further that such opportunity to cure a failure shall not apply if the Executive has received more than one notice with respect to the same or similar conduct pursuant to this clause (vii) during any twelve (12) consecutive month period.

"<u>Termination Without Cause</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment by the Company for any reason other than (i) Termination With Cause, (ii) termination by the Company due to the Executive's death or Permanent Disability, or (iii) Termination Upon Expiration.

"Voluntary Termination" means the Executive's voluntary termination of his employment hereunder for any reason, other than a Termination for Good Reason. If the Executive gives a Termination Notice of Voluntary Termination and, prior to the Termination Date, the Executive voluntarily refuses or fails to provide substantially all the services described in Section 2 hereof for a period greater than two consecutive weeks, the Voluntary Termination shall be deemed to be effective as of the date on which the Executive so ceases to carry out his duties. Voluntary refusal to perform services shall not include (i) taking vacation otherwise permitted in accordance with Section 4(d) hereof, (ii) the Executive's failure to perform services on account of his illness or the illness of a member of the Executive's immediate family, provided such illness is adequately substantiated at the reasonable request of the Company, or (iii) any other absence from service with the written consent of the Board.

2. Employment; Services. The Company shall employ the Executive, and the Executive agrees to be so employed, in the capacity of the Chief Financial Officer of the Company to serve for the Term hereof, subject to earlier termination as hereinafter provided. The Executive shall assume and discharge such duties and responsibilities as are commensurate with the Executive's position. The Executive shall be a full-time employee of the Company and shall exert his best efforts and devote substantially all of his business time and attention to the Company's affairs and the performance of his duties hereunder.

3. Term; Termination.

(a) The term of the Executive's employment under this Agreement (the "<u>Term</u>") shall be two (2) years and shall commence as of the Effective Date. On the second anniversary of the Effective Date and each successive anniversary of the Effective Date, the Term shall be extended for an additional one (1) year period, unless one party gives notice to the other of such party's election to not extend the Term, which notice must be given no later than ninety (90) days prior to the end of the then-current Term. Notwithstanding the foregoing,

employment during the Term shall be subject to earlier termination in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

(b) Any purported termination of employment by the Executive or the Company, other than by reason of the Executive's death, shall be communicated by a Termination Notice. The Termination Notice shall indicate the specific termination provision in this Agreement relied upon and set forth the facts and circumstances claimed to provide a basis for termination.

4. Compensation.

- (a) <u>Base Salary</u>. During the Term, the Company shall pay the Executive for his services a "<u>Base Salary</u>" of Two Hundred Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$225,000) per year, to be paid in accordance with customary Company policies. The Base Salary shall be subject to increase or decrease according to policies and practices adopted by the Compensation Committee or the Board, as the case may be; provided, however, that in no event (i) shall the Base Salary for any year be decreased by more than ten percent (10%) from the immediately preceding year's Base Salary, and (ii) shall the Base Salary be less than Two Hundred Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$225,000).
- (b) <u>Award Plans</u>. During the Term, the Executive shall also be eligible for additional compensation in the form of a cash bonus, shares of stock in the Company, Restricted Stock and/or Options, according to the policies and practices adopted by the Compensation Committee or the Board, as the case may be, and the Executive shall be eligible to participate in the 2010 Plan and any other stock option, incentive compensation, profit participation, bonus or extra compensation plan that is adopted by the Company and in which the Company's executive officers generally participate (collectively, "<u>Award Plans</u>").
- (c) <u>Benefit Plans</u>. During the Term, the Executive shall be entitled to participate in, and to all rights and benefits provided by, the health, life, medical, dental, disability, insurance and welfare plans that are maintained from time to time by the Company for the benefit of the Executive, the executives of the Company generally or for the Company's employees generally, provided that the Executive is eligible to participate in such plan under the eligibility provisions thereof that are generally applicable to the participants thereof (collectively, "Benefit Plans").
- (d) <u>Vacation</u>. The Executive shall be entitled each year to vacation time, during which time his compensation shall be paid in full. The time allotted for such vacation shall be three (3) weeks, to be taken at such time or times as shall be mutually convenient and consistent with his duties and obligations to the Company. Vacation accrues based on the Executive's anniversary date. Any unused vacation shall not be carried into subsequent years.
- (e) <u>Overall Qualification</u>. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as preventing the Company from modifying, suspending, discontinuing or terminating any of the Benefit Plans or Award Plans without notice or liability to the Executive so long as (i) the modification, suspension, discontinuation or termination of any such plan is authorized by and

performed in accordance with the specific provisions of such plan and (ii) such modification, suspension, discontinuation or termination is taken generally with respect to all similarly situated employees of the Company and does not single out or discriminate against the Executive.

5. Expenses.

- (a) <u>Generally</u>. The Company recognizes that the Executive will have to incur certain out-of-pocket expenses, including but not limited to travel expenses, related to his services and the Company's business and the Company agrees to reimburse the Executive for all reasonable expenses necessarily incurred by him in the performance of his duties upon presentation of documentation indicating the amount and business purposes of any such expenses; provided, that the Executive complies with the Company's policies and procedures regarding business expenses.
- (b) <u>Relocation Expenses</u>. The Company will reimburse the Executive for reasonable and customary expenses incurred by him in connection with the relocation of his family to the Memphis, Tennessee area, up to an aggregate of \$15,000, upon submission of evidence, reasonably satisfactory to the Company, of the incurrence and purpose of such expense.
- 6. <u>Voluntary Termination</u>; <u>Termination With Cause</u>. If the Executive shall cease being an employee of the Company on account of the Executive's Voluntary Termination or a Termination With Cause, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, and (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>. In the event of a Voluntary Termination or a Termination With Cause, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.

7. Termination Upon Death or Permanent Disability.

- (a) <u>Death</u>. The Executive's employment with the Company shall terminate automatically upon the Executive's death. Upon termination of employment due to the Executive's death, the Executive's estate shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>, plus (iii) provided the Executive's heir(s) properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, reimbursement of the COBRA premium for health care coverage for the Executive's surviving spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to twelve (12) months following the Termination Date. In addition, the Executive's estate shall be entitled to any vested benefits under the Company's Award Plans and Benefit Plans as of the Termination Date, in accordance with the terms of such plans.
- (b) <u>Permanent Disability</u>. In the event of the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Company may terminate the Executive's employment with the Company if the

Executive does not return to the full-time performance of his duties within thirty (30) days after a Termination Notice is given. Upon termination of employment due to the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to Section 5, and (iii) provided the Executive properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, reimbursement of the COBRA premium for health care coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to twelve (12) months following the Termination Date. In addition, the Executive shall be entitled to any vested benefits under the Company's Award Plans and Benefit Plans as of the Termination Date, in accordance with the terms of such plans. In the event of a termination of employment upon the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.

- (c) <u>Life Insurance</u>. Upon the Company's request, the Executive shall cooperate with the Company in obtaining "key man" life insurance on the life of the Executive with death benefits payable to the Company.
- 8. <u>Termination Without Cause</u>; <u>Termination for Good Reason</u>. The Company may terminate the Executive's employment for any reason, or no reason at all, at any time, and the Executive may effect a Termination for Good Reason at any time; provided, that upon a Termination for Good Reason or a Termination Without Cause, except as otherwise provided in <u>Section 9</u> of this Agreement, the Company shall provide the compensation and benefits set forth in this <u>Section 8</u>. The Executive may effect a Termination for Good Reason notwithstanding any incapacity due to physical or mental illness. In the event of a Termination Without Cause or a Termination for Good Reason, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.
- (a) Base Salary, Bonus, Benefit Plans and Award Plans. The Company shall pay to the Executive, on the Termination Date, a lump sum amount, which is equal to the sum of (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date; plus (ii) the product of (A) one and one-half (1.5) multiplied by (B) the Executive's Base Salary in effect on the Termination Date; plus (iii) the product of (A) one and one-half (1.5) multiplied by (B) the average annual cash bonus paid to the Executive for the two (2) years preceding the year in which the Termination Date occurs; and (iv) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to Section 5. The Company shall also pay the Executive any amounts due to the Executive pursuant to the terms of any Award Plans and/or Benefit Plans in which the Executive was a participant, in accordance with the terms of such plans. In addition, provided the Executive properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, the Company shall reimburse the Executive for the cost of COBRA premiums for health care coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to eighteen (18) months following the Termination Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Executive is a Specified Employee and the total of the payments under this Section 8(a) exceeds the limit set forth in Treas. Reg. §1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii)(A) (related to separation pay), then, the amount in excess of such limit shall

be delayed for six (6) months following the Termination Date. The delayed amount shall be paid in a lump sum after the end of the six-month delay.

(b) Options; Restricted Stock. Notwithstanding the terms of any award agreement heretofore or hereafter granted to the Executive under any Award Plan, including, without limitation, the 2007 Plan and the 2010 Plan, or any other agreement granting the Executive Options or Restricted Stock (in each case, an "Award Agreement"), upon a Termination Without Cause or Termination for Good Reason, all Options and Restricted Stock granted to the Executive which do not constitute deferred compensation for Code Section 409A purposes granted to the Executive shall become fully vested on the Termination Date and immediately prior to the time of termination. The Executive shall have the right to exercise any such Options in a manner provided for in the applicable Award Agreement. For purposes of an Award Agreement, a Termination for Good Reason shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this Section 8(b) and the terms of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the terms of this Section 8(b) shall control and govern.

9. Change of Control.

- (a) <u>Accelerated Vesting</u>. Notwithstanding the terms of any Award Agreement heretofore or hereafter granted to the Executive, in the event of a Change of Control, all Options and Restricted Stock granted to the Executive which do not constitute deferred compensation for Code Section 409A purposes shall become fully vested on the date of the Change of Control. The Executive shall have the right to exercise any such Options in a manner provided for in the applicable Award Agreement. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this <u>Section 9(a)</u> and the terms of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the terms of this <u>Section 9(a)</u> shall control and govern.
- (b) Change of Control Termination. Notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement to the contrary, in the event of a Change of Control Termination, the Company shall, on the Termination Date, pay the Executive a lump sum amount which is equal to the sum of (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, plus (ii) the product of (A) two (2) multiplied by (B) the Executive's Base Salary in effect as of the Termination Date, plus (iii) the product of (A) two (2) multiplied by (B) the greater of (1) the average annual cash bonus paid to the Executive for the two years preceding the year in which the Termination Date occurs or (2) the Executive's target bonus, if any, for the year in which the Termination Date occurs, plus (iv) the product of (A) twenty-four (24) multiplied by (B) the monthly COBRA premium for health care continuation coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible, plus (v) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date under Section 5. The Company shall also pay the Executive any amounts due to the Executive pursuant to the terms of any Award Plans and/or Benefit Plans in which the Executive was a participant, in accordance with the terms of such plans. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Executive is a Specified Employee and the total of the payments under this Section 9(b) exceeds the limit set forth in Treas. Reg. §1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii)(A) (related to separation pay), then the amount in excess of such limit shall be delayed for six (6) months following the Executive's

Termination Date, and such delayed amount shall be paid in a lump sum after the end of the six-month delay. For purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, a Termination for Good Reason that is Change of Control Termination under this Agreement shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive. In the event of a Change of Control Termination, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.

- 10. Termination Upon Expiration. If the Executive shall cease being an employee of the Company on account of a Termination Upon Expiration, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, and (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date under Section 5. In the event of any Termination Upon Expiration, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement. In the event of a Termination Upon Expiration caused by the Company (i.e., the Company gave notice to the Executive of the Company's election to not extend the Term pursuant to Section 3(a)), then (a) for purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the Termination Upon Expiration shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive, and (b) the Executive shall not be subject to the Non-Compete Agreement following the Termination Date. In the event of a Termination Upon Expiration caused by the Executive (i.e., the Executive gave notice to the Company of the Executive's election to not extend the Term pursuant to Section 3(a)), then (x) for purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the Termination Upon Expiration shall constitute a voluntary termination of employment by the Executive, and (y) the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Non-Compete Agreement following the Termination Date.
- 11. Exclusive Remedy. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the payments contemplated by Section 7, Section 8 and Section 9 shall constitute the exclusive and sole remedy for any termination of the Executive's employment due to death or Permanent Disability, any Termination Without Cause or any Termination for Good Reason. The Executive agrees, for himself and any administrator, beneficiary, devisee, executor, heir, legatee or personal representative, (i) to not assert or pursue any remedies, other than an action to enforce the payments due to the Executive (or the Executive's estate) under this Agreement, at law or in equity, with respect to the termination of the Executive's employment under Section 7, Section 8 or Section 9, as applicable, and (ii) to execute a release and waiver on such terms and conditions as the Company may reasonably require as a condition of entitlement to such payments.
- 12. <u>Confidentiality and Noncompetition</u>. The Executive shall enter into the Confidentiality Agreement and Non-Compete Agreement. The Executive's execution of those agreements is a material inducement for the Company to enter into this Agreement. Therefore, this Agreement will be null and void unless the Executive enters into the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.
- 13. Employment Status. The parties acknowledge and agree that the Executive is an employee of the Company, not an independent contractor. Any payments made to the Executive by the Company pursuant to this Agreement shall be treated for federal and state payroll tax

purposes as payments made to a Company employee, irrespective whether such payments are made subsequent to the Termination Date.

14. <u>Notices</u>. All notices or deliveries authorized or required pursuant to this Agreement shall be deemed to have been given when in writing and personally delivered or when deposited in the U.S. mail, certified, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, addressed to the parties at the following addresses or to such other addresses as either may designate in writing to the other party:

To the Company: One Commerce Square

Suite 2550

Memphis, TN 38103

Attn: Vice President, Business Affairs

To the Executive: David W. Carlson

One Commerce Square

Suite 2550

Memphis, TN 38103

15. Entire Agreement. This Agreement contains the entire understanding between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and shall not be modified in any manner except by instrument in writing signed, by or on behalf of, the parties hereto. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, successors and assigns of the parties hereto. In the event of any inconsistencies between the terms of this Agreement and any Award Agreement, the terms of this Agreement shall govern.

16. <u>Arbitration</u>. Any controversy concerning or claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement shall be settled by final and binding arbitration in Memphis, Shelby County, Tennessee at a location specified by the party seeking such arbitration.

(a) <u>The Arbitrators</u>. Any arbitration proceeding shall be conducted by three (3) Arbitrators and the decision of the Arbitrators shall be binding on all parties. Each Arbitrator shall have substantial experience and expert competence in the matters being arbitrated. The party desiring to submit any matter relating to this Agreement to arbitration shall do so by written notice to the other party, which notice shall set forth the items to be arbitrated, such party's choice of an Arbitrator, and such party's substantive position in the arbitration. The party receiving such notice shall, within fifteen (15) days after receipt of such notice, appoint an Arbitrator and notify the other party of its appointment and of its substantive position. The Arbitrators appointed by the parties to the Arbitration shall select an additional Arbitrator meeting the aforedescribed criteria. The Arbitrators shall be required to render a decision in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 16(b) below within thirty (30) days after being notified of their selection. The fees of the Arbitrators shall be equally divided amongst the parties to the arbitration.

- (b) Arbitration Procedures. Arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of the American Arbitration Association, except to the extent the provisions of such are modified by this Agreement or the subsequent mutual agreement of the parties. Judgment upon the award rendered by the Arbitrator(s) may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof. Any party hereto may bring an action, including a summary or expedited proceeding, to compel arbitration of any controversy or claim to which this provision applies in any court having jurisdiction over such action in Shelby County, Tennessee, and the parties agree that jurisdiction and venue in Shelby County, Tennessee are appropriate and approved by such parties.
- 17. <u>Applicable Law.</u> This Agreement shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Tennessee without giving effect to conflict of laws principles thereof.
- 18. <u>Assignment</u>. The Executive acknowledges that his services are unique and personal. Accordingly, the Executive may not assign his rights or delegate his duties or obligations under this Agreement.
- 19. <u>Headings</u>. Headings in this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not be used to interpret or construe its provisions.
- 20. Successors; Binding Agreement. The Company will require any successor to all or substantially all of the business and/or assets of the Company to expressly assume and agree to perform this Agreement in the same manner and to the same extent that the Company would be required to perform it if no such succession had taken place. Failure of the Company to obtain such assumption and agreement prior to the effectiveness of any such succession shall be a beach of this Agreement and shall entitle Executive to compensation from the Company in the same amount and on the same terms as Executive would be entitled to hereunder upon a Change of Control Termination. The Company's rights and obligations under this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and shall be binding upon the Company's successors and assigns.

[The remainder of this page is intentionally left blank.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement effective as of the date first above written.

SURGIVISION, INC.

By: /s/ Kimble L. Jenkins

Name: Kimble L. Jenkins

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

EXECUTIVE:

/s/ David W. Carlson

David W. Carlson

Exhibit A

SURGIVISION, INC.

NON-DISCLOSURE AND PROPRIETARY RIGHTS AGREEMENT

In consideration and as a condition of my employment (or my continued employment) with SurgiVision, Inc., or any of its current or future subsidiaries, affiliates, successors or assigns (collectively, the "Company"), and in consideration of my receipt of Confidential Information (as defined in Section 2 below) and of the compensation now and hereafter paid to me by the Company, the undersigned (hereinafter referred to as "Employee") hereby acknowledges and agrees to the following:

- 1. <u>Purpose of Agreement</u>. Employee understands that the Company is engaged in a continuous program of research, development, production and marketing in connection with its business and that it is critical for the Company to preserve and protect its Confidential Information (as defined in <u>Section 2</u> below), its rights in Inventions (as defined in <u>Section 7</u> below) and in all related intellectual property rights. Accordingly, Employee is entering into this Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement (this "<u>Agreement</u>") as a condition of his or her employment (or continued employment) with the Company, regardless of whether Employee is expected to create Inventions of value for the Company.
- 2. Non-Disclosure of Confidential Information. At all times during his or her employment with the Company and thereafter, Employee will hold the Confidential Information in strictest confidence and Employee will not disclose, communicate, reproduce, copy, publish, license, distribute, modify, adapt, transmit, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or use any Confidential Information, except (a) as may be necessary for Employee to perform his or her duties as an employee of the Company for the exclusive benefit of the Company or (b) to the extent an officer of the Company expressly authorizes such in writing. Employee will take all appropriate action, whether by instruction, agreement or otherwise, to ensure the protection, confidentiality and security of the Confidential Information and to satisfy Employee's obligations under this Agreement. Employee will notify the Company immediately upon discovery of any loss, misuse, misappropriation or disclosure of Confidential Information or any other breach of this Agreement by Employee, and Employee will cooperate with the Company in every reasonable way to help the Company regain possession of the Confidential Information and prevent its further unauthorized use or disclosure.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "Confidential Information" means, but is not limited to, all information that is possessed by or developed for the Company and which relates to the Company's existing or potential business, which information is not reasonably knowable by the Company's competitors or by the general public through lawful means. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, such Confidential Information also includes, but is not limited to, all Proprietary Rights (as defined in Section 3 below), all Third Party Information (as defined in Section 4 below) and all information regarding the Company's operations, research and development efforts, plans for products or services, methods of doing business, business strategies, customers, suppliers, service providers, manufacturers, business relations, product

prices and costs, markets, marketing plans, budgets and forecasts, financial information and/or Inventions, as well as information regarding the skills, know how and compensation of other employees of the Company. Confidential Information may be expressly designated as confidential or proprietary on its face (whether verbally, in writing or otherwise) or be of such a nature that a reasonable person under the circumstances should understand or believe it to be confidential or proprietary. Confidential Information may be oral, written, recorded magnetically or electronically or otherwise stored, and may be that which Employee originates as well as that which otherwise comes into the possession or knowledge of Employee.

- 3. Recognition of Company's Rights. Employee acknowledges and agrees that all Confidential Information will be the sole property of the Company and that the Company will be the sole owner of all patents, patent applications, design patents or registration, design patent applications, copyrights, mask works, trademarks, trade secrets and all other intellectual property rights throughout the world (collectively, "Proprietary Rights") in connection therewith. Accordingly, Employee hereby assigns and agrees to assign to the Company any rights Employee may have or acquire in any Confidential Information and Proprietary Rights.
- 4. Non-Disclosure of Third Party Information. Employee understands that the Company may from time to time receive from third parties confidential information ("Third Party Information"), subject to a duty on the Company's part to maintain the confidentiality of such information and to use it only for certain limited purposes. At all times during Employee's employment with the Company and thereafter, Employee will hold the Third Party Information in strictest confidence and Employee will not disclose, communicate, reproduce, copy, publish, license, distribute, modify, adapt, transmit, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or use any Third Party Information, except (a) as may be necessary for Employee to perform his or her duties as an employee of the Company for the exclusive benefit of the Company or (b) to the extent an officer of the Company expressly authorizes such in writing. Employee will take all appropriate action, whether by instruction, agreement or otherwise, to ensure the protection, confidentiality and security of the Third Party Information and to satisfy Employee's obligations under this Agreement. Employee will notify the Company immediately upon discovery of any loss, misuse, misappropriation or disclosure of Third Party Information or any other breach of this Agreement by Employee, and Employee will cooperate with the Company in every reasonable way to help the Company prevent its further unauthorized use or disclosure.
- 5 . Return of Information; Inspections. Employee will, at the Company's request and/or upon termination of the employment relationship for any reason, return all originals, copies, reproductions and summaries of any Confidential Information and all other tangible materials and devices provided to Employee as Confidential Information or containing Confidential Information, and/or, at the Company's option, certify destruction of the same. In addition, Employee will, at the Company's request and/or upon termination of the employment relationship for any reason, return all originals, copies, reproductions and summaries of any Third Party Information and all other tangible materials and devices provided to Employee as Third Party Information or containing Third Party Information, and/or, at the Company's option, certify destruction of the same. Upon termination of his or her employment with the Company, Employee will promptly deliver to the Company all property in Employee's possession, custody or control that is owned by the Company. Employee agrees that any property situated on the

Company's premises and owned by the Company, including, but not limited to, computers, disks and other storage media, is subject to inspection by Company personnel at any time without notice.

- 6. <u>No Improper Use of Materials</u>. During his or her employment with the Company, Employee will not improperly use or disclose any Confidential Information or trade secrets, if any, of any former employer or any other person to whom Employee has an obligation of confidentiality, and Employee will not bring onto the premises of the Company any unpublished documents or any property belonging to any former employer or any other person to whom Employee has an obligation of confidentiality unless consented to in writing by that former employer or person.
- 7. Assignment of Inventions. Employee hereby irrevocably assigns to the Company all right, title and interest of Employee in and to any and all Inventions (and all Proprietary Rights with respect thereto), whether or not patentable, copyrightable or protectable as trade secrets, made, conceived, reduced to practice or created by Employee, either alone or jointly with others, during the period of his or her employment with the Company. Employee acknowledges that all original works of authorship which are made by Employee (alone or jointly with others) within the scope of his or her employment and which are copyrightable are "works made for hire," as that term is defined in the United States Copyright Act. In addition to the foregoing assignment of Inventions (and all Proprietary Rights with respect thereto) to the Company, Employee hereby irrevocably assigns to the Company any and all Moral Rights (as defined below) that Employee may have in or with respect to any Invention, and Employee forever waives and agrees not to assert any and all Moral Rights he or she may have in or with respect to any Invention, even after termination of employment with the Company.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "<u>Inventions</u>" means inventions, discoveries, improvements, designs, techniques, ideas, processes, compositions of matter, formulas, data, software programs, databases, mask works, works of authorship, knowhow and trade secrets.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "Moral Rights" means any right to claim authorship of an Invention, to object to or prevent the modification of any Invention, or to withdraw from circulation or control the publication or distribution of any Invention, and any similar right, existing under judicial or statutory law of any country or under any treaty, regardless of whether such right is denominated or generally referred to as a "moral right."

- 8. <u>Disclosure of Inventions</u>. Employee will promptly disclose to the Company all Inventions that Employee makes, conceives, reduces to practice or creates, either alone or jointly with others, during the period of his or her employment with the Company. In addition, Employee will disclose to the Company all patent applications filed by Employee within three (3) years after termination of employment with the Company.
- 9. <u>Assistance</u>. Employee agrees to assist the Company in every proper way to obtain and, from time to time, enforce United States and foreign Proprietary Rights relating to Inventions assigned hereunder to the Company in any and all countries. To that end, Employee will execute, verify and deliver such documents and perform such other acts (including

appearances as a witness) as the Company may reasonably request for use in applying for, obtaining, perfecting, evidencing, sustaining and enforcing such Proprietary Rights and the assignment thereof. In addition, Employee will execute, verify and deliver assignments of such Proprietary Rights to the Company or its designee. Employee's obligation to assist the Company with respect to Proprietary Rights relating to Inventions in any and all countries will continue beyond the termination of Employee's employment, but the Company agrees to compensate Employee at a reasonable rate after Employee's termination for the time actually spent by Employee at the Company's request on such assistance. Employee hereby irrevocably designates and appoints the Company and its duly authorized officers and agents as Employee's agent and attorney-in-fact to act for and on behalf of Employee (a) to execute, verify and file any document needed in connection with the actions specified in this section and (b) to do all other lawfully permitted acts to further the purposes of this section, in each case with the same legal force and effect as if executed or performed by Employee. Employee hereby waives and quitclaims to the Company any and all claims, of any nature whatsoever, which Employee now or may hereafter have for infringement of any Proprietary Rights assigned hereunder to the Company.

- 10. <u>Prior Inventions</u>. Inventions, if any, which Employee made prior to the commencement of his or her employment with the Company are excluded from the scope of this Agreement. To preclude any possible uncertainty, Employee has set forth on Exhibit A hereto a complete list of all Inventions that Employee, whether alone or jointly with others, has conceived, developed or reduced to practice or caused to be conceived, developed or reduced to practice prior to commencement of his or her employment with the Company, that Employee considers to be his or her property or the property of third parties and that Employee wishes to have expressly excluded from the scope of this Agreement.
- 11. <u>Efforts</u>; <u>Non-Competition</u>. Employee acknowledges that his or her employment with the Company requires his or her full attention and effort during normal business hours, and Employee will give his or her best effort, skill and inventive ability to the business interests of the Company. During the term of his or her employment with the Company, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, participate in the management, operation, financing or control of, or be employed by or consult for or otherwise render services to, any person or entity that competes anywhere in the world with the Company in the conduct of the business of the Company as conducted or as proposed to be conducted (a "<u>Competing Business</u>"), nor will Employee engage in any other activities that conflict with his or her obligations to the Company.
- 12. Non-Solicitation. During the term of his or her employment by the Company and for a period of two (2) years after the date his or her employment with the Company ends for any reason, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, (a) hire, engage or solicit to hire or engage any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company or who was engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company within six months of the proposed solicitation, hire or engagement, (b) otherwise induce or attempt to induce any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company to terminate such engagement or employment, (c) in any way interfere with the relationship between the Company and any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company; (d) contact, solicit, divert, appropriate or call upon with the intent of doing business with (other than for the exclusive benefit of the Company) any customer of the

Company if the purpose of such activity is to solicit such customer or prospective customer for a Competing Business, to encourage such customer to discontinue, reduce or adversely alter the amount of such customer's business with the Company or to otherwise interfere with the Company's relationship with such customer, or (e) in any way interfere with the Company's relationship with any supplier, manufacturer, service provider or other business relation of the Company.

- 13. No Conflicting Obligation. Employee represents and agrees that his or her performance of the provisions of this Agreement does not, and will not, breach any agreement to keep in confidence information acquired by Employee in confidence or in trust prior to his or her employment by the Company. Employee agrees not to enter into any agreement, either written or oral, in conflict herewith.
- 14. <u>Reasonableness of Restrictions</u>. Employee agrees that the restrictions on Employee's activities outlined in this Agreement are reasonable and necessary to protect the Company's legitimate business interests, that the consideration provided by the Company is fair and reasonable, and that given the importance to the Company of its Confidential Information, the post-employment restrictions on Employee's activities are likewise fair and reasonable.
- 15. <u>Injunctive Relief</u>. Employee acknowledges and agrees that failure to adhere to the terms of this Agreement will cause the Company irreparable damage for which monetary damages alone would be inadequate compensation. Therefore, Employee agrees that, in addition to monetary damages, the Company will be entitled to an injunction and other equitable relief, including *ex parte* injunctive relief, in the event of any breach or threatened breach (such threatened breach being determined in the sole judgment of the Company) of the provisions of this Agreement. Employee waives the making of a bond or showing actual damages as a condition for obtaining injunctive relief. Such remedy shall not be deemed the exclusive remedy for the breach of this Agreement by Employee, but will be in addition to all other remedies available to the Company whether at law or in equity. Additionally, if Employee breaches this Agreement, the Company will be entitled to its reasonable attorney's fees and costs associated with enforcing this Agreement. Notwithstanding any judicial determination that any provision of this Agreement is not specifically enforceable, the Company will nonetheless be entitled to recover monetary damages as a result of any breach by Employee.
- 16. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with the internal laws of the state of Tennessee, without giving any effect to that state's conflict of laws principles..
- 17. Employee acknowledges and agrees that this Agreement does not create an employment contract with the Company for any term, nor does it in any way limit the Company's right to otherwise terminate Employee's employment. Any change or changes in Employee's duties, salary or compensation will not affect the validity or scope of this Agreement.
- 18. <u>Severability</u>. Whenever possible, each provision of this Agreement will be interpreted in a manner to be effective, valid and enforceable. If, however, any provision of this

Agreement is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable under any present or future law, then such provision will be ineffective only to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating or affecting in any manner whatsoever the remainder of such provision or the remaining provisions of this Agreement. Furthermore, there shall be added automatically as a part of this Agreement a provision as similar in terms to such illegal, invalid, or unenforceable provision as may be possible and still have such similar provision be construed and enforced as legal, valid, and enforceable.

- 19. <u>Amendments; Waivers</u>. No modification or amendment to this Agreement, nor any waiver of any rights under this Agreement, will be effective unless in writing signed by the party to be charged. No waiver by the Company of any breach of this Agreement will be a waiver of any preceding or succeeding breach.
- 20. <u>Assignment</u>. The Company may assign its rights under this Agreement. This Agreement, and the duties and obligations of Employee hereunder, may not be assigned or delegated by Employee.
- 21. <u>Survival</u>. The terms of this Agreement, and Employee's duties and obligations hereunder, will survive any termination of Employee's employment with the Company for any reason.
- 22. <u>Headings</u>. Headings in this Agreement are for informational purposes only and will not be used to construe the intent of this Agreement.
- 23. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement and understanding between the Company and Employee concerning the matters addressed herein.
- 24. <u>Further Assurances</u>. Employee will cooperate reasonably with the Company in connection with any steps required to be taken as part of Employee's obligations under this Agreement, and Employee will (a) execute and deliver to the Company such other documents, and (b) do such other acts and things, in each case as the Company may reasonably request for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Agreement.

25. <u>Acknowledgment</u>. Employee acknowledges that he or she has received a copy of this Agreement, which he or she has read and understood, and Employee voluntarily agrees to abide by its terms. Employee authorizes the Company to notify any future employer(s) of Employee of the terms of this Agreement and Employee's obligations hereunder.

/s/	David	W.	Carl	son

June 3, 2010

Employee Signature

Date

David W. Carlson Employee Name

Accepted by:

SurgiVision, Inc.

By: /s/ Kimble L. Jenkins

Name: Kimble L. Jenkins

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit A

The following is a complete list of all inventions or improvements relevant to the subject matter of my employment with the Company that have been made, conceived, first reduced to practice or created by me, alone or jointly with others, prior to my employment with the Company that I desire to remove from the operation of the Company's Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement:

þ	No inventions or improvements		
	See below:		
			_
	Additional sheets attached.		
I propo	se to bring to my employment the following materia	s and documents of a former employer:	
þ	No materials or documents		
	See below:		
	Additional sheets attached.		
/s/ Davi	id W. Carlson	June 3, 2010	
Employ	vee Signature	Date	
David V	W. Carlson		
Employ	vee Name		

Exhibit B

SURGIVISION, INC.

NON-COMPETITION AGREEMENT

In consideration and as a condition of my employment (or my continued employment) with SurgiVision, Inc., or any of its current or future subsidiaries, affiliates, successors or assigns (collectively, the "Company"), and in consideration of my receipt of the compensation now and hereafter paid to me by the Company, the undersigned (hereinafter referred to as "Employee") hereby acknowledges and agrees to the following:

- 1. <u>Defined Terms</u>. For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms have the meanings specified or referred to in this <u>Section 1</u>:
- (a) "<u>Conflicting Organization</u>" means any individual or entity that, directly or indirectly, engages in, or is about to become engaged in, Conflicting Research or the development, design, production, manufacture, promotion, marketing, sale, support or service of a Conflicting Product.
- (b) "Conflicting Product" means medical devices, goods, products, product lines or services, and each and every component thereof, developed, designed, produced, manufactured, marketed, promoted, sold, supported or serviced, or that are in development or the subject of research, by anyone other than the Company that are the same or similar to, perform any of the same or similar functions as, may be substituted for, or are intended or used for any of the same purposes as, a Company Product.
- (c) "Conflicting Research" means any research or development of any kind or nature conducted by anyone other than the Company, which is intended for, or may be useful in, any aspect of the development, design, production, manufacture, marketing, promotion, sale, support or service of a Conflicting Product.
- (d) "Company Product" means any medical device, goods, products, product lines or services (i) that during the last one (1) year in which Employee was employed by the Company, Employee, or persons under Employee's management, direction or supervision, performed research regarding, designed, developed, produced, manufactured, marketed, promoted, sold, solicited sales of, supported or serviced on behalf of the Company, or (ii) with respect to which Employee at any time received or otherwise obtained or learned Confidential Information.
- (e) "Restricted Area" means the United States of America or in any other country in which the Company has received or applied for regulatory clearances or approvals for Company Products.
- 2. <u>Efforts; Non-Competition</u>. Employee acknowledges that his or her employment with the Company requires his or her full attention and effort during normal business hours, and Employee will give his or her best effort, skill and inventive ability to the business interests of

the Company. During the term of his or her employment with the Company, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, participate in the management, operation, financing or control of, or be employed by or consult for or otherwise render services to, any individual or entity that competes with the Company in the Restricted Area in the conduct of the business of the Company as conducted or as proposed to be conducted, nor will Employee engage in any other activities that conflict with his or her obligations to the Company.

In addition, for a period of one (1) year after the date his or her employment with the Company ends for any reason, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, participate in the management, operation, financing or control of, or be employed by or consult for or otherwise render services to, any Conflicting Organization in the Restricted Area in connection with or relating to a Conflicting Product or Conflicting Research.

- 3. No Conflicting Obligation. Employee represents and agrees that his or her performance of the provisions of this Agreement does not, and will not, breach any agreement to keep in confidence information acquired by Employee in confidence or in trust prior to his or her employment by the Company. Employee agrees not to enter into any agreement, either written or oral, in conflict herewith.
- 4. <u>Reasonableness of Restrictions</u>. Employee agrees that the restrictions on Employee's activities outlined in this Agreement are reasonable and necessary to protect the Company's legitimate business interests, that the consideration provided by the Company is fair and reasonable, and that the post-employment restrictions on Employee's activities are fair and reasonable.
- 5. <u>Injunctive Relief.</u> Employee acknowledges and agrees that failure to adhere to the terms of this Agreement will cause the Company irreparable damage for which monetary damages alone would be inadequate compensation. Therefore, Employee agrees that in addition to monetary damages, the Company will be entitled to an injunction and other equitable relief, including *ex parte* injunctive relief, in the event of any breach or threatened breach (such threatened breach being determined in the sole judgment of the Company) of the provisions of this Agreement. Employee waives the making of a bond or showing actual damages as a condition for obtaining injunctive relief. Such remedy shall not be deemed the exclusive remedy for the breach of this Agreement by Employee, but will be in addition to all other remedies available at law or in equity to the Company. Additionally, if Employee breaches this Agreement, the Company will be entitled to its reasonable attorney's fees and costs associated with enforcing this Agreement. Notwithstanding any judicial determination that any provision of this Agreement is not specifically enforceable, the Company will nonetheless be entitled to recover monetary damages as a result of any breach by Employee.
- 6. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with the internal laws of the state of Tennessee, without giving any effect to that state's conflict of laws principles.
- 7. <u>Employment</u>. Employee acknowledges and agrees that this Agreement does not create an employment contract with the Company for any term, nor does it in any way limit the

Company's right to otherwise terminate Employee's employment. Any change or changes in Employee's duties, salary or compensation will not affect the validity or scope of this Agreement.

- 8. Severability. Whenever possible, each provision of this Agreement will be interpreted in a manner to be effective, valid and enforceable. If, however, any provision of this Agreement is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable under any present or future law, then such provision will be ineffective only to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating or affecting in any manner whatsoever the remainder of such provision or the remaining provisions of this Agreement. Furthermore, there shall be added automatically as a part of this Agreement a provision as similar in terms to such illegal, invalid, or unenforceable provision as may be possible and still have such similar provision be construed and enforced as legal, valid, and enforceable.
- 9. <u>Amendments</u>; <u>Waivers</u>. No modification or amendment to this Agreement, nor any waiver of any rights under this Agreement, will be effective unless in writing signed by the party to be charged. No waiver by the Company of any breach of this Agreement will be a waiver of any preceding or succeeding breach.
- 10. <u>Assignment</u>. The Company may assign its rights under this Agreement. This Agreement, and the duties and obligations of Employee hereunder, may not be assigned or delegated by Employee.
- 11. <u>Survival</u>. The terms of this Agreement, and Employee's duties and obligations hereunder, will survive any termination of Employee's employment with the Company for any reason.
- 12. <u>Headings</u>. Headings in this Agreement are for informational purposes only and will not be used to construe the intent of this Agreement.
- 13. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement and understanding between the Company and Employee concerning the matters addressed herein.
- 14. <u>Further Assurances</u>. Employee will cooperate reasonably with the Company in connection with any steps required to be taken as part of Employee's obligations under this Agreement, and Employee will (a) execute and deliver to the Company such other documents, and (b) do such other acts and things, in each case as the Company may reasonably request for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Agreement.

15. <u>Acknowledgment</u>. Employee acknowledges that he or she has received a copy of this Agreement, which he or she has read and understood, and Employee voluntarily agrees to abide by its terms. Employee authorizes the Company to notify any future employer(s) of Employee of the terms of this Agreement and Employee's obligations hereunder.

June 3, 2010

Date

/s/ David W. Carlson				
Employee Signature				
David W. Carlson Employee Name				
Accepted by:				
SurgiVision, Inc.				
By: /s/ Kimble L. Jenkins				

Name: Kimble L. Jenkins

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

THIS EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT (this "<u>Agreement</u>") is entered into as of this 3 rd day of June, 2010 but shall become effective only upon the consummation of the Company's initial public offering of its common stock (the "<u>Effective Date</u>"), by and between **SURGIVISION**, **INC.**, a Delaware corporation (the "<u>Company</u>"), and **OSCAR L. THOMAS** (the "<u>Executive</u>").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Company desires to employ the Executive to serve as the Vice President, Business Affairs of the Company;

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive each deem it necessary and desirable to execute a written document setting forth the terms and conditions of said relationship; and

WHEREAS, to the extent this Agreement provides for any "deferred compensation" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "<u>Code</u>"), the Agreement will be administered in compliance with Section 409A of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and mutual obligations hereinafter set forth, the parties agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following definitions:
- "2007 Plan" means the Company's 2007 Stock Incentive Plan.
- "2010 Plan" means the Company's 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan.
- "Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.
- "Arbitrators" means the arbitrators selected to conduct any arbitration proceeding in connection with any disputes arising out of or relating to this Agreement.
 - "Award Agreement" has the meaning set forth in Section 8(b) of this Agreement.
 - "Award Plans" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(b) of this Agreement.
 - "Base Salary" means the annual salary to be paid to the Executive as set forth in Section 4(a) of this Agreement.
 - "Benefit Plans" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(c) of this Agreement.
 - "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Change of Control" means the occurrence with respect to the Company of any of the following events: (i) a change in the ownership of the Company; (ii) a change in the effective control of the Company; or (iii) a change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the Company.

For purposes of this definition, a change in the ownership of the Company occurs on the date on which any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, acquires ownership of stock of the Company that, together with stock held by such person or group, constitutes more than 50% of the total fair market value or total voting power of the stock of the Company. A change in the effective control of the Company occurs on the date on which either (i) a person, or more than one person acting as a group, acquires ownership of stock of the Company possessing 30% or more of the total voting power of the stock of the Company, taking into account all such stock acquired during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition, or (ii) a majority of the members of the Board is replaced during any 12-month period by directors whose appointment or election is not endorsed by a majority of the members of such Board prior to the date of the appointment or election. A change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the Company occurs on the date on which any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, other than a person or group of persons that is related to the Company, acquires assets from the Company that have a total gross fair market value equal to or more than 40% of the total gross fair market value of all of the assets of the Company immediately prior to such acquisition or acquisitions, taking into account all such assets acquired during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition.

The determination as to the occurrence of a Change of Control shall be based on objective facts and in accordance with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code. The Company and the Executive acknowledge and agree that the Company's initial public offering of Company Shares shall not constitute a Change of Control.

"Change of Control Termination" means (i) a Termination Without Cause or (ii) a Termination for Good Reason, in either case within four (4) months prior to, on, or within one (1) year after, a Change of Control.

"Code" has the meaning set forth in the recitals above.

"Company" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"Company Shares" means shares of common stock of the Company or any securities of a successor company which shall have replaced such common stock.

"Compensation Committee" means the compensation committee of the Board.

"Confidentiality Agreement" means that certain Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement between the Company and the Executive in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A.

"Effective Date" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

"Executive" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"<u>Non-Compete Agreement</u>" means that certain Non-Compete Agreement between the Company and the Executive in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit B.

"Option(s)" means (i) any option issued to the Executive pursuant to the 2007 Plan, the 2010 Plan or any other incentive plan adopted by the Company, (ii) other than options described in the preceding clause (i), any option issued to the Executive by the Company to purchase Company Shares, or (iii) any option granted under the plan of any successor company that replaces or assumes the Company's options.

"Permanent Disability" means the Executive: (i) is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve (12) months; or (ii) is, by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve (12) months, receiving income replacement benefits for a period of not less than three (3) months under an accident and health plan covering employees or directors of the Company. Medical determination of Permanent Disability may be made by either the Social Security Administration or by the provider of an accident or health plan covering employees or directors of the Company provided that the definition of "disability" applied under such disability insurance program complies with the requirements of the preceding sentence. Upon the request of the Company, the Executive must submit proof to the Company of the Social Security Administration's or the provider's determination.

"Restricted Stock" means (i) any restricted Company Shares issued to the Executive pursuant to the 2010 Plan or any other incentive plan adopted by the Company, or (ii) any restricted stock granted under the plan of any successor company that replaces or assumes the Company's restricted stock awards.

"Specified Employee" means a key employee (as defined in Section 416(i) of the Code without regard to paragraph 5 thereof) of the Company if any stock of the Company is publicly traded on an established securities market or otherwise.

"Term" has the meaning assigned to it in Section 3(a) of this Agreement.

"Termination Date" means the date on which the employment of the Executive is terminated, which date shall be (i) in the case of the Executive's death, the date of death, (ii) in the case of the Executive's Permanent Disability, thirty (30) days after a Termination Notice is given, provided the Executive does not return to the full-time performance of his duties within such thirty (30) day period, (iii) in the case of a Termination Upon Expiration, the date upon which the Term expires, (iv) in the case of a Termination With Cause, the date specified in the Termination Notice, or (v) in all other instances, the date specified as the Termination Date in the

Termination Notice, which date shall not be less than thirty (30) nor more than sixty (60) days from the date the Termination Notice is given.

"<u>Termination for Good Reason</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company by the Executive based on any of the following circumstances, if, within the six (6) month period preceding the Executive's termination, the Executive notified the Company in writing of such circumstances within ninety (90) days of occurrence and the Company did not remedy such circumstances within thirty (30) days thereafter:

- (i) a material demotion or diminution in the Executive's authority, duties or responsibilities without the Executive's consent;
- (ii) the Company requiring the Executive to be based at any place other than a location within a fifty (50) mile radius of the Executive's work location as of the Effective Date without the Executive's consent, except for reasonably required travel on the Company's business; or
 - (iii) any action or inaction that constitutes a material breach by the Company of this Agreement.

"Termination Notice" means a written notice of termination of employment by the Executive or the Company.

"Termination of Employment" means the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company for reasons other than death or Permanent Disability. Whether a Termination of Employment takes place is determined based on the facts and circumstances surrounding the termination of the Executive's employment and whether the Company and the Executive intended for the Executive to provide significant services for the Company following such termination. A change in the Executive's employment status will not be considered a Termination of Employment if the Executive continues to provide services as an employee of the Company or in any other capacity at an annual rate that is twenty percent (20%) or more of the services rendered, on average, during the immediately preceding three full calendar years of employment (or, if employed less than three years, such lesser period).

"<u>Termination Upon Expiration</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment upon the full expiration of the Term, including the full expiration of any extension thereof, following: (i) the Company's notice to the Executive of the Company's election to not extend the Term; or (ii) the Executive's notice to the Company of the Executive's election to not extend the Term, in each case as provided in <u>Section 3(a)</u> of this Agreement.

"Termination With Cause" means the termination of the Executive's employment by the Company for any of the following reasons: (i) the Executive's gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of the Executive's duties where such gross negligence or willful misconduct has resulted or is likely to result in substantial and material damage to the Company; (ii) the material violation by the Executive of any federal or state law or regulation or the Company's compliance program in the performance of the Executive's duties; (iii) the Executive's breach of the Non-Compete Agreement; (iv) the Executive's material breach of the

Confidentiality Agreement; (v) the Executive's commission of any act of fraud with respect to the Company; (vi) the Executive's conviction of, or the Executive's entry of a guilty plea or plea of nolo contendere with respect to, a felony; or (vii) the Executive's failure to perform duties consistent with this Agreement or the Executive's position or to follow or comply with the reasonable directives of the Board or the Executive's supervisor(s) (to the extent not inconsistent with the terms of this Agreement), provided that (A) the Executive shall have received written notice that specifically identifies the manner in which the Company believes that Executive has engaged in such failure and (B) the Executive shall not have cured such failure within thirty (30) days following receipt of such notice, provided further that such opportunity to cure a failure shall not apply if the Executive has received more than one notice with respect to the same or similar conduct pursuant to this clause (vii) during any twelve (12) consecutive month period.

"<u>Termination Without Cause</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment by the Company for any reason other than (i) Termination With Cause, (ii) termination by the Company due to the Executive's death or Permanent Disability, or (iii) Termination Upon Expiration.

"Voluntary Termination" means the Executive's voluntary termination of his employment hereunder for any reason, other than a Termination for Good Reason. If the Executive gives a Termination Notice of Voluntary Termination and, prior to the Termination Date, the Executive voluntarily refuses or fails to provide substantially all the services described in Section 2 hereof for a period greater than two consecutive weeks, the Voluntary Termination shall be deemed to be effective as of the date on which the Executive so ceases to carry out his duties. Voluntary refusal to perform services shall not include (i) taking vacation otherwise permitted in accordance with Section 4(d) hereof, (ii) the Executive's failure to perform services on account of his illness or the illness of a member of the Executive's immediate family, provided such illness is adequately substantiated at the reasonable request of the Company, or (iii) any other absence from service with the written consent of the Board.

2. <u>Employment; Services</u>. The Company shall employ the Executive, and the Executive agrees to be so employed, in the capacity of the Vice President, Business Affairs of the Company to serve for the Term hereof, subject to earlier termination as hereinafter provided. The Executive shall assume and discharge such duties and responsibilities as are commensurate with the Executive's position. The Executive shall be a full-time employee of the Company and shall exert his best efforts and devote substantially all of his business time and attention to the Company's affairs and the performance of his duties hereunder.

3. Term; Termination.

(a) The term of the Executive's employment under this Agreement (the "<u>Term</u>") shall be two (2) years and shall commence as of the Effective Date. On the second anniversary of the Effective Date and each successive anniversary of the Effective Date, the Term shall be extended for an additional one (1) year period, unless one party gives notice to the other of such party's election to not extend the Term, which notice must be given no later than ninety (90) days prior to the end of the then-current Term. Notwithstanding the foregoing,

employment during the Term shall be subject to earlier termination in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

(b) Any purported termination of employment by the Executive or the Company, other than by reason of the Executive's death, shall be communicated by a Termination Notice. The Termination Notice shall indicate the specific termination provision in this Agreement relied upon and set forth the facts and circumstances claimed to provide a basis for termination.

4. Compensation.

- (a) <u>Base Salary</u>. During the Term, the Company shall pay the Executive for his services a "<u>Base Salary</u>" of Two Hundred Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$225,000) per year, to be paid in accordance with customary Company policies. The Base Salary shall be subject to increase or decrease according to policies and practices adopted by the Compensation Committee or the Board, as the case may be; provided, however, that in no event (i) shall the Base Salary for any year be decreased by more than ten percent (10%) from the immediately preceding year's Base Salary, and (ii) shall the Base Salary be less than Two Hundred Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$225,000).
- (b) <u>Award Plans</u>. During the Term, the Executive shall also be eligible for additional compensation in the form of a cash bonus, shares of stock in the Company, Restricted Stock and/or Options, according to the policies and practices adopted by the Compensation Committee or the Board, as the case may be, and the Executive shall be eligible to participate in the 2010 Plan and any other stock option, incentive compensation, profit participation, bonus or extra compensation plan that is adopted by the Company and in which the Company's executive officers generally participate (collectively, "<u>Award Plans</u>").
- (c) <u>Benefit Plans</u>. During the Term, the Executive shall be entitled to participate in, and to all rights and benefits provided by, the health, life, medical, dental, disability, insurance and welfare plans that are maintained from time to time by the Company for the benefit of the Executive, the executives of the Company generally or for the Company's employees generally, provided that the Executive is eligible to participate in such plan under the eligibility provisions thereof that are generally applicable to the participants thereof (collectively, "<u>Benefit Plans</u>").
- (d) <u>Vacation</u>. The Executive shall be entitled each year to vacation time, during which time his compensation shall be paid in full. The time allotted for such vacation shall be three (3) weeks, to be taken at such time or times as shall be mutually convenient and consistent with his duties and obligations to the Company. Vacation accrues based on the Executive's anniversary date. Any unused vacation shall not be carried into subsequent years.
- (e) <u>Overall Qualification</u>. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as preventing the Company from modifying, suspending, discontinuing or terminating any of the Benefit Plans or Award Plans without notice or liability to the Executive so long as (i) the modification, suspension, discontinuation or termination of any such plan is authorized by and

performed in accordance with the specific provisions of such plan and (ii) such modification, suspension, discontinuation or termination is taken generally with respect to all similarly situated employees of the Company and does not single out or discriminate against the Executive.

- 5. Expenses. The Company recognizes that the Executive will have to incur certain out-of-pocket expenses, including but not limited to travel expenses, related to his services and the Company's business and the Company agrees to reimburse the Executive for all reasonable expenses necessarily incurred by him in the performance of his duties upon presentation of documentation indicating the amount and business purposes of any such expenses; provided, that the Executive complies with the Company's policies and procedures regarding business expenses.
- 6. <u>Voluntary Termination</u>; <u>Termination With Cause</u>. If the Executive shall cease being an employee of the Company on account of the Executive's Voluntary Termination or a Termination With Cause, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, and (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>. In the event of a Voluntary Termination or a Termination With Cause, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.

7. Termination Upon Death or Permanent Disability.

- (a) <u>Death</u>. The Executive's employment with the Company shall terminate automatically upon the Executive's death. Upon termination of employment due to the Executive's death, the Executive's estate shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>, plus (iii) provided the Executive's heir(s) properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, reimbursement of the COBRA premium for health care coverage for the Executive's surviving spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to twelve (12) months following the Termination Date. In addition, the Executive's estate shall be entitled to any vested benefits under the Company's Award Plans and Benefit Plans as of the Termination Date, in accordance with the terms of such plans.
- (b) <u>Permanent Disability</u>. In the event of the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Company may terminate the Executive's employment with the Company if the Executive does not return to the full-time performance of his duties within thirty (30) days after a Termination Notice is given. Upon termination of employment due to the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>, and (iii) provided the Executive properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, reimbursement of the COBRA premium for health care coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and

children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to twelve (12) months following the Termination Date. In addition, the Executive shall be entitled to any vested benefits under the Company's Award Plans and Benefit Plans as of the Termination Date, in accordance with the terms of such plans. In the event of a termination of employment upon the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.

- (c) <u>Life Insurance</u>. Upon the Company's request, the Executive shall cooperate with the Company in obtaining "key man" life insurance on the life of the Executive with death benefits payable to the Company.
- 8. Termination Without Cause; Termination for Good Reason. The Company may terminate the Executive's employment for any reason, or no reason at all, at any time, and the Executive may effect a Termination for Good Reason at any time; provided, that upon a Termination for Good Reason or a Termination Without Cause, except as otherwise provided in Section 9 of this Agreement, the Company shall provide the compensation and benefits set forth in this Section 8. The Executive may effect a Termination for Good Reason notwithstanding any incapacity due to physical or mental illness. In the event of a Termination Without Cause or a Termination for Good Reason, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.
- (a) <u>Base Salary</u>, <u>Bonus</u>, <u>Benefit Plans and Award Plans</u>. The Company shall pay to the Executive, on the Termination Date, a lump sum amount, which is equal to the sum of (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date; plus (ii) the product of (A) one and one-half (1.5) multiplied by (B) the Executive's Base Salary in effect on the Termination Date; plus (iii) the product of (A) one and one-half (1.5) multiplied by (B) the average annual cash bonus paid to the Executive for the two (2) years preceding the year in which the Termination Date occurs; and (iv) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>. The Company shall also pay the Executive any amounts due to the Executive pursuant to the terms of any Award Plans and/or Benefit Plans in which the Executive was a participant, in accordance with the terms of such plans. In addition, provided the Executive properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, the Company shall reimburse the Executive for the cost of COBRA premiums for health care coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to eighteen (18) months following the Termination Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Executive is a Specified Employee and the total of the payments under this <u>Section 8(a)</u> exceeds the limit set forth in Treas. Reg. §1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii)(A) (related to separation pay), then, the amount in excess of such limit shall be delayed for six (6) months following the Termination Date. The delayed amount shall be paid in a lump sum after the end of the six-month delay.
- (b) <u>Options; Restricted Stock</u>. Notwithstanding the terms of any award agreement heretofore or hereafter granted to the Executive under any Award Plan, including, without limitation, the 2007 Plan and the 2010 Plan, or any other agreement granting the Executive Options or Restricted Stock (in each case, an "<u>Award Agreement</u>"), upon a Termination Without Cause or Termination for Good Reason, all Options and Restricted Stock

granted to the Executive which do not constitute deferred compensation for Code Section 409A purposes granted to the Executive shall become fully vested on the Termination Date and immediately prior to the time of termination. The Executive shall have the right to exercise any such Options in a manner provided for in the applicable Award Agreement. For purposes of an Award Agreement, a Termination for Good Reason shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this Section 8(b) and the terms of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the terms of this Section 8(b) shall control and govern.

9. Change of Control.

(a) <u>Accelerated Vesting</u>. Notwithstanding the terms of any Award Agreement heretofore or hereafter granted to the Executive, in the event of a Change of Control, all Options and Restricted Stock granted to the Executive which do not constitute deferred compensation for Code Section 409A purposes shall become fully vested on the date of the Change of Control. The Executive shall have the right to exercise any such Options in a manner provided for in the applicable Award Agreement. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this <u>Section 9(a)</u> and the terms of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the terms of this <u>Section 9(a)</u> shall control and govern.

(b) Change of Control Termination. Notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement to the contrary, in the event of a Change of Control Termination, the Company shall, on the Termination Date, pay the Executive a lump sum amount which is equal to the sum of (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, plus (ii) the product of (A) two (2) multiplied by (B) the Executive's Base Salary in effect as of the Termination Date, plus (iii) the product of (A) two (2) multiplied by (B) the greater of (1) the average annual cash bonus paid to the Executive for the two years preceding the year in which the Termination Date occurs or (2) the Executive's target bonus, if any, for the year in which the Termination Date occurs, plus (iv) the product of (A) twenty-four (24) multiplied by (B) the monthly COBRA premium for health care continuation coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible, plus (v) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date under Section 5. The Company shall also pay the Executive any amounts due to the Executive pursuant to the terms of any Award Plans and/or Benefit Plans in which the Executive was a participant, in accordance with the terms of such plans. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Executive is a Specified Employee and the total of the payments under this Section 9(b) exceeds the limit set forth in Treas. Reg. §1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii)(A) (related to separation pay), then the amount in excess of such limit shall be delayed for six (6) months following the Executive's Termination Date, and such delayed amount shall be paid in a lump sum after the end of the six-month delay. For purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, a Termination for Good Reason that is Change of Control Termination under this Agreement shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive. In the event of a Change of Control Termination, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.

- 10. Termination Upon Expiration. If the Executive shall cease being an employee of the Company on account of a Termination Upon Expiration, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, and (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date under Section 5. In the event of any Termination Upon Expiration, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement. In the event of a Termination Upon Expiration caused by the Company (i.e., the Company gave notice to the Executive of the Company's election to not extend the Term pursuant to Section 3(a)), then (a) for purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the Termination Upon Expiration shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive, and (b) the Executive shall not be subject to the Non-Compete Agreement following the Termination Date. In the event of a Termination Upon Expiration shall constitute a voluntary termination of employment by the Executive's election to not extend the Term pursuant to Section 3(a)), then (x) for purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the Termination Upon Expiration shall constitute a voluntary termination of employment by the Executive, and (y) the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Non-Compete Agreement following the Termination Date.
- 11. Exclusive Remedy. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the payments contemplated by Section 7, Section 8 and Section 9 shall constitute the exclusive and sole remedy for any termination of the Executive's employment due to death or Permanent Disability, any Termination Without Cause or any Termination for Good Reason. The Executive agrees, for himself and any administrator, beneficiary, devisee, executor, heir, legatee or personal representative, (i) to not assert or pursue any remedies, other than an action to enforce the payments due to the Executive (or the Executive's estate) under this Agreement, at law or in equity, with respect to the termination of the Executive's employment under Section 7, Section 8 or Section 9, as applicable, and (ii) to execute a release and waiver on such terms and conditions as the Company may reasonably require as a condition of entitlement to such payments.
- 12. <u>Confidentiality and Noncompetition</u>. The Executive shall enter into the Confidentiality Agreement and Non-Compete Agreement. The Executive's execution of those agreements is a material inducement for the Company to enter into this Agreement. Therefore, this Agreement will be null and void unless the Executive enters into the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.
- 13. Employment Status. The parties acknowledge and agree that the Executive is an employee of the Company, not an independent contractor. Any payments made to the Executive by the Company pursuant to this Agreement shall be treated for federal and state payroll tax purposes as payments made to a Company employee, irrespective whether such payments are made subsequent to the Termination Date.
- 14. <u>Notices</u>. All notices or deliveries authorized or required pursuant to this Agreement shall be deemed to have been given when in writing and personally delivered or when deposited in the U.S. mail, certified, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, addressed to

the parties at the following addresses or to such other addresses as either may designate in writing to the other party:

To the Company: One Commerce Square

Suite 2550

Memphis, TN 38103

Attn: Chief Financial Officer

To the Executive: Oscar L. Thomas

One Commerce Square

Suite 2550

Memphis, TN 38103

15. Entire Agreement. This Agreement contains the entire understanding between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and shall not be modified in any manner except by instrument in writing signed, by or on behalf of, the parties hereto. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, successors and assigns of the parties hereto. In the event of any inconsistencies between the terms of this Agreement and any Award Agreement, the terms of this Agreement shall govern.

- 16. <u>Arbitration</u>. Any controversy concerning or claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement shall be settled by final and binding arbitration in Memphis, Shelby County, Tennessee at a location specified by the party seeking such arbitration.
- (a) <u>The Arbitrators</u>. Any arbitration proceeding shall be conducted by three (3) Arbitrators and the decision of the Arbitrators shall be binding on all parties. Each Arbitrator shall have substantial experience and expert competence in the matters being arbitrated. The party desiring to submit any matter relating to this Agreement to arbitration shall do so by written notice to the other party, which notice shall set forth the items to be arbitrated, such party's choice of an Arbitrator, and such party's substantive position in the arbitration. The party receiving such notice shall, within fifteen (15) days after receipt of such notice, appoint an Arbitrator and notify the other party of its appointment and of its substantive position. The Arbitrators appointed by the parties to the Arbitration shall select an additional Arbitrator meeting the aforedescribed criteria. The Arbitrators shall be required to render a decision in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 16(b) below within thirty (30) days after being notified of their selection. The fees of the Arbitrators shall be equally divided amongst the parties to the arbitration.
- (b) <u>Arbitration Procedures</u>. Arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of the American Arbitration Association, except to the extent the provisions of such are modified by this Agreement or the subsequent mutual agreement of the parties. Judgment upon the award rendered by the Arbitrator(s) may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof. Any party hereto may bring an action, including a summary or expedited proceeding, to compel arbitration of any controversy or claim to which this provision applies in any court having

jurisdiction over such action in Shelby County, Tennessee, and the parties agree that jurisdiction and venue in Shelby County, Tennessee are appropriate and approved by such parties.

- 17. <u>Applicable Law.</u> This Agreement shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Tennessee without giving effect to conflict of laws principles thereof.
- 18. <u>Assignment</u>. The Executive acknowledges that his services are unique and personal. Accordingly, the Executive may not assign his rights or delegate his duties or obligations under this Agreement.
- 19. <u>Headings</u>. Headings in this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not be used to interpret or construe its provisions.
- 20. Successors; Binding Agreement. The Company will require any successor to all or substantially all of the business and/or assets of the Company to expressly assume and agree to perform this Agreement in the same manner and to the same extent that the Company would be required to perform it if no such succession had taken place. Failure of the Company to obtain such assumption and agreement prior to the effectiveness of any such succession shall be a beach of this Agreement and shall entitle Executive to compensation from the Company in the same amount and on the same terms as Executive would be entitled to hereunder upon a Change of Control Termination. The Company's rights and obligations under this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and shall be binding upon the Company's successors and assigns.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement effective as of the date first above written.

SURGIVISION, INC.

By: /s/ Kimble L. Jenkins

Name: Kimble L. Jenkins

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

EXECUTIVE:

/s/ Oscar L. Thomas

Oscar L. Thomas

Exhibit A

SURGIVISION, INC.

NON-DISCLOSURE AND PROPRIETARY RIGHTS AGREEMENT

In consideration and as a condition of my employment (or my continued employment) with SurgiVision, Inc., or any of its current or future subsidiaries, affiliates, successors or assigns (collectively, the "Company"), and in consideration of my receipt of Confidential Information (as defined in Section 2 below) and of the compensation now and hereafter paid to me by the Company, the undersigned (hereinafter referred to as "Employee") hereby acknowledges and agrees to the following:

- 1. <u>Purpose of Agreement</u>. Employee understands that the Company is engaged in a continuous program of research, development, production and marketing in connection with its business and that it is critical for the Company to preserve and protect its Confidential Information (as defined in <u>Section 2</u> below), its rights in Inventions (as defined in <u>Section 7</u> below) and in all related intellectual property rights. Accordingly, Employee is entering into this Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement (this "<u>Agreement</u>") as a condition of his or her employment (or continued employment) with the Company, regardless of whether Employee is expected to create Inventions of value for the Company.
- 2. Non-Disclosure of Confidential Information. At all times during his or her employment with the Company and thereafter, Employee will hold the Confidential Information in strictest confidence and Employee will not disclose, communicate, reproduce, copy, publish, license, distribute, modify, adapt, transmit, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or use any Confidential Information, except (a) as may be necessary for Employee to perform his or her duties as an employee of the Company for the exclusive benefit of the Company or (b) to the extent an officer of the Company expressly authorizes such in writing. Employee will take all appropriate action, whether by instruction, agreement or otherwise, to ensure the protection, confidentiality and security of the Confidential Information and to satisfy Employee's obligations under this Agreement. Employee will notify the Company immediately upon discovery of any loss, misuse, misappropriation or disclosure of Confidential Information or any other breach of this Agreement by Employee, and Employee will cooperate with the Company in every reasonable way to help the Company regain possession of the Confidential Information and prevent its further unauthorized use or disclosure.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "Confidential Information" means, but is not limited to, all information that is possessed by or developed for the Company and which relates to the Company's existing or potential business, which information is not reasonably knowable by the Company's competitors or by the general public through lawful means. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, such Confidential Information also includes, but is not limited to, all Proprietary Rights (as defined in Section 3 below), all Third Party Information (as defined in Section 4 below) and all information regarding the Company's operations, research and development efforts, plans for products or services, methods of doing business, business strategies, customers, suppliers, service providers, manufacturers, business relations, product

prices and costs, markets, marketing plans, budgets and forecasts, financial information and/or Inventions, as well as information regarding the skills, know how and compensation of other employees of the Company. Confidential Information may be expressly designated as confidential or proprietary on its face (whether verbally, in writing or otherwise) or be of such a nature that a reasonable person under the circumstances should understand or believe it to be confidential or proprietary. Confidential Information may be oral, written, recorded magnetically or electronically or otherwise stored, and may be that which Employee originates as well as that which otherwise comes into the possession or knowledge of Employee.

- 3. Recognition of Company's Rights. Employee acknowledges and agrees that all Confidential Information will be the sole property of the Company and that the Company will be the sole owner of all patents, patent applications, design patents or registration, design patent applications, copyrights, mask works, trademarks, trade secrets and all other intellectual property rights throughout the world (collectively, "Proprietary Rights") in connection therewith. Accordingly, Employee hereby assigns and agrees to assign to the Company any rights Employee may have or acquire in any Confidential Information and Proprietary Rights.
- 4. Non-Disclosure of Third Party Information. Employee understands that the Company may from time to time receive from third parties confidential information ("Third Party Information"), subject to a duty on the Company's part to maintain the confidentiality of such information and to use it only for certain limited purposes. At all times during Employee's employment with the Company and thereafter, Employee will hold the Third Party Information in strictest confidence and Employee will not disclose, communicate, reproduce, copy, publish, license, distribute, modify, adapt, transmit, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or use any Third Party Information, except (a) as may be necessary for Employee to perform his or her duties as an employee of the Company for the exclusive benefit of the Company or (b) to the extent an officer of the Company expressly authorizes such in writing. Employee will take all appropriate action, whether by instruction, agreement or otherwise, to ensure the protection, confidentiality and security of the Third Party Information and to satisfy Employee's obligations under this Agreement. Employee will notify the Company immediately upon discovery of any loss, misuse, misappropriation or disclosure of Third Party Information or any other breach of this Agreement by Employee, and Employee will cooperate with the Company in every reasonable way to help the Company prevent its further unauthorized use or disclosure.
- 5 . Return of Information; Inspections. Employee will, at the Company's request and/or upon termination of the employment relationship for any reason, return all originals, copies, reproductions and summaries of any Confidential Information and all other tangible materials and devices provided to Employee as Confidential Information or containing Confidential Information, and/or, at the Company's option, certify destruction of the same. In addition, Employee will, at the Company's request and/or upon termination of the employment relationship for any reason, return all originals, copies, reproductions and summaries of any Third Party Information and all other tangible materials and devices provided to Employee as Third Party Information or containing Third Party Information, and/or, at the Company's option, certify destruction of the same. Upon termination of his or her employment with the Company, Employee will promptly deliver to the Company all property in Employee's possession, custody or control that is owned by the Company. Employee agrees that any property situated on the

Company's premises and owned by the Company, including, but not limited to, computers, disks and other storage media, is subject to inspection by Company personnel at any time without notice.

- 6. <u>No Improper Use of Materials</u>. During his or her employment with the Company, Employee will not improperly use or disclose any Confidential Information or trade secrets, if any, of any former employer or any other person to whom Employee has an obligation of confidentiality, and Employee will not bring onto the premises of the Company any unpublished documents or any property belonging to any former employer or any other person to whom Employee has an obligation of confidentiality unless consented to in writing by that former employer or person.
- 7 . Assignment of Inventions. Employee hereby irrevocably assigns to the Company all right, title and interest of Employee in and to any and all Inventions (and all Proprietary Rights with respect thereto), whether or not patentable, copyrightable or protectable as trade secrets, made, conceived, reduced to practice or created by Employee, either alone or jointly with others, during the period of his or her employment with the Company. Employee acknowledges that all original works of authorship which are made by Employee (alone or jointly with others) within the scope of his or her employment and which are copyrightable are "works made for hire," as that term is defined in the United States Copyright Act. In addition to the foregoing assignment of Inventions (and all Proprietary Rights with respect thereto) to the Company, Employee hereby irrevocably assigns to the Company any and all Moral Rights (as defined below) that Employee may have in or with respect to any Invention, and Employee forever waives and agrees not to assert any and all Moral Rights he or she may have in or with respect to any Invention, even after termination of employment with the Company.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "<u>Inventions</u>" means inventions, discoveries, improvements, designs, techniques, ideas, processes, compositions of matter, formulas, data, software programs, databases, mask works, works of authorship, knowhow and trade secrets.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "Moral Rights" means any right to claim authorship of an Invention, to object to or prevent the modification of any Invention, or to withdraw from circulation or control the publication or distribution of any Invention, and any similar right, existing under judicial or statutory law of any country or under any treaty, regardless of whether such right is denominated or generally referred to as a "moral right."

- 8. <u>Disclosure of Inventions</u>. Employee will promptly disclose to the Company all Inventions that Employee makes, conceives, reduces to practice or creates, either alone or jointly with others, during the period of his or her employment with the Company. In addition, Employee will disclose to the Company all patent applications filed by Employee within three (3) years after termination of employment with the Company.
- 9. <u>Assistance</u>. Employee agrees to assist the Company in every proper way to obtain and, from time to time, enforce United States and foreign Proprietary Rights relating to Inventions assigned hereunder to the Company in any and all countries. To that end, Employee will execute, verify and deliver such documents and perform such other acts (including

appearances as a witness) as the Company may reasonably request for use in applying for, obtaining, perfecting, evidencing, sustaining and enforcing such Proprietary Rights and the assignment thereof. In addition, Employee will execute, verify and deliver assignments of such Proprietary Rights to the Company or its designee. Employee's obligation to assist the Company with respect to Proprietary Rights relating to Inventions in any and all countries will continue beyond the termination of Employee's employment, but the Company agrees to compensate Employee at a reasonable rate after Employee's termination for the time actually spent by Employee at the Company's request on such assistance. Employee hereby irrevocably designates and appoints the Company and its duly authorized officers and agents as Employee's agent and attorney-in-fact to act for and on behalf of Employee (a) to execute, verify and file any document needed in connection with the actions specified in this section and (b) to do all other lawfully permitted acts to further the purposes of this section, in each case with the same legal force and effect as if executed or performed by Employee. Employee hereby waives and quitclaims to the Company any and all claims, of any nature whatsoever, which Employee now or may hereafter have for infringement of any Proprietary Rights assigned hereunder to the Company.

- 10. <u>Prior Inventions</u>. Inventions, if any, which Employee made prior to the commencement of his or her employment with the Company are excluded from the scope of this Agreement. To preclude any possible uncertainty, Employee has set forth on Exhibit A hereto a complete list of all Inventions that Employee, whether alone or jointly with others, has conceived, developed or reduced to practice or caused to be conceived, developed or reduced to practice prior to commencement of his or her employment with the Company, that Employee considers to be his or her property or the property of third parties and that Employee wishes to have expressly excluded from the scope of this Agreement.
- 11. <u>Efforts</u>; <u>Non-Competition</u>. Employee acknowledges that his or her employment with the Company requires his or her full attention and effort during normal business hours, and Employee will give his or her best effort, skill and inventive ability to the business interests of the Company. During the term of his or her employment with the Company, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, participate in the management, operation, financing or control of, or be employed by or consult for or otherwise render services to, any person or entity that competes anywhere in the world with the Company in the conduct of the business of the Company as conducted or as proposed to be conducted (a "<u>Competing Business</u>"), nor will Employee engage in any other activities that conflict with his or her obligations to the Company.
- 12. Non-Solicitation. During the term of his or her employment by the Company and for a period of two (2) years after the date his or her employment with the Company ends for any reason, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, (a) hire, engage or solicit to hire or engage any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company or who was engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company within six months of the proposed solicitation, hire or engagement, (b) otherwise induce or attempt to induce any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company to terminate such engagement or employment, (c) in any way interfere with the relationship between the Company and any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company; (d) contact, solicit, divert, appropriate or call upon with the intent of doing business with (other than for the exclusive benefit of the Company) any customer of the

Company if the purpose of such activity is to solicit such customer or prospective customer for a Competing Business, to encourage such customer to discontinue, reduce or adversely alter the amount of such customer's business with the Company or to otherwise interfere with the Company's relationship with such customer, or (e) in any way interfere with the Company's relationship with any supplier, manufacturer, service provider or other business relation of the Company.

- 13. No Conflicting Obligation. Employee represents and agrees that his or her performance of the provisions of this Agreement does not, and will not, breach any agreement to keep in confidence information acquired by Employee in confidence or in trust prior to his or her employment by the Company. Employee agrees not to enter into any agreement, either written or oral, in conflict herewith.
- 14. <u>Reasonableness of Restrictions</u>. Employee agrees that the restrictions on Employee's activities outlined in this Agreement are reasonable and necessary to protect the Company's legitimate business interests, that the consideration provided by the Company is fair and reasonable, and that given the importance to the Company of its Confidential Information, the post-employment restrictions on Employee's activities are likewise fair and reasonable.
- 15. <u>Injunctive Relief</u>. Employee acknowledges and agrees that failure to adhere to the terms of this Agreement will cause the Company irreparable damage for which monetary damages alone would be inadequate compensation. Therefore, Employee agrees that, in addition to monetary damages, the Company will be entitled to an injunction and other equitable relief, including *ex parte* injunctive relief, in the event of any breach or threatened breach (such threatened breach being determined in the sole judgment of the Company) of the provisions of this Agreement. Employee waives the making of a bond or showing actual damages as a condition for obtaining injunctive relief. Such remedy shall not be deemed the exclusive remedy for the breach of this Agreement by Employee, but will be in addition to all other remedies available to the Company whether at law or in equity. Additionally, if Employee breaches this Agreement, the Company will be entitled to its reasonable attorney's fees and costs associated with enforcing this Agreement. Notwithstanding any judicial determination that any provision of this Agreement is not specifically enforceable, the Company will nonetheless be entitled to recover monetary damages as a result of any breach by Employee.
- 16. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with the internal laws of the state of Tennessee, without giving any effect to that state's conflict of laws principles..
- 17. <u>Employment</u>. Employee acknowledges and agrees that this Agreement does not create an employment contract with the Company for any term, nor does it in any way limit the Company's right to otherwise terminate Employee's employment. Any change or changes in Employee's duties, salary or compensation will not affect the validity or scope of this Agreement.
- 18. <u>Severability</u>. Whenever possible, each provision of this Agreement will be interpreted in a manner to be effective, valid and enforceable. If, however, any provision of this

Agreement is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable under any present or future law, then such provision will be ineffective only to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating or affecting in any manner whatsoever the remainder of such provision or the remaining provisions of this Agreement. Furthermore, there shall be added automatically as a part of this Agreement a provision as similar in terms to such illegal, invalid, or unenforceable provision as may be possible and still have such similar provision be construed and enforced as legal, valid, and enforceable.

- 19. <u>Amendments; Waivers</u>. No modification or amendment to this Agreement, nor any waiver of any rights under this Agreement, will be effective unless in writing signed by the party to be charged. No waiver by the Company of any breach of this Agreement will be a waiver of any preceding or succeeding breach.
- 20. <u>Assignment</u>. The Company may assign its rights under this Agreement. This Agreement, and the duties and obligations of Employee hereunder, may not be assigned or delegated by Employee.
- 21. <u>Survival</u>. The terms of this Agreement, and Employee's duties and obligations hereunder, will survive any termination of Employee's employment with the Company for any reason.
- 22. <u>Headings</u>. Headings in this Agreement are for informational purposes only and will not be used to construe the intent of this Agreement.
- 23. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement and understanding between the Company and Employee concerning the matters addressed herein.
- 24. <u>Further Assurances</u>. Employee will cooperate reasonably with the Company in connection with any steps required to be taken as part of Employee's obligations under this Agreement, and Employee will (a) execute and deliver to the Company such other documents, and (b) do such other acts and things, in each case as the Company may reasonably request for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Agreement.

25. <u>Acknowledgment</u>. Employee acknowledges that he or she has received a copy of this Agreement, which he or she has read and understood, and Employee voluntarily agrees to abide by its terms. Employee authorizes the Company to notify any future employer(s) of Employee of the terms of this Agreement and Employee's obligations hereunder.

/s/ Oscar L. Thomas	June 3, 2010
Employee Signature	Date

Oscar L. Thomas Employee Name

Accepted by:

SurgiVision, Inc.

By: /s/ Kimble L. Jenkins

Name: Kimble L. Jenkins

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit A

The following is a complete list of all inventions or improvements relevant to the subject matter of my employment with the Company that have been made, conceived, first reduced to practice or created by me, alone or jointly with others, prior to my employment with the Company that I desire to remove from the operation of the Company's Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement:

þ	No inventions or improvements		
	See below:		
	Additional sheets attached.		
I propos	se to bring to my employment the following materia	s and documents of a former employer:	
þ	No materials or documents		
	See below:		
	Additional sheets attached.		
/s/ Osca	ar L. Thomas	June 3, 2010	
Employee Signature		Date	
Oscar L	Thomas		
Employ	vee Name		

Exhibit B

SURGIVISION, INC.

NON-COMPETITION AGREEMENT

In consideration and as a condition of my employment (or my continued employment) with SurgiVision, Inc., or any of its current or future subsidiaries, affiliates, successors or assigns (collectively, the "Company"), and in consideration of my receipt of the compensation now and hereafter paid to me by the Company, the undersigned (hereinafter referred to as "Employee") hereby acknowledges and agrees to the following:

- 1. <u>Defined Terms</u>. For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms have the meanings specified or referred to in this <u>Section 1</u>:
- (a) "<u>Conflicting Organization</u>" means any individual or entity that, directly or indirectly, engages in, or is about to become engaged in, Conflicting Research or the development, design, production, manufacture, promotion, marketing, sale, support or service of a Conflicting Product.
- (b) "Conflicting Product" means medical devices, goods, products, product lines or services, and each and every component thereof, developed, designed, produced, manufactured, marketed, promoted, sold, supported or serviced, or that are in development or the subject of research, by anyone other than the Company that are the same or similar to, perform any of the same or similar functions as, may be substituted for, or are intended or used for any of the same purposes as, a Company Product.
- (c) "Conflicting Research" means any research or development of any kind or nature conducted by anyone other than the Company, which is intended for, or may be useful in, any aspect of the development, design, production, manufacture, marketing, promotion, sale, support or service of a Conflicting Product.
- (d) "<u>Company Product</u>" means any medical device, goods, products, product lines or services (i) that during the last one (1) year in which Employee was employed by the Company, Employee, or persons under Employee's management, direction or supervision, performed research regarding, designed, developed, produced, manufactured, marketed, promoted, sold, solicited sales of, supported or serviced on behalf of the Company, or (ii) with respect to which Employee at any time received or otherwise obtained or learned Confidential Information.
- (e) "Restricted Area" means the United States of America or in any other country in which the Company has received or applied for regulatory clearances or approvals for Company Products.
- 2. <u>Efforts; Non-Competition</u>. Employee acknowledges that his or her employment with the Company requires his or her full attention and effort during normal business hours, and Employee will give his or her best effort, skill and inventive ability to the business interests of

the Company. During the term of his or her employment with the Company, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, participate in the management, operation, financing or control of, or be employed by or consult for or otherwise render services to, any individual or entity that competes with the Company in the Restricted Area in the conduct of the business of the Company as conducted or as proposed to be conducted, nor will Employee engage in any other activities that conflict with his or her obligations to the Company.

In addition, for a period of one (1) year after the date his or her employment with the Company ends for any reason, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, participate in the management, operation, financing or control of, or be employed by or consult for or otherwise render services to, any Conflicting Organization in the Restricted Area in connection with or relating to a Conflicting Product or Conflicting Research.

- 3. No Conflicting Obligation. Employee represents and agrees that his or her performance of the provisions of this Agreement does not, and will not, breach any agreement to keep in confidence information acquired by Employee in confidence or in trust prior to his or her employment by the Company. Employee agrees not to enter into any agreement, either written or oral, in conflict herewith.
- 4. <u>Reasonableness of Restrictions</u>. Employee agrees that the restrictions on Employee's activities outlined in this Agreement are reasonable and necessary to protect the Company's legitimate business interests, that the consideration provided by the Company is fair and reasonable, and that the post-employment restrictions on Employee's activities are fair and reasonable.
- 5. <u>Injunctive Relief</u>. Employee acknowledges and agrees that failure to adhere to the terms of this Agreement will cause the Company irreparable damage for which monetary damages alone would be inadequate compensation. Therefore, Employee agrees that in addition to monetary damages, the Company will be entitled to an injunction and other equitable relief, including *ex parte* injunctive relief, in the event of any breach or threatened breach (such threatened breach being determined in the sole judgment of the Company) of the provisions of this Agreement. Employee waives the making of a bond or showing actual damages as a condition for obtaining injunctive relief. Such remedy shall not be deemed the exclusive remedy for the breach of this Agreement by Employee, but will be in addition to all other remedies available at law or in equity to the Company. Additionally, if Employee breaches this Agreement, the Company will be entitled to its reasonable attorney's fees and costs associated with enforcing this Agreement. Notwithstanding any judicial determination that any provision of this Agreement is not specifically enforceable, the Company will nonetheless be entitled to recover monetary damages as a result of any breach by Employee.
- 6. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with the internal laws of the state of Tennessee, without giving any effect to that state's conflict of laws principles.
- 7. <u>Employment</u>. Employee acknowledges and agrees that this Agreement does not create an employment contract with the Company for any term, nor does it in any way limit the

Company's right to otherwise terminate Employee's employment. Any change or changes in Employee's duties, salary or compensation will not affect the validity or scope of this Agreement.

- 8. Severability. Whenever possible, each provision of this Agreement will be interpreted in a manner to be effective, valid and enforceable. If, however, any provision of this Agreement is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable under any present or future law, then such provision will be ineffective only to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating or affecting in any manner whatsoever the remainder of such provision or the remaining provisions of this Agreement. Furthermore, there shall be added automatically as a part of this Agreement a provision as similar in terms to such illegal, invalid, or unenforceable provision as may be possible and still have such similar provision be construed and enforced as legal, valid, and enforceable.
- 9. <u>Amendments</u>; <u>Waivers</u>. No modification or amendment to this Agreement, nor any waiver of any rights under this Agreement, will be effective unless in writing signed by the party to be charged. No waiver by the Company of any breach of this Agreement will be a waiver of any preceding or succeeding breach.
- 10. <u>Assignment</u>. The Company may assign its rights under this Agreement. This Agreement, and the duties and obligations of Employee hereunder, may not be assigned or delegated by Employee.
- 11. <u>Survival</u>. The terms of this Agreement, and Employee's duties and obligations hereunder, will survive any termination of Employee's employment with the Company for any reason.
- 12. <u>Headings</u>. Headings in this Agreement are for informational purposes only and will not be used to construe the intent of this Agreement.
- 13. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement and understanding between the Company and Employee concerning the matters addressed herein.
- 14. <u>Further Assurances</u>. Employee will cooperate reasonably with the Company in connection with any steps required to be taken as part of Employee's obligations under this Agreement, and Employee will (a) execute and deliver to the Company such other documents, and (b) do such other acts and things, in each case as the Company may reasonably request for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Agreement.

15. <u>Acknowledgment</u>. Employee acknowledges that he or she has received a copy of this Agreement, which he or she has read and understood, and Employee voluntarily agrees to abide by its terms. Employee authorizes the Company to notify any future employer(s) of Employee of the terms of this Agreement and Employee's obligations hereunder.

June 3, 2010

Date

7s/ Oscar L. Thomas	
Employee Signature	
Oscar L. Thomas	
Employee Name	
Accepted by:	
SurgiVision, Inc.	
By: /s/ Kimble L. Jenkins	

Name: Kimble L. Jenkins

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

THIS EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT (this "<u>Agreement</u>") is entered into as of this 3 rd day of June, 2010 but shall become effective only upon the consummation of the Company's initial public offering of its common stock (the "<u>Effective Date</u>"), by and between **SURGIVISION**, **INC.**, a Delaware corporation (the "<u>Company</u>"), and **JOHN T. KEANE** (the "<u>Executive</u>").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Company desires to employ the Executive to serve as the Vice President, Sales of the Company;

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive each deem it necessary and desirable to execute a written document setting forth the terms and conditions of said relationship; and

WHEREAS, to the extent this Agreement provides for any "deferred compensation" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "<u>Code</u>"), the Agreement will be administered in compliance with Section 409A of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and mutual obligations hereinafter set forth, the parties agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following definitions:
- "2007 Plan" means the Company's 2007 Stock Incentive Plan.
- "2010 Plan" means the Company's 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan.
- "Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.
- "Arbitrators" means the arbitrators selected to conduct any arbitration proceeding in connection with any disputes arising out of or relating to this Agreement.
 - "Award Agreement" has the meaning set forth in Section 8(b) of this Agreement.
 - "Award Plans" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(b) of this Agreement.
 - "Base Salary" means the annual salary to be paid to the Executive as set forth in Section 4(a) of this Agreement.
 - "Benefit Plans" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(c) of this Agreement.
 - "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Change of Control" means the occurrence with respect to the Company of any of the following events: (i) a change in the ownership of the Company; (ii) a change in the effective control of the Company; or (iii) a change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the Company.

For purposes of this definition, a change in the ownership of the Company occurs on the date on which any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, acquires ownership of stock of the Company that, together with stock held by such person or group, constitutes more than 50% of the total fair market value or total voting power of the stock of the Company. A change in the effective control of the Company occurs on the date on which either (i) a person, or more than one person acting as a group, acquires ownership of stock of the Company possessing 30% or more of the total voting power of the stock of the Company, taking into account all such stock acquired during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition, or (ii) a majority of the members of the Board is replaced during any 12-month period by directors whose appointment or election is not endorsed by a majority of the members of such Board prior to the date of the appointment or election. A change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the Company occurs on the date on which any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, other than a person or group of persons that is related to the Company, acquires assets from the Company that have a total gross fair market value equal to or more than 40% of the total gross fair market value of all of the assets of the Company immediately prior to such acquisition or acquisitions, taking into account all such assets acquired during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition.

The determination as to the occurrence of a Change of Control shall be based on objective facts and in accordance with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code. The Company and the Executive acknowledge and agree that the Company's initial public offering of Company Shares shall not constitute a Change of Control.

"Change of Control Termination" means (i) a Termination Without Cause or (ii) a Termination for Good Reason, in either case within four (4) months prior to, on, or within one (1) year after, a Change of Control.

"Code" has the meaning set forth in the recitals above.

"Company" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"Company Shares" means shares of common stock of the Company or any securities of a successor company which shall have replaced such common stock.

"Compensation Committee" means the compensation committee of the Board.

"Confidentiality Agreement" means that certain Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement between the Company and the Executive in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A.

"Effective Date" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

"Executive" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"<u>Non-Compete Agreement</u>" means that certain Non-Compete Agreement between the Company and the Executive in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit B.

"Option(s)" means (i) any option issued to the Executive pursuant to the 2007 Plan, the 2010 Plan or any other incentive plan adopted by the Company, (ii) other than options described in the preceding clause (i), any option issued to the Executive by the Company to purchase Company Shares, or (iii) any option granted under the plan of any successor company that replaces or assumes the Company's options.

"Permanent Disability" means the Executive: (i) is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve (12) months; or (ii) is, by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve (12) months, receiving income replacement benefits for a period of not less than three (3) months under an accident and health plan covering employees or directors of the Company. Medical determination of Permanent Disability may be made by either the Social Security Administration or by the provider of an accident or health plan covering employees or directors of the Company provided that the definition of "disability" applied under such disability insurance program complies with the requirements of the preceding sentence. Upon the request of the Company, the Executive must submit proof to the Company of the Social Security Administration's or the provider's determination.

"Restricted Stock" means (i) any restricted Company Shares issued to the Executive pursuant to the 2010 Plan or any other incentive plan adopted by the Company, or (ii) any restricted stock granted under the plan of any successor company that replaces or assumes the Company's restricted stock awards.

"Specified Employee" means a key employee (as defined in Section 416(i) of the Code without regard to paragraph 5 thereof) of the Company if any stock of the Company is publicly traded on an established securities market or otherwise.

"Term" has the meaning assigned to it in Section 3(a) of this Agreement.

"Termination Date" means the date on which the employment of the Executive is terminated, which date shall be (i) in the case of the Executive's death, the date of death, (ii) in the case of the Executive's Permanent Disability, thirty (30) days after a Termination Notice is given, provided the Executive does not return to the full-time performance of his duties within such thirty (30) day period, (iii) in the case of a Termination Upon Expiration, the date upon which the Term expires, (iv) in the case of a Termination With Cause, the date specified in the Termination Notice, or (v) in all other instances, the date specified as the Termination Date in the

Termination Notice, which date shall not be less than thirty (30) nor more than sixty (60) days from the date the Termination Notice is given.

"<u>Termination for Good Reason</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company by the Executive based on any of the following circumstances, if, within the six (6) month period preceding the Executive's termination, the Executive notified the Company in writing of such circumstances within ninety (90) days of occurrence and the Company did not remedy such circumstances within thirty (30) days thereafter:

- (i) a material demotion or diminution in the Executive's authority, duties or responsibilities without the Executive's consent;
- (ii) the Company requiring the Executive to be based at any place other than a location within a fifty (50) mile radius of the Executive's work location as of the Effective Date without the Executive's consent, except for reasonably required travel on the Company's business; or
 - (iii) any action or inaction that constitutes a material breach by the Company of this Agreement.

"Termination Notice" means a written notice of termination of employment by the Executive or the Company.

"Termination of Employment" means the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company for reasons other than death or Permanent Disability. Whether a Termination of Employment takes place is determined based on the facts and circumstances surrounding the termination of the Executive's employment and whether the Company and the Executive intended for the Executive to provide significant services for the Company following such termination. A change in the Executive's employment status will not be considered a Termination of Employment if the Executive continues to provide services as an employee of the Company or in any other capacity at an annual rate that is twenty percent (20%) or more of the services rendered, on average, during the immediately preceding three full calendar years of employment (or, if employed less than three years, such lesser period).

"<u>Termination Upon Expiration</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment upon the full expiration of the Term, including the full expiration of any extension thereof, following: (i) the Company's notice to the Executive of the Company's election to not extend the Term; or (ii) the Executive's notice to the Company of the Executive's election to not extend the Term, in each case as provided in <u>Section 3(a)</u> of this Agreement.

"Termination With Cause" means the termination of the Executive's employment by the Company for any of the following reasons: (i) the Executive's gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of the Executive's duties where such gross negligence or willful misconduct has resulted or is likely to result in substantial and material damage to the Company; (ii) the material violation by the Executive of any federal or state law or regulation or the Company's compliance program in the performance of the Executive's duties; (iii) the Executive's breach of the Non-Compete Agreement; (iv) the Executive's material breach of the

Confidentiality Agreement; (v) the Executive's commission of any act of fraud with respect to the Company; (vi) the Executive's conviction of, or the Executive's entry of a guilty plea or plea of nolo contendere with respect to, a felony; or (vii) the Executive's failure to perform duties consistent with this Agreement or the Executive's position or to follow or comply with the reasonable directives of the Board or the Executive's supervisor(s) (to the extent not inconsistent with the terms of this Agreement), provided that (A) the Executive shall have received written notice that specifically identifies the manner in which the Company believes that Executive has engaged in such failure and (B) the Executive shall not have cured such failure within thirty (30) days following receipt of such notice, provided further that such opportunity to cure a failure shall not apply if the Executive has received more than one notice with respect to the same or similar conduct pursuant to this clause (vii) during any twelve (12) consecutive month period.

"<u>Termination Without Cause</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment by the Company for any reason other than (i) Termination With Cause, (ii) termination by the Company due to the Executive's death or Permanent Disability, or (iii) Termination Upon Expiration.

"Voluntary Termination" means the Executive's voluntary termination of his employment hereunder for any reason, other than a Termination for Good Reason. If the Executive gives a Termination Notice of Voluntary Termination and, prior to the Termination Date, the Executive voluntarily refuses or fails to provide substantially all the services described in Section 2 hereof for a period greater than two consecutive weeks, the Voluntary Termination shall be deemed to be effective as of the date on which the Executive so ceases to carry out his duties. Voluntary refusal to perform services shall not include (i) taking vacation otherwise permitted in accordance with Section 4(d) hereof, (ii) the Executive's failure to perform services on account of his illness or the illness of a member of the Executive's immediate family, provided such illness is adequately substantiated at the reasonable request of the Company, or (iii) any other absence from service with the written consent of the Board.

2. Employment; Services. The Company shall employ the Executive, and the Executive agrees to be so employed, in the capacity of the Vice President, Sales of the Company to serve for the Term hereof, subject to earlier termination as hereinafter provided. The Executive shall assume and discharge such duties and responsibilities as are commensurate with the Executive's position. The Executive shall be a full-time employee of the Company and shall exert his best efforts and devote substantially all of his business time and attention to the Company's affairs and the performance of his duties hereunder.

3. Term; Termination.

(a) The term of the Executive's employment under this Agreement (the "<u>Term</u>") shall be one (1) year and shall commence as of the Effective Date. On the first anniversary of the Effective Date and each successive anniversary of the Effective Date, the Term shall be extended for an additional one (1) year period, unless one party gives notice to the other of such party's election to not extend the Term, which notice must be given no later than ninety (90) days prior to the end of the then-current Term. Notwithstanding the foregoing,

employment during the Term shall be subject to earlier termination in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

(b) Any purported termination of employment by the Executive or the Company, other than by reason of the Executive's death, shall be communicated by a Termination Notice. The Termination Notice shall indicate the specific termination provision in this Agreement relied upon and set forth the facts and circumstances claimed to provide a basis for termination.

4. Compensation.

- (a) <u>Base Salary</u>. During the Term, the Company shall pay the Executive for his services a "<u>Base Salary</u>" of Two Hundred Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$220,000) per year, to be paid in accordance with customary Company policies. The Base Salary shall be subject to increase or decrease according to policies and practices adopted by the Compensation Committee or the Board, as the case may be; provided, however, that in no event (i) shall the Base Salary for any year be decreased by more than ten percent (10%) from the immediately preceding year's Base Salary, and (ii) shall the Base Salary be less than Two Hundred Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$220,000).
- (b) <u>Performance Bonus</u>; <u>Award Plans</u>. The Executive shall be eligible to receive up to One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000) in bonus compensation each calendar year (prorated for any partial year), payable in quarterly installments (subject to applicable withholdings and taxes), based on the Executive's achievement of performance objectives and targets reasonably established between the Company and the Executive. During the Term, the Executive shall also be eligible for additional compensation in the form of shares of stock in the Company, Restricted Stock and/or Options, according to the policies and practices adopted by the Compensation Committee or the Board, as the case may be, and the Executive shall be eligible to participate in the 2010 Plan and any other stock option, incentive compensation, profit participation, bonus or extra compensation plan that is adopted by the Company and in which the Company's executive officers generally participate (collectively, "Award Plans").
- (c) <u>Benefit Plans</u>. During the Term, the Executive shall be entitled to participate in, and to all rights and benefits provided by, the health, life, medical, dental, disability, insurance and welfare plans that are maintained from time to time by the Company for the benefit of the Executive, the executives of the Company generally or for the Company's employees generally, provided that the Executive is eligible to participate in such plan under the eligibility provisions thereof that are generally applicable to the participants thereof (collectively, "<u>Benefit Plans</u>").
- (d) <u>Vacation</u>. The Executive shall be entitled each year to vacation time, during which time his compensation shall be paid in full. The time allotted for such vacation shall be three (3) weeks, to be taken at such time or times as shall be mutually convenient and consistent with his duties and obligations to the Company. Vacation accrues based on the Executive's anniversary date. Any unused vacation shall not be carried into subsequent years.

- (e) <u>Overall Qualification</u>. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as preventing the Company from modifying, suspending, discontinuing or terminating any of the Benefit Plans or Award Plans without notice or liability to the Executive so long as (i) the modification, suspension, discontinuation or termination of any such plan is authorized by and performed in accordance with the specific provisions of such plan and (ii) such modification, suspension, discontinuation or termination is taken generally with respect to all similarly situated employees of the Company and does not single out or discriminate against the Executive.
- 5. <u>Expenses</u>. The Company recognizes that the Executive will have to incur certain out-of-pocket expenses, including but not limited to travel expenses, related to his services and the Company's business and the Company agrees to reimburse the Executive for all reasonable expenses necessarily incurred by him in the performance of his duties upon presentation of documentation indicating the amount and business purposes of any such expenses; provided, that the Executive complies with the Company's policies and procedures regarding business expenses.
- 6. <u>Voluntary Termination</u>; <u>Termination With Cause</u>. If the Executive shall cease being an employee of the Company on account of the Executive's Voluntary Termination or a Termination With Cause, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, and (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>. In the event of a Voluntary Termination or a Termination With Cause, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.

7. Termination Upon Death or Permanent Disability.

- (a) <u>Death</u>. The Executive's employment with the Company shall terminate automatically upon the Executive's death. Upon termination of employment due to the Executive's death, the Executive's estate shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>, plus (iii) provided the Executive's heir(s) properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, reimbursement of the COBRA premium for health care coverage for the Executive's surviving spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to twelve (12) months following the Termination Date. In addition, the Executive's estate shall be entitled to any vested benefits under the Company's Award Plans and Benefit Plans as of the Termination Date, in accordance with the terms of such plans.
- (b) <u>Permanent Disability</u>. In the event of the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Company may terminate the Executive's employment with the Company if the Executive does not return to the full-time performance of his duties within thirty (30) days after a Termination Notice is given. Upon termination of employment due to the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus

compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to Section 5, and (iii) provided the Executive properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, reimbursement of the COBRA premium for health care coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to twelve (12) months following the Termination Date. In addition, the Executive shall be entitled to any vested benefits under the Company's Award Plans and Benefit Plans as of the Termination Date, in accordance with the terms of such plans. In the event of a termination of employment upon the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.

- (c) <u>Life Insurance</u>. Upon the Company's request, the Executive shall cooperate with the Company in obtaining "key man" life insurance on the life of the Executive with death benefits payable to the Company.
- 8. Termination Without Cause; Termination for Good Reason. The Company may terminate the Executive's employment for any reason, or no reason at all, at any time, and the Executive may effect a Termination for Good Reason at any time; provided, that upon a Termination for Good Reason or a Termination Without Cause, except as otherwise provided in Section 9 of this Agreement, the Company shall provide the compensation and benefits set forth in this Section 8. The Executive may effect a Termination for Good Reason notwithstanding any incapacity due to physical or mental illness. In the event of a Termination Without Cause or a Termination for Good Reason, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.
- (a) <u>Base Salary</u>, <u>Bonus</u>, <u>Benefit Plans and Award Plans</u>. The Company shall pay to the Executive, on the Termination Date, a lump sum amount, which is equal to the sum of (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date; plus (ii) the Executive's Base Salary in effect on the Termination Date; plus (iii) the average annual cash bonus paid to the Executive for the two (2) years preceding the year in which the Termination Date occurs; and (iv) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>. The Company shall also pay the Executive any amounts due to the Executive pursuant to the terms of any Award Plans and/or Benefit Plans in which the Executive was a participant, in accordance with the terms of such plans. In addition, provided the Executive properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, the Company shall reimburse the Executive for the cost of COBRA premiums for health care coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to twelve (12) months following the Termination Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Executive is a Specified Employee and the total of the payments under this <u>Section 8(a)</u> exceeds the limit set forth in Treas. Reg. §1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii)(A) (related to separation pay), then, the amount in excess of such limit shall be delayed for six (6) months following the Termination Date. The delayed amount shall be paid in a lump sum after the end of the six-month delay.
- (b) Options; Restricted Stock. Notwithstanding the terms of any award agreement heretofore or hereafter granted to the Executive under any Award Plan, including,

without limitation, the 2007 Plan and the 2010 Plan, or any other agreement granting the Executive Options or Restricted Stock (in each case, an "Award Agreement"), upon a Termination Without Cause or Termination for Good Reason, all Options and Restricted Stock granted to the Executive which do not constitute deferred compensation for Code Section 409A purposes granted to the Executive shall become fully vested on the Termination Date and immediately prior to the time of termination. The Executive shall have the right to exercise any such Options in a manner provided for in the applicable Award Agreement. For purposes of an Award Agreement, a Termination for Good Reason shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this Section 8(b) and the terms of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the terms of this Section 8(b) shall control and govern.

9. Change of Control.

(a) <u>Accelerated Vesting</u>. Notwithstanding the terms of any Award Agreement heretofore or hereafter granted to the Executive, in the event of a Change of Control, all Options and Restricted Stock granted to the Executive which do not constitute deferred compensation for Code Section 409A purposes shall become fully vested on the date of the Change of Control. The Executive shall have the right to exercise any such Options in a manner provided for in the applicable Award Agreement. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this <u>Section 9(a)</u> and the terms of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the terms of this <u>Section 9(a)</u> shall control and govern.

(b) Change of Control Termination. Notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement to the contrary, in the event of a Change of Control Termination, the Company shall, on the Termination Date, pay the Executive a lump sum amount which is equal to the sum of (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, plus (ii) the Executive's Base Salary in effect as of the Termination Date, plus (iii) the greater of (A) the average annual cash bonus paid to the Executive for the two years preceding the year in which the Termination Date occurs or (B) the Executive's target bonus, if any, for the year in which the Termination Date occurs, plus (iv) the product of (A) twelve (12) multiplied by (B) the monthly COBRA premium for health care continuation coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible, plus (v) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date under Section 5. The Company shall also pay the Executive any amounts due to the Executive pursuant to the terms of any Award Plans and/or Benefit Plans in which the Executive was a participant, in accordance with the terms of such plans. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Executive is a Specified Employee and the total of the payments under this Section 9(b) exceeds the limit set forth in Treas. Reg. §1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii)(A) (related to separation pay), then the amount in excess of such limit shall be delayed for six (6) months following the Executive's Termination Date, and such delayed amount shall be paid in a lump sum after the end of the six-month delay. For purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, a Termination for Good Reason that is Change of Control Termination under this Agreement shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive. In the event of a Change of Control Termination, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.

- 10. Termination Upon Expiration. If the Executive shall cease being an employee of the Company on account of a Termination Upon Expiration, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, and (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date under Section 5. In the event of any Termination Upon Expiration, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement. In the event of a Termination Upon Expiration caused by the Company (i.e., the Company gave notice to the Executive of the Company's election to not extend the Term pursuant to Section 3(a)), then (a) for purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the Termination Upon Expiration shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive, and (b) the Executive shall not be subject to the Non-Compete Agreement following the Termination Date. In the event of a Termination Upon Expiration shall constitute a voluntary termination of employment by the Executive's election to not extend the Term pursuant to Section 3(a)), then (x) for purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the Termination Upon Expiration shall constitute a voluntary termination of employment by the Executive, and (y) the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Non-Compete Agreement following the Termination Date.
- 11. Exclusive Remedy. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the payments contemplated by Section 7, Section 8 and Section 9 shall constitute the exclusive and sole remedy for any termination of the Executive's employment due to death or Permanent Disability, any Termination Without Cause or any Termination for Good Reason. The Executive agrees, for himself and any administrator, beneficiary, devisee, executor, heir, legatee or personal representative, (i) to not assert or pursue any remedies, other than an action to enforce the payments due to the Executive (or the Executive's estate) under this Agreement, at law or in equity, with respect to the termination of the Executive's employment under Section 7, Section 8 or Section 9, as applicable, and (ii) to execute a release and waiver on such terms and conditions as the Company may reasonably require as a condition of entitlement to such payments.
- 12. <u>Confidentiality and Noncompetition</u>. The Executive shall enter into the Confidentiality Agreement and Non-Compete Agreement. The Executive's execution of those agreements is a material inducement for the Company to enter into this Agreement. Therefore, this Agreement will be null and void unless the Executive enters into the Confidentiality Agreement and the Non-Compete Agreement.
- 13. Employment Status. The parties acknowledge and agree that the Executive is an employee of the Company, not an independent contractor. Any payments made to the Executive by the Company pursuant to this Agreement shall be treated for federal and state payroll tax purposes as payments made to a Company employee, irrespective whether such payments are made subsequent to the Termination Date.
- 14. <u>Notices</u>. All notices or deliveries authorized or required pursuant to this Agreement shall be deemed to have been given when in writing and personally delivered or when deposited in the U.S. mail, certified, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, addressed to

the parties at the following addresses or to such other addresses as either may designate in writing to the other party:

To the Company: One Commerce Square

Suite 2550

Memphis, TN 38103

Attn: Chief Financial Officer

To the Executive: John T. Keane

40 Hayden Woods Wrentham, MA 02093

- 15. Entire Agreement. This Agreement contains the entire understanding between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and shall not be modified in any manner except by instrument in writing signed, by or on behalf of, the parties hereto. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, successors and assigns of the parties hereto. In the event of any inconsistencies between the terms of this Agreement and any Award Agreement, the terms of this Agreement shall govern.
- 16. <u>Arbitration</u>. Any controversy concerning or claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement shall be settled by final and binding arbitration in Memphis, Shelby County, Tennessee at a location specified by the party seeking such arbitration.
- (a) <u>The Arbitrators</u>. Any arbitration proceeding shall be conducted by three (3) Arbitrators and the decision of the Arbitrators shall be binding on all parties. Each Arbitrator shall have substantial experience and expert competence in the matters being arbitrated. The party desiring to submit any matter relating to this Agreement to arbitration shall do so by written notice to the other party, which notice shall set forth the items to be arbitrated, such party's choice of an Arbitrator, and such party's substantive position in the arbitration. The party receiving such notice shall, within fifteen (15) days after receipt of such notice, appoint an Arbitrator and notify the other party of its appointment and of its substantive position. The Arbitrators appointed by the parties to the Arbitration shall select an additional Arbitrator meeting the aforedescribed criteria. The Arbitrators shall be required to render a decision in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 16(b) below within thirty (30) days after being notified of their selection. The fees of the Arbitrators shall be equally divided amongst the parties to the arbitration.
- (b) <u>Arbitration Procedures</u>. Arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of the American Arbitration Association, except to the extent the provisions of such are modified by this Agreement or the subsequent mutual agreement of the parties. Judgment upon the award rendered by the Arbitrator(s) may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof. Any party hereto may bring an action, including a summary or expedited proceeding, to compel arbitration of any controversy or claim to which this provision applies in any court having

jurisdiction over such action in Shelby County, Tennessee, and the parties agree that jurisdiction and venue in Shelby County, Tennessee are appropriate and approved by such parties.

- 17. <u>Applicable Law</u>. This Agreement shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Tennessee without giving effect to conflict of laws principles thereof.
- 18. <u>Assignment</u>. The Executive acknowledges that his services are unique and personal. Accordingly, the Executive may not assign his rights or delegate his duties or obligations under this Agreement.
- 19. <u>Headings</u>. Headings in this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not be used to interpret or construe its provisions.
- 20. Successors; Binding Agreement. The Company will require any successor to all or substantially all of the business and/or assets of the Company to expressly assume and agree to perform this Agreement in the same manner and to the same extent that the Company would be required to perform it if no such succession had taken place. Failure of the Company to obtain such assumption and agreement prior to the effectiveness of any such succession shall be a beach of this Agreement and shall entitle Executive to compensation from the Company in the same amount and on the same terms as Executive would be entitled to hereunder upon a Change of Control Termination. The Company's rights and obligations under this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and shall be binding upon the Company's successors and assigns.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement effective as of the date first above written.

SURGIVISION, INC.

By: /s/ Kimble L. Jenkins

Name: Kimble L. Jenkins

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

EXECUTIVE:

/s/ John T. Keane

John T. Keane

Exhibit A

SURGIVISION, INC.

NON-DISCLOSURE AND PROPRIETARY RIGHTS AGREEMENT

In consideration and as a condition of my employment (or my continued employment) with SurgiVision, Inc., or any of its current or future subsidiaries, affiliates, successors or assigns (collectively, the "Company"), and in consideration of my receipt of Confidential Information (as defined in Section 2 below) and of the compensation now and hereafter paid to me by the Company, the undersigned (hereinafter referred to as "Employee") hereby acknowledges and agrees to the following:

- 1. <u>Purpose of Agreement</u>. Employee understands that the Company is engaged in a continuous program of research, development, production and marketing in connection with its business and that it is critical for the Company to preserve and protect its Confidential Information (as defined in <u>Section 2</u> below), its rights in Inventions (as defined in <u>Section 7</u> below) and in all related intellectual property rights. Accordingly, Employee is entering into this Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement (this "<u>Agreement</u>") as a condition of his or her employment (or continued employment) with the Company, regardless of whether Employee is expected to create Inventions of value for the Company.
- 2. Non-Disclosure of Confidential Information. At all times during his or her employment with the Company and thereafter, Employee will hold the Confidential Information in strictest confidence and Employee will not disclose, communicate, reproduce, copy, publish, license, distribute, modify, adapt, transmit, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or use any Confidential Information, except (a) as may be necessary for Employee to perform his or her duties as an employee of the Company for the exclusive benefit of the Company or (b) to the extent an officer of the Company expressly authorizes such in writing. Employee will take all appropriate action, whether by instruction, agreement or otherwise, to ensure the protection, confidentiality and security of the Confidential Information and to satisfy Employee's obligations under this Agreement. Employee will notify the Company immediately upon discovery of any loss, misuse, misappropriation or disclosure of Confidential Information or any other breach of this Agreement by Employee, and Employee will cooperate with the Company in every reasonable way to help the Company regain possession of the Confidential Information and prevent its further unauthorized use or disclosure.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "Confidential Information" means, but is not limited to, all information that is possessed by or developed for the Company and which relates to the Company's existing or potential business, which information is not reasonably knowable by the Company's competitors or by the general public through lawful means. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, such Confidential Information also includes, but is not limited to, all Proprietary Rights (as defined in Section 3 below), all Third Party Information (as defined in Section 4 below) and all information regarding the Company's operations, research and development efforts, plans for products or services, methods of doing business, business strategies, customers, suppliers, service providers, manufacturers, business relations, product

prices and costs, markets, marketing plans, budgets and forecasts, financial information and/or Inventions, as well as information regarding the skills, know how and compensation of other employees of the Company. Confidential Information may be expressly designated as confidential or proprietary on its face (whether verbally, in writing or otherwise) or be of such a nature that a reasonable person under the circumstances should understand or believe it to be confidential or proprietary. Confidential Information may be oral, written, recorded magnetically or electronically or otherwise stored, and may be that which Employee originates as well as that which otherwise comes into the possession or knowledge of Employee.

- 3. Recognition of Company's Rights. Employee acknowledges and agrees that all Confidential Information will be the sole property of the Company and that the Company will be the sole owner of all patents, patent applications, design patents or registration, design patent applications, copyrights, mask works, trademarks, trade secrets and all other intellectual property rights throughout the world (collectively, "Proprietary Rights") in connection therewith. Accordingly, Employee hereby assigns and agrees to assign to the Company any rights Employee may have or acquire in any Confidential Information and Proprietary Rights.
- 4. Non-Disclosure of Third Party Information. Employee understands that the Company may from time to time receive from third parties confidential information ("Third Party Information"), subject to a duty on the Company's part to maintain the confidentiality of such information and to use it only for certain limited purposes. At all times during Employee's employment with the Company and thereafter, Employee will hold the Third Party Information in strictest confidence and Employee will not disclose, communicate, reproduce, copy, publish, license, distribute, modify, adapt, transmit, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or use any Third Party Information, except (a) as may be necessary for Employee to perform his or her duties as an employee of the Company for the exclusive benefit of the Company or (b) to the extent an officer of the Company expressly authorizes such in writing. Employee will take all appropriate action, whether by instruction, agreement or otherwise, to ensure the protection, confidentiality and security of the Third Party Information and to satisfy Employee's obligations under this Agreement. Employee will notify the Company immediately upon discovery of any loss, misuse, misappropriation or disclosure of Third Party Information or any other breach of this Agreement by Employee, and Employee will cooperate with the Company in every reasonable way to help the Company prevent its further unauthorized use or disclosure.
- 5 . Return of Information; Inspections. Employee will, at the Company's request and/or upon termination of the employment relationship for any reason, return all originals, copies, reproductions and summaries of any Confidential Information and all other tangible materials and devices provided to Employee as Confidential Information or containing Confidential Information, and/or, at the Company's option, certify destruction of the same. In addition, Employee will, at the Company's request and/or upon termination of the employment relationship for any reason, return all originals, copies, reproductions and summaries of any Third Party Information and all other tangible materials and devices provided to Employee as Third Party Information or containing Third Party Information, and/or, at the Company's option, certify destruction of the same. Upon termination of his or her employment with the Company, Employee will promptly deliver to the Company all property in Employee's possession, custody or control that is owned by the Company. Employee agrees that any property situated on the

Company's premises and owned by the Company, including, but not limited to, computers, disks and other storage media, is subject to inspection by Company personnel at any time without notice.

- 6. <u>No Improper Use of Materials</u>. During his or her employment with the Company, Employee will not improperly use or disclose any Confidential Information or trade secrets, if any, of any former employer or any other person to whom Employee has an obligation of confidentiality, and Employee will not bring onto the premises of the Company any unpublished documents or any property belonging to any former employer or any other person to whom Employee has an obligation of confidentiality unless consented to in writing by that former employer or person.
- 7 . Assignment of Inventions. Employee hereby irrevocably assigns to the Company all right, title and interest of Employee in and to any and all Inventions (and all Proprietary Rights with respect thereto), whether or not patentable, copyrightable or protectable as trade secrets, made, conceived, reduced to practice or created by Employee, either alone or jointly with others, during the period of his or her employment with the Company. Employee acknowledges that all original works of authorship which are made by Employee (alone or jointly with others) within the scope of his or her employment and which are copyrightable are "works made for hire," as that term is defined in the United States Copyright Act. In addition to the foregoing assignment of Inventions (and all Proprietary Rights with respect thereto) to the Company, Employee hereby irrevocably assigns to the Company any and all Moral Rights (as defined below) that Employee may have in or with respect to any Invention, and Employee forever waives and agrees not to assert any and all Moral Rights he or she may have in or with respect to any Invention, even after termination of employment with the Company.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "<u>Inventions</u>" means inventions, discoveries, improvements, designs, techniques, ideas, processes, compositions of matter, formulas, data, software programs, databases, mask works, works of authorship, knowhow and trade secrets.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "Moral Rights" means any right to claim authorship of an Invention, to object to or prevent the modification of any Invention, or to withdraw from circulation or control the publication or distribution of any Invention, and any similar right, existing under judicial or statutory law of any country or under any treaty, regardless of whether such right is denominated or generally referred to as a "moral right."

- 8. <u>Disclosure of Inventions</u>. Employee will promptly disclose to the Company all Inventions that Employee makes, conceives, reduces to practice or creates, either alone or jointly with others, during the period of his or her employment with the Company. In addition, Employee will disclose to the Company all patent applications filed by Employee within three (3) years after termination of employment with the Company.
- 9. <u>Assistance</u>. Employee agrees to assist the Company in every proper way to obtain and, from time to time, enforce United States and foreign Proprietary Rights relating to Inventions assigned hereunder to the Company in any and all countries. To that end, Employee will execute, verify and deliver such documents and perform such other acts (including

appearances as a witness) as the Company may reasonably request for use in applying for, obtaining, perfecting, evidencing, sustaining and enforcing such Proprietary Rights and the assignment thereof. In addition, Employee will execute, verify and deliver assignments of such Proprietary Rights to the Company or its designee. Employee's obligation to assist the Company with respect to Proprietary Rights relating to Inventions in any and all countries will continue beyond the termination of Employee's employment, but the Company agrees to compensate Employee at a reasonable rate after Employee's termination for the time actually spent by Employee at the Company's request on such assistance. Employee hereby irrevocably designates and appoints the Company and its duly authorized officers and agents as Employee's agent and attorney-in-fact to act for and on behalf of Employee (a) to execute, verify and file any document needed in connection with the actions specified in this section and (b) to do all other lawfully permitted acts to further the purposes of this section, in each case with the same legal force and effect as if executed or performed by Employee. Employee hereby waives and quitclaims to the Company any and all claims, of any nature whatsoever, which Employee now or may hereafter have for infringement of any Proprietary Rights assigned hereunder to the Company.

- 10. <u>Prior Inventions</u>. Inventions, if any, which Employee made prior to the commencement of his or her employment with the Company are excluded from the scope of this Agreement. To preclude any possible uncertainty, Employee has set forth on Exhibit A hereto a complete list of all Inventions that Employee, whether alone or jointly with others, has conceived, developed or reduced to practice or caused to be conceived, developed or reduced to practice prior to commencement of his or her employment with the Company, that Employee considers to be his or her property or the property of third parties and that Employee wishes to have expressly excluded from the scope of this Agreement.
- 11. <u>Efforts</u>; <u>Non-Competition</u>. Employee acknowledges that his or her employment with the Company requires his or her full attention and effort during normal business hours, and Employee will give his or her best effort, skill and inventive ability to the business interests of the Company. During the term of his or her employment with the Company, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, participate in the management, operation, financing or control of, or be employed by or consult for or otherwise render services to, any person or entity that competes anywhere in the world with the Company in the conduct of the business of the Company as conducted or as proposed to be conducted (a "<u>Competing Business</u>"), nor will Employee engage in any other activities that conflict with his or her obligations to the Company.
- 12. Non-Solicitation. During the term of his or her employment by the Company and for a period of two (2) years after the date his or her employment with the Company ends for any reason, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, (a) hire, engage or solicit to hire or engage any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company or who was engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company within six months of the proposed solicitation, hire or engagement, (b) otherwise induce or attempt to induce any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company to terminate such engagement or employment, (c) in any way interfere with the relationship between the Company and any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company; (d) contact, solicit, divert, appropriate or call upon with the intent of doing business with (other than for the exclusive benefit of the Company) any customer of the

Company if the purpose of such activity is to solicit such customer or prospective customer for a Competing Business, to encourage such customer to discontinue, reduce or adversely alter the amount of such customer's business with the Company or to otherwise interfere with the Company's relationship with such customer, or (e) in any way interfere with the Company's relationship with any supplier, manufacturer, service provider or other business relation of the Company.

- 13. No Conflicting Obligation. Employee represents and agrees that his or her performance of the provisions of this Agreement does not, and will not, breach any agreement to keep in confidence information acquired by Employee in confidence or in trust prior to his or her employment by the Company. Employee agrees not to enter into any agreement, either written or oral, in conflict herewith.
- 14. <u>Reasonableness of Restrictions</u>. Employee agrees that the restrictions on Employee's activities outlined in this Agreement are reasonable and necessary to protect the Company's legitimate business interests, that the consideration provided by the Company is fair and reasonable, and that given the importance to the Company of its Confidential Information, the post-employment restrictions on Employee's activities are likewise fair and reasonable.
- 15. <u>Injunctive Relief</u>. Employee acknowledges and agrees that failure to adhere to the terms of this Agreement will cause the Company irreparable damage for which monetary damages alone would be inadequate compensation. Therefore, Employee agrees that, in addition to monetary damages, the Company will be entitled to an injunction and other equitable relief, including *ex parte* injunctive relief, in the event of any breach or threatened breach (such threatened breach being determined in the sole judgment of the Company) of the provisions of this Agreement. Employee waives the making of a bond or showing actual damages as a condition for obtaining injunctive relief. Such remedy shall not be deemed the exclusive remedy for the breach of this Agreement by Employee, but will be in addition to all other remedies available to the Company whether at law or in equity. Additionally, if Employee breaches this Agreement, the Company will be entitled to its reasonable attorney's fees and costs associated with enforcing this Agreement. Notwithstanding any judicial determination that any provision of this Agreement is not specifically enforceable, the Company will nonetheless be entitled to recover monetary damages as a result of any breach by Employee.
- 16. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with the internal laws of the state of Tennessee, without giving any effect to that state's conflict of laws principles..
- 17. Employee acknowledges and agrees that this Agreement does not create an employment contract with the Company for any term, nor does it in any way limit the Company's right to otherwise terminate Employee's employment. Any change or changes in Employee's duties, salary or compensation will not affect the validity or scope of this Agreement.
- 18. <u>Severability</u>. Whenever possible, each provision of this Agreement will be interpreted in a manner to be effective, valid and enforceable. If, however, any provision of this

Agreement is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable under any present or future law, then such provision will be ineffective only to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating or affecting in any manner whatsoever the remainder of such provision or the remaining provisions of this Agreement. Furthermore, there shall be added automatically as a part of this Agreement a provision as similar in terms to such illegal, invalid, or unenforceable provision as may be possible and still have such similar provision be construed and enforced as legal, valid, and enforceable.

- 19. <u>Amendments; Waivers</u>. No modification or amendment to this Agreement, nor any waiver of any rights under this Agreement, will be effective unless in writing signed by the party to be charged. No waiver by the Company of any breach of this Agreement will be a waiver of any preceding or succeeding breach.
- 20. <u>Assignment</u>. The Company may assign its rights under this Agreement. This Agreement, and the duties and obligations of Employee hereunder, may not be assigned or delegated by Employee.
- 21. <u>Survival</u>. The terms of this Agreement, and Employee's duties and obligations hereunder, will survive any termination of Employee's employment with the Company for any reason.
- 22. <u>Headings</u>. Headings in this Agreement are for informational purposes only and will not be used to construe the intent of this Agreement.
- 23. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement and understanding between the Company and Employee concerning the matters addressed herein.
- 24. <u>Further Assurances</u>. Employee will cooperate reasonably with the Company in connection with any steps required to be taken as part of Employee's obligations under this Agreement, and Employee will (a) execute and deliver to the Company such other documents, and (b) do such other acts and things, in each case as the Company may reasonably request for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Agreement.

25. <u>Acknowledgment</u>. Employee acknowledges that he or she has received a copy of this Agreement, which he or she has read and understood, and Employee voluntarily agrees to abide by its terms. Employee authorizes the Company to notify any future employer(s) of Employee of the terms of this Agreement and Employee's obligations hereunder.

/s/ John T. Keane		
Employee Signature		
John T. Keane Employee Name		
Accepted by:		
SurgiVision, Inc.		

Name: Kimble L. Jenkins

By:

/s/ Kimble L. Jenkins

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit A

The following is a complete list of all inventions or improvements relevant to the subject matter of my employment with the Company that have been made, conceived, first reduced to practice or created by me, alone or jointly with others, prior to my employment with the Company that I desire to remove from the operation of the Company's Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement:

þ	No inventions or improvements		
	See below:		
	Additional sheets attached.		
I propos	se to bring to my employment the following mate	rials and documents of a former employer:	
þ	No materials or documents		
	See below:		
	Additional sheets attached.		
/s/ John	T. Keane	June 3, 2010	
Employee Signature		Date	
John T.	Keane	<u></u>	
Employ	vee Name		

Exhibit B

SURGIVISION, INC.

NON-COMPETITION AGREEMENT

In consideration and as a condition of my employment (or my continued employment) with SurgiVision, Inc., or any of its current or future subsidiaries, affiliates, successors or assigns (collectively, the "Company"), and in consideration of my receipt of the compensation now and hereafter paid to me by the Company, the undersigned (hereinafter referred to as "Employee") hereby acknowledges and agrees to the following:

- 1. <u>Defined Terms</u>. For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms have the meanings specified or referred to in this <u>Section 1</u>:
- (a) "<u>Conflicting Organization</u>" means any individual or entity that, directly or indirectly, engages in, or is about to become engaged in, Conflicting Research or the development, design, production, manufacture, promotion, marketing, sale, support or service of a Conflicting Product.
- (b) "Conflicting Product" means medical devices, goods, products, product lines or services, and each and every component thereof, developed, designed, produced, manufactured, marketed, promoted, sold, supported or serviced, or that are in development or the subject of research, by anyone other than the Company that are the same or similar to, perform any of the same or similar functions as, may be substituted for, or are intended or used for any of the same purposes as, a Company Product.
- (c) "Conflicting Research" means any research or development of any kind or nature conducted by anyone other than the Company, which is intended for, or may be useful in, any aspect of the development, design, production, manufacture, marketing, promotion, sale, support or service of a Conflicting Product.
- (d) "<u>Company Product</u>" means any medical device, goods, products, product lines or services (i) that during the last one (1) year in which Employee was employed by the Company, Employee, or persons under Employee's management, direction or supervision, performed research regarding, designed, developed, produced, manufactured, marketed, promoted, sold, solicited sales of, supported or serviced on behalf of the Company, or (ii) with respect to which Employee at any time received or otherwise obtained or learned Confidential Information.
- (e) "Restricted Area" means the United States of America or in any other country in which the Company has received or applied for regulatory clearances or approvals for Company Products.
- 2. <u>Efforts; Non-Competition</u>. Employee acknowledges that his or her employment with the Company requires his or her full attention and effort during normal business hours, and Employee will give his or her best effort, skill and inventive ability to the business interests of

the Company. During the term of his or her employment with the Company, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, participate in the management, operation, financing or control of, or be employed by or consult for or otherwise render services to, any individual or entity that competes with the Company in the Restricted Area in the conduct of the business of the Company as conducted or as proposed to be conducted, nor will Employee engage in any other activities that conflict with his or her obligations to the Company.

In addition, for a period of one (1) year after the date his or her employment with the Company ends for any reason, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, participate in the management, operation, financing or control of, or be employed by or consult for or otherwise render services to, any Conflicting Organization in the Restricted Area in connection with or relating to a Conflicting Product or Conflicting Research.

- 3. No Conflicting Obligation. Employee represents and agrees that his or her performance of the provisions of this Agreement does not, and will not, breach any agreement to keep in confidence information acquired by Employee in confidence or in trust prior to his or her employment by the Company. Employee agrees not to enter into any agreement, either written or oral, in conflict herewith.
- 4. <u>Reasonableness of Restrictions</u>. Employee agrees that the restrictions on Employee's activities outlined in this Agreement are reasonable and necessary to protect the Company's legitimate business interests, that the consideration provided by the Company is fair and reasonable, and that the post-employment restrictions on Employee's activities are fair and reasonable.
- 5. <u>Injunctive Relief</u>. Employee acknowledges and agrees that failure to adhere to the terms of this Agreement will cause the Company irreparable damage for which monetary damages alone would be inadequate compensation. Therefore, Employee agrees that in addition to monetary damages, the Company will be entitled to an injunction and other equitable relief, including *ex parte* injunctive relief, in the event of any breach or threatened breach (such threatened breach being determined in the sole judgment of the Company) of the provisions of this Agreement. Employee waives the making of a bond or showing actual damages as a condition for obtaining injunctive relief. Such remedy shall not be deemed the exclusive remedy for the breach of this Agreement by Employee, but will be in addition to all other remedies available at law or in equity to the Company. Additionally, if Employee breaches this Agreement, the Company will be entitled to its reasonable attorney's fees and costs associated with enforcing this Agreement. Notwithstanding any judicial determination that any provision of this Agreement is not specifically enforceable, the Company will nonetheless be entitled to recover monetary damages as a result of any breach by Employee.
- 6. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with the internal laws of the state of Tennessee, without giving any effect to that state's conflict of laws principles.
- 7. <u>Employment</u>. Employee acknowledges and agrees that this Agreement does not create an employment contract with the Company for any term, nor does it in any way limit the

Company's right to otherwise terminate Employee's employment. Any change or changes in Employee's duties, salary or compensation will not affect the validity or scope of this Agreement.

- 8. <u>Severability</u>. Whenever possible, each provision of this Agreement will be interpreted in a manner to be effective, valid and enforceable. If, however, any provision of this Agreement is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable under any present or future law, then such provision will be ineffective only to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating or affecting in any manner whatsoever the remainder of such provision or the remaining provisions of this Agreement. Furthermore, there shall be added automatically as a part of this Agreement a provision as similar in terms to such illegal, invalid, or unenforceable provision as may be possible and still have such similar provision be construed and enforced as legal, valid, and enforceable.
- 9. <u>Amendments</u>; <u>Waivers</u>. No modification or amendment to this Agreement, nor any waiver of any rights under this Agreement, will be effective unless in writing signed by the party to be charged. No waiver by the Company of any breach of this Agreement will be a waiver of any preceding or succeeding breach.
- 10. <u>Assignment</u>. The Company may assign its rights under this Agreement. This Agreement, and the duties and obligations of Employee hereunder, may not be assigned or delegated by Employee.
- 11. <u>Survival</u>. The terms of this Agreement, and Employee's duties and obligations hereunder, will survive any termination of Employee's employment with the Company for any reason.
- 12. <u>Headings</u>. Headings in this Agreement are for informational purposes only and will not be used to construe the intent of this Agreement.
- 13. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement and understanding between the Company and Employee concerning the matters addressed herein.
- 14. <u>Further Assurances</u>. Employee will cooperate reasonably with the Company in connection with any steps required to be taken as part of Employee's obligations under this Agreement, and Employee will (a) execute and deliver to the Company such other documents, and (b) do such other acts and things, in each case as the Company may reasonably request for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Agreement.

15. <u>Acknowledgment</u>. Employee acknowledges that he or she has received a copy of this Agreement, which he or she has read and understood, and Employee voluntarily agrees to abide by its terms. Employee authorizes the Company to notify any future employer(s) of Employee of the terms of this Agreement and Employee's obligations hereunder.

June 3, 2010

Date

/s/ John T. Keane		
Employee Signature		
John T. Keane		
Employee Name		
Accepted by:		
SurgiVision, Inc.		
By: /s/ Kimble L. Jenkins		

Name: Kimble L. Jenkins

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

THIS EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT (this "<u>Agreement</u>") is entered into as of this 3 rd day of June, 2010 but shall become effective only upon the consummation of the Company's initial public offering of its common stock (the "<u>Effective Date</u>"), by and between **SURGIVISION, INC.**, a Delaware corporation (the "<u>Company</u>"), and **MICHAEL M. MOORE** (the "<u>Executive</u>").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Company desires to employ the Executive to serve as the Vice President, Operations of the Company;

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive each deem it necessary and desirable to execute a written document setting forth the terms and conditions of said relationship; and

WHEREAS, to the extent this Agreement provides for any "deferred compensation" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "<u>Code</u>"), the Agreement will be administered in compliance with Section 409A of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and mutual obligations hereinafter set forth, the parties agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following definitions:
- "2007 Plan" means the Company's 2007 Stock Incentive Plan.
- "2010 Plan" means the Company's 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan.
- "Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.
- "Arbitrators" means the arbitrators selected to conduct any arbitration proceeding in connection with any disputes arising out of or relating to this Agreement.
 - "Award Agreement" has the meaning set forth in Section 8(b) of this Agreement.
 - "Award Plans" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(b) of this Agreement.
 - "Base Salary" means the annual salary to be paid to the Executive as set forth in Section 4(a) of this Agreement.
 - "Benefit Plans" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(c) of this Agreement.
 - "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Change of Control" means the occurrence with respect to the Company of any of the following events: (i) a change in the ownership of the Company; (ii) a change in the effective control of the Company; or (iii) a change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the Company.

For purposes of this definition, a change in the ownership of the Company occurs on the date on which any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, acquires ownership of stock of the Company that, together with stock held by such person or group, constitutes more than 50% of the total fair market value or total voting power of the stock of the Company. A change in the effective control of the Company occurs on the date on which either (i) a person, or more than one person acting as a group, acquires ownership of stock of the Company possessing 30% or more of the total voting power of the stock of the Company, taking into account all such stock acquired during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition, or (ii) a majority of the members of the Board is replaced during any 12-month period by directors whose appointment or election is not endorsed by a majority of the members of such Board prior to the date of the appointment or election. A change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the Company occurs on the date on which any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, other than a person or group of persons that is related to the Company, acquires assets from the Company that have a total gross fair market value equal to or more than 40% of the total gross fair market value of all of the assets of the Company immediately prior to such acquisition or acquisitions, taking into account all such assets acquired during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition.

The determination as to the occurrence of a Change of Control shall be based on objective facts and in accordance with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code. The Company and the Executive acknowledge and agree that the Company's initial public offering of Company Shares shall not constitute a Change of Control.

"Change of Control Termination" means (i) a Termination Without Cause or (ii) a Termination for Good Reason, in either case within four (4) months prior to, on, or within one (1) year after, a Change of Control.

"Code" has the meaning set forth in the recitals above.

"Company" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"Company Shares" means shares of common stock of the Company or any securities of a successor company which shall have replaced such common stock.

"Compensation Committee" means the compensation committee of the Board.

"Confidentiality Agreement" means that certain Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement between the Company and the Executive in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A.

"Effective Date" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

"Executive" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"Option(s)" means (i) any option issued to the Executive pursuant to the 2007 Plan, the 2010 Plan or any other incentive plan adopted by the Company, (ii) other than options described in the preceding clause (i), any option issued to the Executive by the Company to purchase Company Shares, or (iii) any option granted under the plan of any successor company that replaces or assumes the Company's options.

"Permanent Disability" means the Executive: (i) is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve (12) months; or (ii) is, by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve (12) months, receiving income replacement benefits for a period of not less than three (3) months under an accident and health plan covering employees or directors of the Company. Medical determination of Permanent Disability may be made by either the Social Security Administration or by the provider of an accident or health plan covering employees or directors of the Company provided that the definition of "disability" applied under such disability insurance program complies with the requirements of the preceding sentence. Upon the request of the Company, the Executive must submit proof to the Company of the Social Security Administration's or the provider's determination.

"Restricted Stock" means (i) any restricted Company Shares issued to the Executive pursuant to the 2010 Plan or any other incentive plan adopted by the Company, or (ii) any restricted stock granted under the plan of any successor company that replaces or assumes the Company's restricted stock awards.

"Specified Employee" means a key employee (as defined in Section 416(i) of the Code without regard to paragraph 5 thereof) of the Company if any stock of the Company is publicly traded on an established securities market or otherwise.

"Term" has the meaning assigned to it in Section 3(a) of this Agreement.

"Termination Date" means the date on which the employment of the Executive is terminated, which date shall be (i) in the case of the Executive's death, the date of death, (ii) in the case of the Executive's Permanent Disability, thirty (30) days after a Termination Notice is given, provided the Executive does not return to the full-time performance of his duties within such thirty (30) day period, (iii) in the case of a Termination Upon Expiration, the date upon which the Term expires, (iv) in the case of a Termination With Cause, the date specified in the Termination Notice, or (v) in all other instances, the date specified as the Termination Date in the

Termination Notice, which date shall not be less than thirty (30) nor more than sixty (60) days from the date the Termination Notice is given.

"<u>Termination for Good Reason</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company by the Executive based on any of the following circumstances, if, within the six (6) month period preceding the Executive's termination, the Executive notified the Company in writing of such circumstances within ninety (90) days of occurrence and the Company did not remedy such circumstances within thirty (30) days thereafter:

- (i) a material demotion or diminution in the Executive's authority, duties or responsibilities without the Executive's consent;
- (ii) the Company requiring the Executive to be based at any place other than a location within a fifty (50) mile radius of the Executive's work location as of the Effective Date without the Executive's consent, except for reasonably required travel on the Company's business; or
 - (iii) any action or inaction that constitutes a material breach by the Company of this Agreement.

"Termination Notice" means a written notice of termination of employment by the Executive or the Company.

"Termination of Employment" means the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company for reasons other than death or Permanent Disability. Whether a Termination of Employment takes place is determined based on the facts and circumstances surrounding the termination of the Executive's employment and whether the Company and the Executive intended for the Executive to provide significant services for the Company following such termination. A change in the Executive's employment status will not be considered a Termination of Employment if the Executive continues to provide services as an employee of the Company or in any other capacity at an annual rate that is twenty percent (20%) or more of the services rendered, on average, during the immediately preceding three full calendar years of employment (or, if employed less than three years, such lesser period).

"<u>Termination Upon Expiration</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment upon the full expiration of the Term, including the full expiration of any extension thereof, following: (i) the Company's notice to the Executive of the Company's election to not extend the Term; or (ii) the Executive's notice to the Company of the Executive's election to not extend the Term, in each case as provided in <u>Section 3(a)</u> of this Agreement.

"Termination With Cause" means the termination of the Executive's employment by the Company for any of the following reasons: (i) the Executive's gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of the Executive's duties where such gross negligence or willful misconduct has resulted or is likely to result in substantial and material damage to the Company; (ii) the material violation by the Executive of any federal or state law or regulation or the Company's compliance program in the performance of the Executive's duties; (iii) the Executive's material breach of the

Confidentiality Agreement; (iv) the Executive's commission of any act of fraud with respect to the Company; (v) the Executive's conviction of, or the Executive's entry of a guilty plea or plea of nolo contendere with respect to, a felony; or (vi) the Executive's failure to perform duties consistent with this Agreement or the Executive's position or to follow or comply with the reasonable directives of the Board or the Executive's supervisor(s) (to the extent not inconsistent with the terms of this Agreement), provided that (A) the Executive shall have received written notice that specifically identifies the manner in which the Company believes that Executive has engaged in such failure and (B) the Executive shall not have cured such failure within thirty (30) days following receipt of such notice, provided further that such opportunity to cure a failure shall not apply if the Executive has received more than one notice with respect to the same or similar conduct pursuant to this clause (vi) during any twelve (12) consecutive month period.

"<u>Termination Without Cause</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment by the Company for any reason other than (i) Termination With Cause, (ii) termination by the Company due to the Executive's death or Permanent Disability, or (iii) Termination Upon Expiration.

"Voluntary Termination" means the Executive's voluntary termination of his employment hereunder for any reason, other than a Termination for Good Reason. If the Executive gives a Termination Notice of Voluntary Termination and, prior to the Termination Date, the Executive voluntarily refuses or fails to provide substantially all the services described in Section 2 hereof for a period greater than two consecutive weeks, the Voluntary Termination shall be deemed to be effective as of the date on which the Executive so ceases to carry out his duties. Voluntary refusal to perform services shall not include (i) taking vacation otherwise permitted in accordance with Section 4(d) hereof, (ii) the Executive's failure to perform services on account of his illness or the illness of a member of the Executive's immediate family, provided such illness is adequately substantiated at the reasonable request of the Company, or (iii) any other absence from service with the written consent of the Board.

2. <u>Employment; Services</u>. The Company shall employ the Executive, and the Executive agrees to be so employed, in the capacity of the Vice President, Operations of the Company to serve for the Term hereof, subject to earlier termination as hereinafter provided. The Executive shall assume and discharge such duties and responsibilities as are commensurate with the Executive's position. The Executive shall be a full-time employee of the Company and shall exert his best efforts and devote substantially all of his business time and attention to the Company's affairs and the performance of his duties hereunder.

3. Term; Termination.

(a) The term of the Executive's employment under this Agreement (the "<u>Term</u>") shall be one (1) year and shall commence as of the Effective Date. On the first anniversary of the Effective Date and each successive anniversary of the Effective Date, the Term shall be extended for an additional one (1) year period, unless one party gives notice to the other of such party's election to not extend the Term, which notice must be given no later than ninety (90) days prior to the end of the then-current Term. Notwithstanding the foregoing,

employment during the Term shall be subject to earlier termination in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

(b) Any purported termination of employment by the Executive or the Company, other than by reason of the Executive's death, shall be communicated by a Termination Notice. The Termination Notice shall indicate the specific termination provision in this Agreement relied upon and set forth the facts and circumstances claimed to provide a basis for termination.

4. Compensation.

- (a) <u>Base Salary</u>. During the Term, the Company shall pay the Executive for his services a "<u>Base Salary</u>" of One Hundred Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000) per year, to be paid in accordance with customary Company policies. The Base Salary shall be subject to increase or decrease according to policies and practices adopted by the Compensation Committee or the Board, as the case may be; provided, however, that in no event (i) shall the Base Salary for any year be decreased by more than ten percent (10%) from the immediately preceding year's Base Salary, and (ii) shall the Base Salary be less than One Hundred Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000).
- (b) <u>Award Plans</u>. During the Term, the Executive shall also be eligible for additional compensation in the form of a cash bonus, shares of stock in the Company, Restricted Stock and/or Options, according to the policies and practices adopted by the Compensation Committee or the Board, as the case may be, and the Executive shall be eligible to participate in the 2010 Plan and any other stock option, incentive compensation, profit participation, bonus or extra compensation plan that is adopted by the Company and in which the Company's executive officers generally participate (collectively, "<u>Award Plans</u>").
- (c) <u>Benefit Plans</u>. During the Term, the Executive shall be entitled to participate in, and to all rights and benefits provided by, the health, life, medical, dental, disability, insurance and welfare plans that are maintained from time to time by the Company for the benefit of the Executive, the executives of the Company generally or for the Company's employees generally, provided that the Executive is eligible to participate in such plan under the eligibility provisions thereof that are generally applicable to the participants thereof (collectively, "Benefit Plans").
- (d) <u>Vacation</u>. The Executive shall be entitled each year to vacation time, during which time his compensation shall be paid in full. The time allotted for such vacation shall be three (3) weeks, to be taken at such time or times as shall be mutually convenient and consistent with his duties and obligations to the Company. Vacation accrues based on the Executive's anniversary date. Any unused vacation shall not be carried into subsequent years.
- (e) <u>Overall Qualification</u>. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as preventing the Company from modifying, suspending, discontinuing or terminating any of the Benefit Plans or Award Plans without notice or liability to the Executive so long as (i) the modification, suspension, discontinuation or termination of any such plan is authorized by and

performed in accordance with the specific provisions of such plan and (ii) such modification, suspension, discontinuation or termination is taken generally with respect to all similarly situated employees of the Company and does not single out or discriminate against the Executive.

- 5. Expenses. The Company recognizes that the Executive will have to incur certain out-of-pocket expenses, including but not limited to travel expenses, related to his services and the Company's business and the Company agrees to reimburse the Executive for all reasonable expenses necessarily incurred by him in the performance of his duties upon presentation of documentation indicating the amount and business purposes of any such expenses; provided, that the Executive complies with the Company's policies and procedures regarding business expenses.
- 6. <u>Voluntary Termination</u>; <u>Termination With Cause</u>. If the Executive shall cease being an employee of the Company on account of the Executive's Voluntary Termination or a Termination With Cause, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, and (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>. In the event of a Voluntary Termination or a Termination With Cause, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement.

7. Termination Upon Death or Permanent Disability.

- (a) <u>Death</u>. The Executive's employment with the Company shall terminate automatically upon the Executive's death. Upon termination of employment due to the Executive's death, the Executive's estate shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>, plus (iii) provided the Executive's heir(s) properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, reimbursement of the COBRA premium for health care coverage for the Executive's surviving spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to twelve (12) months following the Termination Date. In addition, the Executive's estate shall be entitled to any vested benefits under the Company's Award Plans and Benefit Plans as of the Termination Date, in accordance with the terms of such plans.
- (b) <u>Permanent Disability</u>. In the event of the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Company may terminate the Executive's employment with the Company if the Executive does not return to the full-time performance of his duties within thirty (30) days after a Termination Notice is given. Upon termination of employment due to the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>, and (iii) provided the Executive properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, reimbursement of the COBRA premium for health care coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and

children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to twelve (12) months following the Termination Date. In addition, the Executive shall be entitled to any vested benefits under the Company's Award Plans and Benefit Plans as of the Termination Date, in accordance with the terms of such plans. In the event of a termination of employment upon the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement.

- (c) <u>Life Insurance</u>. Upon the Company's request, the Executive shall cooperate with the Company in obtaining "key man" life insurance on the life of the Executive with death benefits payable to the Company.
- 8. Termination Without Cause; Termination for Good Reason. The Company may terminate the Executive's employment for any reason, or no reason at all, at any time, and the Executive may effect a Termination for Good Reason at any time; provided, that upon a Termination for Good Reason or a Termination Without Cause, except as otherwise provided in Section 9 of this Agreement, the Company shall provide the compensation and benefits set forth in this Section 8. The Executive may effect a Termination for Good Reason notwithstanding any incapacity due to physical or mental illness. In the event of a Termination Without Cause or a Termination for Good Reason, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement.
- (a) <u>Base Salary, Bonus, Benefit Plans and Award Plans</u>. The Company shall pay to the Executive, on the Termination Date, a lump sum amount, which is equal to the sum of (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date; plus (ii) the Executive's Base Salary in effect on the Termination Date; plus (iii) the average annual cash bonus paid to the Executive for the two (2) years preceding the year in which the Termination Date occurs; and (iv) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>. The Company shall also pay the Executive any amounts due to the Executive pursuant to the terms of any Award Plans and/or Benefit Plans in which the Executive was a participant, in accordance with the terms of such plans. In addition, provided the Executive properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, the Company shall reimburse the Executive for the cost of COBRA premiums for health care coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to twelve (12) months following the Termination Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Executive is a Specified Employee and the total of the payments under this <u>Section 8(a)</u> exceeds the limit set forth in Treas. Reg. §1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii)(A) (related to separation pay), then, the amount in excess of such limit shall be delayed for six (6) months following the Termination Date. The delayed amount shall be paid in a lump sum after the end of the six-month delay.
- (b) Options; Restricted Stock. Notwithstanding the terms of any award agreement heretofore or hereafter granted to the Executive under any Award Plan, including, without limitation, the 2007 Plan and the 2010 Plan, or any other agreement granting the Executive Options or Restricted Stock (in each case, an "Award Agreement"), upon a Termination Without Cause or Termination for Good Reason, all Options and Restricted Stock granted to the Executive which do not constitute deferred compensation for Code Section 409A

purposes granted to the Executive shall become fully vested on the Termination Date and immediately prior to the time of termination. The Executive shall have the right to exercise any such Options in a manner provided for in the applicable Award Agreement. For purposes of an Award Agreement, a Termination for Good Reason shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this Section 8(b) and the terms of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the terms of this Section 8(b) shall control and govern.

9. Change of Control.

- (a) <u>Accelerated Vesting</u>. Notwithstanding the terms of any Award Agreement heretofore or hereafter granted to the Executive, in the event of a Change of Control, all Options and Restricted Stock granted to the Executive which do not constitute deferred compensation for Code Section 409A purposes shall become fully vested on the date of the Change of Control. The Executive shall have the right to exercise any such Options in a manner provided for in the applicable Award Agreement. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this <u>Section 9(a)</u> and the terms of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the terms of this <u>Section 9(a)</u> shall control and govern.
- (b) Change of Control Termination. Notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement to the contrary, in the event of a Change of Control Termination, the Company shall, on the Termination Date, pay the Executive a lump sum amount which is equal to the sum of (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, plus (ii) the Executive's Base Salary in effect as of the Termination Date, plus (iii) the greater of (A) the average annual cash bonus paid to the Executive for the two years preceding the year in which the Termination Date occurs or (B) the Executive's target bonus, if any, for the year in which the Termination Date occurs, plus (iv) the product of (A) twelve (12) multiplied by (B) the monthly COBRA premium for health care continuation coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible, plus (v) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date under Section 5. The Company shall also pay the Executive any amounts due to the Executive pursuant to the terms of any Award Plans and/or Benefit Plans in which the Executive was a participant, in accordance with the terms of such plans. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Executive is a Specified Employee and the total of the payments under this Section 9(b) exceeds the limit set forth in Treas. Reg. §1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii)(A) (related to separation pay), then the amount in excess of such limit shall be delayed for six (6) months following the Executive's Termination Date, and such delayed amount shall be paid in a lump sum after the end of the six-month delay. For purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, a Termination for Good Reason that is Change of Control Termination under this Agreement shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive. In the event of a Change of Control Termination, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement.
- 10. <u>Termination Upon Expiration</u>. If the Executive shall cease being an employee of the Company on account of a Termination Upon Expiration, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive

- (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, and (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date under Section 5. In the event of any Termination Upon Expiration, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement. In the event of a Termination Upon Expiration caused by the Company (i.e., the Company gave notice to the Executive of the Company's election to not extend the Term pursuant to Section 3(a)), then for purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the Termination Upon Expiration shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive. In the event of a Termination Upon Expiration caused by the Executive (i.e., the Executive gave notice to the Company of the Executive's election to not extend the Term pursuant to Section 3(a)), then for purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the Termination Upon Expiration shall constitute a voluntary termination of employment by the Executive.
- 11. Exclusive Remedy. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the payments contemplated by Section 7, Section 8 and Section 9 shall constitute the exclusive and sole remedy for any termination of the Executive's employment due to death or Permanent Disability, any Termination Without Cause or any Termination for Good Reason. The Executive agrees, for himself and any administrator, beneficiary, devisee, executor, heir, legatee or personal representative, (i) to not assert or pursue any remedies, other than an action to enforce the payments due to the Executive (or the Executive's estate) under this Agreement, at law or in equity, with respect to the termination of the Executive's employment under Section 7, Section 8 or Section 9, as applicable, and (ii) to execute a release and waiver on such terms and conditions as the Company may reasonably require as a condition of entitlement to such payments.
- 12. <u>Confidentiality</u>. The Executive shall enter into the Confidentiality Agreement. The Executive's execution of that agreement is a material inducement for the Company to enter into this Agreement. Therefore, this Agreement will be null and void unless the Executive enters into the Confidentiality Agreement.
- 13. Employment Status. The parties acknowledge and agree that the Executive is an employee of the Company, not an independent contractor. Any payments made to the Executive by the Company pursuant to this Agreement shall be treated for federal and state payroll tax purposes as payments made to a Company employee, irrespective whether such payments are made subsequent to the Termination Date.
- 14. <u>Notices</u>. All notices or deliveries authorized or required pursuant to this Agreement shall be deemed to have been given when in writing and personally delivered or when deposited in the U.S. mail, certified, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, addressed to the parties at the following addresses or to such other addresses as either may designate in writing to the other party:

To the Company: One Commerce Square

Suite 2550

Memphis, TN 38103

Attn: Chief Financial Officer

To the Executive: Michael M. Moore

5 Musik

Irvine, CA 92618

15. Entire Agreement. This Agreement contains the entire understanding between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and shall not be modified in any manner except by instrument in writing signed, by or on behalf of, the parties hereto. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, successors and assigns of the parties hereto. In the event of any inconsistencies between the terms of this Agreement and any Award Agreement, the terms of this Agreement shall govern.

- 16. <u>Arbitration</u>. Any controversy concerning or claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement shall be settled by final and binding arbitration in Memphis, Shelby County, Tennessee at a location specified by the party seeking such arbitration.
- (a) <u>The Arbitrators</u>. Any arbitration proceeding shall be conducted by three (3) Arbitrators and the decision of the Arbitrators shall be binding on all parties. Each Arbitrator shall have substantial experience and expert competence in the matters being arbitrated. The party desiring to submit any matter relating to this Agreement to arbitration shall do so by written notice to the other party, which notice shall set forth the items to be arbitrated, such party's choice of an Arbitrator, and such party's substantive position in the arbitration. The party receiving such notice shall, within fifteen (15) days after receipt of such notice, appoint an Arbitrator and notify the other party of its appointment and of its substantive position. The Arbitrators appointed by the parties to the Arbitration shall select an additional Arbitrator meeting the aforedescribed criteria. The Arbitrators shall be required to render a decision in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 16(b) below within thirty (30) days after being notified of their selection. The fees of the Arbitrators shall be equally divided amongst the parties to the arbitration.
- (b) <u>Arbitration Procedures</u>. Arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of the American Arbitration Association, except to the extent the provisions of such are modified by this Agreement or the subsequent mutual agreement of the parties. Judgment upon the award rendered by the Arbitrator(s) may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof. Any party hereto may bring an action, including a summary or expedited proceeding, to compel arbitration of any controversy or claim to which this provision applies in any court having jurisdiction over such action in Shelby County, Tennessee, and the parties agree that jurisdiction and venue in Shelby County, Tennessee are appropriate and approved by such parties.

- 17. <u>Applicable Law</u>. This Agreement shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Tennessee without giving effect to conflict of laws principles thereof.
- 18. <u>Assignment</u>. The Executive acknowledges that his services are unique and personal. Accordingly, the Executive may not assign his rights or delegate his duties or obligations under this Agreement.
- 19. <u>Headings</u>. Headings in this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not be used to interpret or construe its provisions.
- 20. Successors; Binding Agreement. The Company will require any successor to all or substantially all of the business and/or assets of the Company to expressly assume and agree to perform this Agreement in the same manner and to the same extent that the Company would be required to perform it if no such succession had taken place. Failure of the Company to obtain such assumption and agreement prior to the effectiveness of any such succession shall be a beach of this Agreement and shall entitle Executive to compensation from the Company in the same amount and on the same terms as Executive would be entitled to hereunder upon a Change of Control Termination. The Company's rights and obligations under this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and shall be binding upon the Company's successors and assigns.

[The remainder of this page is intentionally left blank.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement effective as of the date first above written.

SURGIVISION, INC.

By: /s/ Kimble L. Jenkins

Name: Kimble L. Jenkins

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

EXECUTIVE:

/s/ Michael M. Moore

Michael M. Moore

Exhibit A

SURGIVISION, INC.

NON-DISCLOSURE AND PROPRIETARY RIGHTS AGREEMENT

In consideration and as a condition of my employment (or my continued employment) with SurgiVision, Inc., or any of its current or future subsidiaries, affiliates, successors or assigns (collectively, the "Company"), and in consideration of my receipt of Confidential Information (as defined in Section 2 below) and of the compensation now and hereafter paid to me by the Company, the undersigned (hereinafter referred to as "Employee") hereby acknowledges and agrees to the following:

- 1. <u>Purpose of Agreement</u>. Employee understands that the Company is engaged in a continuous program of research, development, production and marketing in connection with its business and that it is critical for the Company to preserve and protect its Confidential Information (as defined in <u>Section 2</u> below), its rights in Inventions (as defined in <u>Section 7</u> below) and in all related intellectual property rights. Accordingly, Employee is entering into this Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement (this "<u>Agreement</u>") as a condition of his or her employment (or continued employment) with the Company, regardless of whether Employee is expected to create Inventions of value for the Company.
- 2. Non-Disclosure of Confidential Information. At all times during his or her employment with the Company and thereafter, Employee will hold the Confidential Information in strictest confidence and Employee will not disclose, communicate, reproduce, copy, publish, license, distribute, modify, adapt, transmit, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or use any Confidential Information, except (a) as may be necessary for Employee to perform his or her duties as an employee of the Company for the exclusive benefit of the Company or (b) to the extent an officer of the Company expressly authorizes such in writing. Employee will take all appropriate action, whether by instruction, agreement or otherwise, to ensure the protection, confidentiality and security of the Confidential Information and to satisfy Employee's obligations under this Agreement. Employee will notify the Company immediately upon discovery of any loss, misuse, misappropriation or disclosure of Confidential Information or any other breach of this Agreement by Employee, and Employee will cooperate with the Company in every reasonable way to help the Company regain possession of the Confidential Information and prevent its further unauthorized use or disclosure.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "Confidential Information" means, but is not limited to, all information that is possessed by or developed for the Company and which relates to the Company's existing or potential business, which information is not reasonably knowable by the Company's competitors or by the general public through lawful means. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, such Confidential Information also includes, but is not limited to, all Proprietary Rights (as defined in Section 3 below), all Third Party Information (as defined in Section 4 below) and all information regarding the Company's operations, research and development efforts, plans for products or services, methods of doing business, business strategies, customers, suppliers, service providers, manufacturers, business relations, product

prices and costs, markets, marketing plans, budgets and forecasts, financial information and/or Inventions, as well as information regarding the skills, know how and compensation of other employees of the Company. Confidential Information may be expressly designated as confidential or proprietary on its face (whether verbally, in writing or otherwise) or be of such a nature that a reasonable person under the circumstances should understand or believe it to be confidential or proprietary. Confidential Information may be oral, written, recorded magnetically or electronically or otherwise stored, and may be that which Employee originates as well as that which otherwise comes into the possession or knowledge of Employee.

- 3. Recognition of Company's Rights. Employee acknowledges and agrees that all Confidential Information will be the sole property of the Company and that the Company will be the sole owner of all patents, patent applications, design patents or registration, design patent applications, copyrights, mask works, trademarks, trade secrets and all other intellectual property rights throughout the world (collectively, "Proprietary Rights") in connection therewith. Accordingly, Employee hereby assigns and agrees to assign to the Company any rights Employee may have or acquire in any Confidential Information and Proprietary Rights.
- 4. Non-Disclosure of Third Party Information. Employee understands that the Company may from time to time receive from third parties confidential information ("Third Party Information"), subject to a duty on the Company's part to maintain the confidentiality of such information and to use it only for certain limited purposes. At all times during Employee's employment with the Company and thereafter, Employee will hold the Third Party Information in strictest confidence and Employee will not disclose, communicate, reproduce, copy, publish, license, distribute, modify, adapt, transmit, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or use any Third Party Information, except (a) as may be necessary for Employee to perform his or her duties as an employee of the Company for the exclusive benefit of the Company or (b) to the extent an officer of the Company expressly authorizes such in writing. Employee will take all appropriate action, whether by instruction, agreement or otherwise, to ensure the protection, confidentiality and security of the Third Party Information and to satisfy Employee's obligations under this Agreement. Employee will notify the Company immediately upon discovery of any loss, misuse, misappropriation or disclosure of Third Party Information or any other breach of this Agreement by Employee, and Employee will cooperate with the Company in every reasonable way to help the Company prevent its further unauthorized use or disclosure.
- 5 . Return of Information; Inspections. Employee will, at the Company's request and/or upon termination of the employment relationship for any reason, return all originals, copies, reproductions and summaries of any Confidential Information and all other tangible materials and devices provided to Employee as Confidential Information or containing Confidential Information, and/or, at the Company's option, certify destruction of the same. In addition, Employee will, at the Company's request and/or upon termination of the employment relationship for any reason, return all originals, copies, reproductions and summaries of any Third Party Information and all other tangible materials and devices provided to Employee as Third Party Information or containing Third Party Information, and/or, at the Company's option, certify destruction of the same. Upon termination of his or her employment with the Company, Employee will promptly deliver to the Company all property in Employee's possession, custody or control that is owned by the Company. Employee agrees that any property situated on the

Company's premises and owned by the Company, including, but not limited to, computers, disks and other storage media, is subject to inspection by Company personnel at any time without notice.

- 6. <u>No Improper Use of Materials</u>. During his or her employment with the Company, Employee will not improperly use or disclose any Confidential Information or trade secrets, if any, of any former employer or any other person to whom Employee has an obligation of confidentiality, and Employee will not bring onto the premises of the Company any unpublished documents or any property belonging to any former employer or any other person to whom Employee has an obligation of confidentiality unless consented to in writing by that former employer or person.
- 7 . Assignment of Inventions. Employee hereby irrevocably assigns to the Company all right, title and interest of Employee in and to any and all Inventions (and all Proprietary Rights with respect thereto), whether or not patentable, copyrightable or protectable as trade secrets, made, conceived, reduced to practice or created by Employee, either alone or jointly with others, during the period of his or her employment with the Company. Employee acknowledges that all original works of authorship which are made by Employee (alone or jointly with others) within the scope of his or her employment and which are copyrightable are "works made for hire," as that term is defined in the United States Copyright Act. In addition to the foregoing assignment of Inventions (and all Proprietary Rights with respect thereto) to the Company, Employee hereby irrevocably assigns to the Company any and all Moral Rights (as defined below) that Employee may have in or with respect to any Invention, and Employee forever waives and agrees not to assert any and all Moral Rights he or she may have in or with respect to any Invention, even after termination of employment with the Company.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "<u>Inventions</u>" means inventions, discoveries, improvements, designs, techniques, ideas, processes, compositions of matter, formulas, data, software programs, databases, mask works, works of authorship, knowhow and trade secrets.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "Moral Rights" means any right to claim authorship of an Invention, to object to or prevent the modification of any Invention, or to withdraw from circulation or control the publication or distribution of any Invention, and any similar right, existing under judicial or statutory law of any country or under any treaty, regardless of whether such right is denominated or generally referred to as a "moral right."

- 8. <u>Disclosure of Inventions</u>. Employee will promptly disclose to the Company all Inventions that Employee makes, conceives, reduces to practice or creates, either alone or jointly with others, during the period of his or her employment with the Company. In addition, Employee will disclose to the Company all patent applications filed by Employee within three (3) years after termination of employment with the Company.
- 9. <u>Assistance</u>. Employee agrees to assist the Company in every proper way to obtain and, from time to time, enforce United States and foreign Proprietary Rights relating to Inventions assigned hereunder to the Company in any and all countries. To that end, Employee will execute, verify and deliver such documents and perform such other acts (including

appearances as a witness) as the Company may reasonably request for use in applying for, obtaining, perfecting, evidencing, sustaining and enforcing such Proprietary Rights and the assignment thereof. In addition, Employee will execute, verify and deliver assignments of such Proprietary Rights to the Company or its designee. Employee's obligation to assist the Company with respect to Proprietary Rights relating to Inventions in any and all countries will continue beyond the termination of Employee's employment, but the Company agrees to compensate Employee at a reasonable rate after Employee's termination for the time actually spent by Employee at the Company's request on such assistance. Employee hereby irrevocably designates and appoints the Company and its duly authorized officers and agents as Employee's agent and attorney-in-fact to act for and on behalf of Employee (a) to execute, verify and file any document needed in connection with the actions specified in this section and (b) to do all other lawfully permitted acts to further the purposes of this section, in each case with the same legal force and effect as if executed or performed by Employee. Employee hereby waives and quitclaims to the Company any and all claims, of any nature whatsoever, which Employee now or may hereafter have for infringement of any Proprietary Rights assigned hereunder to the Company.

- 10. <u>Prior Inventions</u>. Inventions, if any, which Employee made prior to the commencement of his or her employment with the Company are excluded from the scope of this Agreement. To preclude any possible uncertainty, Employee has set forth on Exhibit A hereto a complete list of all Inventions that Employee, whether alone or jointly with others, has conceived, developed or reduced to practice or caused to be conceived, developed or reduced to practice prior to commencement of his or her employment with the Company, that Employee considers to be his or her property or the property of third parties and that Employee wishes to have expressly excluded from the scope of this Agreement.
- 11. <u>Efforts</u>; <u>Non-Competition</u>. Employee acknowledges that his or her employment with the Company requires his or her full attention and effort during normal business hours, and Employee will give his or her best effort, skill and inventive ability to the business interests of the Company. During the term of his or her employment with the Company, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, participate in the management, operation, financing or control of, or be employed by or consult for or otherwise render services to, any person or entity that competes anywhere in the world with the Company in the conduct of the business of the Company as conducted or as proposed to be conducted (a "<u>Competing Business</u>"), nor will Employee engage in any other activities that conflict with his or her obligations to the Company.
- 12. Non-Solicitation. During the term of his or her employment by the Company and for a period of two (2) years after the date his or her employment with the Company ends for any reason, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, (a) hire, engage or solicit to hire or engage any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company or who was engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company within six months of the proposed solicitation, hire or engagement, (b) otherwise induce or attempt to induce any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company to terminate such engagement or employment, (c) in any way interfere with the relationship between the Company and any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company; (d) contact, solicit, divert, appropriate or call upon with the intent of doing business with (other than for the exclusive benefit of the Company) any customer of the

Company if the purpose of such activity is to solicit such customer or prospective customer for a Competing Business, to encourage such customer to discontinue, reduce or adversely alter the amount of such customer's business with the Company or to otherwise interfere with the Company's relationship with such customer, or (e) in any way interfere with the Company's relationship with any supplier, manufacturer, service provider or other business relation of the Company.

- 13. No Conflicting Obligation. Employee represents and agrees that his or her performance of the provisions of this Agreement does not, and will not, breach any agreement to keep in confidence information acquired by Employee in confidence or in trust prior to his or her employment by the Company. Employee agrees not to enter into any agreement, either written or oral, in conflict herewith.
- 14. <u>Reasonableness of Restrictions</u>. Employee agrees that the restrictions on Employee's activities outlined in this Agreement are reasonable and necessary to protect the Company's legitimate business interests, that the consideration provided by the Company is fair and reasonable, and that given the importance to the Company of its Confidential Information, the post-employment restrictions on Employee's activities are likewise fair and reasonable.
- 15. <u>Injunctive Relief</u>. Employee acknowledges and agrees that failure to adhere to the terms of this Agreement will cause the Company irreparable damage for which monetary damages alone would be inadequate compensation. Therefore, Employee agrees that, in addition to monetary damages, the Company will be entitled to an injunction and other equitable relief, including *ex parte* injunctive relief, in the event of any breach or threatened breach (such threatened breach being determined in the sole judgment of the Company) of the provisions of this Agreement. Employee waives the making of a bond or showing actual damages as a condition for obtaining injunctive relief. Such remedy shall not be deemed the exclusive remedy for the breach of this Agreement by Employee, but will be in addition to all other remedies available to the Company whether at law or in equity. Additionally, if Employee breaches this Agreement, the Company will be entitled to its reasonable attorney's fees and costs associated with enforcing this Agreement. Notwithstanding any judicial determination that any provision of this Agreement is not specifically enforceable, the Company will nonetheless be entitled to recover monetary damages as a result of any breach by Employee.
- 16. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with the internal laws of the state of Tennessee, without giving any effect to that state's conflict of laws principles..
- 17. Employment. Employee acknowledges and agrees that this Agreement does not create an employment contract with the Company for any term, nor does it in any way limit the Company's right to otherwise terminate Employee's employment. Any change or changes in Employee's duties, salary or compensation will not affect the validity or scope of this Agreement.
- 18. <u>Severability</u>. Whenever possible, each provision of this Agreement will be interpreted in a manner to be effective, valid and enforceable. If, however, any provision of this

Agreement is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable under any present or future law, then such provision will be ineffective only to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating or affecting in any manner whatsoever the remainder of such provision or the remaining provisions of this Agreement. Furthermore, there shall be added automatically as a part of this Agreement a provision as similar in terms to such illegal, invalid, or unenforceable provision as may be possible and still have such similar provision be construed and enforced as legal, valid, and enforceable.

- 19. <u>Amendments; Waivers</u>. No modification or amendment to this Agreement, nor any waiver of any rights under this Agreement, will be effective unless in writing signed by the party to be charged. No waiver by the Company of any breach of this Agreement will be a waiver of any preceding or succeeding breach.
- 20. <u>Assignment</u>. The Company may assign its rights under this Agreement. This Agreement, and the duties and obligations of Employee hereunder, may not be assigned or delegated by Employee.
- 21. <u>Survival</u>. The terms of this Agreement, and Employee's duties and obligations hereunder, will survive any termination of Employee's employment with the Company for any reason.
- 22. <u>Headings</u>. Headings in this Agreement are for informational purposes only and will not be used to construe the intent of this Agreement.
- 23. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement and understanding between the Company and Employee concerning the matters addressed herein.
- 24. <u>Further Assurances</u>. Employee will cooperate reasonably with the Company in connection with any steps required to be taken as part of Employee's obligations under this Agreement, and Employee will (a) execute and deliver to the Company such other documents, and (b) do such other acts and things, in each case as the Company may reasonably request for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Agreement.

25. <u>Acknowledgment</u>. Employee acknowledges that he or she has received a copy of this Agreement, which he or she has read and understood, and Employee voluntarily agrees to abide by its terms. Employee authorizes the Company to notify any future employer(s) of Employee of the terms of this Agreement and Employee's obligations hereunder.

/s/ Michael M. Moore	June 3, 2010
Employee Signature	Date
Michael M. Moore	
Employee Name	
Accepted by:	
SurgiVision, Inc.	
By: /s/ Kimble L. Jenkins	

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

Name: Kimble L. Jenkins

Exhibit A

The following is a complete list of all inventions or improvements relevant to the subject matter of my employment with the Company that have been made, conceived, first reduced to practice or created by me, alone or jointly with others, prior to my employment with the Company that I desire to remove from the operation of the Company's Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement:

þ	No inventions or improvements	
	See below:	
	Additional sheets attached.	
I propose	se to bring to my employment the following materials	and documents of a former employer:
þ	No materials or documents	
	See below:	
	Additional sheets attached.	
/s/ Mich	hael M. Moore	June 3, 2010
Employe	yee Signature	Date
Michael	el M. Moore	
Employe	yee Name	

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

THIS EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT (this "<u>Agreement</u>") is entered into as of this 3 rd day of June, 2010 but shall become effective only upon the consummation of the Company's initial public offering of its common stock (the "<u>Effective Date</u>"), by and between **SURGIVISION**, **INC**., a Delaware corporation (the "<u>Company</u>"), and **CAROL J. BARBRE** (the "Executive").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Company desires to employ the Executive to serve as the Vice President, Product Management of the Company;

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive each deem it necessary and desirable to execute a written document setting forth the terms and conditions of said relationship; and

WHEREAS, to the extent this Agreement provides for any "deferred compensation" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "<u>Code</u>"), the Agreement will be administered in compliance with Section 409A of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and mutual obligations hereinafter set forth, the parties agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following definitions:
- "2007 Plan" means the Company's 2007 Stock Incentive Plan.
- "2010 Plan" means the Company's 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan.
- "Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.
- "Arbitrators" means the arbitrators selected to conduct any arbitration proceeding in connection with any disputes arising out of or relating to this Agreement.
 - "Award Agreement" has the meaning set forth in Section 8(b) of this Agreement.
 - "Award Plans" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(b) of this Agreement.
 - "Base Salary" means the annual salary to be paid to the Executive as set forth in Section 4(a) of this Agreement.
 - "Benefit Plans" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(c) of this Agreement.
 - "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Change of Control" means the occurrence with respect to the Company of any of the following events: (i) a change in the ownership of the Company; (ii) a change in the effective control of the Company; or (iii) a change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the Company.

For purposes of this definition, a change in the ownership of the Company occurs on the date on which any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, acquires ownership of stock of the Company that, together with stock held by such person or group, constitutes more than 50% of the total fair market value or total voting power of the stock of the Company. A change in the effective control of the Company occurs on the date on which either (i) a person, or more than one person acting as a group, acquires ownership of stock of the Company possessing 30% or more of the total voting power of the stock of the Company, taking into account all such stock acquired during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition, or (ii) a majority of the members of the Board is replaced during any 12-month period by directors whose appointment or election is not endorsed by a majority of the members of such Board prior to the date of the appointment or election. A change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the Company occurs on the date on which any one person, or more than one person acting as a group, other than a person or group of persons that is related to the Company, acquires assets from the Company that have a total gross fair market value equal to or more than 40% of the total gross fair market value of all of the assets of the Company immediately prior to such acquisition or acquisitions, taking into account all such assets acquired during the 12-month period ending on the date of the most recent acquisition.

The determination as to the occurrence of a Change of Control shall be based on objective facts and in accordance with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code. The Company and the Executive acknowledge and agree that the Company's initial public offering of Company Shares shall not constitute a Change of Control.

"Change of Control Termination" means (i) a Termination Without Cause or (ii) a Termination for Good Reason, in either case within four (4) months prior to, on, or within one (1) year after, a Change of Control.

"Code" has the meaning set forth in the recitals above.

"Company" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"Company Shares" means shares of common stock of the Company or any securities of a successor company which shall have replaced such common stock.

"Compensation Committee" means the compensation committee of the Board.

"Confidentiality Agreement" means that certain Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement between the Company and the Executive in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A.

"Effective Date" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

"Executive" has the meaning set forth in the preamble above.

"Option(s)" means (i) any option issued to the Executive pursuant to the 2007 Plan, the 2010 Plan or any other incentive plan adopted by the Company, (ii) other than options described in the preceding clause (i), any option issued to the Executive by the Company to purchase Company Shares, or (iii) any option granted under the plan of any successor company that replaces or assumes the Company's options.

"Permanent Disability" means the Executive: (i) is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve (12) months; or (ii) is, by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve (12) months, receiving income replacement benefits for a period of not less than three (3) months under an accident and health plan covering employees or directors of the Company. Medical determination of Permanent Disability may be made by either the Social Security Administration or by the provider of an accident or health plan covering employees or directors of the Company provided that the definition of "disability" applied under such disability insurance program complies with the requirements of the preceding sentence. Upon the request of the Company, the Executive must submit proof to the Company of the Social Security Administration's or the provider's determination.

"Restricted Stock" means (i) any restricted Company Shares issued to the Executive pursuant to the 2010 Plan or any other incentive plan adopted by the Company, or (ii) any restricted stock granted under the plan of any successor company that replaces or assumes the Company's restricted stock awards.

"Specified Employee" means a key employee (as defined in Section 416(i) of the Code without regard to paragraph 5 thereof) of the Company if any stock of the Company is publicly traded on an established securities market or otherwise.

"Term" has the meaning assigned to it in Section 3(a) of this Agreement.

"Termination Date" means the date on which the employment of the Executive is terminated, which date shall be (i) in the case of the Executive's death, the date of death, (ii) in the case of the Executive's Permanent Disability, thirty (30) days after a Termination Notice is given, provided the Executive does not return to the full-time performance of [her duties within such thirty (30) day period, (iii) in the case of a Termination Upon Expiration, the date upon which the Term expires, (iv) in the case of a Termination With Cause, the date specified in the Termination Notice, or (v) in all other instances, the date specified as the Termination Date in the

Termination Notice, which date shall not be less than thirty (30) nor more than sixty (60) days from the date the Termination Notice is given.

"<u>Termination for Good Reason</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company by the Executive based on any of the following circumstances, if, within the six (6) month period preceding the Executive's termination, the Executive notified the Company in writing of such circumstances within ninety (90) days of occurrence and the Company did not remedy such circumstances within thirty (30) days thereafter:

- (i) a material demotion or diminution in the Executive's authority, duties or responsibilities without the Executive's consent;
- (ii) the Company requiring the Executive to be based at any place other than a location within a fifty (50) mile radius of the Executive's work location as of the Effective Date without the Executive's consent, except for reasonably required travel on the Company's business; or
 - (iii) any action or inaction that constitutes a material breach by the Company of this Agreement.

"Termination Notice" means a written notice of termination of employment by the Executive or the Company.

"Termination of Employment" means the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company for reasons other than death or Permanent Disability. Whether a Termination of Employment takes place is determined based on the facts and circumstances surrounding the termination of the Executive's employment and whether the Company and the Executive intended for the Executive to provide significant services for the Company following such termination. A change in the Executive's employment status will not be considered a Termination of Employment if the Executive continues to provide services as an employee of the Company or in any other capacity at an annual rate that is twenty percent (20%) or more of the services rendered, on average, during the immediately preceding three full calendar years of employment (or, if employed less than three years, such lesser period).

"<u>Termination Upon Expiration</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment upon the full expiration of the Term, including the full expiration of any extension thereof, following: (i) the Company's notice to the Executive of the Company's election to not extend the Term; or (ii) the Executive's notice to the Company of the Executive's election to not extend the Term, in each case as provided in <u>Section 3(a)</u> of this Agreement.

"Termination With Cause" means the termination of the Executive's employment by the Company for any of the following reasons: (i) the Executive's gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of the Executive's duties where such gross negligence or willful misconduct has resulted or is likely to result in substantial and material damage to the Company; (ii) the material violation by the Executive of any federal or state law or regulation or the Company's compliance program in the performance of the Executive's duties; (iii) the Executive's material breach of the

Confidentiality Agreement; (iv) the Executive's commission of any act of fraud with respect to the Company; (v) the Executive's conviction of, or the Executive's entry of a guilty plea or plea of nolo contendere with respect to, a felony; or (vi) the Executive's failure to perform duties consistent with this Agreement or the Executive's position or to follow or comply with the reasonable directives of the Board or the Executive's supervisor(s) (to the extent not inconsistent with the terms of this Agreement), provided that (A) the Executive shall have received written notice that specifically identifies the manner in which the Company believes that Executive has engaged in such failure and (B) the Executive shall not have cured such failure within thirty (30) days following receipt of such notice, provided further that such opportunity to cure a failure shall not apply if the Executive has received more than one notice with respect to the same or similar conduct pursuant to this clause (vi) during any twelve (12) consecutive month period.

"<u>Termination Without Cause</u>" means the termination of the Executive's employment by the Company for any reason other than (i) Termination With Cause, (ii) termination by the Company due to the Executive's death or Permanent Disability, or (iii) Termination Upon Expiration.

"Voluntary Termination" means the Executive's voluntary termination of her employment hereunder for any reason, other than a Termination for Good Reason. If the Executive gives a Termination Notice of Voluntary Termination and, prior to the Termination Date, the Executive voluntarily refuses or fails to provide substantially all the services described in Section 2 hereof for a period greater than two consecutive weeks, the Voluntary Termination shall be deemed to be effective as of the date on which the Executive so ceases to carry out her duties. Voluntary refusal to perform services shall not include (i) taking vacation otherwise permitted in accordance with Section 4(d) hereof, (ii) the Executive's failure to perform services on account of her illness or the illness of a member of the Executive's immediate family, provided such illness is adequately substantiated at the reasonable request of the Company, or (iii) any other absence from service with the written consent of the Board.

2. Employment; Services. The Company shall employ the Executive, and the Executive agrees to be so employed, in the capacity of the Vice President, Product Management of the Company to serve for the Term hereof, subject to earlier termination as hereinafter provided. The Executive shall assume and discharge such duties and responsibilities as are commensurate with the Executive's position. The Executive shall be a full-time employee of the Company and shall exert her best efforts and devote substantially all of her business time and attention to the Company's affairs and the performance of her duties hereunder.

3. Term; Termination.

(a) The term of the Executive's employment under this Agreement (the "<u>Term</u>") shall be one (1) year and shall commence as of the Effective Date. On the first anniversary of the Effective Date and each successive anniversary of the Effective Date, the Term shall be extended for an additional one (1) year period, unless one party gives notice to the other of such party's election to not extend the Term, which notice must be given no later than ninety (90) days prior to the end of the then-current Term. Notwithstanding the foregoing,

employment during the Term shall be subject to earlier termination in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

(b) Any purported termination of employment by the Executive or the Company, other than by reason of the Executive's death, shall be communicated by a Termination Notice. The Termination Notice shall indicate the specific termination provision in this Agreement relied upon and set forth the facts and circumstances claimed to provide a basis for termination.

4. Compensation.

- (a) <u>Base Salary</u>. During the Term, the Company shall pay the Executive for her services a "<u>Base Salary</u>" of One Hundred Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000) per year, to be paid in accordance with customary Company policies. The Base Salary shall be subject to increase or decrease according to policies and practices adopted by the Compensation Committee or the Board, as the case may be; provided, however, that in no event (i) shall the Base Salary for any year be decreased by more than ten percent (10%) from the immediately preceding year's Base Salary, and (ii) shall the Base Salary be less than One Hundred Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000).
- (b) <u>Award Plans</u>. During the Term, the Executive shall also be eligible for additional compensation in the form of a cash bonus, shares of stock in the Company, Restricted Stock and/or Options, according to the policies and practices adopted by the Compensation Committee or the Board, as the case may be, and the Executive shall be eligible to participate in the 2010 Plan and any other stock option, incentive compensation, profit participation, bonus or extra compensation plan that is adopted by the Company and in which the Company's executive officers generally participate (collectively, "<u>Award Plans</u>").
- (c) <u>Benefit Plans</u>. During the Term, the Executive shall be entitled to participate in, and to all rights and benefits provided by, the health, life, medical, dental, disability, insurance and welfare plans that are maintained from time to time by the Company for the benefit of the Executive, the executives of the Company generally or for the Company's employees generally, provided that the Executive is eligible to participate in such plan under the eligibility provisions thereof that are generally applicable to the participants thereof (collectively, "<u>Benefit Plans</u>").
- (d) <u>Vacation</u>. The Executive shall be entitled each year to vacation time, during which time her compensation shall be paid in full. The time allotted for such vacation shall be three (3) weeks, to be taken at such time or times as shall be mutually convenient and consistent with her duties and obligations to the Company. Vacation accrues based on the Executive's anniversary date. Any unused vacation shall not be carried into subsequent years.
- (e) <u>Overall Qualification</u>. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as preventing the Company from modifying, suspending, discontinuing or terminating any of the Benefit Plans or Award Plans without notice or liability to the Executive so long as (i) the modification, suspension, discontinuation or termination of any such plan is authorized by and

performed in accordance with the specific provisions of such plan and (ii) such modification, suspension, discontinuation or termination is taken generally with respect to all similarly situated employees of the Company and does not single out or discriminate against the Executive.

- 5. Expenses. The Company recognizes that the Executive will have to incur certain out-of-pocket expenses, including but not limited to travel expenses, related to her services and the Company's business and the Company agrees to reimburse the Executive for all reasonable expenses necessarily incurred by her in the performance of her duties upon presentation of documentation indicating the amount and business purposes of any such expenses; provided, that the Executive complies with the Company's policies and procedures regarding business expenses.
- 6. <u>Voluntary Termination</u>; <u>Termination With Cause</u>. If the Executive shall cease being an employee of the Company on account of the Executive's Voluntary Termination or a Termination With Cause, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, and (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>. In the event of a Voluntary Termination or a Termination With Cause, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement.

7. Termination Upon Death or Permanent Disability.

- (a) <u>Death</u>. The Executive's employment with the Company shall terminate automatically upon the Executive's death. Upon termination of employment due to the Executive's death, the Executive's estate shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>, plus (iii) provided the Executive's heir(s) properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, reimbursement of the COBRA premium for health care coverage for the Executive's surviving spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to twelve (12) months following the Termination Date. In addition, the Executive's estate shall be entitled to any vested benefits under the Company's Award Plans and Benefit Plans as of the Termination Date, in accordance with the terms of such plans.
- (b) <u>Permanent Disability</u>. In the event of the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Company may terminate the Executive's employment with the Company if the Executive does not return to the full-time performance of her duties within thirty (30) days after a Termination Notice is given. Upon termination of employment due to the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>, and (iii) provided the Executive properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, reimbursement of the COBRA premium for health care coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and

children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to twelve (12) months following the Termination Date. In addition, the Executive shall be entitled to any vested benefits under the Company's Award Plans and Benefit Plans as of the Termination Date, in accordance with the terms of such plans. In the event of a termination of employment upon the Executive's Permanent Disability, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement.

- (c) <u>Life Insurance</u>. Upon the Company's request, the Executive shall cooperate with the Company in obtaining "key man" life insurance on the life of the Executive with death benefits payable to the Company.
- 8. Termination Without Cause; Termination for Good Reason. The Company may terminate the Executive's employment for any reason, or no reason at all, at any time, and the Executive may effect a Termination for Good Reason at any time; provided, that upon a Termination for Good Reason or a Termination Without Cause, except as otherwise provided in Section 9 of this Agreement, the Company shall provide the compensation and benefits set forth in this Section 8. The Executive may effect a Termination for Good Reason notwithstanding any incapacity due to physical or mental illness. In the event of a Termination Without Cause or a Termination for Good Reason, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement.
- (a) <u>Base Salary</u>, <u>Bonus</u>, <u>Benefit Plans and Award Plans</u>. The Company shall pay to the Executive, on the Termination Date, a lump sum amount, which is equal to the sum of (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date; plus (ii) the Executive's Base Salary in effect on the Termination Date; plus (iii) the average annual cash bonus paid to the Executive for the two (2) years preceding the year in which the Termination Date occurs; and (iv) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date pursuant to <u>Section 5</u>. The Company shall also pay the Executive any amounts due to the Executive pursuant to the terms of any Award Plans and/or Benefit Plans in which the Executive was a participant, in accordance with the terms of such plans. In addition, provided the Executive properly elects COBRA continuation coverage, the Company shall reimburse the Executive for the cost of COBRA premiums for health care coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible for any elected coverage, for up to twelve (12) months following the Termination Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Executive is a Specified Employee and the total of the payments under this <u>Section 8(a)</u> exceeds the limit set forth in Treas. Reg. §1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii)(A) (related to separation pay), then, the amount in excess of such limit shall be delayed for six (6) months following the Termination Date. The delayed amount shall be paid in a lump sum after the end of the six-month delay.
- (b) Options; Restricted Stock. Notwithstanding the terms of any award agreement heretofore or hereafter granted to the Executive under any Award Plan, including, without limitation, the 2007 Plan and the 2010 Plan, or any other agreement granting the Executive Options or Restricted Stock (in each case, an "Award Agreement"), upon a Termination Without Cause or Termination for Good Reason, all Options and Restricted Stock granted to the Executive which do not constitute deferred compensation for Code Section 409A

purposes granted to the Executive shall become fully vested on the Termination Date and immediately prior to the time of termination. The Executive shall have the right to exercise any such Options in a manner provided for in the applicable Award Agreement. For purposes of an Award Agreement, a Termination for Good Reason shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this Section 8(b) and the terms of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the terms of this Section 8(b) shall control and govern.

9. Change of Control.

- (a) <u>Accelerated Vesting</u>. Notwithstanding the terms of any Award Agreement heretofore or hereafter granted to the Executive, in the event of a Change of Control, all Options and Restricted Stock granted to the Executive which do not constitute deferred compensation for Code Section 409A purposes shall become fully vested on the date of the Change of Control. The Executive shall have the right to exercise any such Options in a manner provided for in the applicable Award Agreement. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this <u>Section 9(a)</u> and the terms of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the terms of this <u>Section 9(a)</u> shall control and govern.
- (b) Change of Control Termination. Notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement to the contrary, in the event of a Change of Control Termination, the Company shall, on the Termination Date, pay the Executive a lump sum amount which is equal to the sum of (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, plus (ii) the Executive's Base Salary in effect as of the Termination Date, plus (iii) the greater of (A) the average annual cash bonus paid to the Executive for the two years preceding the year in which the Termination Date occurs or (B) the Executive's target bonus, if any, for the year in which the Termination Date occurs, plus (iv) the product of (A) twelve (12) multiplied by (B) the monthly COBRA premium for health care continuation coverage for the Executive and the Executive's spouse and children, as applicable and to the extent eligible, plus (v) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date under Section 5. The Company shall also pay the Executive any amounts due to the Executive pursuant to the terms of any Award Plans and/or Benefit Plans in which the Executive was a participant, in accordance with the terms of such plans. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Executive is a Specified Employee and the total of the payments under this Section 9(b) exceeds the limit set forth in Treas. Reg. §1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii)(A) (related to separation pay), then the amount in excess of such limit shall be delayed for six (6) months following the Executive's Termination Date, and such delayed amount shall be paid in a lump sum after the end of the six-month delay. For purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, a Termination for Good Reason that is Change of Control Termination under this Agreement shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive. In the event of a Change of Control Termination, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement.
- 10. <u>Termination Upon Expiration</u>. If the Executive shall cease being an employee of the Company on account of a Termination Upon Expiration, the Executive shall have no further rights against the Company hereunder after the Termination Date, except for the right to receive

- (i) any Base Salary and bonus compensation earned but unpaid as of the Termination Date, and (ii) reimbursement of business expenses to which the Executive is entitled as of the Termination Date under Section 5. In the event of any Termination Upon Expiration, the Executive shall continue to be subject to the Confidentiality Agreement. In the event of a Termination Upon Expiration caused by the Company (i.e., the Company gave notice to the Executive of the Company's election to not extend the Term pursuant to Section 3(a)), then for purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the Termination Upon Expiration shall constitute an involuntary termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, and not a voluntary termination by the Executive. In the event of a Termination Upon Expiration caused by the Executive (i.e., the Executive gave notice to the Company of the Executive's election to not extend the Term pursuant to Section 3(a)), then for purposes of any Award Agreement granted to the Executive, the Termination Upon Expiration shall constitute a voluntary termination of employment by the Executive.
- 11. Exclusive Remedy. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the payments contemplated by Section 7, Section 8 and Section 9 shall constitute the exclusive and sole remedy for any termination of the Executive's employment due to death or Permanent Disability, any Termination Without Cause or any Termination for Good Reason. The Executive agrees, for herself and any administrator, beneficiary, devisee, executor, heir, legatee or personal representative, (i) to not assert or pursue any remedies, other than an action to enforce the payments due to the Executive (or the Executive's estate) under this Agreement, at law or in equity, with respect to the termination of the Executive's employment under Section 7, Section 8 or Section 9, as applicable, and (ii) to execute a release and waiver on such terms and conditions as the Company may reasonably require as a condition of entitlement to such payments.
- 12. <u>Confidentiality</u>. The Executive shall enter into the Confidentiality Agreement. The Executive's execution of that agreement is a material inducement for the Company to enter into this Agreement. Therefore, this Agreement will be null and void unless the Executive enters into the Confidentiality Agreement.
- 13. Employment Status. The parties acknowledge and agree that the Executive is an employee of the Company, not an independent contractor. Any payments made to the Executive by the Company pursuant to this Agreement shall be treated for federal and state payroll tax purposes as payments made to a Company employee, irrespective whether such payments are made subsequent to the Termination Date.
- 14. <u>Notices</u>. All notices or deliveries authorized or required pursuant to this Agreement shall be deemed to have been given when in writing and personally delivered or when deposited in the U.S. mail, certified, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, addressed to the parties at the following addresses or to such other addresses as either may designate in writing to the other party:

To the Company: One Commerce Square

Suite 2550

Memphis, TN 38103

Attn: Chief Financial Officer

To the Executive: Carol J. Barbre

5 Musik

Irvine, CA 92618

15. Entire Agreement. This Agreement contains the entire understanding between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and shall not be modified in any manner except by instrument in writing signed, by or on behalf of, the parties hereto. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, successors and assigns of the parties hereto. In the event of any inconsistencies between the terms of this Agreement and any Award Agreement, the terms of this Agreement shall govern.

16. <u>Arbitration</u>. Any controversy concerning or claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement shall be settled by final and binding arbitration in Memphis, Shelby County, Tennessee at a location specified by the party seeking such arbitration.

- (a) <u>The Arbitrators</u>. Any arbitration proceeding shall be conducted by three (3) Arbitrators and the decision of the Arbitrators shall be binding on all parties. Each Arbitrator shall have substantial experience and expert competence in the matters being arbitrated. The party desiring to submit any matter relating to this Agreement to arbitration shall do so by written notice to the other party, which notice shall set forth the items to be arbitrated, such party's choice of an Arbitrator, and such party's substantive position in the arbitration. The party receiving such notice shall, within fifteen (15) days after receipt of such notice, appoint an Arbitrator and notify the other party of its appointment and of its substantive position. The Arbitrators appointed by the parties to the Arbitration shall select an additional Arbitrator meeting the aforedescribed criteria. The Arbitrators shall be required to render a decision in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 16(b) below within thirty (30) days after being notified of their selection. The fees of the Arbitrators shall be equally divided amongst the parties to the arbitration.
- (b) <u>Arbitration Procedures</u>. Arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of the American Arbitration Association, except to the extent the provisions of such are modified by this Agreement or the subsequent mutual agreement of the parties. Judgment upon the award rendered by the Arbitrator(s) may be entered in any court having jurisdiction thereof. Any party hereto may bring an action, including a summary or expedited proceeding, to compel arbitration of any controversy or claim to which this provision applies in any court having jurisdiction over such action in Shelby County, Tennessee, and the parties agree that jurisdiction and venue in Shelby County, Tennessee are appropriate and approved by such parties.

- 17. <u>Applicable Law</u>. This Agreement shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Tennessee without giving effect to conflict of laws principles thereof.
- 18. <u>Assignment</u>. The Executive acknowledges that her services are unique and personal. Accordingly, the Executive may not assign her rights or delegate her duties or obligations under this Agreement.
- 19. <u>Headings</u>. Headings in this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not be used to interpret or construe its provisions.
- 20. Successors; Binding Agreement. The Company will require any successor to all or substantially all of the business and/or assets of the Company to expressly assume and agree to perform this Agreement in the same manner and to the same extent that the Company would be required to perform it if no such succession had taken place. Failure of the Company to obtain such assumption and agreement prior to the effectiveness of any such succession shall be a beach of this Agreement and shall entitle Executive to compensation from the Company in the same amount and on the same terms as Executive would be entitled to hereunder upon a Change of Control Termination. The Company's rights and obligations under this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and shall be binding upon the Company's successors and assigns.

[The remainder of this page is intentionally left blank.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement effective as of the date first above written.

SURGIVISION, INC.

By: /s/ Kimble L. Jenkins

Name: Kimble L. Jenkins

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

EXECUTIVE:

/s/ Carol J. Barbre

Carol J. Barbre

Exhibit A

SURGIVISION, INC.

NON-DISCLOSURE AND PROPRIETARY RIGHTS AGREEMENT

In consideration and as a condition of my employment (or my continued employment) with SurgiVision, Inc., or any of its current or future subsidiaries, affiliates, successors or assigns (collectively, the "Company"), and in consideration of my receipt of Confidential Information (as defined in Section 2 below) and of the compensation now and hereafter paid to me by the Company, the undersigned (hereinafter referred to as "Employee") hereby acknowledges and agrees to the following:

- 1. <u>Purpose of Agreement</u>. Employee understands that the Company is engaged in a continuous program of research, development, production and marketing in connection with its business and that it is critical for the Company to preserve and protect its Confidential Information (as defined in <u>Section 2</u> below), its rights in Inventions (as defined in <u>Section 7</u> below) and in all related intellectual property rights. Accordingly, Employee is entering into this Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement (this "<u>Agreement</u>") as a condition of his or her employment (or continued employment) with the Company, regardless of whether Employee is expected to create Inventions of value for the Company.
- 2. Non-Disclosure of Confidential Information. At all times during his or her employment with the Company and thereafter, Employee will hold the Confidential Information in strictest confidence and Employee will not disclose, communicate, reproduce, copy, publish, license, distribute, modify, adapt, transmit, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or use any Confidential Information, except (a) as may be necessary for Employee to perform his or her duties as an employee of the Company for the exclusive benefit of the Company or (b) to the extent an officer of the Company expressly authorizes such in writing. Employee will take all appropriate action, whether by instruction, agreement or otherwise, to ensure the protection, confidentiality and security of the Confidential Information and to satisfy Employee's obligations under this Agreement. Employee will notify the Company immediately upon discovery of any loss, misuse, misappropriation or disclosure of Confidential Information or any other breach of this Agreement by Employee, and Employee will cooperate with the Company in every reasonable way to help the Company regain possession of the Confidential Information and prevent its further unauthorized use or disclosure.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "Confidential Information" means, but is not limited to, all information that is possessed by or developed for the Company and which relates to the Company's existing or potential business, which information is not reasonably knowable by the Company's competitors or by the general public through lawful means. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, such Confidential Information also includes, but is not limited to, all Proprietary Rights (as defined in Section 3 below), all Third Party Information (as defined in Section 4 below) and all information regarding the Company's operations, research and development efforts, plans for products or services, methods of doing business, business strategies, customers, suppliers, service providers, manufacturers, business relations, product

prices and costs, markets, marketing plans, budgets and forecasts, financial information and/or Inventions, as well as information regarding the skills, know how and compensation of other employees of the Company. Confidential Information may be expressly designated as confidential or proprietary on its face (whether verbally, in writing or otherwise) or be of such a nature that a reasonable person under the circumstances should understand or believe it to be confidential or proprietary. Confidential Information may be oral, written, recorded magnetically or electronically or otherwise stored, and may be that which Employee originates as well as that which otherwise comes into the possession or knowledge of Employee.

- 3. Recognition of Company's Rights. Employee acknowledges and agrees that all Confidential Information will be the sole property of the Company and that the Company will be the sole owner of all patents, patent applications, design patents or registration, design patent applications, copyrights, mask works, trademarks, trade secrets and all other intellectual property rights throughout the world (collectively, "Proprietary Rights") in connection therewith. Accordingly, Employee hereby assigns and agrees to assign to the Company any rights Employee may have or acquire in any Confidential Information and Proprietary Rights.
- 4. Non-Disclosure of Third Party Information. Employee understands that the Company may from time to time receive from third parties confidential information ("Third Party Information"), subject to a duty on the Company's part to maintain the confidentiality of such information and to use it only for certain limited purposes. At all times during Employee's employment with the Company and thereafter, Employee will hold the Third Party Information in strictest confidence and Employee will not disclose, communicate, reproduce, copy, publish, license, distribute, modify, adapt, transmit, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or use any Third Party Information, except (a) as may be necessary for Employee to perform his or her duties as an employee of the Company for the exclusive benefit of the Company or (b) to the extent an officer of the Company expressly authorizes such in writing. Employee will take all appropriate action, whether by instruction, agreement or otherwise, to ensure the protection, confidentiality and security of the Third Party Information and to satisfy Employee's obligations under this Agreement. Employee will notify the Company immediately upon discovery of any loss, misuse, misappropriation or disclosure of Third Party Information or any other breach of this Agreement by Employee, and Employee will cooperate with the Company in every reasonable way to help the Company prevent its further unauthorized use or disclosure.
- 5 . Return of Information; Inspections. Employee will, at the Company's request and/or upon termination of the employment relationship for any reason, return all originals, copies, reproductions and summaries of any Confidential Information and all other tangible materials and devices provided to Employee as Confidential Information or containing Confidential Information, and/or, at the Company's option, certify destruction of the same. In addition, Employee will, at the Company's request and/or upon termination of the employment relationship for any reason, return all originals, copies, reproductions and summaries of any Third Party Information and all other tangible materials and devices provided to Employee as Third Party Information or containing Third Party Information, and/or, at the Company's option, certify destruction of the same. Upon termination of his or her employment with the Company, Employee will promptly deliver to the Company all property in Employee's possession, custody or control that is owned by the Company. Employee agrees that any property situated on the

Company's premises and owned by the Company, including, but not limited to, computers, disks and other storage media, is subject to inspection by Company personnel at any time without notice.

- 6. <u>No Improper Use of Materials</u>. During his or her employment with the Company, Employee will not improperly use or disclose any Confidential Information or trade secrets, if any, of any former employer or any other person to whom Employee has an obligation of confidentiality, and Employee will not bring onto the premises of the Company any unpublished documents or any property belonging to any former employer or any other person to whom Employee has an obligation of confidentiality unless consented to in writing by that former employer or person.
- 7 . Assignment of Inventions. Employee hereby irrevocably assigns to the Company all right, title and interest of Employee in and to any and all Inventions (and all Proprietary Rights with respect thereto), whether or not patentable, copyrightable or protectable as trade secrets, made, conceived, reduced to practice or created by Employee, either alone or jointly with others, during the period of his or her employment with the Company. Employee acknowledges that all original works of authorship which are made by Employee (alone or jointly with others) within the scope of his or her employment and which are copyrightable are "works made for hire," as that term is defined in the United States Copyright Act. In addition to the foregoing assignment of Inventions (and all Proprietary Rights with respect thereto) to the Company, Employee hereby irrevocably assigns to the Company any and all Moral Rights (as defined below) that Employee may have in or with respect to any Invention, and Employee forever waives and agrees not to assert any and all Moral Rights he or she may have in or with respect to any Invention, even after termination of employment with the Company.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "<u>Inventions</u>" means inventions, discoveries, improvements, designs, techniques, ideas, processes, compositions of matter, formulas, data, software programs, databases, mask works, works of authorship, knowhow and trade secrets.

For purposes of this Agreement, the term "Moral Rights" means any right to claim authorship of an Invention, to object to or prevent the modification of any Invention, or to withdraw from circulation or control the publication or distribution of any Invention, and any similar right, existing under judicial or statutory law of any country or under any treaty, regardless of whether such right is denominated or generally referred to as a "moral right."

- 8. <u>Disclosure of Inventions</u>. Employee will promptly disclose to the Company all Inventions that Employee makes, conceives, reduces to practice or creates, either alone or jointly with others, during the period of his or her employment with the Company. In addition, Employee will disclose to the Company all patent applications filed by Employee within three (3) years after termination of employment with the Company.
- 9. <u>Assistance</u>. Employee agrees to assist the Company in every proper way to obtain and, from time to time, enforce United States and foreign Proprietary Rights relating to Inventions assigned hereunder to the Company in any and all countries. To that end, Employee will execute, verify and deliver such documents and perform such other acts (including

appearances as a witness) as the Company may reasonably request for use in applying for, obtaining, perfecting, evidencing, sustaining and enforcing such Proprietary Rights and the assignment thereof. In addition, Employee will execute, verify and deliver assignments of such Proprietary Rights to the Company or its designee. Employee's obligation to assist the Company with respect to Proprietary Rights relating to Inventions in any and all countries will continue beyond the termination of Employee's employment, but the Company agrees to compensate Employee at a reasonable rate after Employee's termination for the time actually spent by Employee at the Company's request on such assistance. Employee hereby irrevocably designates and appoints the Company and its duly authorized officers and agents as Employee's agent and attorney-in-fact to act for and on behalf of Employee (a) to execute, verify and file any document needed in connection with the actions specified in this section and (b) to do all other lawfully permitted acts to further the purposes of this section, in each case with the same legal force and effect as if executed or performed by Employee. Employee hereby waives and quitclaims to the Company any and all claims, of any nature whatsoever, which Employee now or may hereafter have for infringement of any Proprietary Rights assigned hereunder to the Company.

- 10. <u>Prior Inventions</u>. Inventions, if any, which Employee made prior to the commencement of his or her employment with the Company are excluded from the scope of this Agreement. To preclude any possible uncertainty, Employee has set forth on Exhibit A hereto a complete list of all Inventions that Employee, whether alone or jointly with others, has conceived, developed or reduced to practice or caused to be conceived, developed or reduced to practice prior to commencement of his or her employment with the Company, that Employee considers to be his or her property or the property of third parties and that Employee wishes to have expressly excluded from the scope of this Agreement.
- 11. <u>Efforts</u>; <u>Non-Competition</u>. Employee acknowledges that his or her employment with the Company requires his or her full attention and effort during normal business hours, and Employee will give his or her best effort, skill and inventive ability to the business interests of the Company. During the term of his or her employment with the Company, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, participate in the management, operation, financing or control of, or be employed by or consult for or otherwise render services to, any person or entity that competes anywhere in the world with the Company in the conduct of the business of the Company as conducted or as proposed to be conducted (a "<u>Competing Business</u>"), nor will Employee engage in any other activities that conflict with his or her obligations to the Company.
- 12. Non-Solicitation. During the term of his or her employment by the Company and for a period of two (2) years after the date his or her employment with the Company ends for any reason, Employee will not, directly or indirectly, (a) hire, engage or solicit to hire or engage any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company or who was engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company within six months of the proposed solicitation, hire or engagement, (b) otherwise induce or attempt to induce any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company to terminate such engagement or employment, (c) in any way interfere with the relationship between the Company and any individual who is engaged as a contractor or consultant or employed by the Company; (d) contact, solicit, divert, appropriate or call upon with the intent of doing business with (other than for the exclusive benefit of the Company) any customer of the

Company if the purpose of such activity is to solicit such customer or prospective customer for a Competing Business, to encourage such customer to discontinue, reduce or adversely alter the amount of such customer's business with the Company or to otherwise interfere with the Company's relationship with such customer, or (e) in any way interfere with the Company's relationship with any supplier, manufacturer, service provider or other business relation of the Company.

- 13. No Conflicting Obligation. Employee represents and agrees that his or her performance of the provisions of this Agreement does not, and will not, breach any agreement to keep in confidence information acquired by Employee in confidence or in trust prior to his or her employment by the Company. Employee agrees not to enter into any agreement, either written or oral, in conflict herewith.
- 14. <u>Reasonableness of Restrictions</u>. Employee agrees that the restrictions on Employee's activities outlined in this Agreement are reasonable and necessary to protect the Company's legitimate business interests, that the consideration provided by the Company is fair and reasonable, and that given the importance to the Company of its Confidential Information, the post-employment restrictions on Employee's activities are likewise fair and reasonable.
- 15. <u>Injunctive Relief</u>. Employee acknowledges and agrees that failure to adhere to the terms of this Agreement will cause the Company irreparable damage for which monetary damages alone would be inadequate compensation. Therefore, Employee agrees that, in addition to monetary damages, the Company will be entitled to an injunction and other equitable relief, including *ex parte* injunctive relief, in the event of any breach or threatened breach (such threatened breach being determined in the sole judgment of the Company) of the provisions of this Agreement. Employee waives the making of a bond or showing actual damages as a condition for obtaining injunctive relief. Such remedy shall not be deemed the exclusive remedy for the breach of this Agreement by Employee, but will be in addition to all other remedies available to the Company whether at law or in equity. Additionally, if Employee breaches this Agreement, the Company will be entitled to its reasonable attorney's fees and costs associated with enforcing this Agreement. Notwithstanding any judicial determination that any provision of this Agreement is not specifically enforceable, the Company will nonetheless be entitled to recover monetary damages as a result of any breach by Employee.
- 16. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with the internal laws of the state of Tennessee, without giving any effect to that state's conflict of laws principles..
- 17. Employment. Employee acknowledges and agrees that this Agreement does not create an employment contract with the Company for any term, nor does it in any way limit the Company's right to otherwise terminate Employee's employment. Any change or changes in Employee's duties, salary or compensation will not affect the validity or scope of this Agreement.
- 18. <u>Severability</u>. Whenever possible, each provision of this Agreement will be interpreted in a manner to be effective, valid and enforceable. If, however, any provision of this

Agreement is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable under any present or future law, then such provision will be ineffective only to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating or affecting in any manner whatsoever the remainder of such provision or the remaining provisions of this Agreement. Furthermore, there shall be added automatically as a part of this Agreement a provision as similar in terms to such illegal, invalid, or unenforceable provision as may be possible and still have such similar provision be construed and enforced as legal, valid, and enforceable.

- 19. <u>Amendments; Waivers</u>. No modification or amendment to this Agreement, nor any waiver of any rights under this Agreement, will be effective unless in writing signed by the party to be charged. No waiver by the Company of any breach of this Agreement will be a waiver of any preceding or succeeding breach.
- 20. <u>Assignment</u>. The Company may assign its rights under this Agreement. This Agreement, and the duties and obligations of Employee hereunder, may not be assigned or delegated by Employee.
- 21. <u>Survival</u>. The terms of this Agreement, and Employee's duties and obligations hereunder, will survive any termination of Employee's employment with the Company for any reason.
- 22. <u>Headings</u>. Headings in this Agreement are for informational purposes only and will not be used to construe the intent of this Agreement.
- 23. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement and understanding between the Company and Employee concerning the matters addressed herein.
- 24. <u>Further Assurances</u>. Employee will cooperate reasonably with the Company in connection with any steps required to be taken as part of Employee's obligations under this Agreement, and Employee will (a) execute and deliver to the Company such other documents, and (b) do such other acts and things, in each case as the Company may reasonably request for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Agreement.

25. <u>Acknowledgment</u>. Employee acknowledges that he or she has received a copy of this Agreement, which he or she has read and understood, and Employee voluntarily agrees to abide by its terms. Employee authorizes the Company to notify any future employer(s) of Employee of the terms of this Agreement and Employee's obligations hereunder.

/s/ Carol J. Barbre	June 3, 2010
Employee Signature	Date
Carol J. Barbre Employee Name	
Accepted by:	
SurgiVision, Inc.	
By: /s/ Kimble L. Jenkins	

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

Name: Kimble L. Jenkins

Exhibit A

The following is a complete list of all inventions or improvements relevant to the subject matter of my employment with the Company that have been made, conceived, first reduced to practice or created by me, alone or jointly with others, prior to my employment with the Company that I desire to remove from the operation of the Company's Non-Disclosure and Proprietary Rights Agreement:

þ	No inventions or improvements		
	See below:		
	Additional sheets attached.		
I propos	se to bring to my employment the followin	g materials and documents of a former employer:	
þ	No materials or documents		
	See below:		
	Additional sheets attached.		
/s/ Caro	ol J. Barbre	June 3, 2010	
Employ	vee Signature	Date	
Carol J.	Barbre		
Employ	vee Name		

STOCK PURCHASE AND LOAN AGREEMENT

THIS STOCK PURCHASE AND LOAN AGREEMENT (this "<u>Agreement</u>"), entered into this the 30th day of January, 2009, is by and between **SURGIVISION, INC.**, a Delaware corporation ("<u>SVI</u>"), and **DARA BIOSCIENCES, INC.**, a Delaware corporation ("<u>DARA</u>"). SVI and DARA are referred to herein individually as a "<u>Party</u>" and collectively as the "<u>Parties.</u>"

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, DARA owns two million seven hundred forty nine thousand nine hundred seventy (2,749,970) shares of Common Stock (as defined below);

WHEREAS, DARA desires to sell to SVI, and SVI desires to purchase from DARA, five hundred thousand (500,000) shares of Common Stock;

WHEREAS, DARA desires to borrow from SVI, and SVI desires to lend to DARA, the principal sum of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000) to fund DARA's working capital and general corporate needs;

WHEREAS, as collateral security for DARA's indebtedness to SVI, DARA desires to pledge to SVI five hundred thousand (500,000) shares of Common Stock; and

WHEREAS, the Parties desire to set forth in writing the terms and conditions under which said transactions will be consummated;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and of the representations, warranties, covenants and agreements set forth herein, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged by the Parties, the Parties hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE I Definitions

"Affiliate" means, with respect to any Person, (a) any Person who, directly or indirectly, is in control of, is controlled by or is under common control with, such Person, and (b) any person who is a director or officer of such Person or of any Person described in the preceding clause (a).

"Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the preface above.

"Closing" has the meaning set forth in Section 4.1 below.

"Closing Date" means January 30, 2009.

- "Common Stock" means SVI's common stock, par value \$.01 per share.
- "Consent" means any approval, consent, ratification, waiver or other authorization.
- "Contemplated Transactions" means all of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, including, without limitation, (a) the sale of the Purchase Shares by DARA to SVI; (b) the Loan from SVI to DARA; (c) the execution and delivery by DARA and SVI, as applicable, of this Agreement, the Loan Documents and all other agreements, certificates and documents to be entered into in connection herewith; and (d) the performance by DARA and SVI, as applicable, of their respective covenants and obligations under this Agreement, the Loan Documents and all other agreements, certificates and documents to be entered into in connection herewith.
 - "DARA" has the meaning set forth in the preface above.
- "<u>DARA Distribution</u>" means that certain prior distribution by DARA of shares of Common Stock to Persons that were holders of DARA securities at the time of such distribution.
- "Encumbrance" means any pledge, hypothecation, assignment, deposit arrangement, lien, charge, claim, security interest, encumbrance, preference, priority option, right of first refusal or restriction of any kind or nature whatsoever.
 - "Indemnified Persons" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 11.2 below.
 - "Loan" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 3.1 below.
 - "Loan Amount" means the aggregate principal face amount of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000).
 - "Loan Documents" means the Note and the Pledge Agreement.
 - "Losses" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 11.2 below.
 - "New Stockholder Agreement" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.1(e) below.
 - "Note" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 3.1 below.
- "Old Stockholder Agreement" means that certain First Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement dated as of April 30, 2004 to which SVI and DARA, among others, are parties, as amended by that certain Amendment No. 1 to First Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement made effective as of February 17, 2006.
- "Organizational Documents" means, with respect to a corporation, the corporation's certificate of incorporation (or the equivalent thereof) and bylaws.

"Parties" has the meaning set forth in the preface above.

"Person" means any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, incorporated organization, association, corporation, institution, public benefit corporation, entity or government (whether federal, state, county, city, municipal or otherwise, including, without limitation, any instrumentality, division, agency or department thereof).

"Pledge Agreement" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.1(d) below.

"<u>Pledge Shares</u>" means five hundred thousand (500,000) shares of Common Stock held of record and beneficially owned by DARA. For the avoidance of any doubt whatsoever, the Pledge Shares are not the Purchase Shares.

"<u>Purchase Shares</u>" means five hundred thousand (500,000) shares of Common Stock held of record and beneficially owned by DARA. For the avoidance of any doubt whatsoever, the Purchase Shares are not the Pledge Shares.

"Stock Purchase Price" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.1 below.

"SVI" has the meaning set forth in the preface above.

"SVI Share" means any share of the capital stock of SVI.

"<u>Voting Agreements</u>" means any and all agreements, proxies and understandings that authorize or entitle, or purport to authorize or entitle, DARA to vote SVI Shares that are not held of record and beneficially owned by DARA. The term "Voting Agreements" specifically includes, but is not limited to, every "Voting Agreement and Irrevocable Proxy" entered into in connection with the DARA Distribution.

ARTICLE II Purchase and Sale of Shares

Section 2.1 <u>Basic Transaction</u>. At the Closing, on and subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, SVI agrees to purchase from DARA, and DARA agrees to sell, transfer, convey and deliver to SVI, all of the Purchase Shares for an aggregate purchase price of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000) (the "<u>Stock Purchase Price</u>").

ARTICLE III Loan

Section 3.1 <u>Basic Transaction</u>. At the Closing, on and subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, SVI agrees to make a loan to DARA for the Loan Amount (the "<u>Loan</u>"). DARA's obligation to repay such Loan shall be evidenced by a promissory note (such promissory note, together with any and all renewals, extensions or rearrangements thereof, the

"Note") having a maturity date, repayment terms and interest rate as set forth in such Note. DARA shall use the proceeds from the Loan for working capital and other general corporate purposes.

ARTICLE IV Closing

Section 4.1 <u>Closing</u>. The closing of the Contemplated Transactions (the "<u>Closing</u>") shall take place on the Closing Date at such place as the Parties may mutually determine.

Section 4.2 <u>Deliveries at the Closing</u>. At the Closing, (a) DARA shall deliver to SVI the various agreements, certificates and other documents referred to in <u>Section 8.1</u> below, and (b) SVI shall deliver to DARA the Stock Purchase Price, the Loan Amount and the various agreements, certificates and other documents referred to in <u>Section 8.2</u> below.

ARTICLE V Representations and Warranties of DARA

DARA represents and warrants to SVI that the statements contained in this <u>Article V</u> are correct and complete as of the date of this Agreement and will be correct and complete as of the Closing Date.

Section 5.1 <u>Corporate Organization and Power</u>. DARA is a corporation duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware, with full corporate power and authority to conduct its business as now being conducted.

Section 5.2 <u>Authorization of Transaction</u>. DARA has the full corporate power and authority (a) to execute and deliver this Agreement, the Loan Documents and all other agreements, certificates and documents to be entered into by DARA in connection herewith, (b) to perform DARA's obligations under this Agreement, the Loan Documents and all other agreements, certificates and documents to be entered into by DARA in connection herewith, and (c) to consummate the Contemplated Transactions. This Agreement constitutes the valid and legally binding obligation of DARA, enforceable against DARA in accordance with its terms and conditions. Upon execution and delivery by DARA of the Loan Documents and the other agreements, certificates and documents referred to in <u>Section 8.1</u>, the Loan Documents and such other agreements, certificates and documents will constitute the legal, valid, and binding obligations of DARA, enforceable against DARA in accordance with their respective terms and conditions. DARA is not required to give any notice to, make any filing with, or obtain any Consent from, any Person in order for DARA to consummate the Contemplated Transactions.

Section 5.3 <u>Purchase Shares</u>. DARA holds of record and owns beneficially the Purchase Shares, free and clear of any Encumbrance. DARA is not a party to any option, warrant, purchase right or other contract or commitment that could require DARA to sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of any Purchase Shares, other than this Agreement. DARA is not a party to any voting trust, proxy

or other agreement or understanding with respect to the voting of any Purchase Shares, other than the Old Stockholder Agreement.

- Section 5.4 <u>Pledge Shares</u>. DARA holds of record and owns beneficially the Pledge Shares, free and clear of any Encumbrance (other than as created in favor of SVI by the Pledge Agreement). DARA is not a party to any option, warrant, purchase right or other contract or commitment that could require DARA to sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of any Pledge Shares, other than the Pledge Agreement. DARA is not a party to any voting trust, proxy or other agreement or understanding with respect to the voting of any Pledge Shares, other than the Old Stockholder Agreement.
- Section 5.5 <u>Voting Arrangements</u>. DARA is not a party to (and DARA does not otherwise have any rights or powers pursuant to) any agreement, proxy or understanding with respect to the voting of SVI Shares, other than the Old Stockholder Agreement and the Voting Agreements. In connection with its exercise of any powers and rights under the Voting Agreements, DARA has not appointed any agent, nominee, proxy or substitute to act on behalf of DARA. As set forth in <u>Article IX</u> below, effective immediately upon the Closing, (a) DARA's rights under all Voting Agreements will terminate, and (b) all of DARA's rights under the Old Stockholder Agreement will terminate and be irrevocably waived.
- **Section 5.6 Noncontravention**. Neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement and the Loan Documents by DARA, nor the consummation by DARA of the Contemplated Transactions, will directly or indirectly (with or without notice of lapse of time):
- (a) contravene, conflict with, or result in a violation of (i) any provision of DARA's Organizational Documents or (ii) any resolution adopted by the board of directors or the stockholders of DARA;
- (b) contravene, conflict with, result in a violation of, or give any Person the right to challenge any of the Contemplated Transactions or to exercise any remedy or obtain any relief under, any applicable law or any order to which DARA or any of its assets may be subject; or
- (c) contravene, conflict with, result in a violation or breach of any provision of, or give any Person the right to declare a default or exercise any remedy under or to accelerate the maturity or performance of or to cancel, terminate or modify, any agreement to which DARA is a party or by which it is bound (other than as expressly provided in **Article IX** below).
- **Section 5.7** <u>Litigation</u>. There is no proceeding involving DARA pending or, to the knowledge of DARA, threatened before any court, other governmental body or arbitration authority, except as disclosed to SVI in writing and acknowledged by SVI prior to the execution of this Agreement.

Section 5.8 Taxes. All taxes and assessments due and payable by DARA have been paid or are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings, and DARA has filed all tax returns which it is required to file.

Section 5.10 Brokers' Fees. DARA has no liability or obligation to pay any fees or commissions to any broker, finder or agent with respect to the Contemplated Transactions for which SVI could become liable or obligated.

Section 5.11 Sophisticated Seller.

- (a) DARA has the knowledge and experience in financial and business matters to be capable of making an informed decision with respect to the sale of the Purchase Shares to SVI for the Stock Purchase Price. DARA has all information and materials relating to SVI's operations, business and properties that DARA deems necessary or appropriate to evaluate its sale of the Purchase Shares to SVI.
- (b) DARA understands and acknowledges that SVI makes no representations or warranties other than those representations and warranties expressly made by SVI in <u>Article VI</u> below. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, DARA understands and acknowledges that SVI makes no representation or warranty and gives no assurance to DARA with respect to the value of SVI or any SVI Shares. The Stock Purchase Price represents a privately negotiated price for the Purchase Shares, and DARA has determined that the Stock Purchase Price represents fair consideration for the sale of the Purchase Shares to SVI.
- (c) In determining to enter into this Agreement and to consummate the Contemplated Transactions, DARA has not relied upon (i) any representation or warranty of SVI or any of SVI's directors, officers, employees, agents or representatives, other than those representations and warranties expressly made by SVI in <u>Article VI</u> below, or (ii) any non-disclosure of information by SVI or any of SVI's directors, officers, employees, agents or representatives. DARA hereby irrevocably waives and releases SVI and SVI's directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives from any and all actions and claims whatsoever, whether in law or equity, relating to the determination of the amount of the Stock Purchase Price.
- Section 5.12 Solvency. The fair salable value of DARA's assets exceeds, and immediately following the Closing will exceed, the fair value of its liabilities (including contingent liabilities, but excluding any deferred revenue). DARA is able, and following the Closing DARA will be able, to pay its debts (including trade debts) as they mature. DARA's capital is not unreasonably small in relation to its business, and, as a result of the Contemplated Transactions, DARA will not be left with unreasonably small capital. DARA has not incurred and does not intend to incur, or believe that it will incur, debts beyond its ability to pay as such debts become due.

Section 5.13 No Investment Company. DARA is not an "investment company" or a company "controlled" by an "investment company" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

ARTICLE VI Representations and Warranties of SVI

SVI represents and warrants to DARA that the statements contained in this **Article VI** are correct and complete as of the date of this Agreement and will be correct and complete as of the Closing Date.

Section 6.1 <u>Corporate Organization and Power</u>. SVI is a corporation duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware, with full corporate power and authority to conduct its business as now being conducted.

Section 6.2 Authorization of Transaction. SVI has the full corporate power and authority (a) to execute and deliver this Agreement and all other agreements, certificates and documents to be entered into by SVI in connection herewith, (b) to perform SVI's obligations under this Agreement and all other agreements, certificates and documents to be entered into by SVI in connection herewith, and (c) to consummate the Contemplated Transactions. This Agreement constitutes the valid and legally binding obligation of SVI, enforceable against SVI in accordance with its terms and conditions. Upon execution and delivery by SVI of the agreements, certificates and other documents referred to in Section 8.2, such agreements, certificates and other documents will constitute the legal, valid, and binding obligations of SVI, enforceable against SVI in accordance with their respective terms and conditions. SVI is not required to give any notice to, make any filing with, or obtain any Consent from, any Person in order for SVI to consummate the Contemplated Transactions.

Section 6.3 <u>Noncontravention</u>. Neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement by SVI, nor the consummation by SVI of the Contemplated Transactions, will directly or indirectly (with or without notice of lapse of time):

- (a) contravene, conflict with, or result in a violation of (i) any provision of SVI's Organizational Documents or (ii) any resolution adopted by the board of directors or the stockholders of SVI;
- (b) contravene, conflict with, result in a violation of, or give any Person the right to challenge any of the Contemplated Transactions or to exercise any remedy or obtain any relief under, any applicable law or any order to which SVI or any of its assets may be subject; or
- (c) contravene, conflict with, result in a violation or breach of any provision of, or give any Person the right to declare a default or exercise any remedy under or to accelerate the maturity or performance of or to cancel, terminate or modify, any agreement to which SVI is a party or by which it is bound (other than as expressly provided in **Article IX** below).

Section 6.4 Brokers' Fees. SVI has no liability or obligation to pay any fees or commissions to any broker, finder or agent with respect to the Contemplated Transactions for which DARA could become liable or obligated.

Section 6.5 Sophisticated Buyer.

- (a) SVI has the knowledge and experience in financial and business matters to be capable of making an informed decision with respect to the purchase of the Purchase Shares for the Stock Purchase Price. SVI has all information and materials relating to SVI's operations, business and properties that SVI deems necessary or appropriate to evaluate its purchase of the Purchase Shares.
- (b) SVI understands and acknowledges that DARA makes no representations or warranties other than those representations and warranties expressly made by DARA in <u>Article V</u> above. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, SVI understands and acknowledges that DARA makes no representation or warranty and gives no assurance to SVI with respect to the value of SVI or any SVI Shares. The Stock Purchase Price represents a privately negotiated price for the Purchase Shares, and SVI has determined that the Stock Purchase Price represents fair consideration for the purchase of the Purchase Shares.
- (c) In determining to enter into this Agreement and to consummate the Contemplated Transactions, SVI has not relied upon (i) any representation or warranty of DARA or any of DARA's directors, officers, employees, agents or representatives, other than those representations and warranties expressly made by DARA in **Article V** above, or (ii) any non-disclosure of information by DARA or any of DARA's directors, officers, employees, agents or representatives. SVI hereby irrevocably waives and releases DARA and DARA's directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives from any and all actions and claims whatsoever, whether in law or equity, relating to the determination of the amount of the Stock Purchase Price.

Section 6.6 Solvency. The fair salable value of SVI's assets exceeds, and immediately following the Closing will exceed, the fair value of its liabilities (including contingent liabilities, but excluding any deferred revenue). SVI is able, and following the Closing SVI will be able, to pay its debts (including trade debts) as they mature. SVI's capital is not unreasonably small in relation to its business, and, as a result of the Contemplated Transactions, SVI will not be left with unreasonably small capital. SVI has not incurred and does not intend to incur, or believe that it will incur, debts beyond its ability to pay as such debts become due.

ARTICLE VII Conditions to Obligation to Close.

Section 7.1 Conditions to Obligation of SVI. SVI's obligation to purchase the Purchase Shares, to fund the Loan and to take the other actions required to be taken by SVI at the Closing is subject to the satisfaction of each of the following conditions:

- (a) the representations and warranties of DARA set forth in <u>Article V</u> above shall be true and correct in all respects at and as of the Closing Date;
- (b) no action, suit or proceeding shall be pending or, to the knowledge of SVI, threatened before any governmental body wherein an unfavorable determination would (i) prevent consummation of any of the Contemplated Transactions, or (ii) cause any of the Contemplated Transactions to be rescinded following consummation; and
 - (c) SVI shall have received all of the agreements, certificates and other documents referred to in Section 8.1.
- **Section 7.2** Conditions to Obligation of DARA. DARA's obligation to sell the Purchase Shares and to take the other actions required to be taken by DARA at the Closing is subject to the satisfaction of each of the following conditions:
- (a) the representations and warranties of SVI set forth in <u>Article VI</u> above shall be true and correct in all respects at and as of the Closing Date;
- (b) no action, suit or proceeding shall be pending or, to the knowledge of DARA, threatened before any governmental body wherein an unfavorable determination would (i) prevent consummation of any of the Contemplated Transactions, or (ii) cause any of the Contemplated Transactions to be rescinded following consummation; and
 - (c) DARA shall have received all of the agreements, certificates and other documents referred to in Section 8.2.

ARTICLE VIII Items to be Delivered at or Prior to Closing.

Section 8.1 By DARA. DARA shall deliver to SVI prior to or at the Closing:

- (a) the original stock certificate representing all of the Purchase Shares, accompanied by a stock power duly endorsed by DARA;
- (b) the original stock certificate representing all of the Pledge Shares, accompanied by a stock power duly endorsed by DARA in blank;
 - (c) the Note in substantially the form attached hereto as **Exhibit 8.1(c)**, executed by DARA;
- (d) the Stock Pledge Agreement in substantially the form attached hereto as **Exhibit 8.1(d)** (the "<u>Pledge Agreement</u>"), executed by DARA;

- (e) the Stockholder Agreement in substantially the form attached hereto as **Exhibit 8.1(e)** (the "New Stockholder Agreement"), executed by DARA; and
- (f) such other certificates and documents as may be reasonably requested by SVI in order to effect or carry out the intent of this Agreement.

Section 8.2 By SVI. SVI shall deliver to DARA at or prior to the Closing:

- (a) the Stock Purchase Price by wire transfer to the account designated by DARA;
- (b) the Loan Amount by wire transfer to the account designated by DARA; and
- (c) the New Stockholder Agreement, executed by SVI.

ARTICLE IX Termination of Agreements

Section 9.1 Termination of DARA Powers and Rights Under Voting Agreements. Effective as of the Closing, DARA hereby irrevocably waives and terminates all of its powers and rights under all Voting Agreements. The foregoing irrevocable waiver(s) and termination(s) shall become effective immediately upon the Closing without the need for further action by either of the Parties. Effective as of the Closing, SVI waives (i) any requirement pursuant to any Voting Agreement that SVI be provided notice of the termination of DARA's powers and rights under such Voting Agreement, and (ii) any third party beneficiary rights it holds under or with respect to any Voting Agreement. The intent and agreement of the Parties is that any beneficial owner of SVI Shares, who/which is currently subject to a Voting Agreement, shall, effective as of the Closing, be free to vote, transfer and otherwise act with respect to his/her/its SVI Shares free of any restrictions or obligations contained in such Voting Agreement. DARA acknowledges that its irrevocable waiver and termination of all of its powers and rights under the Voting Agreements is a material inducement for SVI to enter into this Agreement and to consummate the Contemplated Transactions.

Section 9.2 <u>Termination of DARA Powers and Rights Under Old Stockholder Agreement</u>. Effective as of the Closing, DARA hereby irrevocably waives and terminates all of its powers and rights under the Old Stockholder Agreement. The foregoing irrevocable waiver and termination shall become effective immediately upon the Closing without the need for further action by either of the Parties. DARA acknowledges that its irrevocable waiver and termination of all of its rights under the Old Stockholder Agreement is a material inducement for SVI to enter into this Agreement and to consummate the Contemplated Transactions.

ARTICLE X Post-Closing Covenants

Until full payment and performance of all obligations of DARA under the Loan Documents:

Section 10.1 <u>Corporate Existence</u>. DARA shall at all times preserve and keep in full force and effect its corporate existence and all its material rights, franchises and other governmental approvals.

Section 10.2 Payment of Taxes. DARA shall timely file or cause to be filed all tax returns required to be filed by it, and pay and discharge all taxes imposed upon it or any of its properties or in respect of any of its franchises, business, income or property before any penalty shall be incurred with respect to such taxes, except to the extent such taxes are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings in a diligent manner.

Section 10.3 <u>Insurance</u>. DARA shall maintain insurance with responsible insurance companies on such of its properties, in such amounts and against such risks as is customarily maintained by similar businesses operating in the same general vicinity.

Section 10.4 <u>Adverse Conditions or Events</u>. DARA shall promptly advise SVI in writing of (a) any condition, event or act which comes to DARA's attention that would or might materially adversely affect DARA's financial condition or operations or SVI's rights under the any of the Loan Documents, (b) any litigation filed by or against DARA, and (c) any event that has occurred that would constitute an event of default under any of the Loan Documents.

Section 10.5 Encumbrances. DARA shall not grant, suffer or permit any contractual or noncontractual Encumbrance in or on the Pledge Shares, except in favor of SVI, or fail to promptly pay when due all lawful claims, whether for labor, materials or otherwise.

Section 10.6 Restricted Payments. DARA shall not declare, pay or make, or agree to declare, pay or make, (a) any dividend, distribution or payment, direct or indirect, to or for the benefit of any holder of any capital stock of DARA, except a dividend or other distribution payable solely in shares of the same class of DARA capital stock, or (b) any redemption, retirement, sinking fund or similar payment, purchase or other acquisition for value, direct or indirect, of any capital stock of DARA now or hereafter outstanding.

Section 10.7 [Intentionally Omitted]

Section 10.8 <u>Amendments to Organizational Documents</u>. DARA shall not amend its Organizational Documents in any respect that causes or could reasonably be expected to impair the timely payment of any amounts due under the Loan Documents.

ARTICLE XI Indemnification

Section 11.1 Survival. All of the representations, warranties, covenants and obligations in this Agreement, the Loan Documents and any other agreement, certificate or document entered into in connection herewith shall survive the Closing.

Section 11.2 <u>Indemnification by DARA</u>. DARA shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless SVI and its directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives (collectively, the "<u>Indemnified Persons</u>") from and against and in respect of any and all claims, demands, losses, costs,

expenses, obligations, liabilities, damages, recoveries and deficiencies, including, without limitation, interest, penalties, court costs and attorneys' fees (collectively, "Losses"), that any Indemnified Person shall incur or suffer, which arise out of, or relate to (a) any breach or alleged breach of any of DARA's representations and warranties contained in this Agreement, any Loan Document or any other agreement, certificate or document entered into or furnished by DARA in connection herewith, or (b) any failure or alleged failure by DARA to perform any covenant or agreement to be performed by DARA under this Agreement, any Loan Document or any other agreement, certificate or document entered into or furnished by DARA in connection herewith.

Section 11.3 <u>Remedies</u>. The remedies provided in <u>Section 11.2</u> above shall not be exclusive of or limit any other rights, powers or remedies that may be available to SVI (or any of the other Indemnified Persons). For the avoidance of any doubt, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, upon an event of default under the Loan Documents, SVI shall have all rights, powers and remedies available under the Loan Documents as well as all rights and remedies available at law or in equity.

ARTICLE XII Miscellaneous

Section 12.1 Governing Law; Venue. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the domestic laws of the State of North Carolina without giving effect to any choice or conflict of law provision or rule (whether of the State of North Carolina or any other jurisdiction) that would cause the application of the laws of any jurisdiction other than the State of North Carolina. Each of the parties submits to the jurisdiction of any state or federal court sitting in Memphis, Tennessee, in any action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement. Each of the parties waives any defense of inconvenient forum to the maintenance of any action or proceeding so brought and waives any bond, surety, or other security that might be required of any other party with respect thereto.

Section 12.2 Successors and Assigns; No Third-Party Rights. DARA may not assign any of its rights or obligations under this Agreement without the prior written consent of SVI. Subject to the preceding sentence, this Agreement will apply to, be binding in all respects upon, and inure to the benefit of, the successors and permitted assigns of the Parties. Nothing expressed or referred to in this Agreement will be construed to give any Person other than the Parties any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under or with respect to this Agreement or any provision of this Agreement. This Agreement and all of its provisions and conditions are for the sole and exclusive benefit of the Parties and their successors and permitted assigns.

Section 12.3 Entire Agreement; Amendment. This Agreement, the Loan Documents and the other agreements, certificates and documents delivered pursuant to this Agreement at the Closing constitute the full and entire understanding and agreement between the Parties with regard to the subjects hereof and thereof, and supersede all prior agreements and merge all prior discussions, negotiations, proposals and offers (written or oral) between them, and neither Party shall be liable or bound to other Party in any manner by any warranties, representations or covenants except as specifically set forth herein or therein. Neither this Agreement nor any term hereof may be amended,

waived, discharged or terminated other than by a written instrument signed by the Party against whom enforcement of any such amendment, waiver, discharge or termination is sought.

Section 12.4 <u>Notices</u>. All notices, requests, demands, claims, and other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be given by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, by fax or by national overnight delivery service, and addressed to the intended recipient as set forth below:

If to DARA:

DARA BioSciences, Inc. Attention: Chairman

Forum I

8601 Six Forks Road

Suite 160

Raleigh, NC 27615 Fax: (919) 861-0239

If to SVI:

SurgiVision, Inc.

Attention: Kimble Jenkins One Commerce Square

Suite 2550

Memphis, Tennessee 38103 Facsimile: (901) 522-9400 Copy to:

D. Scott Coward K&L Gates LLP

4350 Lassiter at North Hills Avenue

Suite 300

Raleigh, NC 27609 Fax: (919) 743-7300

Copy to:

SurgiVision, Inc.

Attention: Oscar Thomas One Commerce Square

Suite 2550

Memphis, Tennessee 38103 Facsimile: (901) 522-9400

Any notice given in the manner aforesaid shall be deemed to have been served, and shall be effective for all purposes hereof (a) if sent by registered or certified mail, on the earlier of the second day following the day on which it is posted or the date of its receipt by the party to be notified, (b) if sent by fax, the day actually received as evidenced by a written receipt of transmission, and (c) if sent by overnight delivery service, the day after such notice has been delivered by the party to said service. Any Party may change the address to which notices, requests, demands, claims, and other communications hereunder are to be delivered by giving the other Party notice in the manner herein set forth.

Section 12.5 <u>Delays or Omissions</u>; <u>Remedies Cumulative</u>. No delay or omission to exercise any right, power or remedy accruing to any Party, upon any breach or default of another Party under this Agreement, shall impair any such right, power or remedy of such Party nor shall it be construed to be a waiver of any such breach or default, or an acquiescence therein, or of or in any similar breach or default thereafter occurring; nor shall any waiver of any single breach or default be deemed a waiver of any other breach or default theretofore or thereafter occurring. Any Consent of any kind or character on the part of any Party of any breach or default under this Agreement, or any waiver on the part of any Party of any provisions or conditions of this Agreement, must be in writing and shall be effective only to the extent specifically set forth in such writing. All remedies, either

under this Agreement or by law or otherwise afforded to any holder, shall be cumulative and not alternative.

Section 12.6 <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be enforceable against the Party actually executing such counterpart, and all of which together shall constitute one instrument. A signature on a counterpart may be a facsimile or an electronically transmitted signature, and such signature shall have the same force and effect as an original signature.

Section 12.7 Severability. If any provision of this Agreement is held to be unenforceable to any extent under applicable law, such provision shall be interpreted as if it were written so as to be enforceable to the maximum extent permitted by law so as to effectuate the Parties' intent to the maximum extent, and the balance of this Agreement shall be interpreted as if such provision were so excluded and shall be enforceable in accordance with its terms to the maximum extent permitted by law.

Section 12.8 <u>Titles and Subtitles</u>. The titles and subtitles used in this Agreement are used for convenience only and shall not be considered in construing or interpreting this Agreement.

Section 12.9 Construction. The Parties have participated jointly in the negotiation and drafting of this Agreement. In the event an ambiguity or question of intent or interpretation arises, this Agreement shall be construed as if drafted jointly by the Parties and no presumption or burden of proof shall arise favoring or disfavoring any Party by virtue of the authorship of any of the provisions of this Agreement. All plural nouns and pronouns shall be deemed to include the singular case thereof where the context requires, and vice versa. All pronouns shall be gender neutral unless the context otherwise requires. Any reference to any federal, state, local or foreign statute or law shall be deemed also to refer to all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, unless the context otherwise requires. The word "including" shall mean including without limitation.

Section 12.10 <u>Public Announcements</u>. Any public announcement or similar publicity with respect to this Agreement or the Contemplated Transactions will be issued, if at all, at such time and in such manner as the Parties mutually determine. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any Party may disclose information with respect to this Agreement and the Contemplated Transactions to extent such Party is required to do so by applicable law (including without limitation applicable securities laws, rules and regulations); <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, the disclosing Party (a) shall give the other Party prior notice of the disclosure, and (b) if such disclosure will be in written form, shall give the other Party the prior opportunity to review and comment upon such disclosure.

Section 12.11 <u>Further Assurances</u>. Each Party agrees (a) to furnish upon request to the other Party such further information, (b) to execute and deliver to the other Party such other documents, and (c) to do such other acts and things, all as the other Party may reasonably request for the purpose of carrying out the intent of this Agreement and the agreements, certificates and other documents referred to herein.

Section 12.12 <u>Incorporation of Exhibits and Schedules</u>. The Exhibits and Schedules identified in this Agreement are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof.

Section 12.13 Expenses. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, each Party will bear its respective expenses incurred in connection with the preparation, execution and performance of this Agreement and the Contemplated Transactions, including all fees and expenses of agents, representatives, counsel and accountants.

[The remainder of this page is intentionally left blank]

* * * * *

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have executed this Agreement on the date first above written.

DARA BIOSCIENCES, INC.

By: <u>/s/ David J. Drutz</u>	_
Name: <u>David J. Drutz</u>	
Title: Chairman	_

SURGIVISION, INC.

By: /s/Oscar Thomas
Name: Oscar Thomas
Title: Vice President, Business Affairs

Exhibit 8.1(c)

<u>Note</u>

[See Attached]

Exhibit 8.1(d)

Pledge Agreement

[See Attached]

Exhibit 8.1(e)

New Stockholder Agreement

[See Attached]

SECURED PROMISSORY NOTE

\$500,000.00 Raleigh, North Carolina
January 30, 2009

FOR VALUE RECEIVED, the undersigned, DARA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware (hereinafter referred to as "Maker"), promises to pay to the order of SURGIVISION, INC., a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware (hereinafter referred to as "Lender"), the principal sum of Five Hundred Thousand and 00/100 Dollars (\$500,000.00), together with interest from the date hereof until the Maturity Date (as defined below), upon the unpaid principal balance, at the rate of eight percent (8%) per annum. This Secured Promissory Note is the "Note" referenced in the Stock Purchase and Loan Agreement dated as of January 30, 2009, between Maker and Lender (the "Transaction Agreement") and which is secured pursuant to the Stock Pledge Agreement dated as of January 30, 2009, between Maker, as obligor, and Lender, as lender (the "Pledge Agreement.") Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Transaction Agreement.

Said principal and interest are payable in a single installment on July 30, 2010 (the "<u>Maturity Date</u>"), at which time the entire outstanding principal balance, together with all accrued but unpaid interest, shall be immediately due and payable. Any payment shall be applied first to the payment of interest upon the balance of unpaid principal, and any amount remaining after payment of said interest shall be applied in reduction of said unpaid principal.

Both principal and interest shall be payable in lawful money of the United States of America, which shall be legal tender in payment of all debts and dues, public and private, at the time of payment. Payment shall be made by wire transfer to the account designated by the holder hereof, or at such other place as the holder hereof may designate in writing. Maker shall include with any wire payment a reference line indicating that the payment is from Maker, with a brief description of the purpose of the funds.

To the extent the holder hereof receives payment of any amount under this Note, whether by way of payment by the Maker, set-off or otherwise, which payment is subsequently invalidated, declared to be fraudulent or preferential, set aside or required to be repaid to a trustee, receiver or any other party under any bankruptcy law, other law or equitable cause, in whole or in part, then, to the extent of such payment received, this Note or the part hereof intended to be satisfied thereby shall be revived and continue in full force and effect, together with all collateral security therefor, as if such payment had not been received by the holder.

Each of the following shall constitute an event of default under this Note (each, an "Event of Default"):

- (a) The failure by Maker to pay any principal or interest when due hereunder;
- (b) The failure by Maker to perform, comply with or observe any agreement, covenant or obligation under (i) Section 10.1 (insofar as it requires the preservation of the

corporate existence of Maker), Section 10.5, Section 10.6 or Section 10.8 of the Transaction Agreement, or (ii) subsection (d), (e), (f) or (g) of Section 5 of the Pledge Agreement;

- (c) The failure by Maker to perform, comply with or observe any agreement, covenant or obligation under any provision of this Note, the Transaction Agreement or the Pledge Agreement (other than those provisions referred to in clauses (a) and (b) immediately preceding), and such failure shall not have been remedied within ten (10) days after an officer of Maker becomes aware of such failure;
- (d) Any representation or warranty or certification made or furnished by the Maker under this Note, the Transaction Agreement or the Pledge Agreement shall prove to have been false or incorrect in any material respect when made (or deemed made);
- (e) Any breach or default (or other event or condition) shall occur under any agreement, indenture or instrument relating to any other indebtedness of Maker with an aggregate principal amount in excess of \$100,000, if the effect of such breach or default (or such other event or condition) is to cause, or to permit the holder or holders of the other indebtedness (or a Person on behalf of such holder or holders) to cause (upon the giving of notice, the lapse of time or both, or otherwise), such other indebtedness to become or be declared due and payable, or required to be prepaid, redeemed, purchased or defeased (or an offer of prepayment, redemption, purchase or defeasance be made), prior to its stated maturity;
- (f) Any of the following events shall occur without the prior written consent of the holder hereof (which consent may be withheld in the holder's sole and absolute discretion): (i) the sale, lease, exchange or other transfer of all or substantially all of the property, assets or business of Maker; (ii) any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of Maker, whether voluntary or involuntary; (iii) any merger or consolidation to which Maker is a party or any sale or other transfer through a single or a series of transactions that results in the holders of the voting securities of Maker immediately prior thereto owning less than fifty percent (50%) of the outstanding voting securities of the surviving entity immediately following such transaction(s); or (iv) any Person or group (as such term is used in Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) of Persons shall acquire beneficial ownership (as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) of securities of Maker representing fifty percent (50%) or more of the voting securities of Maker then outstanding;
- (g) the filing of any petition under any bankruptcy, moratorium, reorganization or insolvency act, federal or state, by Maker, or the filing by Maker of any application for the appointment of a receiver for Maker or any substantial part of Maker's property, or the consent by Maker to the appointment of any such receiver, or the making of a general assignment for the benefit of creditors by Maker; or
- (h) an involuntary case or other proceeding shall be commenced against Maker seeking liquidation, reorganization or other relief with respect to Maker or its debts under any bankruptcy, moratorium, reorganization or insolvency act, federal or state, or seeking the appointment of a receiver for Maker or any substantial part of Maker's property, and such involuntary case or other proceeding shall remain undismissed and unstayed for a period of sixty (60) consecutive days.

Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, the entire principal balance outstanding upon this Note, together with all interest then accrued, shall, at the option of the holder of this Note, at once become due and payable.

This Note, together with all principal and interest payments due hereunder, shall bear interest at the lesser of (i) ten percent (10%) per annum or (ii) the maximum effective contract rate which may lawfully be charged under applicable statutes and laws from time to time in effect (such lesser rate, the "Default Rate"), from and after the Maturity Date or the date of an Event of Default occurring prior to the Maturity Date, until payment in full of all principal and interest due hereunder is made.

This Note may be prepaid in whole or in part without premium or penalty, provided that any partial prepayment shall not operate to relieve or diminish any scheduled payments until all obligations hereunder are paid in full.

If this Note is placed in the hands of an attorney for collection, by suit or otherwise, or to protect the security for its payment, or to enforce its collection, or to represent the rights of the holder hereof in connection with any loan documentation executed in connection herewith, or to defend successfully against any claim, cause of action or suit brought by Maker against the holder hereof, Maker shall pay on demand all costs of collection and litigation (including court costs), together with attorneys' fees.

Maker and any endorsers hereof waive protest, demand, presentment, and notice of dishonor, and agree that this Note may be extended (at the sole option of the holder hereof), in whole or in part, without limit as to the number of such extensions or the period or periods thereof, without notice to them and without affecting their liability thereon.

[The remainder of this page was intentionally left blank]

It is the intention of Maker and the holder hereof to comply strictly with applicable usury laws; and, accordingly, in no event and upon no contingency shall the holder hereof ever be entitled to receive, collect, or apply as interest any interest, fees, charges or other payments equivalent to interest, in excess of the maximum effective contract rate which may lawfully be charged under applicable statutes and laws from time to time in effect; and in the event that the holder hereof ever receives, collects, or applies as interest any such excess, such amount which, but for this provision, would be excessive interest, shall be applied to the reduction of the principal amount of the indebtedness hereby evidenced; and if the principal amount of the indebtedness evidenced hereby, all lawful interest thereon and all lawful fees and charges in connection therewith, are paid in full, any remaining excess shall forthwith be paid to Maker or other party lawfully entitled thereto. All interest paid or agreed to be paid by Maker shall, to the maximum extent permitted under applicable law, be amortized, prorated, allocated and spread throughout the full period until payment in full of the principal so that the interest hereon for such full period shall not exceed the maximum amount permitted by applicable law. Any provision hereof, or of any other agreement between the holder hereof and Maker, that operates to bind, obligate, or compel Maker to pay interest in excess of such maximum effective contract rate shall be construed to require the payment of the maximum rate only. The provisions of this paragraph shall be given precedence over any other provision contained herein or in any other agreement between the holder hereof and Maker that is in conflict with the provisions of this paragraph.

DARA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

By: <u>/s/ David J. Drutz</u>
Name: <u>David J. Drutz</u>
Title: <u>Chairman</u>

STOCK PLEDGE AGREEMENT

STOCK PLEDGE AGREEMENT dated the 30th day of January, 2009, made by **DARA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.**, a Delaware corporation (the "<u>Pledgor</u>"), in favor of **SURGIVISION, INC.**, a Delaware corporation (the "<u>Lender</u>").

WITNESSETH:

That for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Pledgor hereby agrees with the Lender as follows:

- 1. <u>Pledge and Grant of Security Interest</u>. As collateral security for all of the Obligations (as defined in <u>Section 2</u> hereof), the Pledgor hereby pledges and assigns to the Lender, and grants to the Lender a continuing security interest in, the following (the "<u>Pledged Collateral</u>"):
- (a) The shares of stock described on <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto (the "<u>Pledged Shares</u>"); the certificates representing the Pledged Shares; all options and other rights, contractual or otherwise, with respect thereto; and all dividends, cash, instruments and other property from time to time received, receivable, or otherwise distributed in respect of or in exchange for any or all of the Pledged Shares;
- (b) All additional shares of stock from time to time acquired by the Pledgor by virtue of its ownership of the Pledged Shares as a result of any stock dividend or distribution in connection with any increase or reduction of capital, reclassification, merger, consolidation, sale of assets, combination of shares, stock split, spin-off, split-off, or other form or recapitalization; the certificates representing such additional shares; and all dividends, cash, instruments and other property from time to time received, receivable or otherwise distributed in respect of or in exchange for any or all of such additional shares; and
 - (c) All proceeds of any and all of the foregoing;

in each case, whether now owned or hereafter acquired by the Pledgor and howsoever its interest therein may arise or appear.

- 2. <u>Security for Obligations</u>. The security interest created hereby in the Pledged Collateral constitutes continuing collateral security for all of the following obligations, whether now existing or hereafter incurred (the "<u>Obligations</u>"):
- (a) The prompt payment, as and when due and payable, of all amounts from time to time owing under or pursuant to that certain Secured Promissory Note bearing date of the 30th day of January, 2009, in the original principal sum of Five Hundred Thousand and 00/100 Dollars (\$500,000.00), executed by the Pledgor to the order of Lender, or under and pursuant to any and all renewals, modifications, or extensions of such note (such note, as it may be renewed, modified or extended, the "Note");

- (b) The due performance and observance by the Pledgor of all of its obligations and undertakings under or pursuant to this Agreement and any other instrument or document which now or hereafter secures all or part of the indebtedness and obligations secured hereby; and
- (c) The prompt payment and performance of any and all other present and future indebtednesses and obligations of the Pledgor to the Lender, of every kind and nature.
- 3. <u>Delivery of the Pledged Collateral</u>. (a) All certificates representing the Pledged Shares shall be delivered to the Lender on or prior to the date of the execution and delivery of this Agreement. All other certificates and instruments constituting Pledged Collateral from time to time shall be delivered to the Lender promptly upon the receipt thereof by or on behalf of the Pledgor, and until such delivery shall be held in trust for the benefit of the Lender. All such certificates and instruments shall be held by or on behalf of the Lender pursuant hereto and shall be delivered in suitable form for transfer by delivery or shall be accompanied by duly executed instruments of transfer or assignment in blank, all in form and substance satisfactory to the Lender.
- (b) If the Pledgor shall receive, by virtue of its being or having been an owner of any Pledged Collateral, any (i) stock certificate (including, without limitation, any certificate representing a stock dividend or distribution in connection with any increase or reduction of capital, reclassification, merger, consolidation, sale of assets, combination of shares, stock split, spinoff or split-off), promissory note or other instrument; (ii) option or right, whether as an addition to, substitution for, or in exchange for, any Pledged Collateral, or otherwise; (iii) dividends payable in cash or in securities or other property; or (iv) dividends or other distributions in connection with a partial or total liquidation or dissolution or in connection with a reduction of capital, capital surplus or paid-in surplus, the Pledgor shall receive such stock certificate, promissory note, instrument, option, right, payment or distribution in trust for the benefit of the Lender, shall segregate it from the Pledgor's other property and shall deliver it forthwith to the Lender in the exact form received, with any necessary endorsement and/or appropriate stock powers duly executed in blank, to be held by the Lender as Pledged Collateral and as further collateral security for the Obligations.
 - 4. Representations and Warranties. The Pledgor represents and warrants as follows:
- (a) This Agreement creates a valid security interest in favor of the Lender in the Pledged Collateral. Possession by the Lender of the certificates representing the Pledged Shares and all other certificates, instruments and cash constituting Pledged Collateral from time to time will perfect, and establish the first priority of, the Lender's security interest hereunder in the Pledged Collateral, securing the Obligations. Except as set forth in this Section 4(a), no action is necessary or desirable to perfect or otherwise protect such security interest.
- (b) The office where the Pledgor keeps its records concerning the Pledged Collateral is located at the address specified for the Pledgor in <u>Section 11</u> hereof.
- 5. <u>Covenants as to the Pledged Collateral</u>. So long as any of the Obligations shall remain outstanding, the Pledgor will, unless the Lender shall otherwise consent in writing:

- (a) give Lender at least thirty (30) days' prior written notice of any change in the location of the office where it keeps its records concerning the Pledged Collateral;
- (b) at the Pledgor's expense, defend the Lender's right, title and security interest in and to the Pledged Collateral against the claims of any individual or entity;
- (c) at the Pledgor's expense, at any time and from time to time, promptly execute and deliver all further instruments and documents and take all further action that may be necessary or desirable or that the Lender may request in order to (i) perfect and protect the security interest created or purported to be created hereby; (ii) enable the Lender to exercise and enforce its rights and remedies hereunder in respect of the Pledged Collateral; or (iii) otherwise effect the purposes of this Agreement;
 - (d) not sell, assign, exchange or otherwise dispose of any of the Pledged Collateral, or any interest therein;
- (e) not create or suffer to exist any lien, security interest or other charge or encumbrance upon or with respect to any Pledged Collateral, except for the pledge hereunder and the security interest created hereby;
 - (f) not permit to exist any restriction with respect to any Pledged Collateral other than pursuant hereto; and
- (g) not take or fail to take any action which would in any manner impair the enforceability of the Lender's security interest in any Pledged Collateral.
- 6. <u>Voting Rights, Dividends, Etc. in Respect of the Pledged Collateral</u>. (a) Prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default (as defined in Section 8 hereof):
 - (i) the Pledgor may exercise any and all voting and other consensual rights pertaining to the Pledged Collateral or any part thereof for any purpose not inconsistent with the terms of this Agreement or the Note; and
 - (ii) the Pledgor may receive and retain any and all dividends or interest paid in respect of the Pledged Collateral; provided, however, that any and all
 - (1) dividends and interest paid or payable other than in cash in respect of, and instruments and other property received, receivable or otherwise distributed in respect of or in exchange for, any Pledged Collateral,
 - (2) dividends and other distributions paid or payable in cash in respect of any Pledged Collateral, and
 - (3) cash paid, payable or otherwise distributed in redemption of, or in exchange for, any Pledged Collateral, shall be, and shall forthwith be delivered to the Lender to hold as Pledged Collateral and shall, if received by the Pledgor, be received in trust for the benefit of the Lender, shall be

segregated from the other property or funds of the Pledgor, and shall be forthwith delivered to the Lender in the exact form received with any necessary endorsement and/or appropriate stock powers duly executed in blank, to be held by the Lender as Pledged Collateral and as further collateral security for the Obligations; and

- (b) Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, all rights of the Pledgor to exercise the voting and other consensual rights which it would otherwise be entitled to exercise pursuant to subsection (a) of this <u>Section 6</u> shall cease, and all such rights shall thereupon become vested in the Lender (to the extent permitted by applicable law), and the Pledgor covenants and agrees thereupon, if requested by the Lender, to deliver to the Lender irrevocable proxies with respect to the Pledged Collateral.
- 7. <u>Additional Provisions Concerning the Pledged Collateral</u>. (a) The Pledgor hereby agrees to take any action and to execute any instruments which may be necessary or advisable to accomplish the purposes of this Agreement.
- (b) The Pledgor hereby irrevocably appoints the Lender or the Lender's nominee the Pledgor's attorney-in-fact and proxy, with full authority in the place and stead of the Pledgor and in the name of the Pledgor or otherwise, from time to time in the Lender's discretion, to give any notice, take any action and execute any instrument which the Lender may deem necessary or advisable to accomplish the purposes of this Agreement, subject to the rights of the Pledgor under Section 6(a) hereof, including, without limitation, (i) to receive, endorse and collect all instruments made payable to the Pledgor representing any dividend or other distribution in respect of the Pledged Collateral or any part thereof and to give full discharge for the same, and (ii) to give any notice, request any information, take any action and execute any instrument which the Lender deems necessary to perfect, preserve and protect its position as lienholder with respect to the Pledged Collateral.
- (c) If the Pledgor fails to perform any agreement or obligation contained herein, the Lender itself may (without obligation) perform, or cause performance of, such agreement or obligation, and the expenses of the Lender incurred in connection therewith shall be payable by the Pledgor pursuant to <u>Section 10</u> hereof.
- (d) The Lender shall be deemed to have exercised reasonable care in the custody and preservation of the Pledged Collateral in its possession if the Pledged Collateral is accorded treatment substantially equal to that which the Lender accords its own property, it being understood that the Lender shall not have responsibility for (i) ascertaining or taking action with respect to calls, conversions, exchanges, maturities, tenders or other matters relating to any Pledged Collateral, whether or not the Lender has or is deemed to have knowledge of such matters, or (ii) taking any necessary steps to preserve rights against any parties with respect to any Pledged Collateral.
- 8. Event of Default. An "Event of Default" shall be deemed to have occurred hereunder upon the occurrence of an Event of Default under the Note.
- 9. <u>Remedies Upon Default</u>. (a) Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, the Lender may exercise all of the rights and remedies provided in the Uniform Commercial Code

enforceable within the State of North Carolina at the time of such Event of Default and, in this connection, may, upon five (5) days' written notice to the Pledgor, sent by registered or certified mail postage prepaid, return receipt requested, and without liability for any diminution in price which may have occurred, forthwith collect, receive, appropriate and realize upon the Pledged Collateral, or any part thereof, and/or forthwith sell, assign, give option or options to purchase, contract to sell or otherwise dispose of and deliver the Pledged Collateral, or any part thereof, in one or more parcels at public or private sale or sales upon such terms and conditions as the Lender may deem advisable and at such prices as it may deem best, free of any right (statutory or otherwise) or equity of redemption in the Pledgor, which right or equity of redemption are, if and to the extent permitted by applicable law, expressly waived or released. At any bona fide sale, the Lender shall be free to purchase all or any part of the Pledged Collateral. The Lender shall apply the net proceeds of any such collection, recovery, receipt, appropriation, realization or sale, after deducting all reasonable costs and expenses of every kind incurred therein or incidental to the care, safekeeping or otherwise of any and all of the Pledged Collateral or in any way relating to the rights of the Lender hereunder, including reasonable attorney's fees and legal expenses, to the payment in whole or in part, of any amounts due under the Obligations in such order as the Lender may elect, and only after so paying over such net proceeds need the Lender account for and pay over the surplus, if any, to the Pledgor.

- (b) The Pledgor recognizes that the Lender may be unable to effect a public sale of all or a part of the Pledged Collateral by reason of certain prohibitions contained in the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and any applicable state "blue sky" laws, or in the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and may be compelled to resort to one or more private sales to a restricted group of purchasers who will be obliged to agree, among other things, to acquire the Pledged Collateral for their own account, for investment and not with a view to the distribution or resale thereof. The Pledgor acknowledges and agrees that private sales so made may be at prices and on other terms less favorable to the seller than if the Pledged Collateral were sold at public sale, and that the Lender has no obligation to effect the registration of the Pledged Collateral for public sale under the Securities Act or any state "blue sky" laws. The Pledgor agrees that a private sale or sales made under the foregoing circumstances shall be deemed to have been made in a commercially reasonable manner.
- 10. <u>Indemnity and Expenses</u>. (a) The Pledgor agrees to indemnify the Lender from and against any and all claims, losses and liabilities growing out of or resulting from this Agreement (including, without limitation, enforcement of this Agreement), except claims, losses or liabilities resulting from the Lender's gross negligence or willful misconduct.
- (b) The Pledgor will upon demand pay to the Lender the amount of any and all expenses, including the reasonable fees and disbursements of the Lender's counsel and of any experts and agents, which the Lender may incur in connection with (i) the custody, preservation, use or operation of, or the sale of, collection from, or other realization upon, any Pledged Collateral, (ii) exercise or enforcement of any of the rights of the Lender hereunder, or (iii) the failure by the Pledgor to perform or observe any of the provisions hereof, except expenses resulting from the Lender's gross negligence or willful misconduct.
- 11. <u>Notices, Etc.</u> All notices and other communications provided for hereunder shall be in writing and shall be mailed, registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, or

delivered, (a) if to the Pledgor, to it at Forum I, 8601 Six Forks Road, Suite 160, Raleigh, NC 27615, Attention: Chairman, with a copy to D. Scott Coward, K&L Gates LLP, 4350 Lassiter at North Hills Avenue, Suite 300, Raleigh, NC 27609, and (b) if to the Lender, to it at One Commerce Square, Suite 2550, Memphis, TN 38103, Attention: Vice President, Business Affairs; or as to either such person at such other address as shall be designated by such person in a written notice to such other person complying as to delivery with the terms of this Section 11. All such notices and other communications shall be effective (i) if mailed, when received or three business days after mailing, whichever is earlier; or (ii) if delivered, upon delivery.

- 12. <u>Security Interest Absolute</u>. All rights of the Lender, all security interests and all obligations of the Pledgor hereunder shall be absolute and unconditional irrespective of:
 - (a) any lack of validity or enforceability of the Note or any other agreement or instrument relating thereto;
- (b) any change in the time, manner or place of payment of, or in any other term in respect of, all or any of the Obligations, or any other amendment or waiver of or consent to any departure from the Note or any other agreement or instrument relating thereto or to any of the Obligations;
- (c) any increase in, addition to, or exchange, release or non-perfection of, any other collateral for all or any of the Obligations; or
- (d) any other circumstance which might otherwise constitute a defense available to, or a discharge of, the Pledgor with respect to all or any part of the Obligations.
- 13. <u>Miscellaneous</u>. (a) No amendment or waiver of any provision of this Agreement, and no consent to any departure by the Pledgor therefrom, shall in any event be effective unless the same shall be in writing and signed by the Lender and then such waiver or consent shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the specific purpose for which given.
- (b) No failure on the part of the Lender to exercise, and no delay in exercising, any right hereunder shall operate as a waiver thereof; nor shall any single or partial exercise of any such right preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right. The Lender's rights and remedies provided herein and in any other instrument or document now or hereafter securing all or any part of the Obligations are cumulative and are in addition to, and not exclusive of, any rights or remedies provided by law.
- (c) Any provision of this Agreement which is prohibited or unenforceable in any jurisdiction shall, as to such jurisdiction, be ineffective to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity without invalidating the remaining portions hereof or affecting the validity or enforceability of such provision in any other jurisdiction.
- (d) This Agreement shall be binding on the Pledgor and its successors and permitted assigns and shall inure, together with all rights and remedies of the Lender hereunder, to the benefit of the Lender and its successors, transferees and assigns. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Lender may assign or otherwise transfer all or part of its rights to all or any part of the Obligations to any other person, and such other person shall thereupon become vested

with all of the benefits in respect thereof granted to the Lender herein or otherwise. None of the rights or obligations of the Pledgor hereunder may be assigned or otherwise transferred without the prior written consent of the Lender.

- (e) Subject to Section 13(f) below, upon payment and satisfaction in full of the Obligations, this Agreement and the security interest created hereby shall terminate and all rights to the Pledged Collateral shall revert to the Pledger. The Lender will thereupon, at Pledger's request and expense, (i) return to the Pledger such of the Pledged Collateral as shall not have been sold or otherwise disposed of or applied pursuant to the terms hereof; and (ii) execute and deliver to the Pledger such documents as the Pledger shall reasonably request to evidence such termination.
- (f) To the extent the Lender receives payment of any amount under the Obligations, which payment is subsequently invalidated, declared to be fraudulent or preferential, set aside or required to be repaid to a trustee, receiver or any other party under any bankruptcy law, other law or equitable cause, in whole or in part, then, to the extent of such payment received, this Agreement and the security interest created hereby shall be revived and continue in full force and effect, as if such payment had not been received by the Lender.
- (g) This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of North Carolina, except to the extent that the validity or perfection of the security interest created hereby, or remedies hereunder, in respect of any particular Pledged Collateral are, under mandatory provisions of law, governed by the laws of a jurisdiction other than the State of North Carolina.
- (h) The captions or headings of the sections of this Agreement are inserted merely for convenience of reference and shall not be deemed to limit or modify the terms and provisions hereof. As used herein, the singular number shall include the plural, the plural the singular, and the use of any gender shall be applicable to all genders, as the context shall require.
- (i) Any payment of principal and/or interest on any of the Obligations shall toll any statute of limitations which would otherwise be applicable.

[The next page is the signature page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Pledgor and the Lender have executed this Agreement on this the day and year first above written.

DARA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., as the Pledgor

By: <u>/s/ David J. Drutz</u>
Name: <u>David J. Drutz</u>

Title: Chairman

SURGIVISION, INC., as the Lender

By: /s/ Oscar Thomas

Name: Oscar Thomas

Title: Vice President, Business Affairs

EXHIBIT A

TO STOCK PLEDGE AGREEMENT

<u>Identification of Pledged Shares</u>

Name of IssuerClass of StockNumber of SharesSurgiVision, Inc.Common Stock500,000 shares

(f/k/a Surgi-Vision, Inc.)

A-1

STOCKHOLDER AGREEMENT

THIS STOCKHOLDER AGREEMENT (this "<u>Agreement</u>") is entered into as of January 30, 2009, by and between SurgiVision, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "<u>Company</u>"), and DARA Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("<u>DARA</u>").

WHEREAS, the parties desire to enter into an agreement that, among other things, sets forth certain restrictions upon the transfer of Shares;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and agreements contained herein and for other valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereby agree on their own behalf, and on behalf of their respective successors and assigns, as follows:

- 1. <u>Definitions</u>. The following terms have the meanings set forth below:
- "Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the preface.
- "Common Stock" means the common stock, \$.01 par value per share, of the Company.
- "Company" has the meaning set forth in the preface.
- "Company Option Period" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(c) (Right of First Refusal).
- "DARA" has the meaning set forth in the preface.
- "Note" means that certain Secured Promissory Note of even date herewith in the original principal amount of \$500,000 made by DARA in favor of the Company.
- "Person" means any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, incorporated organization, association, corporation, institution, public benefit corporation, entity or government (whether federal, state, county, city, municipal or otherwise, including, without limitation, any instrumentality, division, agency or department thereof).
 - "Public Offering Date" means the closing date of a Qualified Public Offering.
- "Qualified Public Offering" means a firm commitment underwritten public offering of shares of Common Stock for the account of the Company pursuant to a registration statement filed under the Securities Act.
 - "Restriction Period" has the meaning set forth in Section 3(b) (Absolute Restriction on Transfer)

"Sale Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 4(b) (Right of First Refusal).

"Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1993, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Shares" means shares of the capital stock of the Company.

"Transfer" means any alienation, assignment, conveyance, encumbrance, gift, sale or other disposition or transfer of any kind (including, but not limited to, any transfer to a receiver, creditor, trustee or receiver in bankruptcy proceedings, or general assignee for the benefit of creditors), whether voluntary, involuntary or by operation of law, directly or indirectly; provided that the term "Transfer" shall not include any pledge, hypothecation, or grant of a security interest in, Shares or transfer of Shares pursuant to the dissolution or winding up of the Company.

2. General Provisions.

- (a) <u>Shares Subject to this Agreement</u>. DARA expressly agrees that the terms and restrictions of this Agreement shall apply to all Shares which it now owns or hereafter acquires by any means, including, without limitation, by purchase, assignment or operation of law, or as a result of any stock dividend, stock split, reorganization, reclassification, whether voluntary or involuntary, or other similar transaction.
 - (b) <u>Termination</u>. This Agreement shall terminate upon the occurrence of any of the following events:
 - (i) the adjudication of the Company as a bankrupt, the execution by it of a general assignment for the benefit of its creditors, the appointment of a receiver for the Company, or the voluntary or involuntary dissolution and liquidation of the Company;
 - (ii) the voluntary agreement of the Company and DARA to terminate this Agreement; or
 - (iii) the Public Offering Date.

3. Restrictions on Transferability.

- (a) <u>General Restriction on Transfer</u>. DARA may not Transfer any Shares presently held or hereafter acquired by DARA unless the Company receives an opinion of counsel for DARA that is reasonably satisfactory to the Company stating that such Transfer is exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws.
- (b) <u>Absolute Restriction on Transfer</u>. Until the later of (i) the 1-year anniversary date of this Agreement or (ii) the full satisfaction of all amounts owing under the Note (the <u>Restriction Period</u>"), DARA may not Transfer any Shares presently held or hereafter acquired by DARA, whether in a single transaction or a series of related transactions, if such Transfer would

cause, or reasonably could be expected to cause, the Company to have a class of equity security held of record by 500 or more Persons.

- (c) <u>Pledge of Shares</u>. DARA may not pledge or hypothecate (or otherwise grant a security interest in) any Shares without the prior written consent of the Company, unless the pledgee of such Shares executes and delivers to the Company a written instrument, in form and substance satisfactory to the Company, evidencing the pledgee's agreement to honor and be bound by the terms and conditions of <u>Section 4</u> (Right of First Refusal) of this Agreement.
- (d) Effect of Purported Transfer. No Transfer of Shares in violation of this Agreement shall be of any force or effect, and no such Transfer shall be made or recorded on the books of the Company. DARA agrees that monetary damages for violation of this Agreement is not an adequate remedy, and, therefore, any breach or threatened breach of this Agreement by DARA shall entitle the Company, in addition to all other remedies available at law or in equity, to seek a temporary or permanent injunction and/or a decree for specific performance.

4. Right of First Refusal.

- (a) In the event DARA desires to Transfer any or all of its Shares and is in receipt of an offer for the purchase of such Shares from a third party, DARA shall first offer such Shares for sale to the Company, as further provided below, at a price per Share equal to the price per Share set forth in the offer.
- (b) DARA's offer to the Company shall be made by notice specifying the name and address of the third party who has offered to purchase the Shares and the price, terms and conditions of the offer (the "Sale Notice"), and shall be accompanied by a true and complete photocopy of such offer.
- (c) For a period of twenty (20) days after receipt of the Sale Notice (the "<u>Company Option Period</u>"), the Company shall have the right to exercise, by written notice to DARA, its option to purchase the offered Shares, subject to any restrictions governing the ability of the Company to purchase shares of its own stock under applicable law.
- (d) In the event the Company elects to purchase the offered Shares, (i) DARA shall have the obligation to sell to the Company, and the Company shall have the obligation to purchase from DARA, the offered Shares, and (ii) the closing shall take place no later than ten (10) days following the expiration of the Company Option Period. At the closing, the Company shall pay the purchase price in cash against delivery of certificates representing the Shares to be transferred, duly endorsed for transfer, free and clear of any encumbrances, liens or restrictions of any nature (other than the restrictions created by this Agreement and transferability restrictions under federal or state securities laws).
- (e) If (i) the Company does not timely exercise its option to purchase the offered Shares hereunder or (ii) the closing of the purchase does not occur within the applicable time period provided above (provided the failure to close is not the fault of DARA), DARA may then sell such Shares on the terms and conditions set forth in the third party offer. Any proposed sale

on terms and conditions different from those described in the Sale Notice, as well as any subsequent proposed Transfer of any Shares by DARA, shall again require compliance by DARA with the procedures described in this Section 4.

(f) DARA may Transfer Shares to (i) up to five (5) former employees of DARA to satisfy, in full or in part, severance obligations owed by DARA to such former employee(s), and (ii) any DARA director for any reason without complying with the preceding provisions of this <u>Section 4</u>.

5. Board Observer.

- (a) Subject to Section 5(b), DARA will have the right to designate one representative of DARA, which representative must be reasonably acceptable to the Company, to receive notice of and attend and observe all meetings of the Company's Board of Directors in a nonvoting observer capacity; provided, however, that the Company reserves the right to exclude such representative from any meeting or portion thereof if attendance at such meeting could adversely affect the attorney-client privilege between the Company and its counsel or result in a conflict of interest. The Company acknowledges that DARA's representative initially will be Dr. David Drutz.
- (b) DARA's rights under <u>Section 5(a)</u> are expressly conditioned on the execution and delivery of a confidentiality agreement in form and substance mutually satisfactory to the Company and DARA.
- (c) DARA's rights under <u>Section 5(a)</u> will continue until (i) the 18-month anniversary date of this Agreement, or (ii) such time as DARA no longer holds of record and beneficially owns at least 1,000,000 Shares, whichever occurs first.
- 6. <u>Legend on Stock Certificates</u>. Each certificate representing Shares owned by DARA, whether now outstanding or hereafter acquired during the term of this Agreement, shall be conspicuously endorsed with substantially the following legends:

"The securities represented by this certificate have not been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), or under any state securities laws and were offered and sold in reliance on an exemption from the registration requirements of the Act and such laws. The securities cannot be sold, transferred, or otherwise disposed of unless registered under the Act and applicable state securities laws or unless exemptions from registration are available and the Company receives an opinion of counsel for the holder of these securities reasonably satisfactory to Company stating that such sale, transfer or other disposition is exempt from the registration requirements of the Act and applicable state securities laws.

The sale, assignment, pledge, hypothecation, gift or other transfer or disposition, and the registration of any such transfer or disposition, of the shares of stock represented by this certificate are subject to a restrictive Stockholder Agreement

dated the January 30, 2009. The shares may not be transferred or acquired except in accordance with the terms of such Stockholder Agreement and any purported transfer or acquisition of legal or beneficial ownership of these shares in violation of such Stockholder Agreement shall be null and void. The Company will furnish a copy of the Stockholder Agreement to the record holder of this certificate, without charge, upon written request to the Company at its principal office."

DARA agrees to deliver all certificates for Shares owned by DARA to the Company for the purpose of affixing such legends to such certificates.

7. Miscellaneous.

(a) <u>Notices</u>. All notices, waivers and other communications required or permitted by this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed given when (i) delivered to the appropriate address by hand or by nationally recognized overnight courier service (costs prepaid); (ii) sent by facsimile with confirmation of transmission by the transmitting equipment; or (iii) received or rejected by the addressee, if sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, in each case to the following addresses or facsimile numbers and marked to the attention of the person (by name or title) designated below (or to such other address, facsimile number or person as a party may designate by notice to the other parties):

To the Company:

SurgiVision, Inc. One Commerce Square Suite 2550 Memphis, TN 38103

Attention: Vice President, Business Affairs

Fax No.: 901.522.9400

To DARA:

The address of DARA as set forth in the records of the Company.

The Company and DARA may change the address to which notices, waiver and other communications hereunder are to be delivered by giving the other parties notice in the manner herein set forth.

- (b) <u>Modifications and Amendments</u>. The terms and provisions of this Agreement may be modified or amended only by written agreement executed by the Company and DARA.
- (c) <u>Parties in Interest</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure solely to the benefit of each of the Company, DARA and their respective successors, and nothing in this Agreement, express or implied, is intended to confer upon any other person any rights or remedies of any nature whatsoever under or by reason of this Agreement. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to create any rights or obligations except among the parties hereto, and no person or entity shall be regarded as a third-party beneficiary of this Agreement.

- (d) <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement and the rights and obligations of the parties hereunder shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the internal laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to the conflict of laws principles thereof.
- (e) <u>Severability and Reformation</u>. The parties hereto intend all provisions of this Agreement to be enforced to the fullest extent permitted by law. If, however, any provision of this Agreement is held to be illegal, invalid, or unenforceable under any present or future law, such provision shall be fully severable, and this Agreement shall be construed and enforced as if such illegal, invalid, or unenforceable provision were never a part hereof, and the remaining provisions shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be affected by the illegal, invalid, or unenforceable provision or by its severance. Furthermore, there shall be added automatically, as a part of this Agreement, a provision as similar in terms to such illegal, invalid, or unenforceable provision as may be possible and still have such similar provision be construed and enforced as legal, valid, and enforceable.
- (f) <u>Headings and Captions</u>. The headings and captions of the various subdivisions of this Agreement are for convenience of reference only and shall in no way modify, or affect, or be considered in construing or interpreting the meaning or construction of any of the terms or provisions hereof.
- (g) <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which will be deemed to be an original copy of this Agreement and all of which, when taken together, will be deemed to constitute one and the same agreement. The exchange of copies of this Agreement and of signature pages by facsimile transmission shall constitute effective execution and delivery of this Agreement as to the parties and may be used in lieu of the original Agreement for all purposes. Signatures of the parties transmitted by facsimile shall be deemed to be their original signatures for all purposes.
- (h) <u>Construction</u>. All plural nouns and pronouns shall be deemed to include the singular case thereof where the context requires, and vice versa. All pronouns shall be gender neutral unless the context otherwise requires. Any reference to any federal, state, local, or foreign statute or law shall be deemed also to refer to all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, unless the context otherwise requires. The word "including" shall mean including without limitation.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Stockholder Agreement as of the date first above written.

SURGIVISION, INC.

By: /s/ Oscar Thomas
Name: Oscar Thomas
Title: Vice President, Business Affairs

DARA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

By: /s/ David J. Drutz
Name: David J. Drutz
Title: Chairman

STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

THIS STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT (this "Agreement"), entered into effective as of the 31st day of December, 2009, is by and between SURGIVISION, INC., a Delaware corporation ("SVI"), and DARA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., a Delaware corporation ("DARA"). SVI and DARA are referred to herein individually as a "Party" and collectively as the "Parties."

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, SVI and DARA are parties to that certain Stock Purchase and Loan Agreement dated as of January 30, 2009 (the "Loan Agreement"), pursuant to which, among other things, DARA borrowed from SVI the principal sum of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (the "Loan");

WHEREAS, DARA's obligation to repay the Loan is evidenced by that certain Secured Promissory Note dated as of January 30, 2009 (the "Note") in the original principal amount of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000) and with an interest rate of eight percent (8%) per annum;

WHEREAS, DARA desires to sell to SVI, and SVI desires to purchase from DARA, five hundred thirty six thousand seven hundred twelve (536,712) shares of Common Stock held of record and beneficially owned by DARA (the "<u>Purchase Shares</u>"), for an aggregate purchase price of Five Hundred Thirty Six Thousand Seven Hundred Twelve Dollars (\$536,712) (the "<u>Stock Purchase Price</u>");

WHEREAS, the Parties desire that the entirety of the Stock Purchase Price be paid by SVI by delivery of the Note to DARA for cancellation; and

WHEREAS, the Parties desire to set forth in writing the terms and conditions under which said transactions will be consummated;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and of the representations, warranties, covenants and agreements set forth herein, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged by the Parties, the Parties hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE I Definitions

"Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the preface above.

"Closing" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.1 below.

"Closing Date" means December 31, 2009.

"Common Stock" means SVI's common stock, par value \$.01 per share.

"Consent" means any approval, consent, ratification, waiver or other authorization.

"Contemplated Transactions" means all of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, including, without limitation, (a) the sale of the Purchase Shares by DARA to SVI; (b) the execution and delivery by DARA and SVI, as applicable, of this Agreement and all other agreements, certificates and documents to be entered into in connection herewith; and (c) the performance by DARA and SVI, as applicable, of their respective covenants and obligations under this Agreement and all other agreements, certificates and documents to be entered into in connection herewith.

"DARA" has the meaning set forth in the preface above.

"<u>Derivative Securities</u>" means any securities convertible into, or exchangeable or exercisable for, shares of Common Stock.

"Encumbrance" means any pledge, hypothecation, assignment, deposit arrangement, lien, charge, claim, security interest, encumbrance, preference, priority option, right of first refusal or restriction of any kind or nature whatsoever.

"IPO" means the first firm commitment underwritten public offering of shares of Common Stock for the account of SVI.

"Loan Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the preface above.

"Note" has the meaning set forth in the preface above.

"Organizational Documents" means, with respect to a corporation, the corporation's certificate of incorporation (or the equivalent thereof) and bylaws.

"Parties" has the meaning set forth in the preface above.

"Person" means any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, incorporated organization, association, corporation, institution, public benefit corporation, entity or government (whether federal, state, county, city, municipal or otherwise, including, without limitation, any instrumentality, division, agency or department thereof).

"Purchase Shares" has the meaning set forth in the preface above.

"Stock Purchase Price" has the meaning set forth in the preface above.

"Stockholder Agreement" means that certain Stockholder Agreement dated as of January 30, 2009, by and between DARA and SVI.

"<u>SVI</u>" has the meaning set forth in the preface above.

ARTICLE II Purchase and Sale of Shares

Section 2.1 <u>Basic Transaction</u>. At the Closing, on and subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, SVI agrees to purchase from DARA, and DARA agrees to sell, transfer, convey and deliver to SVI, all of the Purchase Shares for the Stock Purchase Price. The Stock Purchase Price shall be paid by SVI by delivery of the Note to DARA for cancellation. SVI acknowledges and agrees that completion of the Closing shall constitute full payment and performance of all obligations of DARA under the Loan Documents (as such term is defined in the Loan Agreement), and accordingly in connection with the Closing the Loan Documents shall be terminated and have no further force or effect.

ARTICLE III Closing

Section 3.1 Closing. The closing of the Contemplated Transactions (the "Closing") shall take place on the Closing Date at such place as the Parties may mutually determine.

Section 3.2 <u>Deliveries at the Closing</u>. In connection with the Closing, (a) DARA shall deliver to SVI the various agreements, certificates and other documents referred to in <u>Section 7.1</u> below, and (b) SVI shall deliver to DARA the Note (marked by SVI as "Paid In Full and Cancelled") and the various agreements, certificates and other documents referred to in <u>Section 7.2</u> below.

ARTICLE IV Representations and Warranties of DARA

DARA represents and warrants to SVI that the statements contained in this **Article IV** are correct and complete as of the date of this Agreement and will be correct and complete as of the Closing Date.

Section 4.1 <u>Corporate Organization and Power</u>. DARA is a corporation duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware, with full corporate power and authority to conduct its business as now being conducted.

Section 4.2 <u>Authorization of Transaction</u>. DARA has the full corporate power and authority (a) to execute and deliver this Agreement and all other agreements, certificates and documents to be entered into by DARA in connection herewith, (b) to perform DARA's obligations under this Agreement and all other agreements, certificates and documents to be entered into by DARA in connection herewith, and (c) to consummate the Contemplated Transactions. This Agreement constitutes the valid and legally binding obligation of DARA, enforceable against DARA in accordance with its terms and conditions. Upon execution and delivery by DARA of the other agreements, certificates and documents referred to in <u>Section 7.1</u>, such other agreements, certificates

and documents will constitute the legal, valid, and binding obligations of DARA, enforceable against DARA in accordance with their respective terms and conditions. DARA is not required to give any notice to, make any filing with, or obtain any Consent from, any Person in order for DARA to consummate the Contemplated Transactions, which notice, filing or consent has not already been given, made or obtained.

- Section 4.3 <u>Purchase Shares</u>. DARA holds of record and owns beneficially the Purchase Shares, free and clear of any Encumbrance, other than an Encumbrance solely in favor of SVI. DARA is not a party to any option, warrant, purchase right or other contract or commitment that could require DARA to sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of any Purchase Shares, other than this Agreement and the Stockholder Agreement. DARA is not a party to any voting trust, proxy or other agreement or understanding with respect to the voting of any Purchase Shares.
- **Section 4.4 Noncontravention**. Neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement by DARA, nor the consummation by DARA of the Contemplated Transactions, will directly or indirectly (with or without notice of lapse of time):
- (a) contravene, conflict with, or result in a violation of (i) any provision of DARA's Organizational Documents or (ii) any resolution adopted by the board of directors or the stockholders of DARA;
- (b) contravene, conflict with, result in a violation of, or give any Person the right to challenge any of the Contemplated Transactions or to exercise any remedy or obtain any relief under, any applicable law or any order to which DARA or any of its assets may be subject; or
- (c) contravene, conflict with, result in a violation or breach of any provision of, or give any Person the right to declare a default or exercise any remedy under or to accelerate the maturity or performance of or to cancel, terminate or modify, any agreement to which DARA is a party or by which it is bound.
- **Section 4.5 Brokers' Fees.** DARA has no liability or obligation to pay any fees or commissions to any broker, finder or agent with respect to the Contemplated Transactions for which SVI could become liable or obligated.

Section 4.6 Sophisticated Seller.

- (a) DARA has the knowledge and experience in financial and business matters to be capable of making an informed decision with respect to the sale of the Purchase Shares to SVI for the Stock Purchase Price. DARA has all information and materials relating to SVI's operations, business and properties that DARA deems necessary or appropriate to evaluate its sale of the Purchase Shares to SVI.
- (b) DARA understands and acknowledges that SVI makes no representations or warranties other than those representations and warranties expressly made by SVI in <u>Article V</u>

below. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, DARA understands and acknowledges that SVI makes no representation or warranty and gives no assurance to DARA with respect to the value of SVI or any shares of Common Stock. The Stock Purchase Price represents a privately negotiated price for the Purchase Shares, and DARA has determined that the Stock Purchase Price represents fair consideration for the sale of the Purchase Shares to SVI.

(c) In determining to enter into this Agreement and to consummate the Contemplated Transactions, DARA has not relied upon (i) any representation or warranty of SVI or any of SVI's directors, officers, employees, agents or representatives, other than those representations and warranties expressly made by SVI in <u>Article V</u> below, or (ii) any non-disclosure of information by SVI or any of SVI's directors, officers, employees, agents or representatives. DARA hereby irrevocably waives and releases SVI and SVI's directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives from any and all actions and claims whatsoever, whether in law or equity, relating to the determination of the amount of the Stock Purchase Price.

Section 4.7 Solvency. The fair salable value of DARA's assets exceeds, and immediately following the Closing will exceed, the fair value of its liabilities (including contingent liabilities, but excluding any deferred revenue). DARA is able, and following the Closing DARA will be able, to pay its debts (including trade debts) as they mature. DARA's capital is not unreasonably small in relation to its business, and, as a result of the Contemplated Transactions, DARA will not be left with unreasonably small capital. DARA has not incurred and does not intend to incur, or believe that it will incur, debts beyond its ability to pay as such debts become due.

ARTICLE V Representations and Warranties of SVI

SVI represents and warrants to DARA that the statements contained in this <u>Article V</u> are correct and complete as of the date of this Agreement and will be correct and complete as of the Closing Date.

Section 5.1 <u>Corporate Organization and Power</u>. SVI is a corporation duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware, with full corporate power and authority to conduct its business as now being conducted.

Section 5.2 <u>Authorization of Transaction</u>. SVI has the full corporate power and authority (a) to execute and deliver this Agreement and all other agreements, certificates and documents to be entered into by SVI in connection herewith, (b) to perform SVI's obligations under this Agreement and all other agreements, certificates and documents to be entered into by SVI in connection herewith, and (c) to consummate the Contemplated Transactions. This Agreement constitutes the valid and legally binding obligation of SVI, enforceable against SVI in accordance with its terms and conditions. Upon execution and delivery by SVI of the agreements, certificates and other documents referred to in <u>Section 7.2</u>, such agreements, certificates and other documents will constitute the legal, valid, and binding obligations of SVI, enforceable against SVI in accordance

with their respective terms and conditions. SVI is not required to give any notice to, make any filing with, or obtain any Consent from, any Person in order for SVI to consummate the Contemplated Transactions, which notice, filing or consent has not already been given, made or obtained.

- **Section 5.3** <u>Noncontravention</u>. Neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement by SVI, nor the consummation by SVI of the Contemplated Transactions, will directly or indirectly (with or without notice of lapse of time):
- (a) contravene, conflict with, or result in a violation of (i) any provision of SVI's Organizational Documents or (ii) any resolution adopted by the board of directors or the stockholders of SVI;
- (b) contravene, conflict with, result in a violation of, or give any Person the right to challenge any of the Contemplated Transactions or to exercise any remedy or obtain any relief under, any applicable law or any order to which SVI or any of its assets may be subject; or
- (c) contravene, conflict with, result in a violation or breach of any provision of, or give any Person the right to declare a default or exercise any remedy under or to accelerate the maturity or performance of or to cancel, terminate or modify, any agreement to which SVI is a party or by which it is bound.
- **Section 5.4 Brokers' Fees**. SVI has no liability or obligation to pay any fees or commissions to any broker, finder or agent with respect to the Contemplated Transactions for which DARA could become liable or obligated.

Section 5.5 Sophisticated Buyer.

- (a) SVI has the knowledge and experience in financial and business matters to be capable of making an informed decision with respect to the purchase of the Purchase Shares for the Stock Purchase Price. SVI has all information and materials relating to SVI's operations, business and properties that SVI deems necessary or appropriate to evaluate its purchase of the Purchase Shares.
- (b) SVI understands and acknowledges that DARA makes no representations or warranties other than those representations and warranties expressly made by DARA in <u>Article IV</u> above. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, SVI understands and acknowledges that DARA makes no representation or warranty and gives no assurance to SVI with respect to the value of SVI or any shares of Common Stock. The Stock Purchase Price represents a privately negotiated price for the Purchase Shares, and SVI has determined that the Stock Purchase Price represents fair consideration for the purchase of the Purchase Shares.
- (c) In determining to enter into this Agreement and to consummate the Contemplated Transactions, SVI has not relied upon (i) any representation or warranty of DARA or any of DARA's directors, officers, employees, agents or representatives, other than those

representations and warranties expressly made by DARA in <u>Article IV</u> above, or (ii) any non-disclosure of information by DARA or any of DARA's directors, officers, employees, agents or representatives. SVI hereby irrevocably waives and releases DARA and DARA's directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives from any and all actions and claims whatsoever, whether in law or equity, relating to the determination of the amount of the Stock Purchase Price.

Section 5.6 Solvency. The fair salable value of SVI's assets exceeds, and immediately following the Closing will exceed, the fair value of its liabilities (including contingent liabilities, but excluding any deferred revenue). SVI is able, and following the Closing SVI will be able, to pay its debts (including trade debts) as they mature. SVI's capital is not unreasonably small in relation to its business, and, as a result of the Contemplated Transactions, SVI will not be left with unreasonably small capital. SVI has not incurred and does not intend to incur, or believe that it will incur, debts beyond its ability to pay as such debts become due.

ARTICLE VI Conditions to Obligation to Close.

- **Section 6.1** Conditions to Obligation of SVI. SVI's obligation to purchase the Purchase Shares and to take the other actions required to be taken by SVI in connection with the Closing is subject to the satisfaction of each of the following conditions:
- (a) the representations and warranties of DARA set forth in <u>Article IV</u> above shall be true and correct in all respects at and as of the Closing Date;
- (b) no action, suit or proceeding shall be pending or, to the knowledge of SVI, threatened before any governmental body wherein an unfavorable determination would (i) prevent consummation of any of the Contemplated Transactions, or (ii) cause any of the Contemplated Transactions to be rescinded following consummation; and
 - (c) SVI shall have received all of the agreements, certificates and other documents referred to in Section 7.1.
- **Section 6.2** Conditions to Obligation of DARA. DARA's obligation to sell the Purchase Shares and to take the other actions required to be taken by DARA in connection with the Closing is subject to the satisfaction of each of the following conditions:
- (a) the representations and warranties of SVI set forth in <u>Article V</u> above shall be true and correct in all respects at and as of the Closing Date;
- (b) no action, suit or proceeding shall be pending or, to the knowledge of DARA, threatened before any governmental body wherein an unfavorable determination would (i) prevent consummation of any of the Contemplated Transactions, or (ii) cause any of the Contemplated Transactions to be rescinded following consummation; and

(c) DARA shall have received all of the agreements, certificates and other documents referred to in Section 7.2.

ARTICLE VII Items to be Delivered in Connection with Closing.

Section 7.1 By DARA. In connection with the Closing, DARA shall deliver to SVI:

- (a) within five (5) business days following the Closing Date, the original stock certificate(s) representing a sufficient number of shares of Common Stock so that together with the stock certificate(s) representing the shares pledged to secure the Loan delivered to SVI pursuant to the Loan Agreement, DARA shall have delivered certificates representing a number of shares at least equal to all of the Purchase Shares, accompanied by one or more stock powers duly endorsed by DARA (it being understood that SVI shall return to DARA a stock certificate representing the balance of any shares of Common Stock not included as Purchase Shares) and
- (b) such other certificates and documents as may be reasonably requested by SVI in order to effect or carry out the intent of this Agreement.

Section 7.2 By SVI. In connection with the Closing, SVI shall deliver to DARA:

- (a) within five (5) business days following the Closing Date, the Note (marked by SVI as "Paid In Full and Cancelled"), in full payment of the Stock Purchase Price; and
- (b) such certificates and documents as may be reasonably requested by DARA in order to effect or carry out the intent of this Agreement.

ARTICLE VIII Certain Post-Closing Matters

Section 8.1 <u>Acknowledgments</u>. DARA understands and acknowledges that SVI has filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission a registration statement on Form S-1 with respect to a proposed IPO. DARA further understands and acknowledges that the proposed underwriter(s) intends to seek lock-up agreements from SVI's directors and executive officers and certain stockholders of SVI, including, without limitation, DARA, pursuant to which such Persons will agree, for a designated period of time, to not sell, offer, contract to sell, transfer the economic risk of ownership in, pledge or otherwise transfer or dispose of any shares of Common Stock or any Derivative Securities, whether directly or indirectly.

Section 8.2 <u>Lock-Up Agreement</u>. DARA agrees that, at the request of the underwriter(s) of SVI's IPO and provided such IPO is completed on or before June 30, 2010, DARA will enter into a lock-up agreement for the benefit of such underwriter(s) in accordance with this Section 8.2 (the "<u>Lock-Up Agreement</u>"). Pursuant to such Lock-Up Agreement, DARA will agree that it shall not, during the period beginning on the date of the prospectus for the delivery of shares of Common

Stock pursuant to the IPO and ending either (i) one hundred eighty (180) days thereafter, or (ii) if any SVI director, executive officer or stockholder is subject to any lock-up agreement that ends on a date earlier than one hundred eighty (180) days after the date of the prospectus for the delivery of shares of Common Stock pursuant to the IPO, such earlier date: (a) offer, pledge, sell, announce the intention to sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, lend or otherwise transfer or dispose of, any shares of Common Stock or any Derivative Securities; (b) enter into any swap or other arrangement that transfers to another Person, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of shares of Common Stock; or (c) make any demand for, or exercise any right with respect to, the registration of any shares of Common Stock or any Derivative Securities; in any case, whether any such transaction is to be settled by delivery of shares of Common Stock or other securities, in cash or otherwise. In addition, upon the Closing and prior to the earlier of (x) the effectiveness of the restrictions set forth in the Lock-Up Agreement, or (y) June 30, 2010, DARA agrees that it shall not transfer or dispose of any shares of Common Stock or any Derivative Securities (other than pursuant to this Agreement) unless and until the proposed transferee(s) has agreed in writing to be bound by this Section 8.2 with respect to the shares of Common Stock acquired by such transferee. No transfer in violation of the preceding sentence shall be of any force or effect, and no such transfer shall be made or recorded on the books of SVI. DARA acknowledges that its covenants in this Section 8.2 are a material inducement for SVI to enter into this Agreement and to consummate the Contemplated Transactions.

ARTICLE IX Survival; Stockholder Agreement Consent

Section 9.1 <u>Survival</u>. All of the representations, warranties, covenants and obligations in this Agreement and any other agreement, certificate or document entered into in connection herewith shall survive the Closing.

Section 9.2 <u>Consent Under Stockholder Agreement</u>. SVI hereby grants to DARA any and all consents and waivers required from it under the Stockholder Agreement or otherwise to permit the Contemplated Transactions. DARA acknowledges, though, that any future transfer or disposition of any of its shares of SVI capital stock remains subject to the terms of the Stockholder Agreement.

ARTICLE X Miscellaneous

Section 10.1 Governing Law; Venue. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the domestic laws of the State of Delaware without giving effect to any choice or conflict of law provision or rule (whether of the State of Delaware or any other jurisdiction) that would cause the application of the laws of any jurisdiction other than the State of Delaware. Each of the parties submits to the jurisdiction of any state or federal court sitting in Memphis, Tennessee, in any action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement. Each of the parties waives any defense of inconvenient forum to the maintenance of any action or proceeding so brought and waives any bond, surety, or other security that might be required of any other party with respect thereto.

Section 10.2 Successors and Assigns; No Third-Party Rights. DARA may not assign any of its rights or obligations under this Agreement without the prior written consent of SVI. Subject to the preceding sentence, this Agreement will apply to, be binding in all respects upon, and inure to the benefit of, the successors and permitted assigns of the Parties. Nothing expressed or referred to in this Agreement will be construed to give any Person other than the Parties any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under or with respect to this Agreement or any provision of this Agreement. This Agreement and all of its provisions and conditions are for the sole and exclusive benefit of the Parties and their successors and permitted assigns.

Section 10.3 Entire Agreement; Amendment. This Agreement and the other agreements, certificates and documents delivered pursuant to this Agreement at the Closing constitute the full and entire understanding and agreement between the Parties with regard to the subjects hereof and thereof, and supersede all prior agreements and merge all prior discussions, negotiations, proposals and offers (written or oral) between them, and neither Party shall be liable or bound to other Party in any manner by any warranties, representations or covenants except as specifically set forth herein or therein. Neither this Agreement nor any term hereof may be amended, waived, discharged or terminated other than by a written instrument signed by the Party against whom enforcement of any such amendment, waiver, discharge or termination is sought.

Section 10.4 <u>Notices</u>. All notices, requests, demands, claims, and other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be given by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, by fax or by national overnight delivery service, and addressed to the intended recipient as set forth below:

If to DARA:

DARA Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Attention: CEO Forum I 8601 Six Forks Road Suite 160 Copy to:

D. Scott Coward K&L Gates LLP 4350 Lassiter at North Hills Avenue Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27609 Raleigh, NC 27615 Fax: (919) 743-7300

Fax: (919) 861-0239

If to SVI:

SurgiVision, Inc.

Attention: Kimble Jenkins One Commerce Square

Suite 2550

Memphis, Tennessee 38103 Facsimile: (901) 522-9400 Copy to:

SurgiVision, Inc. Attention: Oscar Thomas One Commerce Square

Suite 2550

Memphis, Tennessee 38103 Facsimile: (901) 522-9400

Any notice given in the manner aforesaid shall be deemed to have been served, and shall be effective for all purposes hereof (a) if sent by registered or certified mail, on the earlier of the second day following the day on which it is posted or the date of its receipt by the party to be notified, (b) if sent by fax, the day actually received as evidenced by a written receipt of transmission, and (c) if sent by overnight delivery service, the day after such notice has been delivered by the party to said service. Any Party may change the address to which notices, requests, demands, claims, and other communications hereunder are to be delivered by giving the other Party notice in the manner herein set forth.

Section 10.5 <u>Delays or Omissions</u>; <u>Remedies Cumulative</u>. No delay or omission to exercise any right, power or remedy accruing to any Party, upon any breach or default of another Party under this Agreement, shall impair any such right, power or remedy of such Party nor shall it be construed to be a waiver of any such breach or default, or an acquiescence therein, or of or in any similar breach or default thereafter occurring; nor shall any waiver of any single breach or default be deemed a waiver of any other breach or default theretofore or thereafter occurring. Any Consent of any kind or character on the part of any Party of any breach or default under this Agreement, or any waiver on the part of any Party of any provisions or conditions of this Agreement, must be in writing and shall be effective only to the extent specifically set forth in such writing. All remedies, either under this Agreement or by law or otherwise afforded to any holder, shall be cumulative and not alternative.

Section 10.6 <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be enforceable against the Party actually executing such counterpart, and all of which together shall constitute one instrument. A signature on a counterpart may be a facsimile or an electronically transmitted signature, and such signature shall have the same force and effect as an original signature.

Section 10.7 <u>Severability</u>. If any provision of this Agreement is held to be unenforceable to any extent under applicable law, such provision shall be interpreted as if it were written so as to be enforceable to the maximum extent permitted by law so as to effectuate the Parties' intent to the

maximum extent, and the balance of this Agreement shall be interpreted as if such provision were so excluded and shall be enforceable in accordance with its terms to the maximum extent permitted by law.

Section 10.8 <u>Titles and Subtitles</u>. The titles and subtitles used in this Agreement are used for convenience only and shall not be considered in construing or interpreting this Agreement.

Section 10.9 Construction. The Parties have participated jointly in the negotiation and drafting of this Agreement. In the event an ambiguity or question of intent or interpretation arises, this Agreement shall be construed as if drafted jointly by the Parties and no presumption or burden of proof shall arise favoring or disfavoring any Party by virtue of the authorship of any of the provisions of this Agreement. All plural nouns and pronouns shall be deemed to include the singular case thereof where the context requires, and vice versa. All pronouns shall be gender neutral unless the context otherwise requires. Any reference to any federal, state, local or foreign statute or law shall be deemed also to refer to all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, unless the context otherwise requires. The word "including" shall mean including without limitation.

Section 10.10 <u>Public Announcements</u>. Any public announcement or similar publicity with respect to this Agreement or the Contemplated Transactions will be issued, if at all, at such time and in such manner as the Parties mutually determine. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any Party may disclose information with respect to this Agreement and the Contemplated Transactions to extent such Party is required to do so by applicable law (including without limitation applicable securities laws, rules and regulations); <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, the disclosing Party (a) shall give the other Party prior notice of the disclosure, and (b) if such disclosure will be in written form, shall give the other Party the prior opportunity to review and comment upon such disclosure.

Section 10.11 <u>Further Assurances</u>. Each Party agrees (a) to furnish upon request to the other Party such further information, (b) to execute and deliver to the other Party such other documents, and (c) to do such other acts and things, all as the other Party may reasonably request for the purpose of carrying out the intent of this Agreement and the agreements, certificates and other documents referred to herein.

Section 10.12 <u>Incorporation of Exhibits and Schedules</u>. All Exhibits and Schedules identified in this Agreement, if any, are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof.

Section 10.13 Expenses. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, each Party will bear its respective expenses incurred in connection with the preparation, execution and performance of this Agreement and the Contemplated Transactions, including all fees and expenses of agents, representatives, counsel and accountants.

[The remainder of this page was intentionally left blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have executed this Agreement on the date first above written.

DARA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

By: /s/ Richard A. Franco
Name: Richard A. Franco
Title: President

SURGIVISION, INC.

By: /s/Oscar Thomas
Name: Oscar Thomas
Title: Vice President, Business Affairs

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the reference of our firm under the caption "Experts" in the registration statement (**Form S-1/A No. 333-163957**) and related prospectus dated June 25, 2010 and inclusion of our report in such registration statement and related prospectus, dated June 25,2010, with respect to the financial statements of SurgiVision, Inc.

/s/ Cherry, Bekaert & Holland, L.L.P.

Tampa, Florida

June 25, 2010